

PROJECT # W11531

BY MRG

DATE _____

CHECKED _____

7/23 2-20-17

#8

LOCATION: 'B'-LINE, STA. 321+60

DESCRIPTION: CROSS DRAIN UNDER CTH C

TYPE: ANY

AREA = 102.8 ACRES

LENGTH = 3,350 FT

$\Delta H = 869.555' - 853.22' = 16.34'$

$T_c = 35 \text{ min.}$

$i = 3.4 \text{ in/hr.}$

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP = B

LAND USE = 25% EXPRESSWAY, 75% AGRICULTURE

SLOPE = 0.5%

$C = (0.25 \times 0.71) + (0.75 \times 0.16) = 0.30$

$$Q = C i a$$

$$Q = 0.30 (3.4 \text{ in/hr}) (102.8 \text{ ACRES})$$

$$Q = 105 \text{ cfs}$$

$$S_{\text{SLOPE}_{\text{CULVERT}}} = \cancel{0.4\%} \quad 0.92\%$$

SIZE = 60-INCH CPRC OR ⁶⁰~~72~~-INCH CPCS

Flood Design Frequency Selection Chart

Design Frequency - Years					Drainage Structures
Rural Class			Urban Class		
STH/CTH (1) T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6	STH/CTH (2) T7	STH (3)	Urban Streets 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	Urban Expressways & Freeways 1, 2, 3	
See <u>FDM 13-10-1</u> , discussion of Major Drainage Structures					Bridges & Box Culverts
50	50	50	50	50	Underpass Storm Sewers
25	50	50	50	50	Main or Primary Channels
25	25	50	50	50	Cross Drain Pipe Culverts
25	25	25	25	25	Side Drain Pipe Culverts
25	25	25	25	25	Side Ditches and Channels
X	X	25	X	25	Median Ditches and Channels
X	X	X	10 (4) Check 25 Yr.	25	Urban Gutters, Inlets and Storm Sewers

- (1) All state trunk highways with design ADT under 1500 and all county trunk highways with design ADT under 4000.
- (2) All state trunk highways with design ADT of 1500-7000 and all county trunk highways with design ADT over 4000.
- (3) All state trunk highways with design ADT of over 7000.
- (4) See FDM 13-25-20

Detail A - Runoff Coefficients (C), Rational Formula

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Land Use	Percent Impervious Area	Hydrologic Soil Group											
		A			B			C			D		
		Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent		
		0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over
Industrial	90	0.67 0.85	0.68 0.85	0.68 0.86	0.68 0.85	0.68 0.86	0.69 0.86	0.68 0.86	0.69 0.86	0.69 0.87	0.69 0.86	0.69 0.86	0.70 0.88
Commercial	95	0.71 0.88	0.71 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.71 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.90	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.89	0.72 0.90
High Density Residential	60	0.47 0.58	0.49 0.60	0.50 0.61	0.48 0.59	0.50 0.61	0.52 0.64	0.49 0.60	0.51 0.62	0.54 0.66	0.51 0.62	0.53 0.64	0.56 0.69
Med. Density Residential	30	0.25 0.33	0.28 0.37	0.31 0.40	0.27 0.35	0.30 0.39	0.35 0.44	0.30 0.38	0.33 0.42	0.38 0.49	0.33 0.41	0.36 0.45	0.42 0.54
Low Density Residential	15	0.14 0.22	0.19 0.26	0.22 0.29	0.17 0.24	0.21 0.28	0.26 0.34	0.20 0.28	0.25 0.32	0.31 0.40	0.24 0.31	0.28 0.35	0.35 0.46
Agriculture	5	0.08 0.14	0.13 0.18	0.16 0.22	0.11 0.16	0.15 0.21	0.21 0.28	0.14 0.20	0.19 0.25	0.26 0.34	0.18 0.24	0.23 0.29	0.31 0.41
Open Space	2	0.05 0.11	0.10 0.16	0.14 0.20	0.08 0.14	0.13 0.19	0.19 0.26	0.12 0.18	0.17 0.23	0.24 0.32	0.16 0.22	0.21 0.27	0.28 0.39
Freeways & Expressways	70	0.57 0.70	0.59 0.71	0.60 0.72	0.58 0.71	0.60 0.72	0.61 0.74	0.59 0.72	0.61 0.73	0.63 0.76	0.60 0.73	0.62 0.75	0.64 0.78

