STH 31 Drainage Report

Project ID 2390-12-00 STH 11 to STH 20 STH 31 Racine County

March 17, 2021

Prepared By:



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Memo

Date: March 17, 2021

To: Vida Shaffer, PE, WisDOT

From: Silvana Pobric, PE, EMCS

CC: Brian Wilson, PE, EMCS

RE: 30% Hydrology Analysis and Stormwater Report

STH 31, STH 11 to STH 20

Racine County ID 2390-12-00/70

Project Overview

The Proposed Action is located on STH 31 in the Village of Mount Pleasant and City of Racine in Racine County. The project is located between STH 11 and STH 20. Project length is approximately 1.5 miles.

The project proposes to improve pavement and operations, safety, and multimodal accommodations. The project would replace the deteriorating pavement with new pavement in addition to concrete curb and gutter. It would also include constructing shoulders, new sidewalk, storm sewer replacement, as well as traffic signal and street lighting replacement at intersections. Ground disturbing activities include clearing and grubbing of trees, excavation, and pavement and subgrade reconstruction. Strip right-of-way (R/W) acquisition and temporary limited easements (TLE) will be required for this project.

The intent of this memo is to document the pre and post runoff flows and evaluate potential solutions for the 30% design phase to determine the appropriate solutions. It is important to note that the analysis was based on current proposed typical sections. Any future changes to the typical sections will impact post-construction runoff.

Drainage Overview

Existina

Currently, the existing drainage patterns consist of four storm sewer systems (System #1-4). In general, the systems drain north to south and outfall into existing trunk lines on crossing roads except for System #1 which drains into an existing pond approximately 1,100 feet west of the STH 31. System #4 drains south to north. The existing storm sewer systems consist of 12-inch laterals and trunk lines varying from 15-inch to 48-inch. In general, the drainage area of the existing storm sewer system consists of roadway pavement, medians and adjacent residential and commercial areas.

Based on NRCS Soil Maps, the soil within the drainage areas are dominated mainly by hydrologic soil group C soils.

Proposed

Generally, the proposed storm sewer design will maintain the existing drainage patterns along STH 31. Proposed inlets will be placed in the approximate location of the existing inlets if the hydraulic design and roadway design allows. By keeping similar locations, this will allow existing connections from parking lot inlets, downspouts, and sump pumps of the private properties to remain connected to STH 31 storm sewer systems.

Due to the widening of the roadway and proposed sidewalk on the project, the impervious area of the drainage basins will increase. Though there will be increases, existing pavement medians will be replaced with grassed medians helping to reduce the increase in impervious areas.

Per WisDOT FDM Section 13-10, a 10-year storm will be used as the design storm for existing and proposed condition, with the time of concentration and peak flow calculated based on the Rational Method. The 25-year check will be done during hydraulics analysis

and design between 30% and 60% design phase.

System #1

The proposed system will consist of proposed trunk lines that generally will be located in the same location as existing or run along the center of the proposed STH 31 northbound outside lane. The system runs north and south and outfalls into the existing 48-inch storm sewer trunk line running west of STH 31 which eventually outfalls into an existing Stewart-McBride pond that is managed by the Village of Mount Pleasant and City of Racine.

System #2

The proposed system will consist of proposed trunk lines that generally will be located in the same location as existing or run along the center of the proposed STH 31 northbound outside lane. The system drains north and south and outfalls into an existing 30-inch storm sewer trunk line running along Byrd Avenue to the east.

System #3

The proposed system will consist of proposed trunk lines that generally will be located in the same location as existing or run along the center of the proposed STH 31 northbound outside lane. The system drains north and south and outfalls into an existing 36-inch storm sewer trunk line running north of 16th Avenue to the east and continues along Marboro Drive to the east.

System #4

The proposed system will consist of proposed trunk lines that generally will be located in the same location as existing or run along the center of the proposed STH 31 northbound lane. The system drains north and outfalls into an existing 21-inch storm sewer trunk line running along STH 20 to the east.

Pre/Post Construction Flow Evaluation

The difference in impervious area between existing and proposed preliminary analysis is approximately 10% increase. Due to the anticipated increase in runoff, hydraulics analysis will be run prior to 60% design and pipe sizes as well as slopes will be adjusted as needed to keep the increase to less than 5% per FDM 13-1-10.5.1.

A hydraulic analysis of the existing storm sewer systems was completed using Autodesk Storm and Sanitary Analysis (SSA). A 10-year storm was used as the design storm. The results showed that there are localized pipes within the systems having small surcharges; the hydraulic grade line (HGL) within the systems is below the roadway surface at all locations. The 25-year storm check was done for the existing storm sewer systems. The results also showed that there are localized pipes within systems having surcharges; the HGL within the system is below the roadway except at a few isolated locations.

As a preliminary analysis we evaluated a proposed system in SSA by upsizing the pipes and revising the slopes while keeping the trunk line in the same location as existing. The results of the preliminary analysis indicated that upsizing the pipes and revising the slopes will result in flow increase <5%.

The Village of Mount Pleasant and the City of Racine indicated no concerns over the anticipated increase in runoff to the existing outfalls.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

Per FDM 10-25 Attachment 1.1 Post Construction Stormwater Quality Management Goals the project is considered reconstruction and the TSS reduction goal is 40% or maximum extent practicable. In addition, the City of Racine and Village of Mount Pleasant are part of MS4 Communities which implement storm water control practices necessary to achieve a 20% TSS reduction.

Street cleaning, catchbasins, and the existing Stewart-McBride pond will be considered in the proposed storm sewer design to achieve the TSS reduction goals. At planning level street cleaning provides 10% TSS reduction, catchbasins proved 15% TSS reduction and wet detention pond provides 80% TSS reduction. Our preliminary analysis shows area-weighted TSS reduction of 52%.

Bioswales were not included in the design as the City of Racine and Village of Mount Pleasant indicated that maintenance of the bioswales were not desired.

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Correspondence

A DNR initial project review was received on November 14, 2019. During the design process, appropriate erosion control devices will be implemented to satisfy stormwater management and erosion control requirements.

Exhibits

Exhibit 1: WisDOT Drainage Summary

Exhibit 2: Project Overview

Exhibit 3: Existing Drainage Areas

Exhibit 4: Existing Drainage Calculations

Exhibit 5: Proposed Drainage Areas

Exhibit 6: Proposed Drainage Calculations

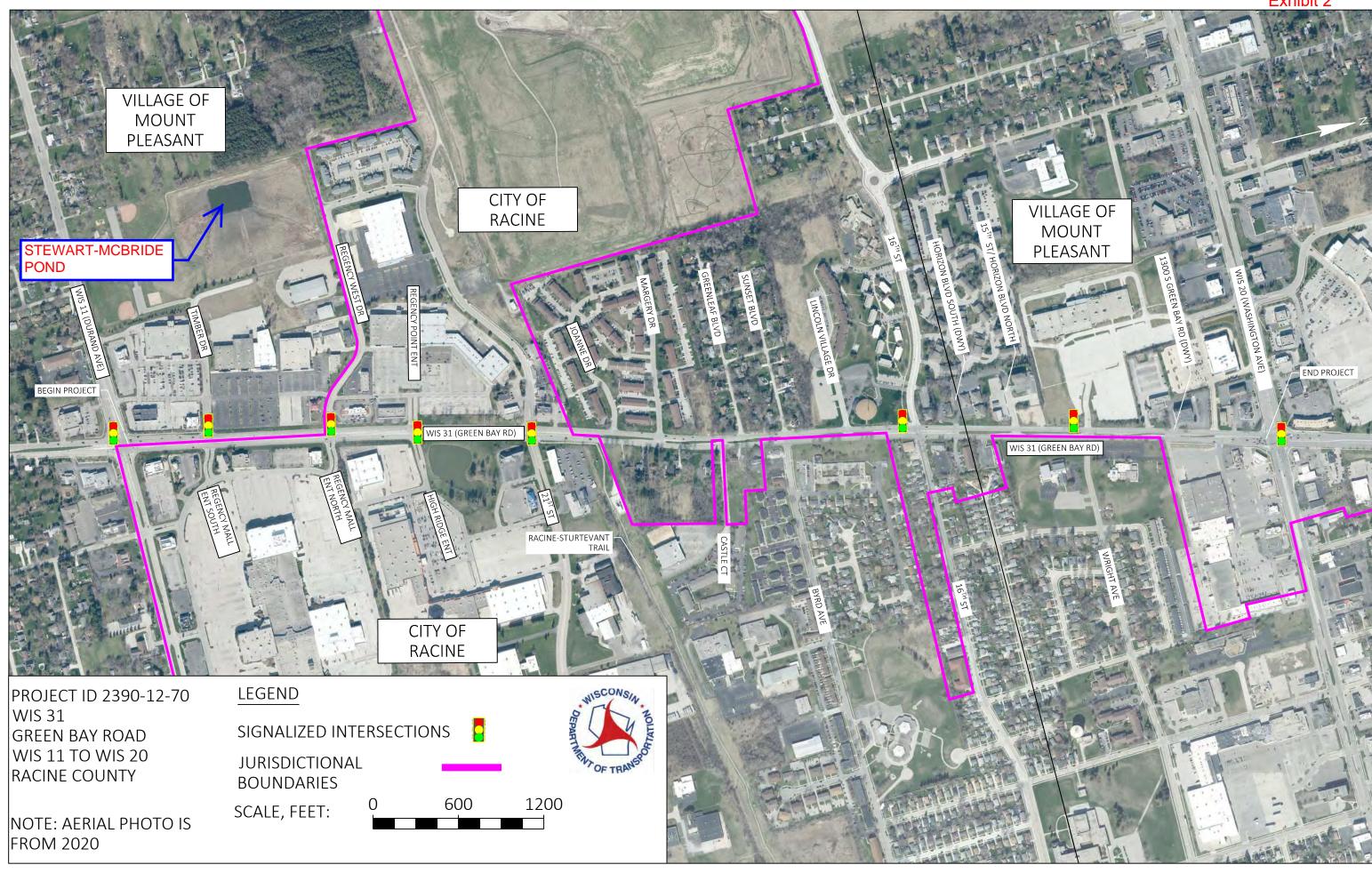
Exhibit 7: Existing and Proposed Discharge Comparison

