WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

STH 50 RECONSTRUCTION (1300 FEET WEST OF 256th AVENUE TO 2000 FEET EAST OF 236th AVENUE)

WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00

Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, and 12, T1N, R20E VILLAGES OF PADDOCK LAKE AND SALEM LAKES, KENOSHA COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Lead Investigator: Christopher J. Jors Principal Specialist-Biologist Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission W239 N1812 Rockwood Drive P.O. Box 1607 Waukesha, WI 53187-1607 (262)547-6721 cjors@sewrpc.org

Report Completion: August 11, 2020

WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT OVERVIEW

(Based upon WDNR WETLAND Delineation Confirmation Request Check List)

INTRODUCTION

- Who requested the delineation Brenda H. Ruenger, P.G., Environmental Coordinator, Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Southeast Region
- Why the delineation was undertaken Planned road reconstruction/improvements
- Date the field work was completed June 17, 2020
- Who conducted field work Christopher Jors, Jennifer Dietl, and Shane Heyel
- Statement of Qualifications
- GIS Support Bradley Subotnik

METHODS

- Description of Methods
- Sources Reviewed
 - Kenosha County Topographic Mapping Exhibit 1 (Maps 1 3)
 - Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Surface Water Data Viewer Wisconsin Wetland Inventory (WWI) Mapping – Exhibit 2 (Maps 1 – 3)
 - Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Survey and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Floodplain Mapping – Exhibit 3 (Maps 1 – 3)
 - SEWRPC Historical Aerial Photographs Exhibits 4A to 4H (Maps 1 3) (2016, 2010, 2005, 2000, 1990, 1980, 1970, and 1963)
 - SEWRPC Sanitary Sewer Service Area Mapping Exhibit 5 (Maps 1 & 2)
 - Advance Identification (ADID) Wetland Mapping **Exhibit 6 (Maps 1 3)**
 - NRCS Draft Wetland Inventory Mapping Exhibit 7 (Maps 1 3)
 - National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP) & Farm Service Agency (FSA) Images Not Applicable (N/A)
- Description of any site specific agency guidance (site meetings, etc.) None

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

- Antecedent hydrologic condition analysis Wetter than normal
- Previous wetland delineation mapping SEWRPC October 19, 2011
- Existing environmental mapping (WWI mapping, Soil survey, etc.)
- Amount and types of wetland in the project area
- Wetland/upland boundary explanation
- Disturbed and problematic areas encountered
- Other Considerations

LITERATURE CITED

Wetland Delineation Map – Exhibit 8 (Maps 1 – 3)

Vegetation Survey, Wetland Delineation Data Forms, and Site Photos

- Preliminary Vegetation Survey Exhibit 9
- Wetland Determination Data Forms Midwest Region Exhibit 10
- Site Photos **Exhibit 11**

INTRODUCTION

This wetland delineation report responds to a September 24, 2019, email request from Brenda H. Ruenger, P.G., Environmental Coordinator, Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Southeast Region, to verify/update the boundaries of any wetlands within a specified highway corridor project area along STH 50 (WisDOT Project ID: 1310-04-00). The project area includes land in portions of U.S. Public Land Survey Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, and 12, Township 1 North, Range 20 East, in the Villages of Paddock Lake and Salem Lakes, Kenosha County, Wisconsin.

SEWRPC delineated wetlands along most of this segment of the STH 50 right-of-way on October 19, 2011. WisDOT surveyors subsequently surveyed the wetland boundary markers placed by SEWRPC at that time. The current project area is somewhat different than the 2011 project area with additions in linear footage at both the eastern and western ends and around the STH 50/STH 75 intersection, and reductions along other portions of the corridor as most of the planned work is to occur "between the existing sidewalks" on either side of STH 50.

Further, by an email dated September 26, 2019, Ms. Ruenger specifically requested a field survey for Eastern Prairie White Fringed Orchid (*Platanthera leucophaea*), a State-endangered/Federal-threatened species, with historical records in the general vicinity of the project area.