Detail B - Runoff Coefficients for Specific Land Use

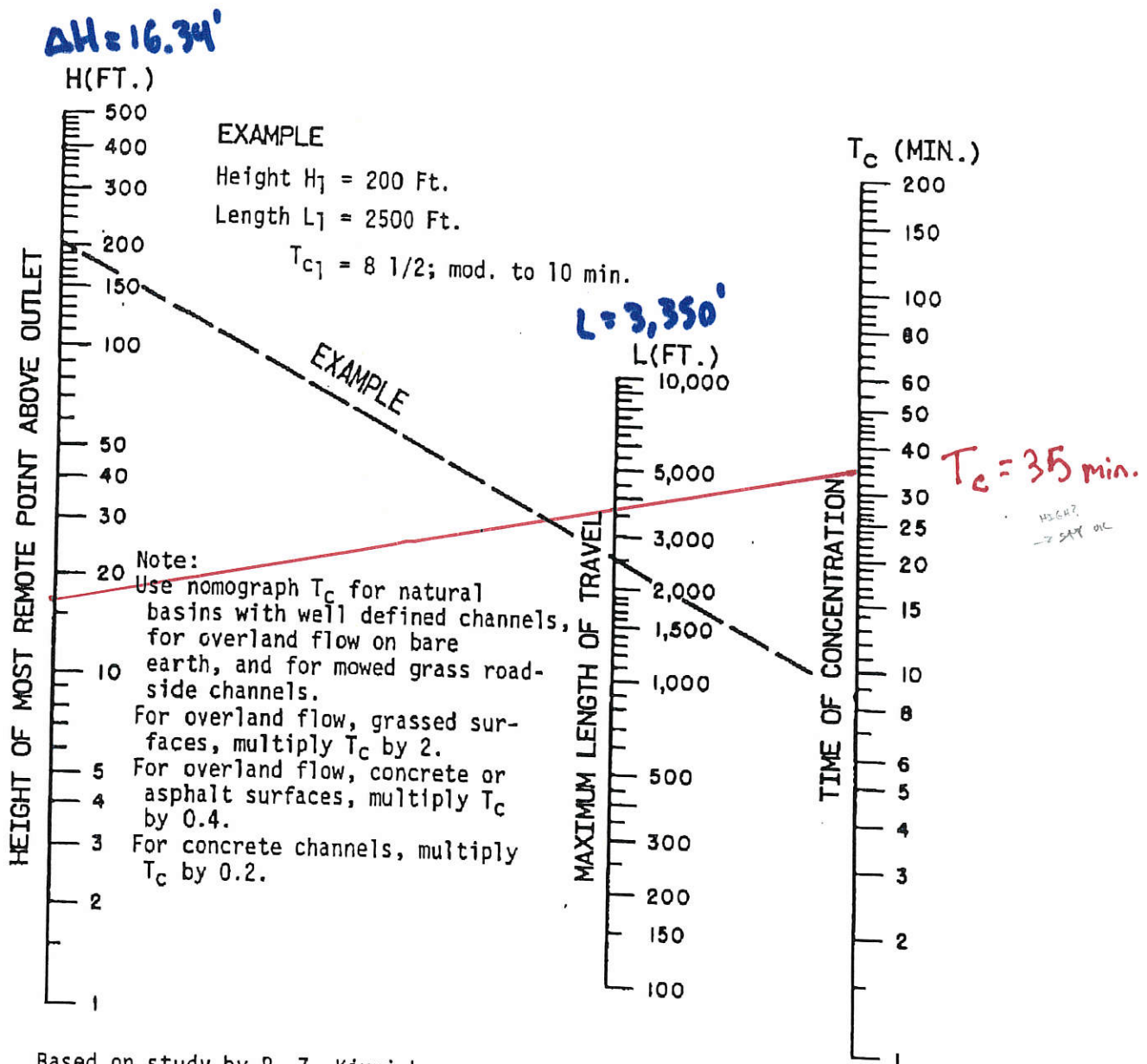
Land Use	Hydrologic Soil Group											
	A			B			C			D		
	Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent			Slope Range Percent		
	0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over	0-2	2-6	6 & over
Row Crops	.08 .22	.16 .30	.22 .38	.12 .26	.20 .34	.27 .44	.15 .30	.24 .37	.33 .50	.19 .34	.28 .41	.38 .56
Median Stripturf	.19 .24	.20 .26	.24 .30	.19 .25	.22 .28	.26 .33	.20 .26	.23 .30	.30 .37	.20 .27	.25 .32	.30 .40
Side Slopeturf			.25 .32			.27 .34			.28 .36			.30 .38
PAVEMENT												
Asphalt	.70 - .95											
Concrete	.80 - .95											
Brick	.70 - .80											
Drives, Walks	.75 - .85											
Roofs	.75 - .95											
Gravel Roads Shoulders	.40 - .60											