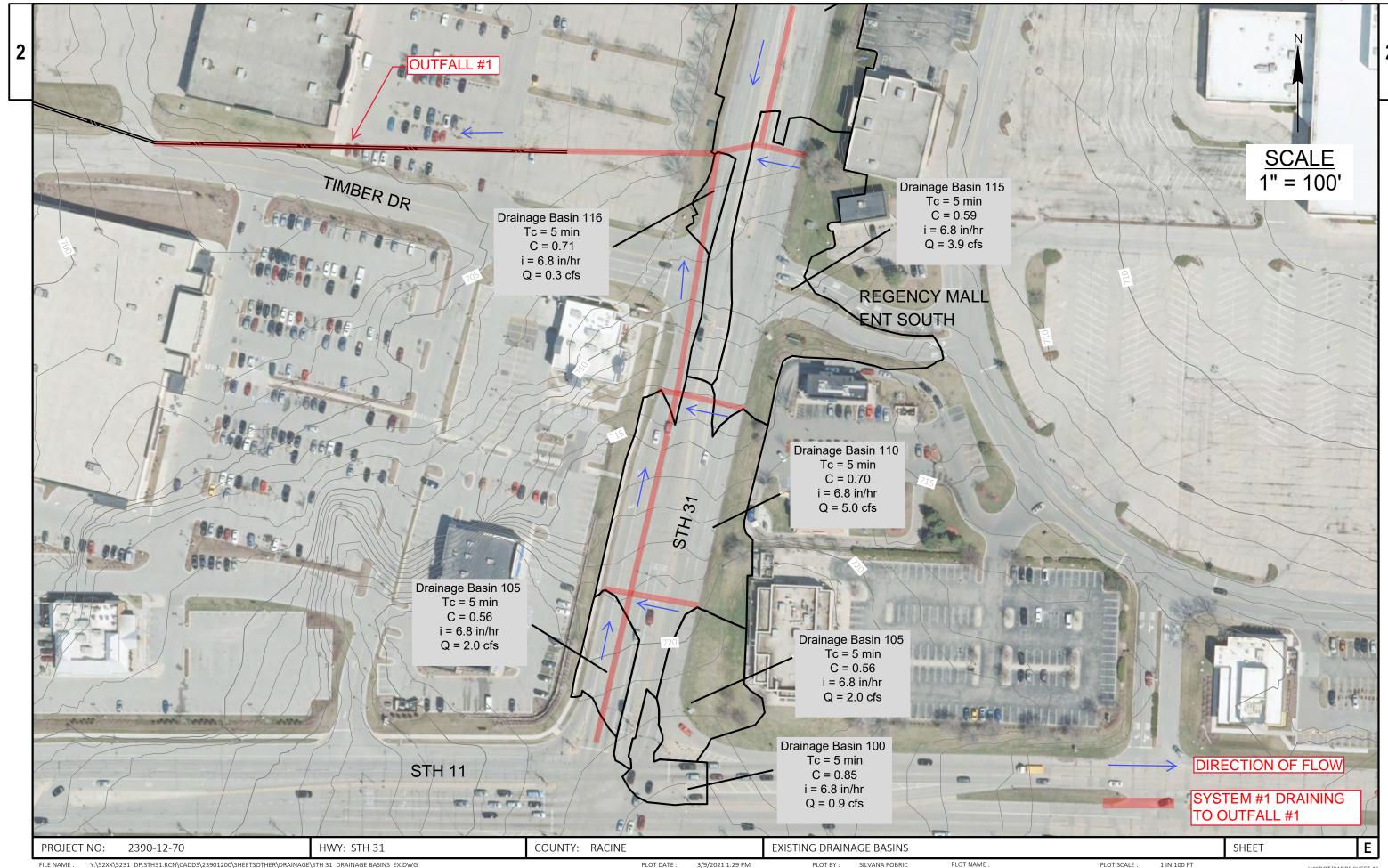
Exhibit 8: NRCS Soil Map

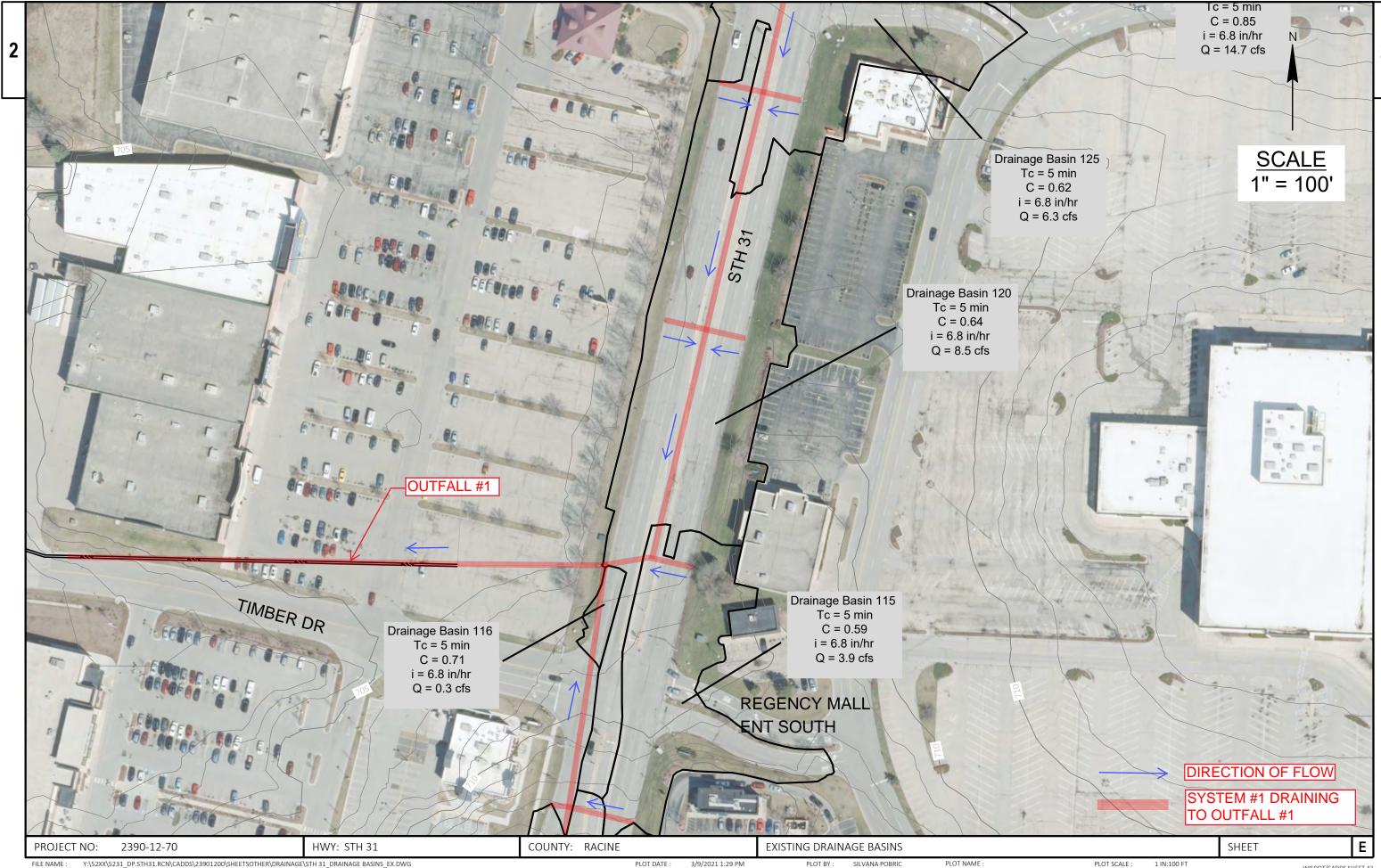
Exhibit 9: DNR Initial Review Letter

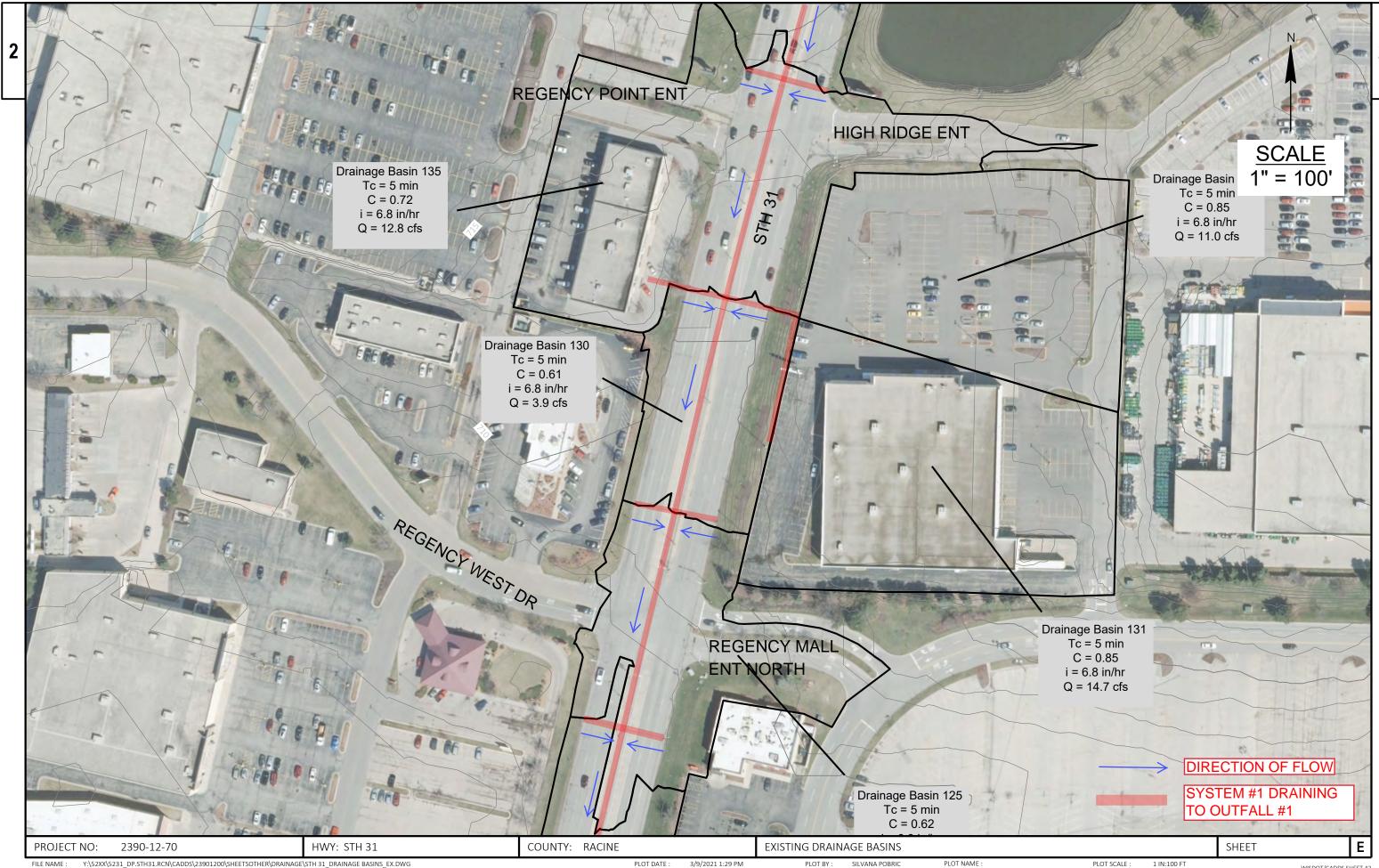


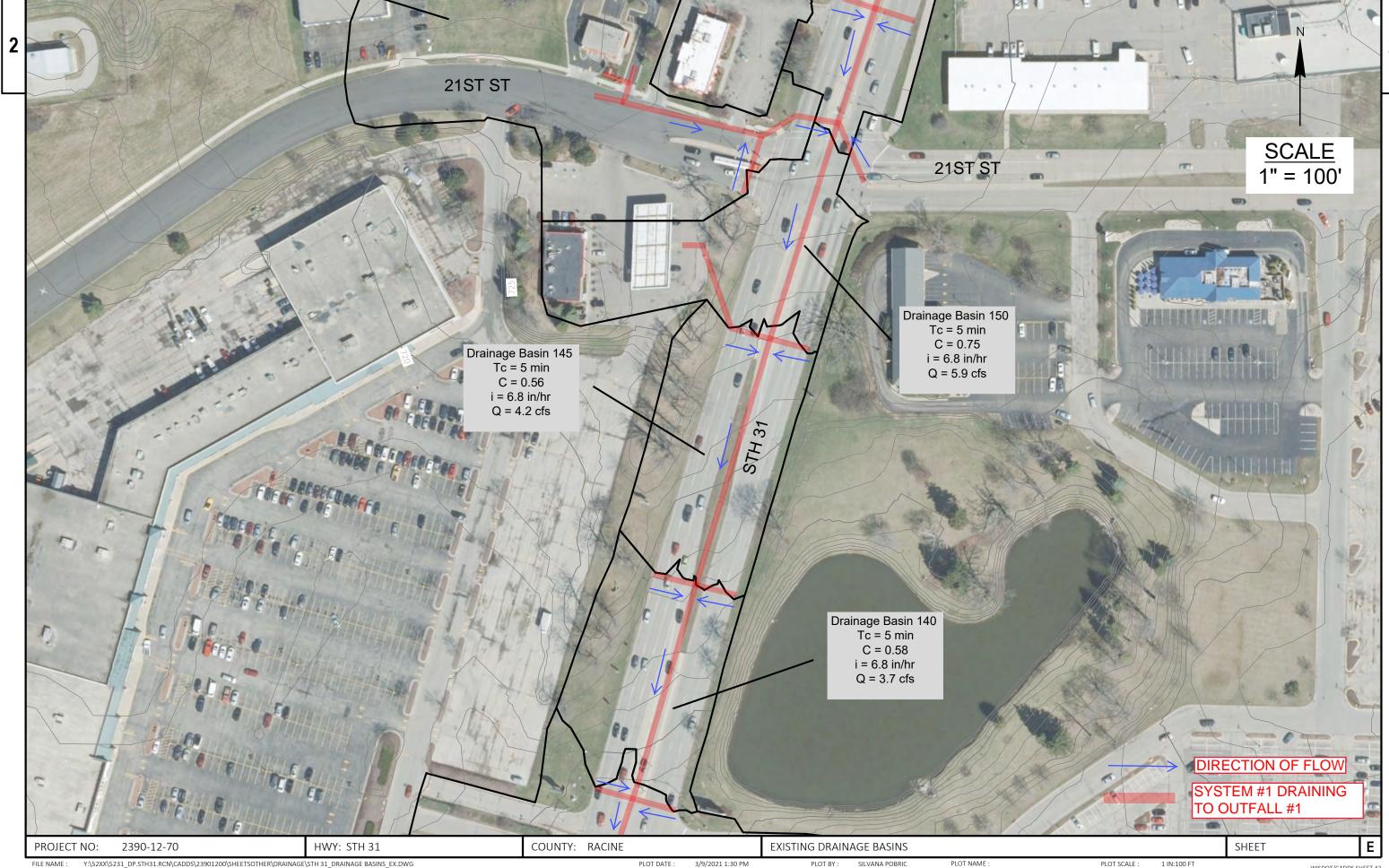
1	Basic Project Information	_		
	Project ID: 2390-12-00	ct ID: 2390-12-00 STH 31 gner/Checker: SXP/HXT Region/Firm Name: SE Region/EMCS, Inc. March 17, 2021 WAY: STH 31		
3	Title: STH 31	-		
4 5				
6	Date: March 17, 2021			
		T		
	HIGHWAY:			
8	LIMITS:	STH 11 to STH 20		
9	COUNTY:	Racine Pavement and curb&gutter reconstruction, construction of shoulder and new sidewalk.		
10	DESCRIPTION OF WORK:	avenient and carbagatter reconstruction, construction of shoulder and new sidewark.		
11	PROJECT MANAGER:	Vida Shaffer, PE, WisDOT & Brian Wilson, PE, EMCS, Inc.		
12	PS&E DATE:	, , , ,		
13	DESIGN STAGE	☐ Planning ☑ 30% ☐ 60% ☐ 90% ☐ Final		
14	Drainage Summary			
15		ASE WITHIN ANY SUB BASIN OF THE PROJECT? IF YES, DESCRIBE THE CAUSE OF THE CHANGE		
	AND WHY IT IS NECESSARY. Flow increases are anticipated to be non-significant (~5%)		
	riow increases are anticipated to be non-significant ((7 <i>n</i>).		
16				
17	IS THERE A SIGNIFICANT IMPERVIOUS AREA CHANGI	E TO ANY SUB BASIN OF THE PROJECT? IF YES, DESCRIBE THE CAUSE OF THE CHANGE AND		
17	WHY IT IS NECESSARY.			
	The impervious area will increase at all drainage basi	ns due to 5' shoulders and sidewalks that are being added to the roadway section, which are		
18	not present in the existing condition.			
10				
19	HAVE THE DRAINAGE SUB BASIN AREAS OR FLOW PA NECESSARY.	ATHS CHANGED SIGNIFICANTLY? IF YES, DESCRIBE THE CAUSE OF THE CHANGE AND WHY IT IS		
	Drainage sub basin areas or flow paths will not have	significant changes		
	areas or non-paris minor have	sa, mount shanges.		
20				
21	DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE	AND CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR THE PROJECT.		
	The proposed drainage will consist of reconstructing			
	The proposed dramage will consist of reconstructing	of trank fines, laterals, mannotes and finets.		
22				
23	DESCRIBE THE AQUATIC ORGANISM PASSAGE ISSUE	S FOR THE DROIECT IF ANY		
	There are no aquatic organism passage issues for the	project.		
24				
25	IF THE DESIGN DOES NOT MEET THE DOT FDM CHAF	TER 13 DRAINAGE REQUIREMENTS, EXPLAIN HOW AND WHY.		
	N/A			
26				
20				
27	DESCRIBE WDNR COORDINATION. PROVIDE NAME	OF WDNR CONTACT AND DATE, AND ATTACH ANY CORRESPONDENCE.		
	The initial review request was sent to WDNR on Augu	ust 21, 2019. Kristina Betzold from WDNR responded with an initial review letter. See Exhibit 9.		
28				
	IF THE DRAINIAGE DECICAL SAFETS LOCAL SALVEYORS	OR RECIONAL CHIRELINES THAT EVELED FRANCHARTER 42 DRAINAGE REQUIRES ASSET		
29	IF THE DRAINAGE DESIGN MEETS LOCAL, MUNICIPAL EXPLAIN HOW AND WHY.	L OR REGIONAL GUIDELINES THAT EXCEED FDM CHAPTER 13 DRAINAGE REQUIREMENTS,		
	N/A			
30	•			
29	IF A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT TO THE PROJECT OCCURS	DUE TO DRAINAGE, PROJECT MANAGER CONCURRENCE IS REQUIRED. (PM SIGN AND DATE)		
30				