Statement of Qualifications

Lead Investigator: Christopher Jors, Principal Specialist-Biologist, has worked at SEWRPC since 1993, and has been part of the wetland delineation team since 1994. He received a Bachelor's degree in Biological Aspects of Conservation from the University of Wisconsin – Milwaukee in 1992. Prior to working at SEWRPC, Chris worked at the UWM Field Station at the Cedarburg Bog in Saukville, WI, where he learned methods of sampling wetland plant communities within the Bog. Chris has attended various wetland training workshops including the UW-La Crosse Critical Methods Workshop on March 4, 2020; the UW-La Crosse Basic and Advanced Wetland Delineation Workshops on August 10-15, 2015; a Wisconsin Dept. of Natural Resources Wetland Delineation & Wetland Rapid Assessment Methodology Workshop on April 23, 2014; and a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Workshop on the Midwest Supplement to the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual on February 3, 2009.

Jennifer Dietl, Senior Specialist-Biologist, earned Bachelor's degrees in Biology and Environmental Science from Carroll University in 1992. Jennifer has worked at SEWRPC from 1992 to 1997 and from 2006 to the present conducting wetland delineations, primary environmental corridor delineations, and vegetation surveys. In between years of service at SEWRPC, she worked for the Wisconsin Department of Transportation – Green Bay as an LTE Environmental Analysis and Review Specialist – and the WDNR – Green Bay as an LTE Hydrologist. Jennifer attended the UW-La Crosse Critical Methods Workshop on March 4, 2020; the UW-La Crosse Hydric Soils Workshop on July 19-21, 2017; the UW-La Crosse Basic and Advanced Wetland Delineation Workshops on August 10-15, 2015; and a WDNR Wetland Delineation & Wetland Rapid Assessment Methodology Workshop on April 23, 2014.

Shane Heyel, Specialist-Biologist, joined the wetland delineation team at SEWRPC in June 2016. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Land Use Planning from the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point and a Master's degree in Hydrology & Water Quality from Lancaster University (United Kingdom). Shane worked for the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for seven years, including four years regulating waterways and wetlands. With Atkins Limited, U.K. from 2005-2009, he delivered pollution and flood risk assessments to the English Highways Agency and modeled sewer networks to report flood alleviation options for major British water companies. As an independent consultant in Wisconsin, Shane helped develop a site restoration plan for a proposed wetland mitigation bank. His recent wetland training includes UW-La Crosse

Workshops in Basic Wetland Delineation (August 2015), Advanced Wetland Delineation (August (2016), Basic Plant ID (July 2017), Hydric Soils (July 2018), and Critical Methods (March 2020).

METHODS

Description of Methods

The wetland boundary determinations were based upon the criteria and methodologies set forth in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual; the August, 2010, Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Midwest Region (Version 2.0); the March 4, 2015, Guidance for Submittal of Delineation Reports to the St. Paul District Army Corps of Engineers and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources; and the State of Wisconsin 2016 Wetland Plant List.

Sources Reviewed

Prior to conducting the field inspection, Commission staff reviewed the following data sources that were available and applicable to the subject project area:

- Kenosha County's topographic mapping (Exhibit 1, Maps 1 through 3)
- WDNR Surface Water Data Viewer WWI mapping (Exhibit 2, Maps 1 through 3)
- NRCS soil survey and FEMA floodplain mapping (Exhibit 3, Maps 1 through 3)
- SEWRPC Historical Aerial Photography (Exhibit 4A-4H, Maps 1 through 3)
- SEWRPC Sanitary Sewer Service Area mapping (Exhibit 5, Maps 1 and 2)
- ADID wetland mapping (Exhibit 6, Maps 1 3)
- NRCS Draft wetland inventory mapping (Exhibit 7, Maps 1 -3)
- Precipitation data from the NRCS "WETS" tables
- SEWRPC Wetland Delineation report dated November 14, 2011

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Christopher Jors, as lead field investigator and report author, supervised and approved all aspects of the wetland delineation in the field, data compilation and analysis, and preparation of this report. A field inspection of the current project area was conducted on June 17, 2020. Wetland boundaries delineated by SEWRPC in 2011 that fall within the current project area were reviewed for any changes. Wetland boundaries that have not changed since 2011 were not re-staked. The WisDOT survey from 2011 can be utilized for unchanged wetlands. Wetland boundaries where changes have occurred were re-staked with orange wire flags and ribbon. In addition, wetland boundaries that were located outside the 2011 project area, but fall within the current project area, were identified and staked in the field. Commission staff utilized 21 representative sample sites and one hydrologic probe site within the project area to determine the current wetland boundaries. Commission staff utilized a sub-meter-accuracy Global Positioning System (GPS) device to record the updated and new wetland boundary markers placed on June 17, 2020, as well as the locations of the sample sites and probe site.