NOTE: The lower C values in each range should be used with the relatively low intensities associated with 2 to 10 year design recurrence intervals whereas the higher C values should be used for intensities associated with the longer 25 to 100 year design recurrence intervals.

Need: Soil Group (use Web Soil Survey)

JPB 2-20-17

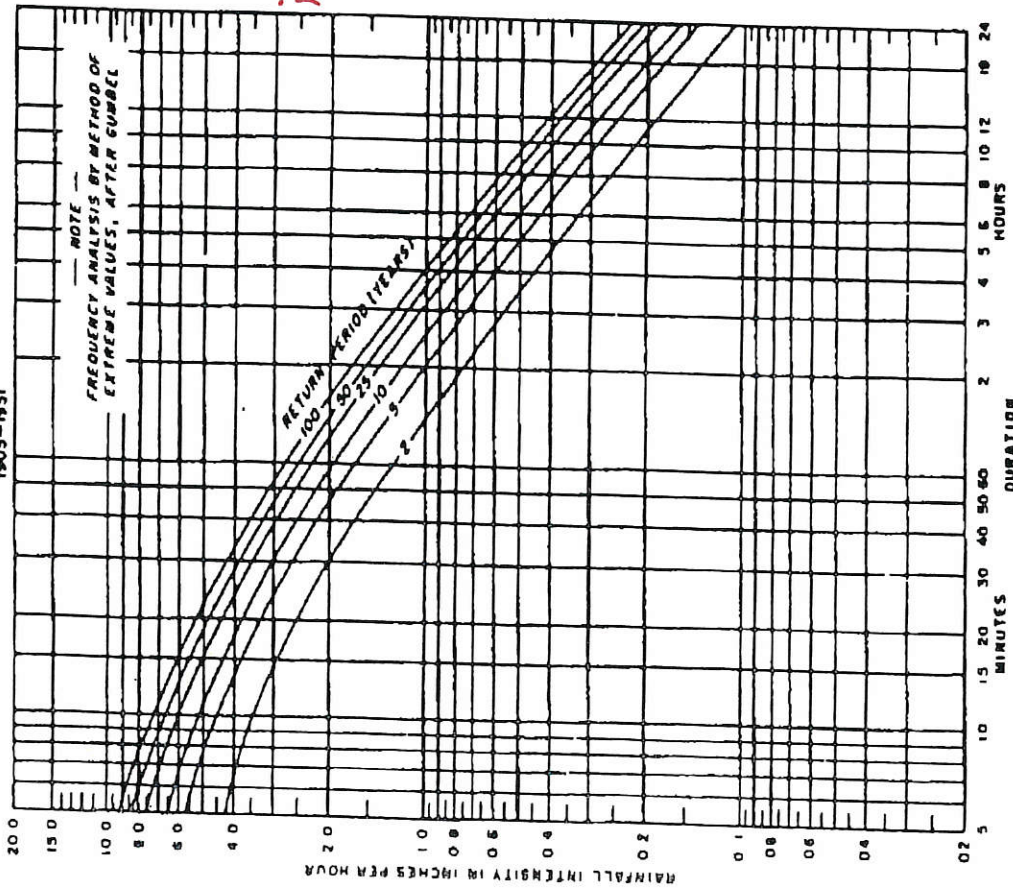
TIME OF CONCENTRATION OF SMALL DRAINAGE BASINS.