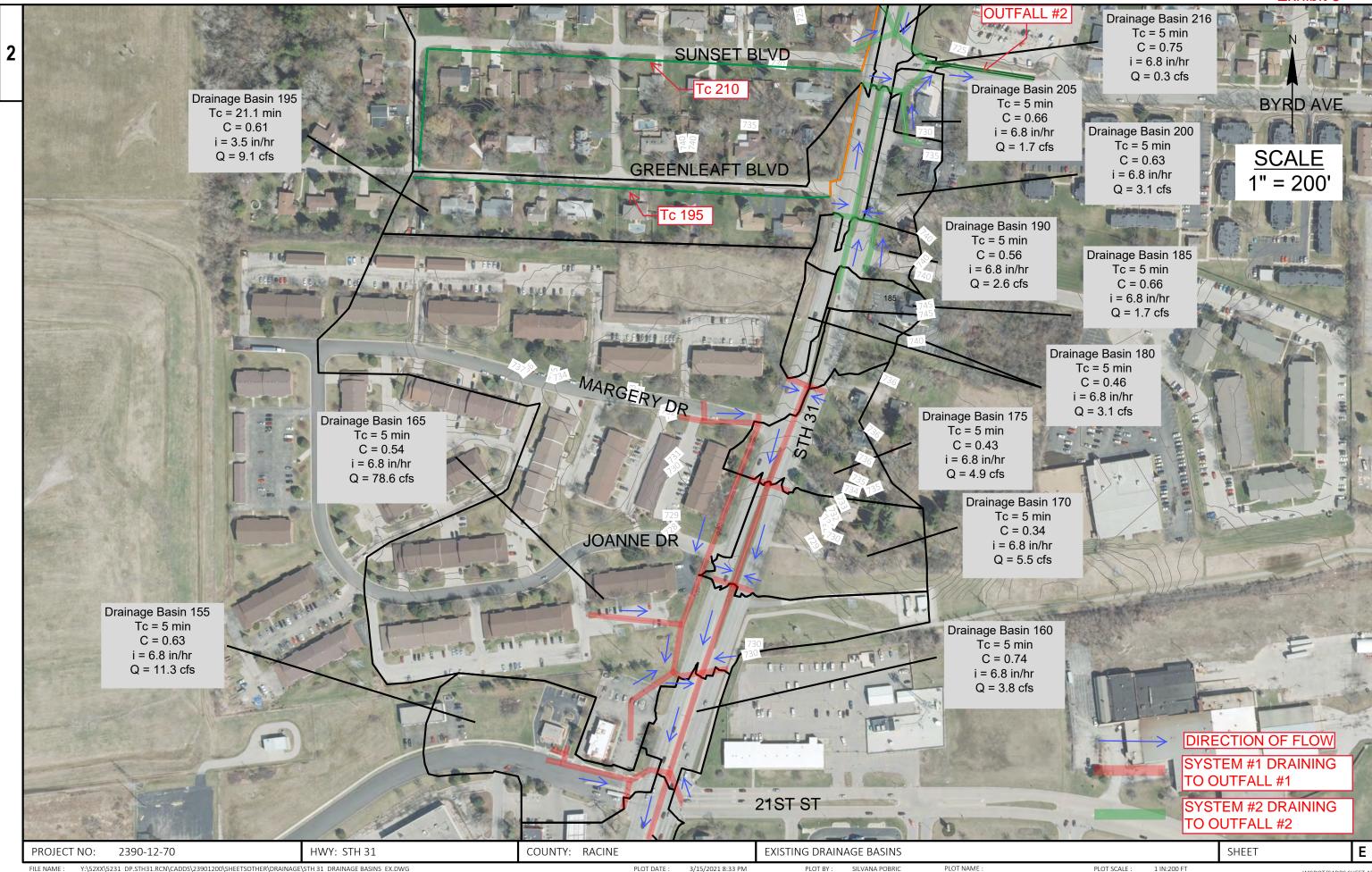


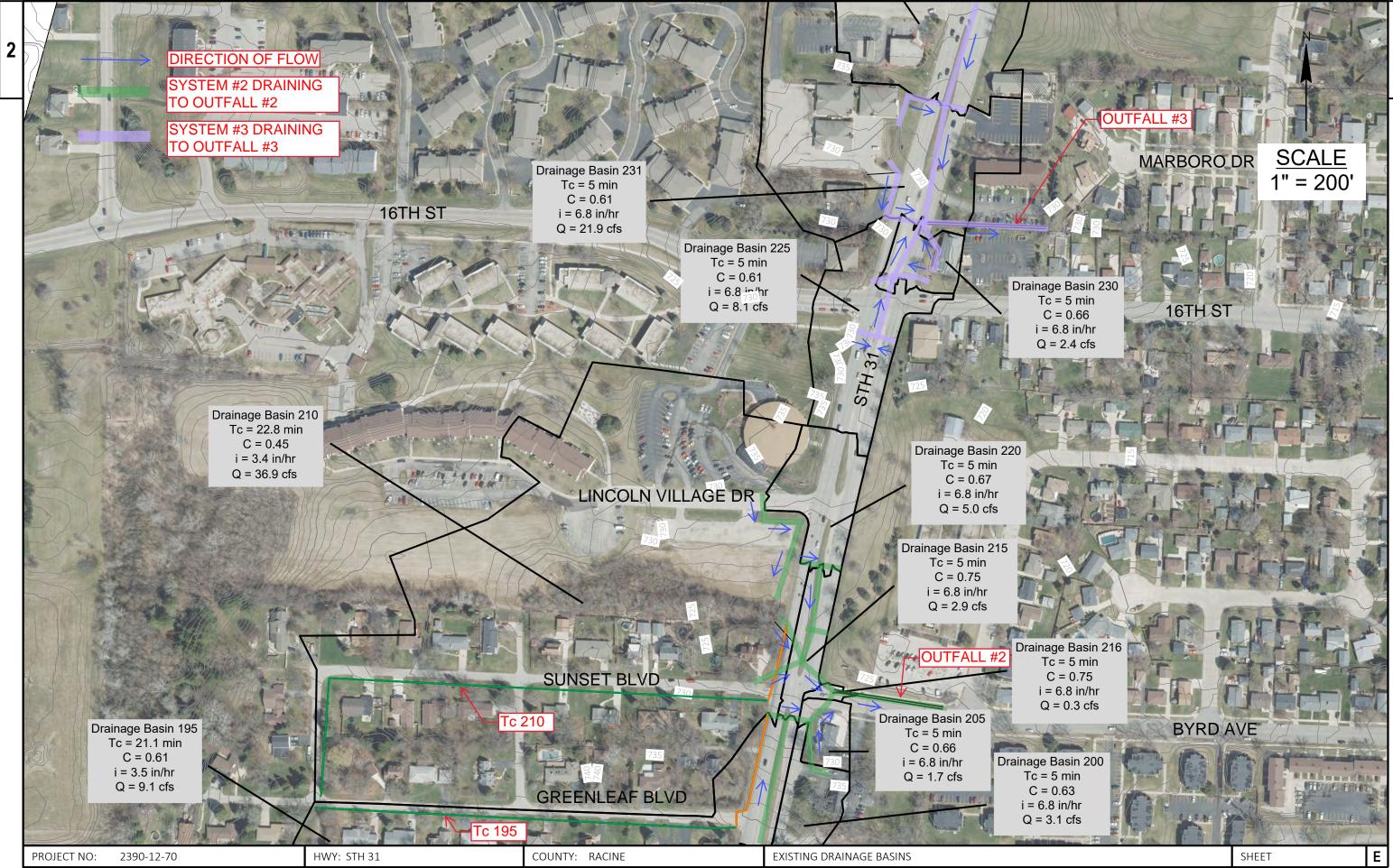


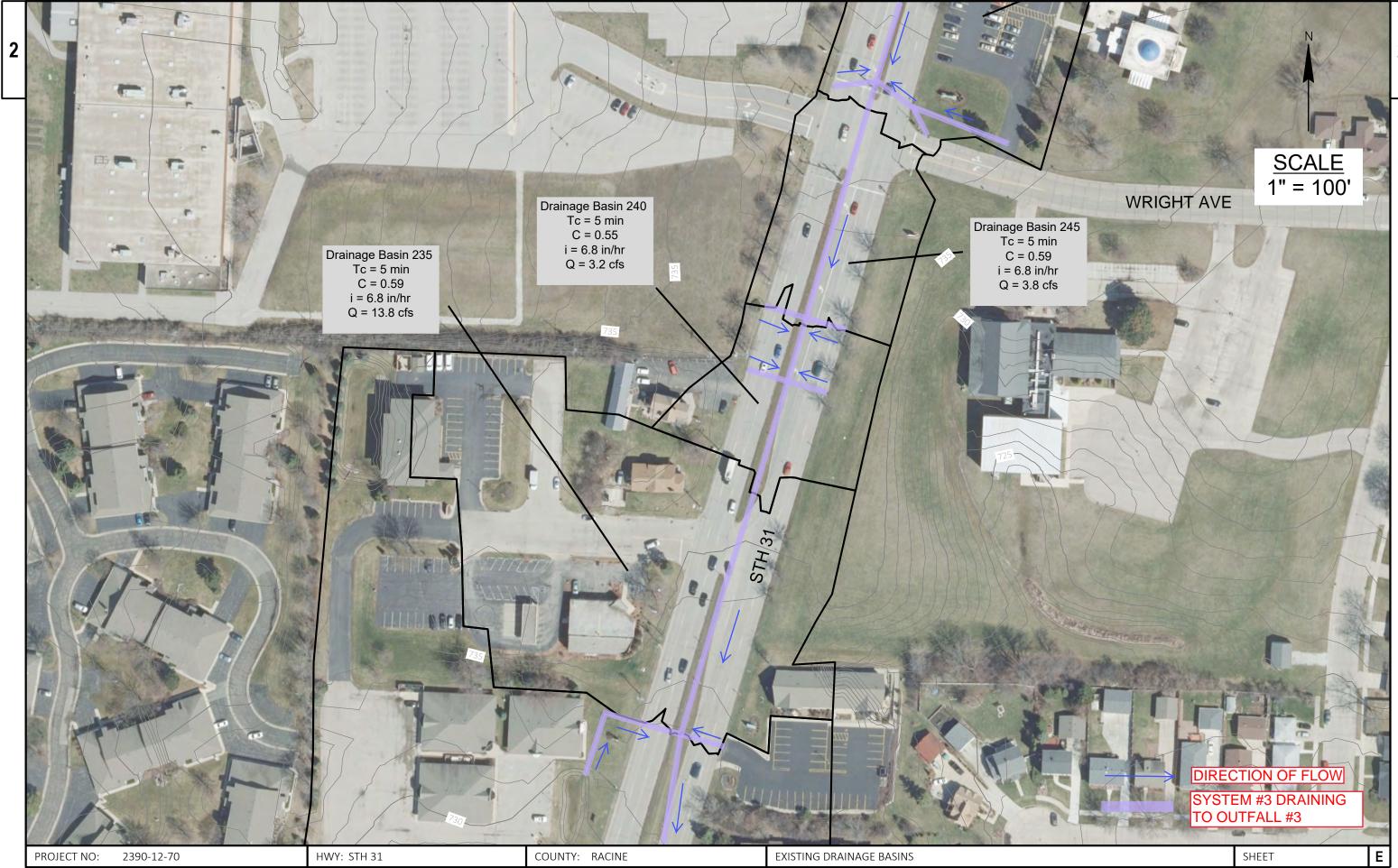




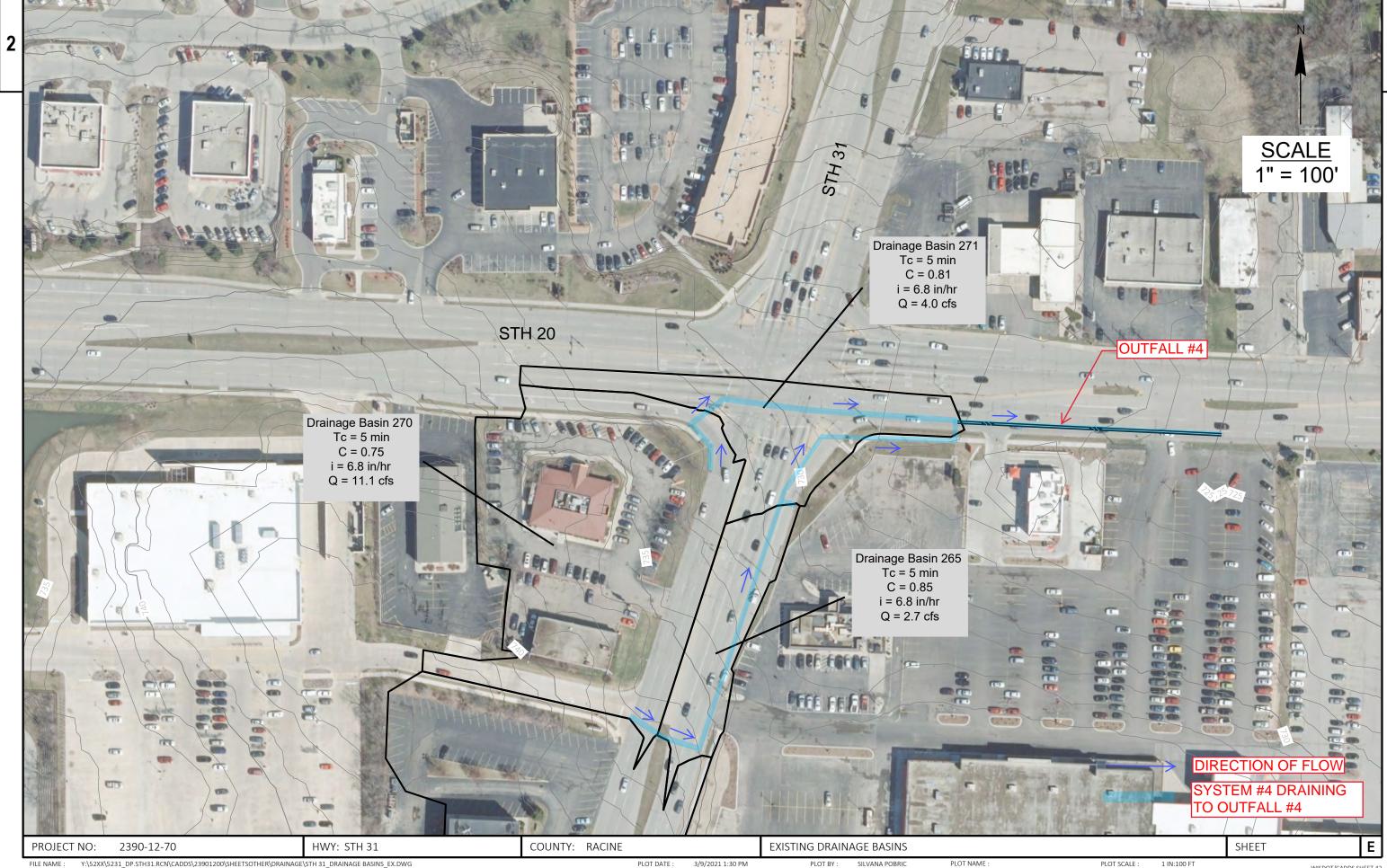












PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70 STH 31 Existing Runoff Coefficient and Discharge Calcluations HYDROLOGY

DRAINAGE BASIN	LAND USE	AREA (SF)	AREA (acres)	% OF TOTAL BASIN AREA	% OF BASIN CHECK	TOTAL AREA	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	COMBINED COEFFICIENT (C)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (i) 10-yr (in/hr)	DISCHARGE Q=C*i*A 10-yr (cfs)
100	ASPHALT	6,440	0.15	100%	100%	0.148	0.85	0.850	0.85	6.8	0.9
105	ASPHALT GRASS	12,220 10,771	0.28 0.25	53% 47%	100%	0.528	0.85 0.23	0.452 0.108	0.56	6.8	2.0
110	ASPHALT	34,167	0.784	76%	100%	1.037	0.85	0.643	0.70	6.8	5.0
110	GRASS ASPHALT	10,996	0.252 0.561	24% 58%	10070	1.037	0.23 0.85	0.056 0.492	0.70	0.0	3.0
115	GRASS	24,428 17,764	0.561	58% 42%	100%	0.969	0.85	0.492	0.59	6.8	3.9
116	ASPHALT	2,394	0.055	78%	100%	0.071	0.85	0.659	0.71	6.8	0.3
110	GRASS ASPHALT	692 55,747	0.016 1.280	22% 66%	10070	0.072	0.23 0.85	0.052 0.558	0.72	0.0	
120	GRASS	29,234	0.671	34%	100%	1.951	0.85	0.558	0.64	6.8	8.5
125	ASPHALT	40,354	0.926	62%	100%	1.492	0.85	0.528	0.62	6.8	6.3
	GRASS ASPHALT	24,628 25,311	0.565 0.581	38% 62%			0.23 0.85	0.087 0.524			
130	GRASS	15,725	0.361	38%	100%	0.942	0.83	0.088	0.61	6.8	3.9
131	ASPHALT	110,164	2.529	100%	100%	2.529	0.85	0.850	0.85	6.8	14.7
	GRASS ASPHALT	0 82,234	0.000 1.888	0% 100%			0.23 0.85	0.000 0.850			
132	GRASS	0	0.000	0%	100%	1.888	0.23	0.000	0.85	6.8	11.0
135	ASPHALT	89,448	2.053	80%	100%	2.577	0.85	0.677	0.72	6.8	12.8
	GRASS ASPHALT	22,798 22,887	0.523 0.525	20% 56%			0.23 0.85	0.047 0.475			-
140	GRASS	18,028	0.323	44%	100%	0.939	0.23	0.101	0.58	6.8	3.7
145	ASPHALT	25,305	0.581	53%	100%	1.105	0.85	0.447	0.56	6.8	4.2
	GRASS ASPHALT	22,808 42,339	0.524 0.972	47% 84%			0.23 0.85	0.109 0.716			
150	GRASS	7,932	0.372	16%	100%	1.154	0.23	0.036	0.75	6.8	5.9
155	ASPHALT	73,535	1.688	64%	100%	2.623	0.85	0.547	0.63	6.8	11.3
	GRASS ASPHALT	40,713 26,716	0.935 0.613	36% 82%			0.23 0.85	0.082 0.700			
160	GRASS	5,739	0.132	18%	100%	0.745	0.23	0.041	0.74	6.8	3.8
465	ASPHALT	143,817	3.302	16%	4000/	24.454	0.85	0.133	0.54	6.0	70.6
165	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL GRASS	642,814 134,831	14.757 3.095	70% 15%	100%	21.154	0.54 0.23	0.377 0.034	0.54	6.8	78.6
170	ASPHALT	18,368	0.422	18%	100%	2.377	0.85	0.151	0.34	6.8	5.5
170	GRASS	85,155	1.955	82%	100%	2.377	0.23	0.189	0.54	0.0	3.3
175	ASPHALT GRASS	23,754 48,907	0.545 1.123	33% 67%	100%	1.668	0.85 0.23	0.278 0.155	0.43	6.8	4.9
180	ASPHALT	15,829	0.363	36%	100%	1.000	0.85	0.309	0.46	6.8	3.1
100	GRASS ASPHALT	27,741 11,476	0.637 0.263	64% 69%	10070	1.000	0.23 0.85	0.146 0.590	0.10	0.0	5.1
185	GRASS	5,069	0.263	31%	100%	0.380	0.85	0.590	0.66	6.8	1.7
190	ASPHALT	15,548	0.357	53%	100%	0.674	0.85	0.450	0.56	6.8	2.6
	GRASS ASPHALT	13,832 29,399	0.318 0.675	47% 16%			0.23 0.85	0.108 0.136			
195	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	136,807	3.141	74%	100%	4.220	0.38	0.283	0.61	3.5	9.1
	GRASS	17,602	0.404	10%			0.23	0.022			
200	ASPHALT GRASS	20,417 10,952	0.469 0.251	65% 35%	100%	0.720	0.85 0.23	0.553 0.080	0.63	6.8	3.1
205	ASPHALT	11,674	0.268	69%	100%	0.387	0.85	0.589	0.66	6.8	1.7
203	GRASS	5,162	0.119	31%	100%	0.367	0.23	0.071	0.00	0.6	1.7
	ASPHALT MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	179,110 445,463	4.112 10.226	21% 53%			0.85 0.38	0.182 0.203			
210	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	21,195	0.487	3%	100%	19.181	0.54	0.014	0.45	3.4	29.4
	GRASS	189,762	4.356	23%			0.23	0.052			
215	ASPHALT GRASS	20,602 3,802	0.473 0.087	84% 16%	100%	0.560	0.85 0.23	0.718 0.036	0.75	6.8	2.9
216	ASPHALT	2,304	0.053	84%	100%	0.063	0.85	0.713	0.75	6.8	0.3
	GRASS ASPHALT	441 33,421	0.010 0.767	16% 70%			0.23 0.85	0.037 0.598			
220	GRASS	14,110	0.767	30%	100%	1.091	0.85	0.598	0.67	6.8	5.0
225	ASPHALT	52,113	1.196	62%	100%	1.938	0.85	0.525	0.61	6.8	8.1
	GRASS ASPHALT	32,303 16,206	0.742 0.372	38% 69%			0.23 0.85	0.088 0.583			
230	GRASS	7,416	0.372	31%	100%	0.542	0.83	0.072	0.66	6.8	2.4
231	ASPHALT	140,446	3.224	62%	100%	5.199	0.85	0.527	0.61	6.8	21.9
	GRASS ASPHALT	86,005 86,518	1.974 1.986	38% 58%			0.23 0.85	0.087 0.494			
235	GRASS	62,344	1.431	42%	100%	3.417	0.23	0.096	0.59	6.8	13.8
240	ASPHALT GRASS	18,972 17,471	0.436 0.401	52% 48%	100%	0.837	0.85	0.443 0.110	0.55	6.8	3.2
245	ASPHALT	17,471 23,795	0.401	48% 58%	40007	0.000	0.23 0.85	0.110	0.50	6.0	2.0
245	GRASS	17,101	0.393	42%	100%	0.939	0.23	0.096	0.59	6.8	3.8
250	ASPHALT GRASS	66,440 37,811	1.525 0.868	64% 36%	100%	2.393	0.85 0.23	0.542 0.083	0.63	6.8	10.2
255	ASPHALT	35,737	0.820	64%	1009/	1 274	0.23	0.548	0.63	6.0	5.5
255	GRASS	19,745	0.453	36%	100%	1.274	0.23	0.082	0.63	6.8	5.5
260	ASPHALT GRASS	81,378 10,225	1.868 0.235	89% 11%	100%	2.103	0.85 0.23	0.755 0.026	0.78	6.8	11.2
265	ASPHALT	20,471	0.233	100%	100%	0.470	0.85	0.850	0.85	6.8	2.7
270	ASPHALT	79,244	1.819	84%	100%	2.165	0.85	0.714	0.75	6.8	11.1
	GRASS ASPHALT	15,070 29,702	0.346 0.682	16% 93%		6	0.23 0.85	0.037 0.793			
271	GRASS	2,133	0.049	7%	100%	0.731	0.23	0.015	0.81	6.8	4.0

PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70 EXISTING HYDROLOGY

			COMBAINED DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT		COMBINED COEFFICIENT	RAINFALL INTENSITY (i)	DISCHARGE Q=C*i*A
		LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
		ASPHALT	875,457	20.10	43%			0.85	0.36			
C	UTFALL	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	46.89	0.38	0.00	0.59	2.8	77.9
	#1	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	642,814	14.76	31%	100%	40.69	0.54	0.17	0.59	2.0	77.9
		GRASS	524,462	12.04	26%			0.23	0.06			

			COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
			DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
_		LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
		ASPHALT	323,951	7.44	27%			0.85	0.23			
OU	TFALL	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	582,270	13.37	49%	100%	27.28	0.38	0.19	0.48	6.8	89.2
	#2	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	21,195	0.49	2%	100%	27.20	0.54	0.01	0.46	0.0	69.2
		GRASS	260,732	5.99	22%			0.23	0.05			

		COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
		DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
	LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
	ASPHALT	440,227	10.11	61%			0.85	0.52			
OUTFA	L MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	16.54	0.38	0.00	0.61	6.8	68.9
#3	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	10.54	0.54	0.00	0.01	0.8	00.9
	GRASS	280,196	6.43	39%			0.23	0.09			

			COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
			DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
		LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
		ASPHALT	210,795	4.84	89%			0.85	0.76			
0	UTFALL	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	5.42	0.38	0.00	0.78	6.8	29.0
	#4	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	5.42	0.54	0.00	0.76	0.8	29.0
		GRASS	25,295	0.58	11%			0.23	0.02			

PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70 STH 31 Time of Concentration Calculations (See FDM 13-10 Attachment 5.3)

BASIN #	elev(hi)	elev(lo)	H (FT)	L (FT)	Tc	Tc * 2	Tc * 0.4	Used Tc	COMMENTS
100	Cicv(iii)	CICV(IO)	11 (1 1)	L (1 1)	10	10 2	10 0.4	5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
105								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
110								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
115								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
116								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
120								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
125								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
130								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
131								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
132								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
133								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
135								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
140								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
145								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
150								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
155								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
160								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
165								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
170								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
175								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
180								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
185								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
190								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
	742.61	735.02	7.59	974	10.0	20			Tc over the grassed surface
195	734.65	728.2	6.45	286	2.7		1.08	21.1	Tc over the concret or asphalt surface
	Total					20	1.08		
200								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
205								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
	742.61	727.9	14.71	1288	10.9	21.8			Tc over the grassed surface
210	727.79	725.97	1.82	180	2.5		1	22.8	Tc over the concret or asphalt surface
	Total					21.8	1		
215								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
216								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
220								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
225								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
230								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
231								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
235								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
240								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
245								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
250								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
255								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
260								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
265								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
270								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.
271								5	This is very small area. Used minimum of 5 minutes.