The results of the field inspection for the project area are shown on Exhibit 8 (Maps 1 through 3). These maps include the updated and new wetland boundaries (blue-shaded and hatched), the 2011 wetland boundary that remains valid (red-shaded), the sample and hydrologic probe sites, and the numbered wetland plant community areas.

Further, Eastern Prairie White Fringed Orchid (*Platanthera leucophaea*), was not observed within the project area during the field inspection.

Antecedent Hydrologic Conditions

Climatological data presented below are taken from the nearest WETS station(s) with relevant data for the 1981-2010 climate period and the monthly precipitation summaries for the antecedent 90-day period. In

this case, historical data was taken from the Burlington Station while the 90-day observed data was available from the closer Twin Lakes 1.5 NE Station.

June 17, 2019	Month	3 years in 10 Less Than	Normal	3 years in 10 More Than	Observed Precip.	Condition (dry, wet, normal)	Condition Value	Month Weight Value	Product of Previous Two Columns
1st prior month	June	2.29	3.80	4.70	5.89	Wet	3	3	9
2nd prior month	May	2.24	3.67	4.30	5.20	Wet	3	2	6
3rd prior month	April	2.48	3.43	4.06	5.54	Wet	3	1	3
									Sum = 18

If Sum is6 - 910 - 1410 - 1415 - 18wetter than normal

Conclusion: Wetter than normal

Existing Environmental Mapping

The Kenosha County topographic mapping (Exhibit 1, Maps 1 through 3) depicts a linear road corridor project area crossing a landscape with naturally rolling topography. The image, however, also illustrates a largely built environment that includes steep slopes, constructed roadside ditches, and modified drainageways and depressions within and abutting the project area.

Map 1, which depicts the western portion of the project area, shows several roadside ditch segments on either side of STH 50, west of STH 75/83. Larger wetlands appear partially within or abutting the project area on each side of STH 50, west of 256th Avenue. Map 1 also shows modified drainageways in both the northeastern and southeastern quadrants of the STH 75/83-STH 50 intersection. The former drains to a depression containing a small surface water body that lies just outside the project area. The latter is identified as an unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake. A second branch of this tributary is shown just outside the southern end of the project on the east side of STH 75/83.

Map 2 illustrates a largely paved, urban central portion of the project area. The imagery suggests that even unpaved depressions that extend into the project area, e.g. adjacent to a school entrance opposite 248th Avenue and along the west side of 246th Avenue, are well-drained by storm sewers.

Map 3 shows the outlet from Paddock, identified as an unnamed tributary to Salem Branch, flowing southward as it crosses STH 50, approximately 200 feet west of 236th Avenue. There is a depression associated with this waterway on the north side of STH 50. South of STH 50, the tributary meanders such that it comes close to the project area again, approximately 175 feet east of 236th Avenue. A constructed pond abuts the south side of the project area approximately 400 feet west of the tributary crossing.

Elevations in the project area range from a high of approximately 833.3 feet above the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29), which is a "spot elevation" shown on the north side of STH 50 in between 256th Avenue and STH 75/83 to a low of 784 feet, in the STH 50 median at the east end of the project area. The WDNR Surface Water Data Viewer (WWI) Mapping (Exhibit 2, Maps 1 through 3) indicates small portions of several wetlands in the project area. Map 1 depicts an emergent-wet meadow (E2K) and two scrub-shrub/emergent-wet meadow (S3/E2K) wetlands west of 256th Avenue. An E1K wetland associated with the unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake extends into the project area in two locations southeast of the STH 50 and STH 75/83 intersection. No wetlands are shown on Map 2, indicative of the more urban central portion

of the project area. Map 3 indicates the northern edges of an excavated pond (W0Hx) and two areas of S3/E2K wetland in the eastern part of the project area. The latter are associated with the unnamed tributary to the Salem Branch waterway.