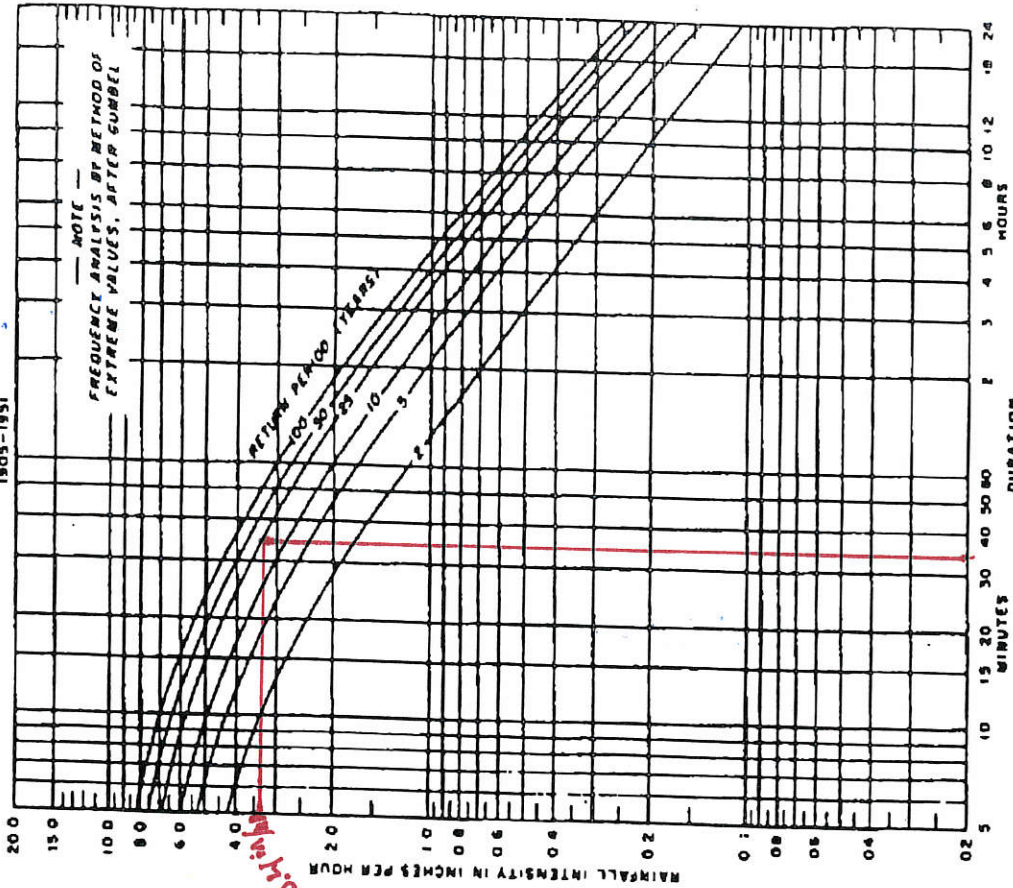
Based on study by P. Z. Kirpich,
 Civil Engineering, Vol. 10, No. 6, June 1940, p.362

Need: Height of furthest point length of path from drop of water
 (use Terrain Program)

LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN
1905-1951



MADISON, WISCONSIN
1903-1951



$T_e = 35 \text{ min.}$

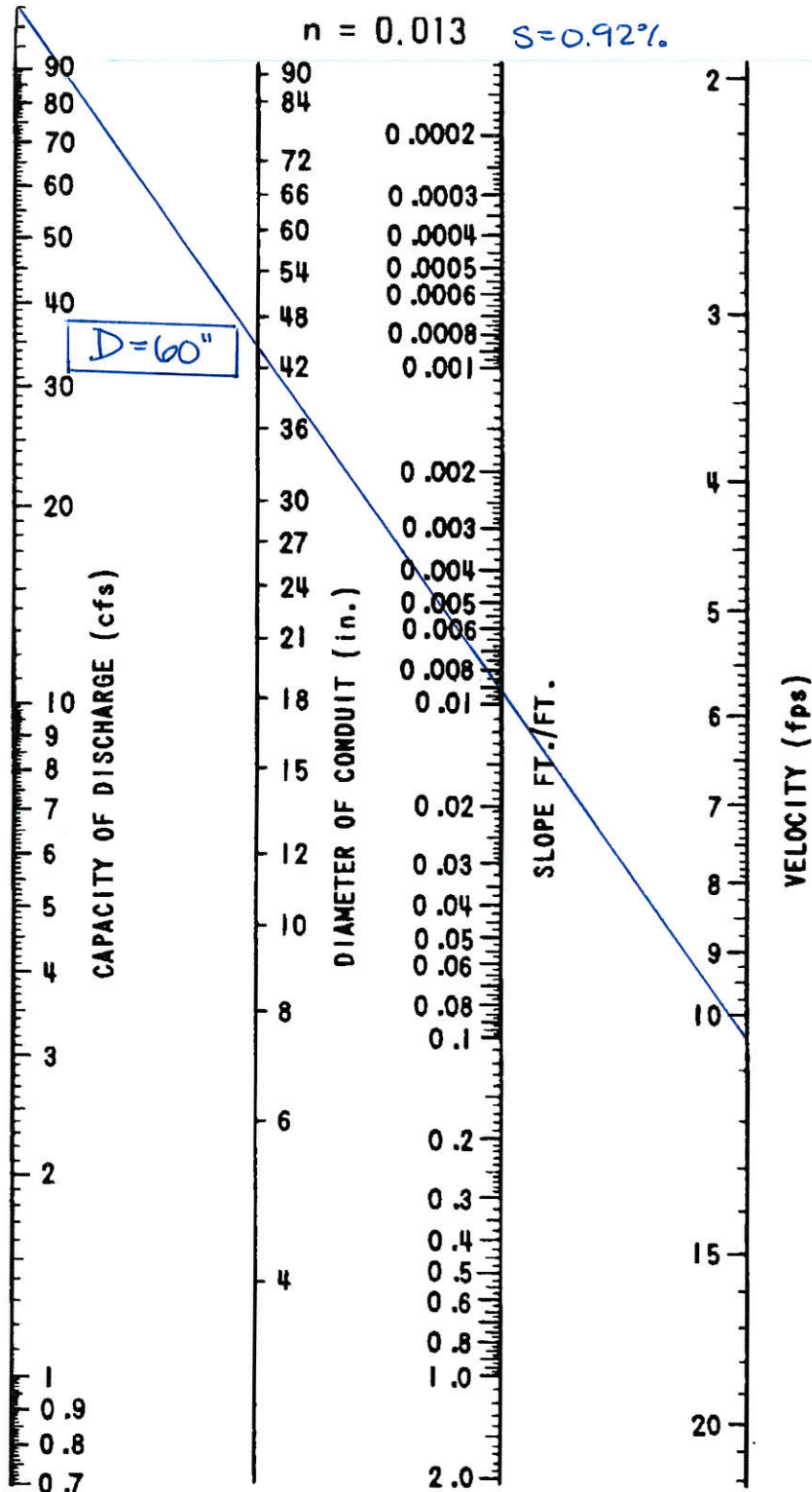
RAINFALL INTENSITY - DURATION - FREQUENCY CURVES

Note: Design Frequency, Time of Conc. (T_c), Location (Altitude, Slope, etc.)