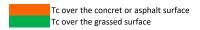
NOTES:

H= elev(hi)- elev(lo) [height of most remote point above outlet]

L= length of Tc path

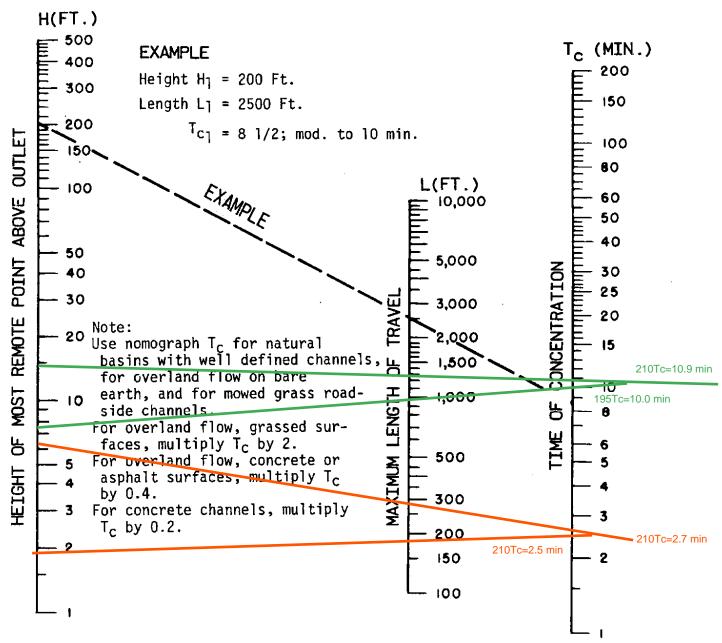
Tc determined by nomograph

For overland flow, grassed surfaces, multiply Tc by 2
For overland flow, concrete or asphalt surfaces, multiply Tc by 0.4