Wetland indicators, shown as NRCS-mapped Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA), Beecher silt loam (BcA), Blount silt loam (BIA), Ozaukee silt loam (OzaB), Radford silt loam (RaA), Sebewa silt loam (So), and Walkill silt loam (Wa) are identified in the project area.

WDNR identifies the unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake as a 1st order stream with a macroinvertebrate community in unknown condition. While data is limited for the segment of waterway within the project area, it ultimately drains into a large wetland adjacent to Hooker Lake which WDNR has designated as a Sensitive Area with Critical Species Habitat. The unnamed tributary to the Salem Branch waterway, which is an outflow from Paddock Lake, has not been monitored since 2007. WDNR classifies the waterway as a 1st order stream with a warm headwater community in unknown condition. Neither of these small streams is considered "impaired" relative to the State's Section 303(d) list.

Map Unit Name and Symbol	Slope (%)	Hydric Category	Hydric Percent of Map Unit	Hydric Minor Component, Percent, and Landform	Project Area (%)
Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA)	0-2	Predominantly Hydric	97	Not Applicable (N/A)	11.3
Beecher silt loam (BcA)	1-3	Predominantly Non-hydric	5	Ashkum, 5%, depressions	1.0
Blount silt loam (BIA)	1-3	Predominantly Non-hydric	5	Ashkum, 5%, depressions	0.3
Hebron loam (HeB2)	2-6 eroded	Non-hydric	0	N/A	2.0
Loamy land (Lu)	0-6	Non-hydric	0	N/A	1.2
Markham silt loam (MeB)	2-6	Predominantly Non-hydric	10	Ashkum-drained, 0-9% and Pewamo-drained, 0-6%, both on end moraines or ground moraines	7.4
Ozaukee silt loam (OzaB)	2-6	Predominantly Non-hydric	6	Ashkum-drained, 0-7%, ground or end moraines; Pewamo-drained, 0- 7%, depressions or drainageways on ground moraines	45.2
Ozaukee silt loam (OzaB2)	2-6 eroded	Predominantly Non-hydric	6	Ashkum-drained, 0-7%, ground or end moraines; Pewamo-drained, 0- 7%, depressions or drainageways on ground moraines	2.6
Ozaukee silt loam (OzaC)	6-12	Non-hydric	0	N/A	1.8
Ozaukee silt loam (OzaC2)	6-12 eroded	Non-hydric	0	N/A	20.8
Ozaukee silt loam (OzaD)	12-20	Non-hydric	0	N/A	2.4
Radford silt loam (RaA)	0-3	Predominantly Non-hydric	10	Drummer, 0-3%, Sable, 2-5%, and Sebewa, 1-4%, all on depressions, and Otter, 2-8%, floodplains/drainageways	1.4
Sebewa silt loam, clayey substratum (So)	0-2	Hydric	100	N/A	2.2
Wallkill silt loam (Wa)	0-2	Predominantly Hydric	98	N/A	0.4

The NRCS Soil Survey map (Exhibit 3, Maps 1-3) shows the following soils in the project area:

Exhibit 3 (Map 3 of 3) also indicates a small area of FEMA-mapped one-percent-annual-probability floodplain associated with the unnamed tributary to Salem Branch waterway in the eastern portion of the project area.

Historical aerial photos were reviewed going back to 1963. Images for years 1995, 1985, 1975, and 1967 were omitted as no significant changes to land use were observed on these images. Hence, orthophotographs (2016, 2010, 2005, and 2000) and aerial photographs (1990, 1980, 1970, and 1963) comprise the review as detailed in the table below, and are attached (Exhibits 4A to 4H, Maps 1-3).