Capacity and Velocity Diagram For Circular Concrete Pipe Flowing Full

$Q = 105 \text{ cfs}$

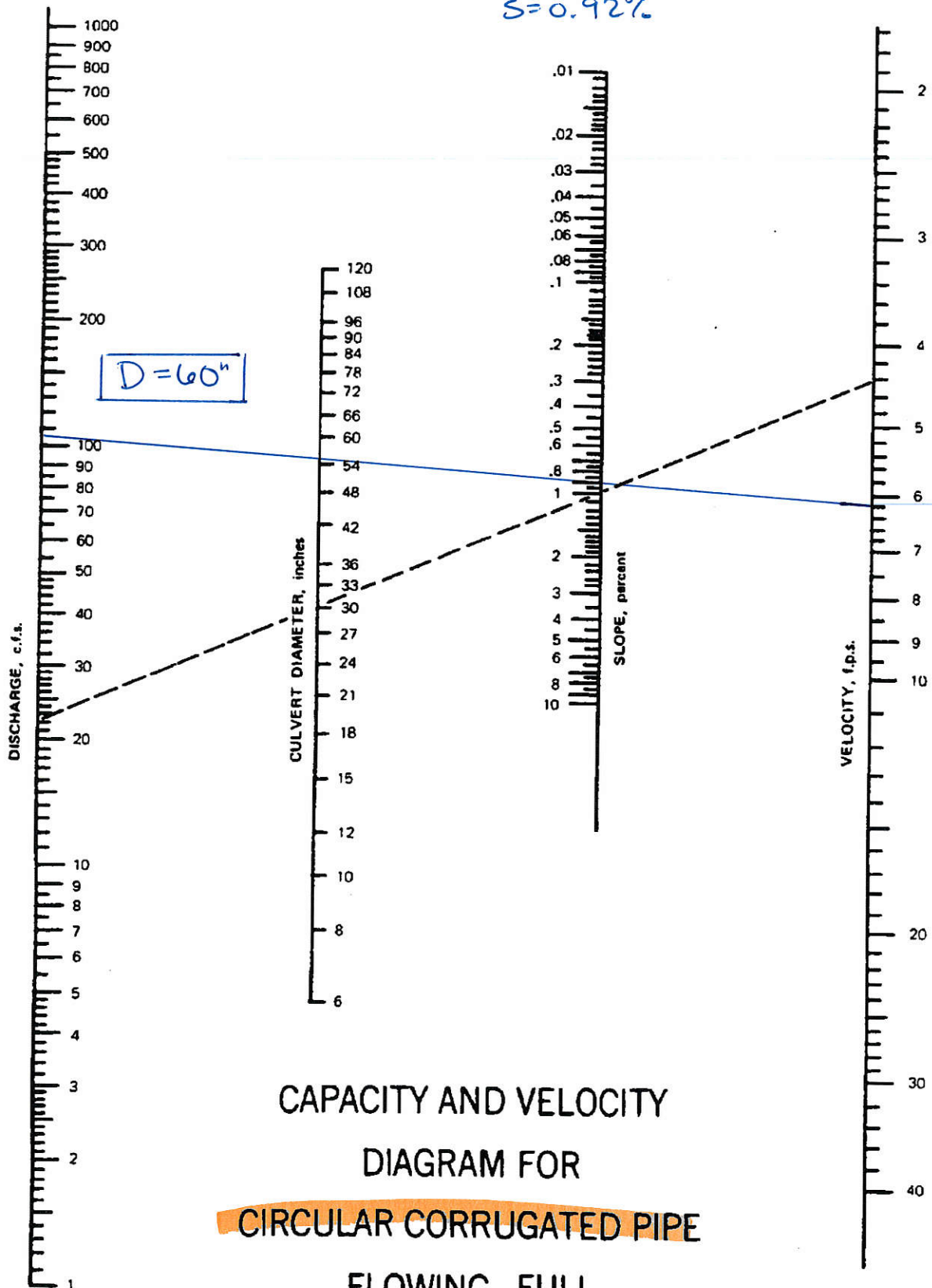
$n = 0.013$ $S = 0.92\%$



Nomograph based on Manning's formula for circular pipes flowing full in which $n=0.013$

$Q = 105 \text{ cfs}$

$S = 0.92\%$



CAPACITY AND VELOCITY
DIAGRAM FOR
CIRCULAR CORRUGATED PIPE
FLOWING FULL
 $n = 0.024$