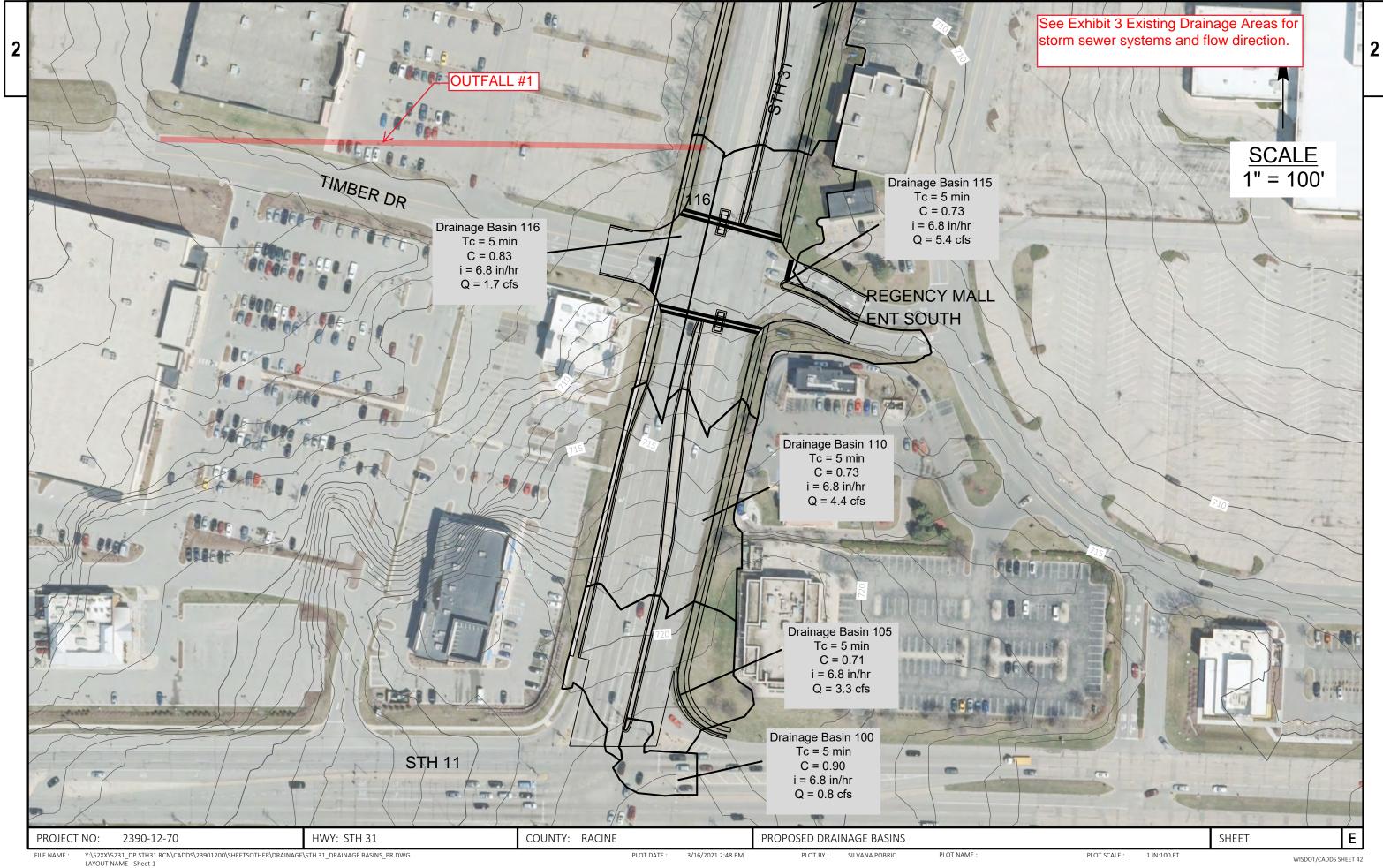


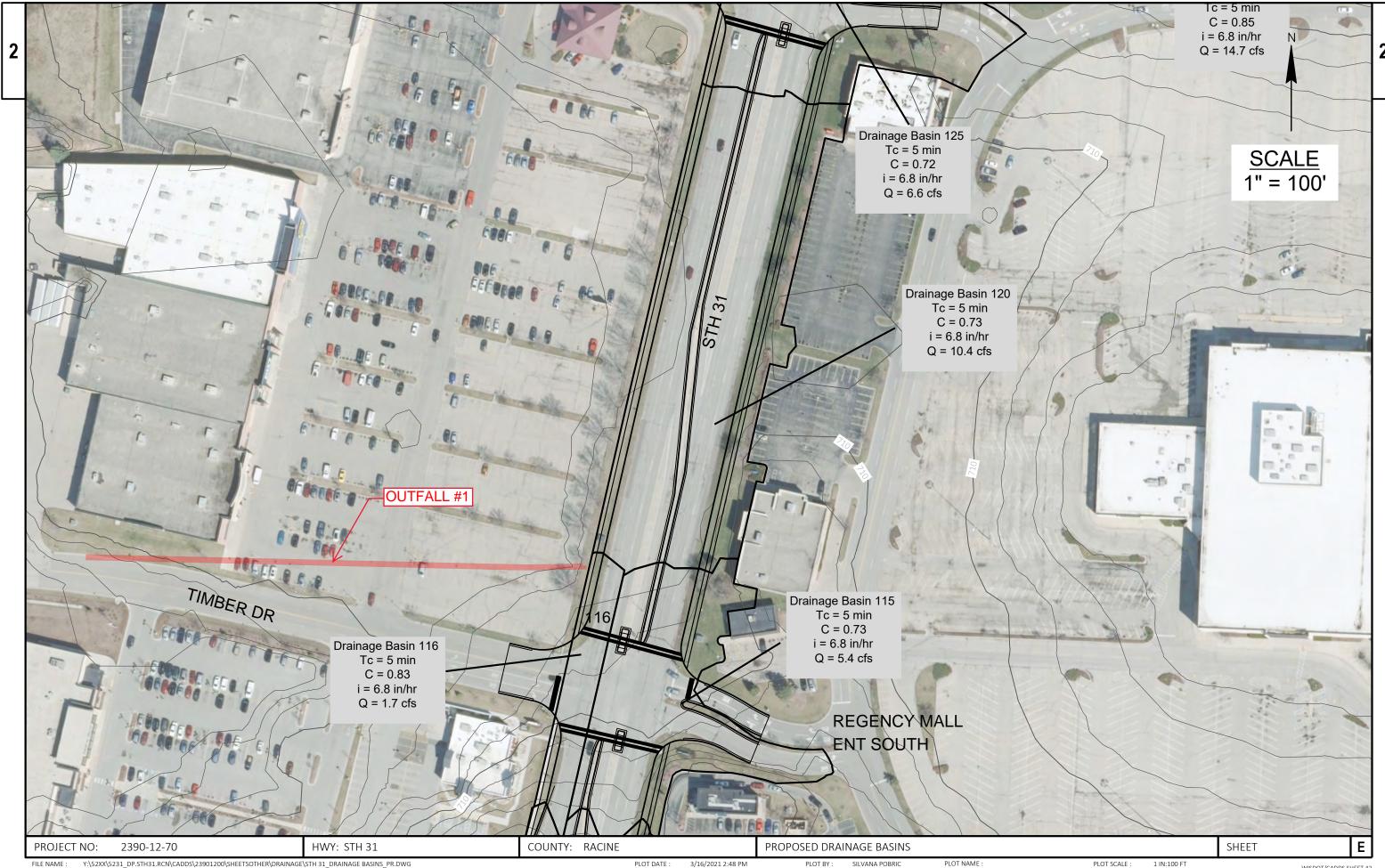
TIME OF CONCENTRATION OF SMALL

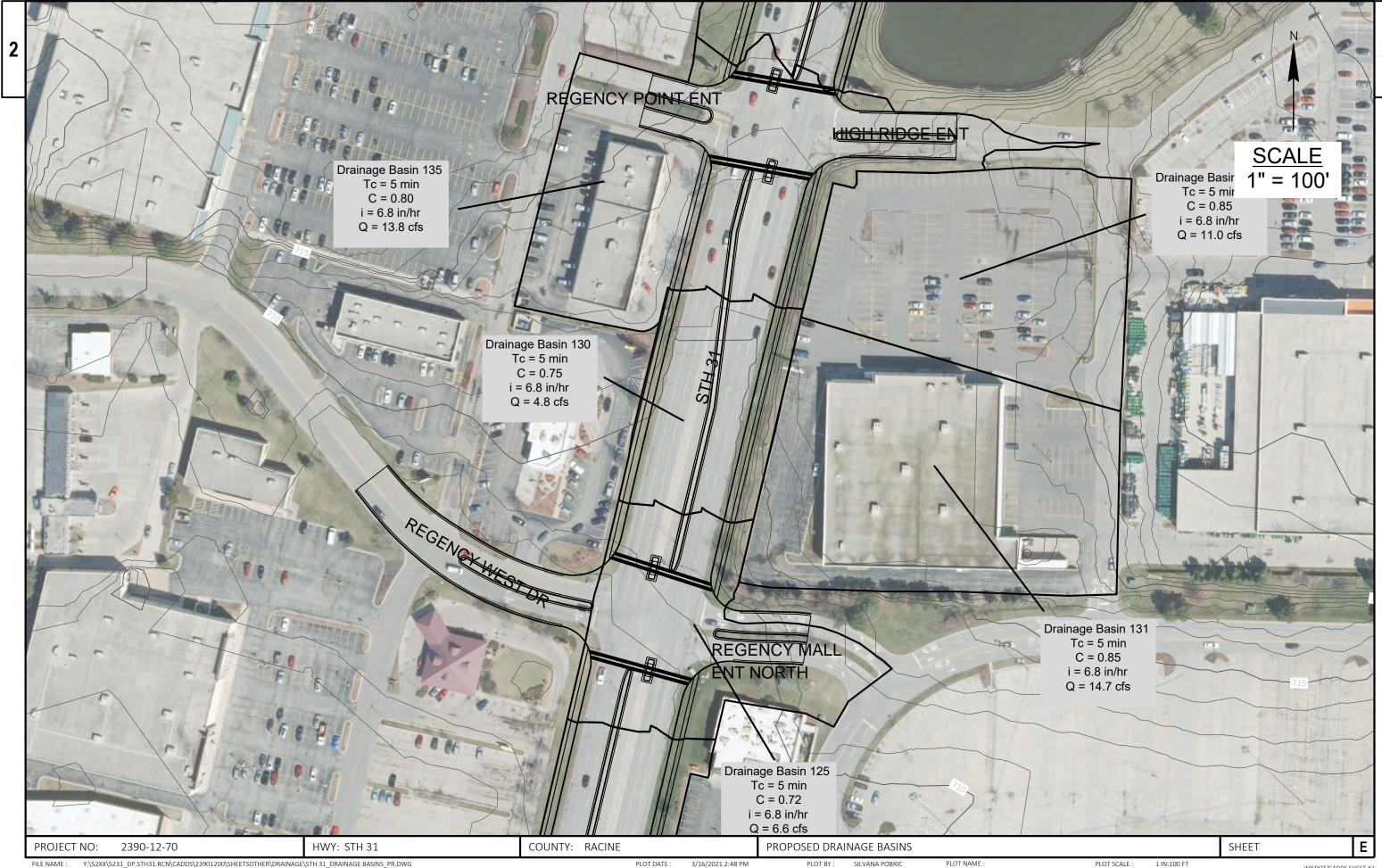
T_C DRAINAGE BASINS

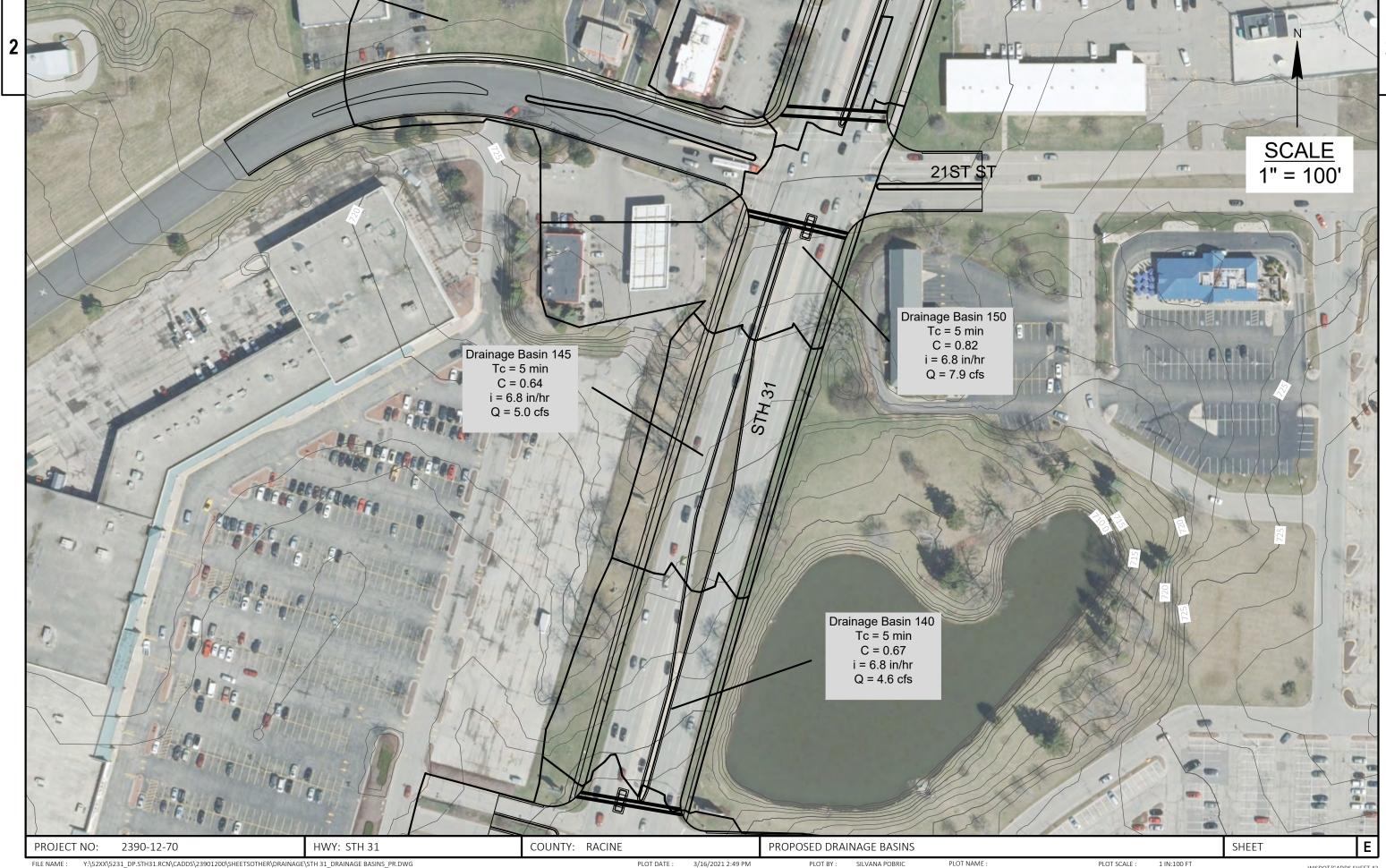


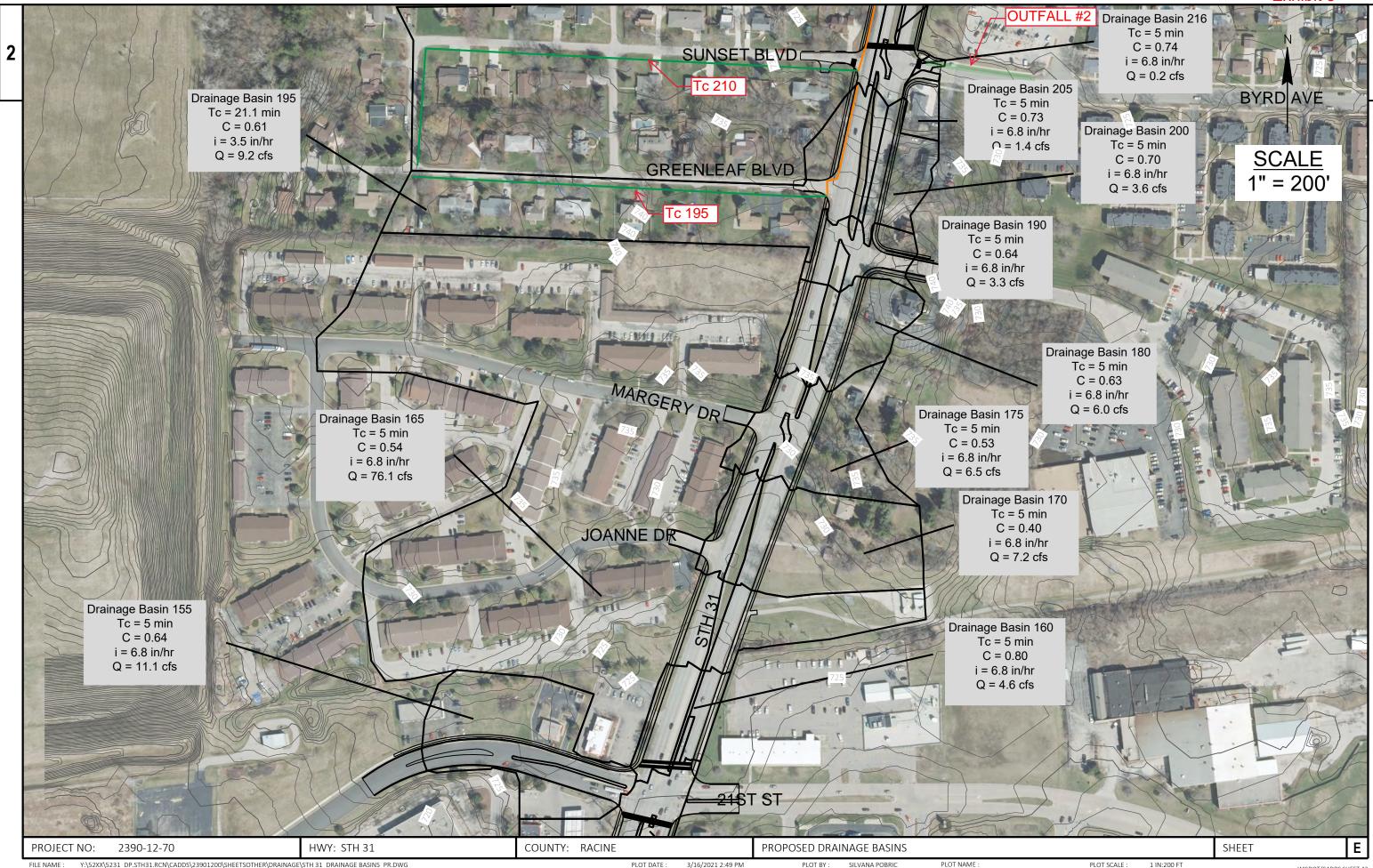