Year	Changes in Land Use Observed on Aerial Photography from 1963 to 2016
1963	The imagery depicts a project area with a mixture of land uses including cropped fields, pastures, farmsteads, idle land, and residential/commercial/institutional land uses (Exhibit H, Maps 1-3). STH 50 and STH 75 are comprised of simple two-lane roadways at this time. Wetness signatures are most prominent in the fields west of STH 75 (Map 1), with at least one area being farmed around due to wetness. An unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake, located east of the STH 50-STH 75 intersection, is barely visible. A large wet signature indicative of a depression is also present adjacent to the project area just west of the school (Map 2). An unnamed tributary to Salem Branch is apparent (Map 3) crossing the project area just west of 236th Avenue.
1970	Significant land disturbance is evident northeast of the STH 50-STH 75 intersection (Exhibit G, Map 1). The school has expanded, accompanied by several drainage features that lies partially in the project area opposite 248th Avenue (Map 2). Park development is underway southeast of Paddock Lake, with a large parking lot appearing partially in the project area and dredge spoils spread along the west side of the unnamed tributary to Salem Branch (Map 3). A small farm structure in the southeast end of the project area has been razed and previously idle fields on either side of it are now cropped.
1980	Commercial development is underway on the north side of STH 50, west of 250th Avenue (Exhibit F, Map 1). A smaller disturbance, possibly a construction staging area, is present nearer the STH 75 intersection, partially within the project area. The area near the school, opposite 248th Avenue, now shows wetness signatures in the mowed area nearer the building and the depression just to the west is idle (Map 2). A dredge spoil berm now appears along the east side of the unnamed tributary to Salem Branch (Map 3), extending northward from the project area. Additional areas in the southeast part of the project area are farmed again.
1990	STH 50, and STH 75 at its intersection with STH 50, have been widened to 4-lane divided highways with grass medians (Exhibit E, Maps 1-3). Virtually the entire project area is idle, with new ditches at either end of the project area. In the western end (Map 1), the ditches are wet with wetland extending beyond the project area boundaries at several points. Buildings at the northeast corner of STH 50-STH 75 have been razed. Present-day drainage infrastructure, including a small drainageway leading to a pond near the northeast corner of this intersection, and the steep rip-rapped channel at the southeast corner, have been installed. Similarly, curb and gutter storm sewer is also present on the north side of STH 50 from the nearby shopping center east to at least 74th Place, as well as much of the same stretch on the south side of STH 50 (Maps 1 & 2). The constructed pond on the south side of STH 50, west of the Salem Branch tributary, appears larger and now abuts the project area (Map 3).
2000	New development has occurred on both sides of STH 50 from 256th Avenue to and including all but the southeast quadrant of the STH 50-STH 75/83 intersection (Exhibit D, Map 1). Sidewalks accompany this development, indicating the likelihood storm sewers were extended in kind. Paved access and parking were again expanded at the school, including within the project area (Map 2).
2005	A second access to the large shopping center between 250th Avenue and STH 75 (Exhibit C, Map 1) has been added from STH 75 at the north end of the project area, crossing the unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake. The access off STH 50 is re-configured to limit ingress/egress to west-bound traffic only. The entrance to the school opposite 248th Avenue (Map 2) is re-configured to the present-day alignment with accompanying sidewalk and storm sewer improvements resulting in the loss of wet signatures in that area that were noted on previous images. New buildings have been constructed at the northwest corner of STH 50 and 236th Avenue (Map 3) immediately east of the unnamed tributary to Salem Branch.
2010	Sidewalks have been added along 236th Avenue (Exhibit B, Map 3).
2016	A structure at the southeast corner of the STH 50-STH 75 intersection has been razed and a new walkway has been constructed in that area (Exhibit A, Map 1). The school parking lot has been expanded again (Map 2).

SEWRPC's sanitary sewer service area mapping (Exhibit 5, Maps 1 and 2) indicates the project area is in the planned sewer service areas for the Salem/Paddock Lake/Bristol area (Map 1) and the Village of Paddock Lake (Map 2). The maps indicate primary environmental corridor (PEC) extending to the edge of the southwest corner of the project area (Map 1) and crossing the project area on the east end (Map 3), just south of Paddock Lake. Finally, a secondary environmental corridor (SEC), which crosses the project area, is depicted along the tributary to the Salem Branch waterway.