Based on study by P. Z. Kirpich, Civil Engineering, Vol. 10, No. 6, June 1940, p.362

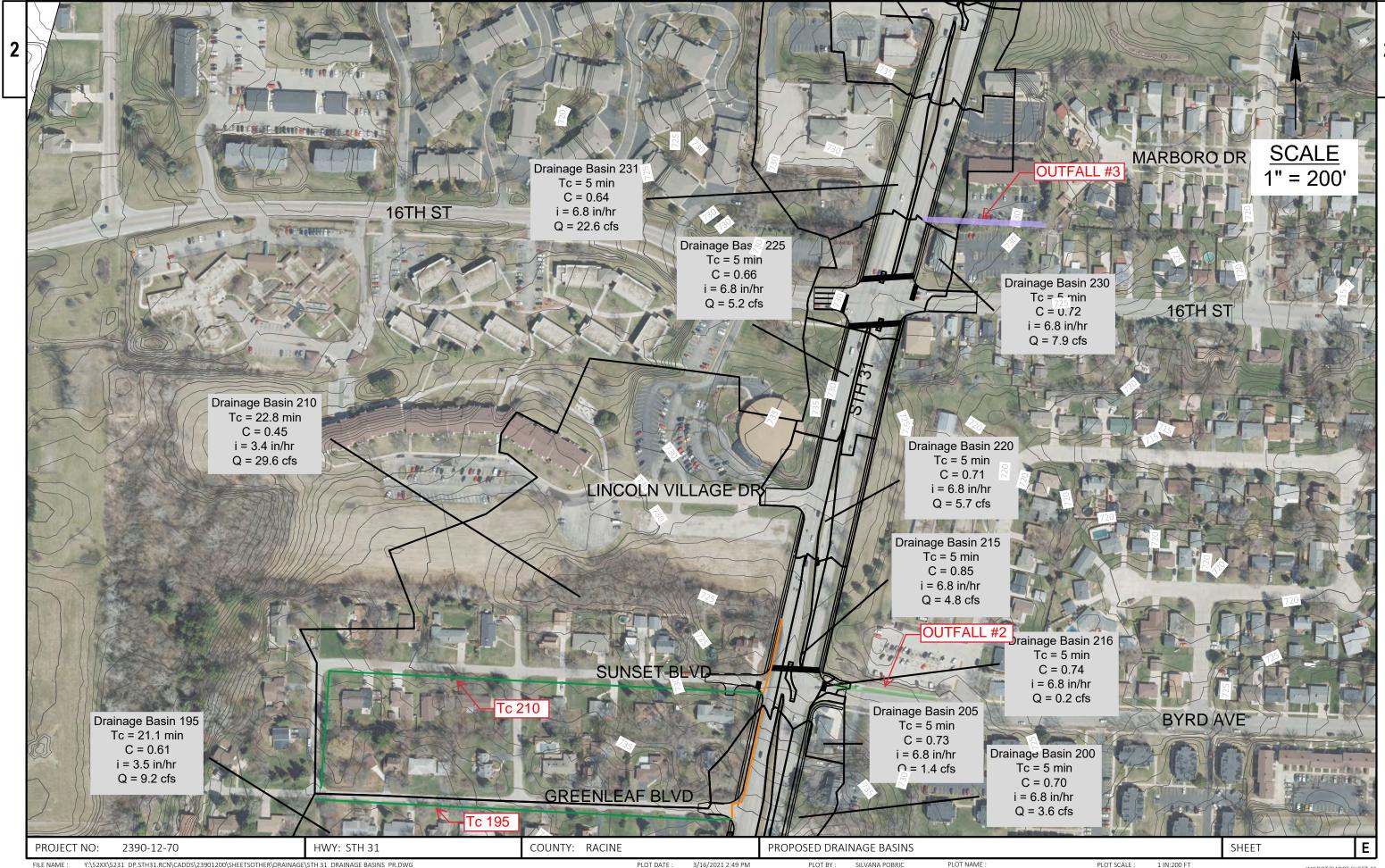






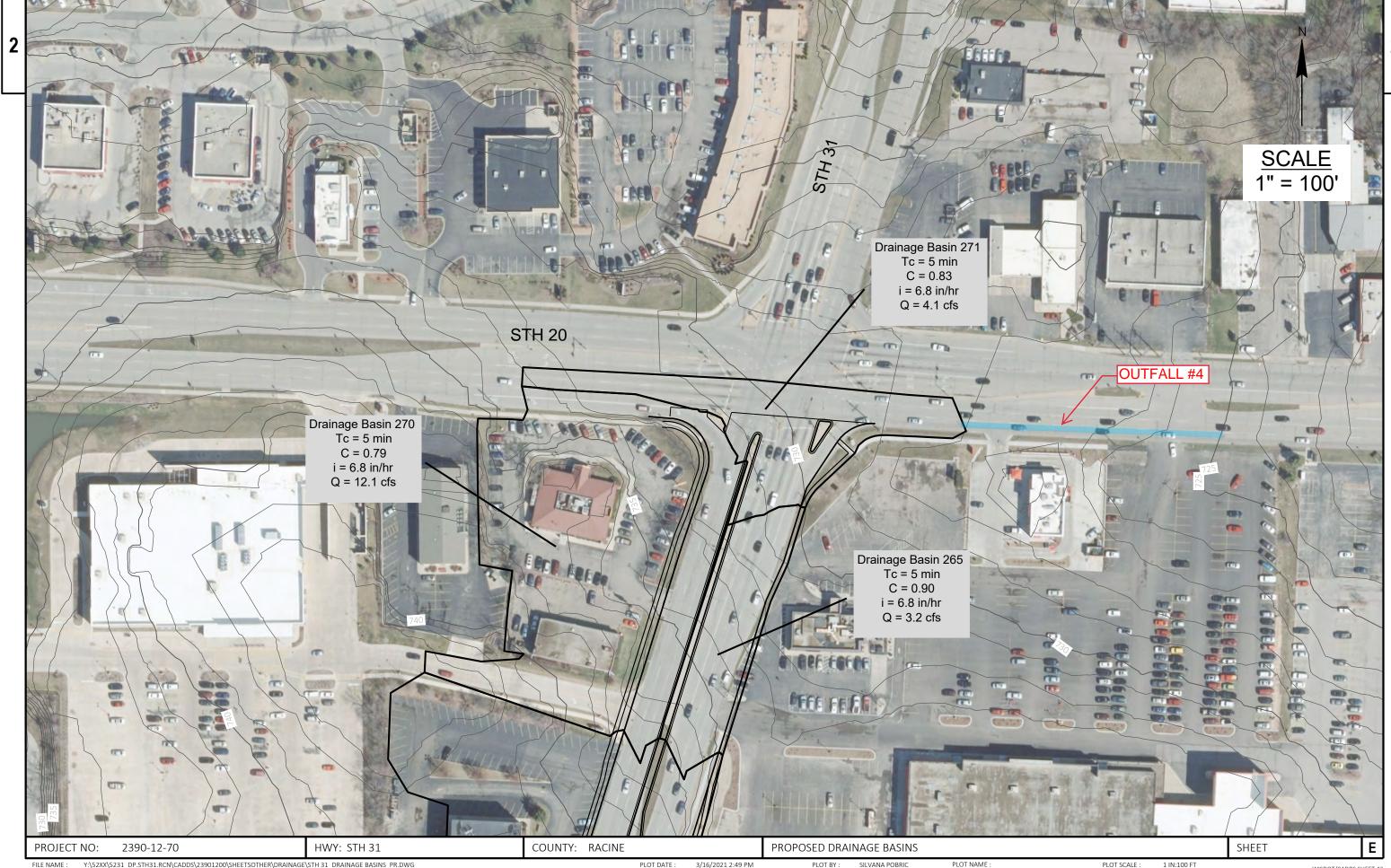












PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70 STH 31 Proposed Runoff Coefficient and Discharge Calcluations HYDROLOGY

DRAINAGE BASIN	LAND USE	AREA (SF)	AREA (acres)	% OF TOTAL BASIN AREA	% OF BASIN CHECK	TOTAL AREA	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	COMBINED COEFFICIENT (C)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (i) 10-yr (in/hr)	DISCHARGE Q=C*i*A 10-yr (cfs)
100	CONCRETE CONCRETE	5,664 21,280	0.13 0.49	100% 71%	100%	0.130	0.90 0.90	0.900 0.643	0.90	6.8	0.8
105	GRASS	8,511	0.49	29%	100%	0.684	0.23	0.066	0.71	6.8	3.3
110	CONCRETE GRASS	28,349 9,526	0.651 0.219	75% 25%	100%	0.869	0.90 0.23	0.674 0.058	0.73	6.8	4.4
115	CONCRETE	34,866	0.800	74%	100%	1.083	0.90	0.665	0.73	6.8	5.4
110	GRASS CONCRETE	12,308	0.283	26%	100/0		0.23	0.060	0.70	0.0	5
116	GRASS	11,368 1,307	0.261 0.030	90% 10%	100%	0.291	0.90 0.23	0.807 0.024	0.83	6.8	1.7
120	CONCRETE GRASS	68,010 22,686	1.561 0.521	75% 25%	100%	2.082	0.90 0.23	0.675 0.058	0.73	6.8	10.4
125	CONCRETE	42,895	0.985	73%	100%	1.354	0.90	0.655	0.72	6.8	6.6
	GRASS CONCRETE	16,069 31,902	0.369	27% 78%			0.23 0.90	0.063 0.701			
130	GRASS	9,081	0.208	22%	100%	0.941	0.23	0.051	0.75	6.8	4.8
131	ASPHALT GRASS	110,164 0	2.529 0.000	100% 0%	100%	2.529	0.85 0.23	0.850 0.000	0.85	6.8	14.7
132	ASPHALT	82,234	1.888	100%	100%	1.888	0.85	0.850	0.85	6.8	11.0
	GRASS CONCRETE	0 56,987	0.000 1.308	0% 52%			0.23 0.90	0.000 0.467			
135	ASPHALT	39,112	0.898	36%	100%	2.523	0.85	0.303	0.80	6.8	13.8
140	GRASS CONCRETE	13,782 28,962	0.316 0.665	13% 66%	1000/	1.010	0.23 0.90	0.029 0.592	0.67	C 9	4.6
140	GRASS CONCRETE	15,054 30,746	0.346	34% 62%	100%	1.010	0.23 0.90	0.079 0.556	0.67	6.8	4.6
145	GRASS	19,034	0.706	38%	100%	1.143	0.90	0.088	0.64	6.8	5.0
150	CONCRETE ASPHALT	34,695 20,714	0.796 0.476	57% 34%	100%	1.400	0.90 0.85	0.512 0.289	0.82	6.8	7.9
130	GRASS	5,572	0.128	9%	100/0	1.700	0.23	0.021	5.02	0.0	7.5
155	CONCRETE ASPHALT	35,929 33,959	0.825 0.780	33% 31%	100%	2.522	0.90 0.85	0.294 0.263	0.64	6.8	11.1
133	GRASS	39,975	0.918	36%	100/0	2.522	0.23	0.084	0.04	0.0	
160	CONCRETE GRASS	30,844 5,545	0.708 0.127	85% 15%	100%	0.835	0.90 0.23	0.763 0.035	0.80	6.8	4.6
	CONCRETE	38,634	0.887	4%			0.90	0.039			
165	ASPHALT HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	94,238 626,695	2.163 14.387	11% 70%	100%	20.591	0.85 0.54	0.089 0.377	0.54	6.8	76.1
	GRASS	137,397	3.154	15%			0.23	0.035			
170	CONCRETE GRASS	29,173 86,151	0.670 1.978	25% 75%	100%	2.647	0.90 0.23	0.228 0.172	0.40	6.8	7.2
175	CONCRETE	35,272	0.810	45%	100%	1.795	0.90	0.406	0.53	6.8	6.5
173	GRASS CONCRETE	42,905 36,178	0.985 0.831	55% 60%			0.23 0.90	0.126 0.540		0.0	
180	GRASS	24,154	0.554	40%	100%	1.385	0.23	0.092	0.63	6.8	6.0
190	CONCRETE GRASS	19,922 12,477	0.457 0.286	61% 39%	100%	0.744	0.90 0.23	0.553 0.089	0.64	6.8	3.3
	CONCRETE	26,596	0.611	14%			0.90	0.129			
195	ASPHALT MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	7,365 136,910	0.169 3.143	4% 74%	100%	4.258	0.85 0.38	0.034 0.281	0.61	3.5	9.2
	GRASS	14,602	0.335	8%			0.23	0.018			
200	CONCRETE ASPHALT	14,747 8,630	0.339 0.198	46% 27%	100%	0.740	0.90 0.85	0.412 0.228	0.70	6.8	3.6
	GRASS	8,864	0.203	27%			0.23	0.063			
205	CONCRETE ASPHALT	1,496 8,212	0.034 0.189	12% 67%	100%	0.280	0.90 0.85	0.110 0.572	0.73	6.8	1.4
	GRASS	2,495	0.057	20%			0.23	0.047			
	CONCRETE ASPHALT	15,803 167,171	0.363 3.838	2% 20%			0.90 0.85	0.017 0.170			
210	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	441,645	10.139		100%	19.205	0.38	0.201	0.45	3.4	29.6
	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL GRASS	21,195 190,739	0.487 4.379	3% 23%			0.54 0.23	0.014 0.052			
215	CONCRETE	33,524	0.770	92%	100%	0.838	0.90	0.826	0.85	6.8	4.8
216	GRASS CONCRETE	2,988 1,298	0.069	8% 75%	100%	0.040	0.23 0.90	0.019 0.679	0.74	6.8	0.2
210	GRASS CONCRETE	423 36,674	0.010	25% 72%	100%	0.040	0.23 0.90	0.057 0.649	0.74	0.0	0.2
220	ASPHALT	0	0.000	0%	100%	1.167	0.85	0.000	0.71	6.8	5.7
	GRASS CONCRETE	14,162 32,542	0.325	28% 64%			0.23 0.90	0.064 0.580			
225	GRASS	17,936	0.412	36%	100%	1.159	0.23	0.082	0.66	6.8	5.2
230	CONCRETE ASPHALT	51,283 0	1.177 0.000	73% 0%	100%	1.603	0.90 0.85	0.661 0.000	0.72	6.8	7.9
250	GRASS	18,543	0.426	27%	200/0	2.000	0.23	0.061	5.,2	0.0	,.,
231	CONCRETE ASPHALT	36,034 109,783	0.827 2.520	16% 49%	100%	5.184	0.90 0.85	0.144 0.413	0.64	6.8	22.6
	GRASS	79,989	1.836	35%			0.23	0.081			
235	CONCRETE ASPHALT	27,510 33,873	0.632 0.778	31% 38%	100%	2.060	0.90 0.85	0.276 0.321	0.67	6.8	9.4
	GRASS	28,366	0.651	32%			0.23	0.073			<u> </u>
240	CONCRETE ASPHALT	38,949 25,209	0.894 0.579	40% 26%	100%	2.210	0.90 0.85	0.364 0.223	0.66	6.8	10.0
	GRASS	32,116	0.737	33%		-	0.23	0.077			
245	CONCRETE GRASS	36,434 12,448	0.836 0.286	75% 25%	100%	1.122	0.90 0.23	0.671 0.059	0.73	6.8	5.6
350	CONCRETE	30,897	0.709	45%	4000/	4.570	0.90	0.404	0.72	6.0	
250	ASPHALT GRASS	20,613 17,274	0.473 0.397	30% 25%	100%	1.579	0.85 0.23	0.255 0.058	0.72	6.8	7.7
255	CONCRETE	34,103	0.783	38%	1000/	2.054	0.90	0.343	0.00	6.0	0.3
255	ASPHALT GRASS	24,718 30,664	0.567 0.704	28% 34%	100%	2.054	0.85 0.23	0.235 0.079	0.66	6.8	9.2
251	CONCRETE	32,141	0.738	34%		2.4=-	0.90	0.305	2		
260	ASPHALT GRASS	48,707 13,840	1.118 0.318	51% 15%	100%	2.174	0.85 0.23	0.437 0.034	0.78	6.8	11.5
265	CONCRETE	22,983	0.528	100%	100%	0.528	0.90	0.900	0.90	6.8	3.2
203			0.796	35%	Î		0.90	0.319]	12.1
270	CONCRETE ASPHALT	34,661 50,791	1.166	52%	100%	2.246	0.85	0.441	0.79	6.8	12.1
	ASPHALT GRASS	50,791 12,369	1.166 0.284	13%	100%	2.246	0.23	0.029	0.79	6.8	12.1
	ASPHALT	50,791	1.166		100%	0.730			0.79	6.8	4.1

PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70 PROPOSED HYDROLOGY

		LAND USE	COMBAINED DRAINAGE AREA (SF)		% OF TOTAL BASIN AREA		TOTAL AREA (acres)	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT (C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	COMBINED COEFFICIENT (C)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (i) 10-yr (in/hr)	DISCHARGE Q=C*i*A 10-yr (cfs)
		CONCRETE	601,754	13.81	29%			0.90	0.26			
	JTFALL #1	ASPHALT	380,421	8.73	18%	100%	47.70	0.85	0.16	0.63	2.8	84.3
00	TIPALL #1	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	626,695	14.39	30%	100%	47.70	0.54	0.16	0.03	2.6	84.3
		GRASS	469,057	10.77	23%			0.23	0.05			

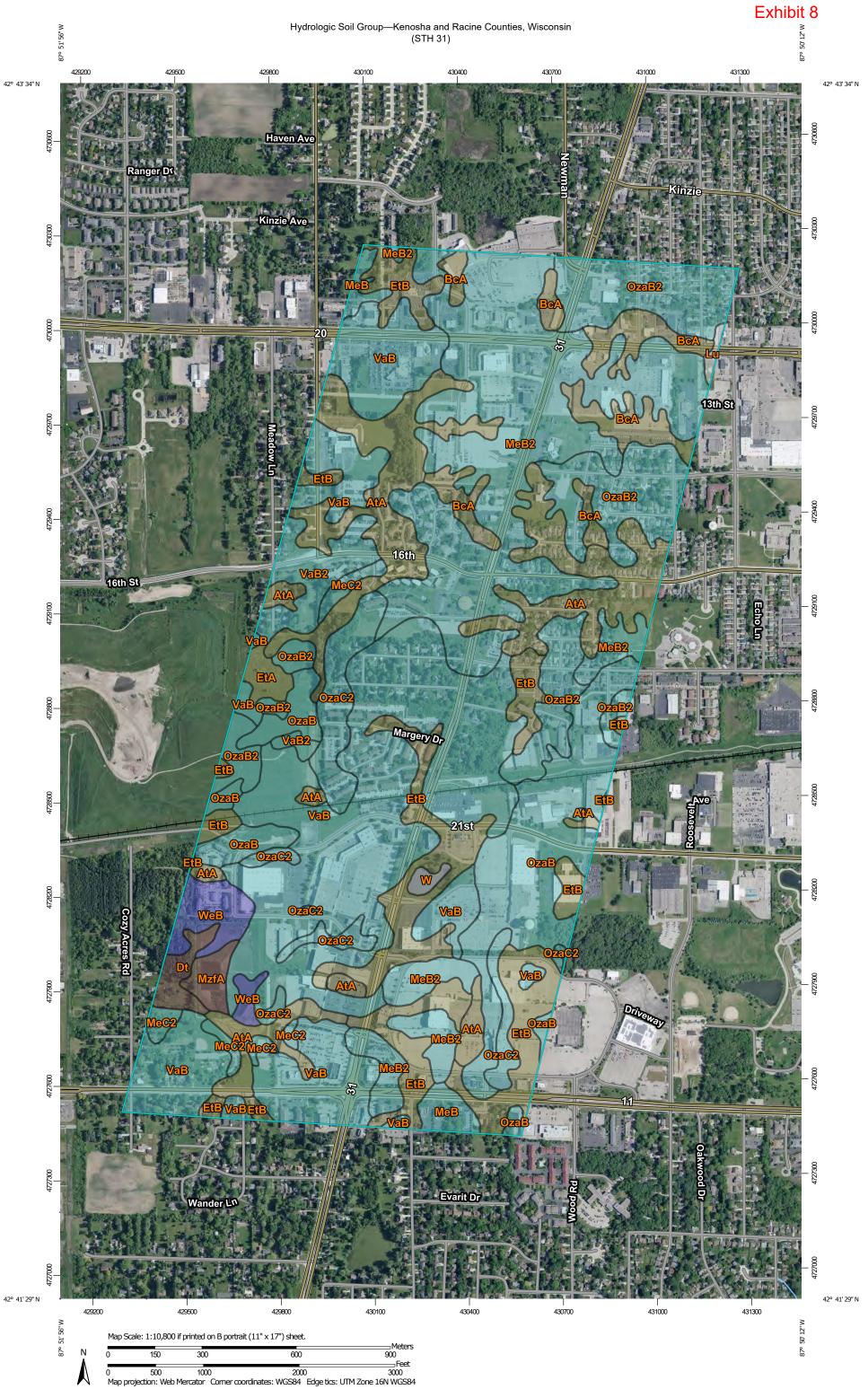
			COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
			DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
		LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
		CONCRETE	150,060	3.44	13%			0.90	0.11			
		ASPHALT	191,378	4.39	16%			0.85	0.14			
0	UTFALL #2	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	21,195	0.49	2%	100%	27.27	0.54	0.01	0.49	6.8	92.0
		MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	578,555	13.28	49%			0.38	0.19			
		GRASS	246,750	5.66	21%			0.23	0.05			

		COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
		DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
	LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
	CONCRETE	287,752	6.61	39%			0.90	0.35			
OUTFALL #3	ASPHALT	214,196	4.92	29%	100%	16.97	0.85	0.25	0.67	6.8	77.8
JUTFALL #5	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	10.97	0.54	0.00	0.67	0.8	77.0
	GRASS	237,336	5.45	32%			0.23	0.07			

		COMBAINED					RUNOFF		COMBINED	RAINFALL	DISCHARGE
		DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	% OF TOTAL	% OF BASIN	TOTAL AREA	COEFFICIENT		COEFFICIENT	INTENSITY (i)	Q=C*i*A
	LAND USE	(SF)	(acres)	BASIN AREA	CHECK	(acres)	(C)	C * (% of TTL basin area)	(C)	10-yr (in/hr)	10-yr (cfs)
	CONCRETE	102,365	2.35	41%			0.90	0.37			
OUTFALL #4	ASPHALT	116,448	2.67	47%	100%	5.68	0.85	0.40	0.80	6.8	31.0
OOTFALL #4	HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL	0	0.00	0%	100%	3.08	0.54	0.00	0.80	0.8	31.0
	GRASS	28,485	0.65	12%			0.23	0.03			

This table is for comparisons of individual sub-basins data only. Comparisons of the overall systems are on shown on the Exhibit 4 and Exhibit 6.

PROJECT ID: 2390-12-70					
EXISTING DRAINAGE BASIN	PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN	EXISTING DISCHARGE Q 10-yr (cfs)	PROPOSED DISCHARGE Q 10-yr (cfs)		
100	100	0.9	0.8		
105	105	2.0	3.3		
110	110	5.0	4.4		
115	115	3.9	5.4		
116	116				
120	120	8.5	10.4		
125	125	6.3	6.6		
130	130	3.9	4.8		
131	131	14.7	14.7		
132	132	11.0	11.0		
135	135	12.8	13.8		
140	140	3.7	4.6		
145	145	4.2	5.0		
150	150	5.9	7.9		
155	155	11.3	11.1		
160	160	3.8	4.6		
165	165	78.6	76.1		
170	170	5.5	7.2		
175	175	4.9	6.5		
180	180	3.1	6.0		
	PART OF BASIN	N 4 7	PART OF		
185	180	1.7	BASIN 180		
190	190	2.6	3.3		
195	195	9.1	9.2		
200	200	3.1	3.6		
205	205	1.7	1.4		
210	210	29.4	29.6		
215	215	2.9	4.8		
216	216	0.3	0.2		
220	220	5.0	5.7		
225	225	8.1	5.2		
230	230	2.4	7.9		
231	231	21.9	22.6		
235	235	13.8	9.4		
240	240	3.2	10.0		
245	245	3.8	5.6		
250	250	10.2	7.7		
255	255	5.5	9.2		
260	260	11.2	11.5		
265	265	2.7	3.2		
270	270	11.1	12.1		
271	271	4.0	4.1		



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:15.800. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soils D measurements. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: **Water Features** A/D Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Streams and Canals В Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator Transportation projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts B/D Rails --distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the С Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Interstate Highways accurate calculations of distance or area are required. C/D **US Routes** This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as D Major Roads of the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available -Local Roads Soil Survey Area: Kenosha and Racine Counties, Wisconsin Soil Rating Lines Survey Area Data: Version 17, Jun 8, 2020 Background Aerial Photography Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 7, 2020—Aug 16, 2020 B/D The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor C/D shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. D Not rated or not available **Soil Rating Points** Α A/D B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
AtA	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	93.6	10.9%
BcA	Beecher silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	C/D	31.7	3.7%
Dt	Drummer silt loam, gravelly substratum	B/D	6.1	0.7%
EtA	Elliott silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	4.6	0.5%
EtB	Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	C/D	81.2	9.5%
Lu	Loamy land		1.2	0.1%
MeB	Markham silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	С	8.4	1.0%
MeB2	Markham silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	С	166.8	19.5%
MeC2	Markham silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	С	8.8	1.0%
MzfA	Mundelein silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	B/D	5.4	0.6%
OzaB	Ozaukee silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	С	76.4	8.9%
OzaB2	Ozaukee silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	С	81.2	9.5%
OzaC2	Ozaukee silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	С	29.8	3.5%
VaB	Varna silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	С	227.4	26.5%
VaB2	Varna silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	С	18.6	2.2%
W	Water		1.8	0.2%
WeB	Warsaw loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	В	13.5	1.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			856.7	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
101 S. Webster Street
Box 7921
Madison WI 53707-7921

Tony Evers, Governor Preston D. Cole, Secretary

Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



November 13, 2019

Vida Shaffer Wisconsin Department of Transportation 141 N.W. Barstow Street P.O. BOX 798 Waukesha, WI 53187-0798

Subject: DNR Initial Project Review

WisDOT ID 2390-12-00

STH 31

Project Limits: STH 11 to STH 20

Racine County

Dear Ms. Shaffer:

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) has received the information you provided for the above-referenced project. According to your proposal, the purpose of this project is to reconstruct the roadway, intersections and provide accommodations for pedestrians and bicycles. Proposed improvements include providing long term improvement to the pavement, operations and safety of the roadway.

Preliminary information has been reviewed by DNR staff for the project under the DNR/DOT Cooperative Agreement. Initial comments on the project as proposed are included below, and we assume that <u>additional information will be provided that addresses all resource concerns identified.</u>

When requesting Final Concurrence/Water Quality Certification, please send the most up-to-date plan set (including the erosion control plan sheets), contract special provisions, Wetland permit documentation and Impact Tracking Form, Notice of Intent for the Transportation Construction General Permit (TCGP), and any additional pertinent information to ensure environmental commitments have been met.

A. Project-Specific Resource Concerns

Section 4(f) Requirement:

Public lands are present in the vicinity of this project. If there is potential for impacts to these lands, please begin coordination with us as soon as possible.

There is a U.S. Dept. of Transportation "Section 4(f)" process for federally funded transportation projects that impact various types of public parks, wildlife refuges, and recreation areas. This requirement is coordinated by state and federal transportation departments. Please ensure the 4f process is followed according to the DOT facilities development manual.

Wetlands:



DNR records of mapped wetlands and wetland indicator soils are present throughout the project area. The entire project area is within the Southwest Lake Michigan watershed in the Great Lakes basin.

There is potential for wetland impacts to occur as a result of this project. Wetland impacts must be avoided and/or minimized to the greatest extent practicable. Unavoidable wetland losses must be compensated for in accordance with the DNR/DOT Cooperative Agreement and the DOT Wetland Mitigation Banking Technical Guideline. DNR requests information regarding the amount and type of unavoidable wetland impacts.

Fisheries/Stream Work:

There are no navigable waterways within the project area.

Endangered Resources:

Based upon a review of the Natural Heritage Inventory (NHI) dated 11/13/19, the project area is within a known occurrence for the threatened and/or endangered species listed below, and there is potential for these species to occur if there is suitable habitat within your project limits. To ensure there are no adverse impacts, habitat suitability should be determined for these listed species. If suitable habitat is found within the project limits, and impacts to that habitat cannot be avoided, then additional surveys may be necessary:

Prairie Indian Plantain	Arnoglossum plantagineum	Plant	Special Concern
Bluestem Goldenrod	Solidago caesia	Plant	Endangered
Waxleaf Meadowrue	Thalictrum revolutum	Plant	Special Concern
Blanchard's Cricket Frog	Acris blanchardi	Frog	Endangered
Queensnake	Regina septemvittata	Reptile	Endangered

With this review, the following have been determined:

- There are no known Northern Long-eared Bat (NLEB) maternity roost trees within 150 feet of the project, or known hibernacula within 0.25 miles of the proposed project area.
- This project is located outside of any High Potential Zones (HPZ) for the Rusty Patched Bumblebee (RPBB), and therefore should have no impact on this federally endangered species. It should be noted that the High Potential Zones for the RPBB routinely change and can be reviewed at: https://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/insects/rpbb/rpbbmap.html.
 Coordination with the federal agency should be initiated if any portion of the project is included in a high potential zone prior to construction.
- NHI Disclaimer: This review letter may contain NHI data, including specific locations of endangered resources, which are considered sensitive and are not subject to Wisconsin's Open Records Law. As a result, information contained in this review letter may be shared only with individuals or agencies that require this information in order to carry out specific roles in the permitting, planning and implementation of the proposed project. Specific locations of endangered resources may not be released or reproduced in any publicly disseminated documents.

Invasive Species and Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia (VHS):

<u>All project equipment</u> shall be decontaminated for removal of invasive species prior to and after each use on the project site by utilizing other best management practices to avoid the spread of invasive species as outlined in NR 40, Wis. Adm. Code. For more information, refer to http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/lnvasives/bmp.html.

Emerald Ash Borer: This project has the potential for spreading the Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) beetle. It is illegal to move or transport ash material, the emerald ash borer, and hardwood debris (i.e. firewood) from EAB quarantined areas to a non-quarantined area without a compliance agreement issued by WI Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection. Regulated items include cut hardwood (non-coniferous) firewood, ash logs, ash mulch or bark fragments larger than on inch in diameter, or ash nursery stock (DATCP statute 21).

- o For more information regarding the EAB and quarantine areas please click on the following link: http://datcpservices.wisconsin.gov/eab/article.jsp?topicid=20

Floodplains:

A determination must be made as to whether the project lies within a mapped/zoned floodplain. Any proposed temporary or permanent changes to the road or waterway geometry in mapped floodplain areas requires that DOT coordinate with the Racine Zoning Administrator to ensure compliance with the local zoning ordinance and NR116. Examples of floodplain development activity includes, but not limited to, the following: changes to waterway crossings; culvert extensions; changes to road surface elevations and/or side-slopes; temporary causeways; temporary structures; general fill.

• A preliminary review of the Surface Water Data Viewer (SWDV) indicates that floodplain conditions exist within the project limits.

Storm Water Management & Erosion Control:

- For projects disturbing an acre or more of land, erosion control and storm water measures must adhere to the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Transportation Construction General Permit (TCGP) for Storm Water Discharges. Coverage under TCGP is required prior to construction. DOT should apply for permit coverage just before the project goes to final PS&E. Permit coverage will be issued by the DNR after design is complete and documentation shows that the project will meet construction and post-construction performance standards. For more information regarding the TCGP you can go to the following link, and click on the "Transportation" tab: https://dnr.wi.gov/topic/Sectors/Transportation.html.
- All projects require an Erosion Control Plan (ECP) that describes best management practices
 that will be implemented before, during and after construction to minimize pollution from storm
 water discharges. Additionally, the plan should address how post-construction storm water
 performance standards will be met for the specific site. The project design and Erosion Control
 Implementation Plan (ECIP) must comply with the TCGP in order to receive "permit-coverage"
 from the DNR.

Once the project contract has been awarded, the contractor will be required to outline their
construction methods in the ECIP. An adequate ECIP for the project must be developed by the
contractor and submitted to this office for review at least 14 days prior to the preconstruction
conference. For projects regulated under the TCGP, submit the ECIP as an amendment to the
ECP.

Selected Site & Commercial Non-Metallic Mines:

- The DOT Select Site process must be adhered to for clean fill or any other material that leaves the work site. The DNR liaison will review all proposed select sites and a site visit may be required. Filling of wetlands, waterways or floodplain is not allowed under the select site process, unless the site owner obtains required permits. No new impermeable surfaces can be left at a select site (including gravel roads or pads), unless the site owner obtains required permits. Contaminated materials leaving the site need to adhere to the Hazardous Material Management Plan.
- Use of Commercial Non-Metallic Mines must accompany documentation that such mines have received all applicable local, state and federal permits before being used on the project, including local non-metallic mining reclamation permits and applicable WPDES permits as issued by the DNR.

Asbestos:

A Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation and Application for Permit Exemption, DNR form 4500-113 (chapters NR 406, 410, and 447 Wis. Adm. Code) may be required. Please refer to DOT FDM 21-35-45 and the DNR's notification requirements web page: http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/Demo/Asbestos.html for further guidance on asbestos inspections and notifications. Contact Mark Davis, Air Management Specialist 262-574-2118, with questions on the form. The notification must be submitted 10 working days in advance of demolition projects.

Other Issues:

This project may require a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). All local, state, and federal permits and/or approvals must be obtained prior to commencing construction activities.

The above comments represent the DNR's initial concerns for the proposed project and do not constitute final concurrence. Final concurrence will be granted after further review of refined project plans, and additional consultation if necessary. If any of the concerns or information provided in this letter requires further clarification, please contact this office at (414) 507-4946, or email at Kristina.betzold@wi.gov.

Sincerely,

Kristina Betzold

Kustina Betzold

Environmental Analysis & Review Specialist

cc: Brian Wilson, EMCS Tim McElmeel, WDOT