The ADID wetland mapping (Exhibit 6, Maps 1 through 3) also indicates the two areas of PEC described above. Accordingly, the WWI-mapped S3/E2K wetland shown abutting the southwest end of the project area (Map 1) and the W0Hx wetland that abuts the southeastern portion (Map 3) are classified as ADID

wetlands. During the site investigation, both wetlands were delineated as extending slightly into the project area. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency considers ADID wetlands unsuitable for the discharge of fill materials in accordance with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. If the ADID wetland mapping is updated in the future, the wetlands shown on Exhibit 8 will be reflected.

The NRCS draft wetland inventory mapping was only available for the portions of the project area falling in Sections 3, 10, and 1 (Exhibit 7, Maps 1 through 3, respectively). Maps 1 and 2, covering most of the western half of the project area, identify small wetland areas on both sides of STH 50 near the western end, along the unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake, and in the depression just west of the school. These maps further indicate the remainder this part of the project area is comprised of roughly equal portions of upland, areas that were not inventoried (NI), and prior converted (PC) cropland. PC land is defined as wetland converted to cropland prior to December 1985, could produce a crop and did not meet farmed wetland hydrology. Map 3 illustrates only the far northeastern end of the project area, which is shown as upland.

Amount and Types of Wetlands in the Project Area

Eight wetland plant community areas (PCAs) were identified and inventoried within the project area (Exhibit 8, Maps 1 through 3). A list of vascular plant species observed during the field inspection was prepared for each PCA as well as plant community type(s), dominant plant species, disturbances, and any critical plant and animal species (Exhibit 9). The following table summarizes characteristics of each PCA:

PCA Number	Acreage	PCA Type(s)	Dominant Species	Critical Species
1	0.38	Constructed roadside ditches with shallow marsh and degraded fresh (wet) meadow	<u>Phalaris arundinacea</u> Reed canary grass <u>Phragmites australis</u> subsp. <u>australis</u> Giant reed grass <u>Typha angustifolia</u> Narrow-leaved cat-tail	None
2	0.28	Constructed roadside ditches with shallow marsh and degraded fresh (wet) meadow	<u>Phalaris arundinacea</u> Reed canary grass <u>Phragmites australis</u> subsp. <u>australis</u> Giant reed grass <u>Typha angustifolia</u> Narrow-leaved cat-tail	None
3	0.02	Constructed roadside ditches with atypical (mowed) wetland	<u>Agrostis gigantea</u> Redtop grass	None
4	0.02	Degraded fresh (wet) meadow and shallow marsh associated with an unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake	<u>Impatiens capensis</u> Jewelweed <u>Phragmites australis</u> subsp. <u>australis</u> Giant reed grass	None
5	0.02	Degraded fresh (wet) meadow	Phalaris arundinaceaReed canary grass	None
6	0.01	Degraded fresh (wet) meadow associated with an unnamed tributary to Salem Branch	<u>Agrostis gigantea</u> Redtop grass <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u> Reed canary grass	None
7	0.01	Degraded fresh (wet) meadow and shallow marsh	<u>Phalaris arundinacea</u> Reed canary grass <u>Typha angustifolia</u> Narrow-leaved cat-tail	None
8	0.04	Constructed roadside ditch with degraded fresh (wet) meadow	Phalaris arundinaceaReed canary grass	None

Wetland/Upland Boundary Explanation

Twenty-one representative sample sites were identified in the project area. One hydrologic probe was taken to confirm the presence of hydric soils and wetland hydrology in an area with dominant hydrophytic vegetation. The Wetland Determination Data Forms, describing the findings at each sample site and probe site, are attached as Exhibit 10. The locations of the sample sites and probe site are shown on Exhibit 8 (Maps 1 and 3). The wetland boundaries were determined using breaks in topography, changes in vegetation composition, visual identification of wetland hydrology, and presence of hydric soils.

Disturbed and Problematic Areas Encountered

No "significantly disturbed" or "naturally problematic" areas, relative to wetland delineation parameters, were encountered during the field inspection.

Other Considerations

The nonagricultural performance standards set forth in Section NR 151.125 of the *Wisconsin Administrative Code* require establishment of a 75-foot impervious surface protective area to protect "highly susceptible" wetlands (fens, sedge meadows, ephemeral ponds, etc.). "Moderately susceptible" wetland types (USGS-mapped waterways and waterbodies, shrub-carr, floodplain forests, forested wetlands with early successional species, shallow marsh, and fresh (wet) meadow) should have a 50-foot impervious surface protective area. Degraded portions of wetlands with 90 percent or greater cover by non-native species (Reed canary grass, Narrow-leaved cattail, etc.) and farmed wetlands are considered "less susceptible," requiring establishment of a 10- to 30-foot setback depending on average width of the wetland. Stormwater management facilities which are designed, constructed, and maintained for conveyance or treatment purposes are not subject to protective area performance standards as indicated in the WDNR *Guidance for the Establishment of Protective Areas for Wetlands in Runoff Management Rules, Wisconsin Administrative Code NR 151*.

PCA numbers 1, 2, 3, and 8 consist of wetlands within constructed roadside ditches designed and maintained for stormwater management purpose, and are, therefore, exempt from these standards. PCA numbers 4 and 6 consist of wetlands that are associated with USGS-mapped waterways, which are considered moderately susceptible types that typically receive a 50-foot protective area setback. PCAs 5 and 7 are comprised of fresh (wet) meadow degraded by dominance of nuisance invasive species such as reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*). These less susceptible wetlands typically receive the 10- to 30-foot protective area depending upon their width.

The designated protective area boundary is measured horizontally from the delineated wetland boundary to the closest impervious surface. The protective area requirements should be taken into consideration for any planned improvements within the project area. It is suggested that WisDOT or their representative contact WDNR regarding approaches to meet the requirements. Finally, it is noted that no Federal or State regulatory jurisdiction determinations relative to any wetland permits or certifications are made under this report.

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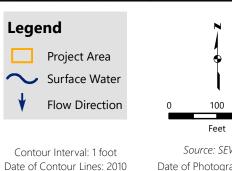
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CJJ/JLD/STH/mid CA104-50 STH 50 Reconstruction WD Report (00254474).DOCX 490-1118

Exhibit 1. Topographic Map Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

10 83





NGVD 29

838.5

Source: SEWRPC Date of Photography: 2015 CA#104-50

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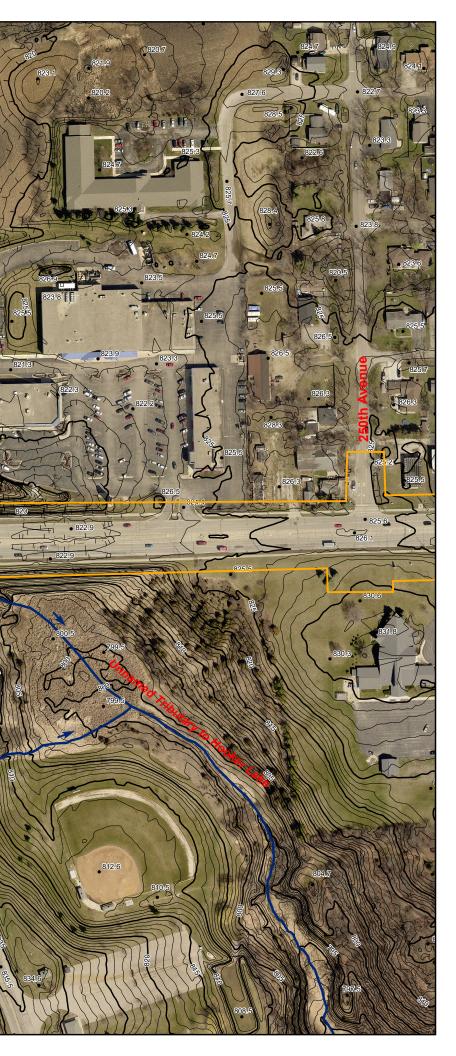
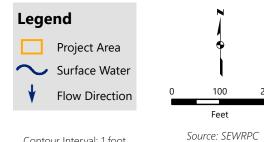


Exhibit 1. Topographic Map Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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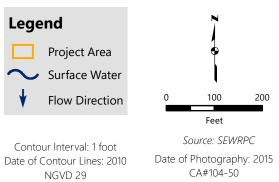
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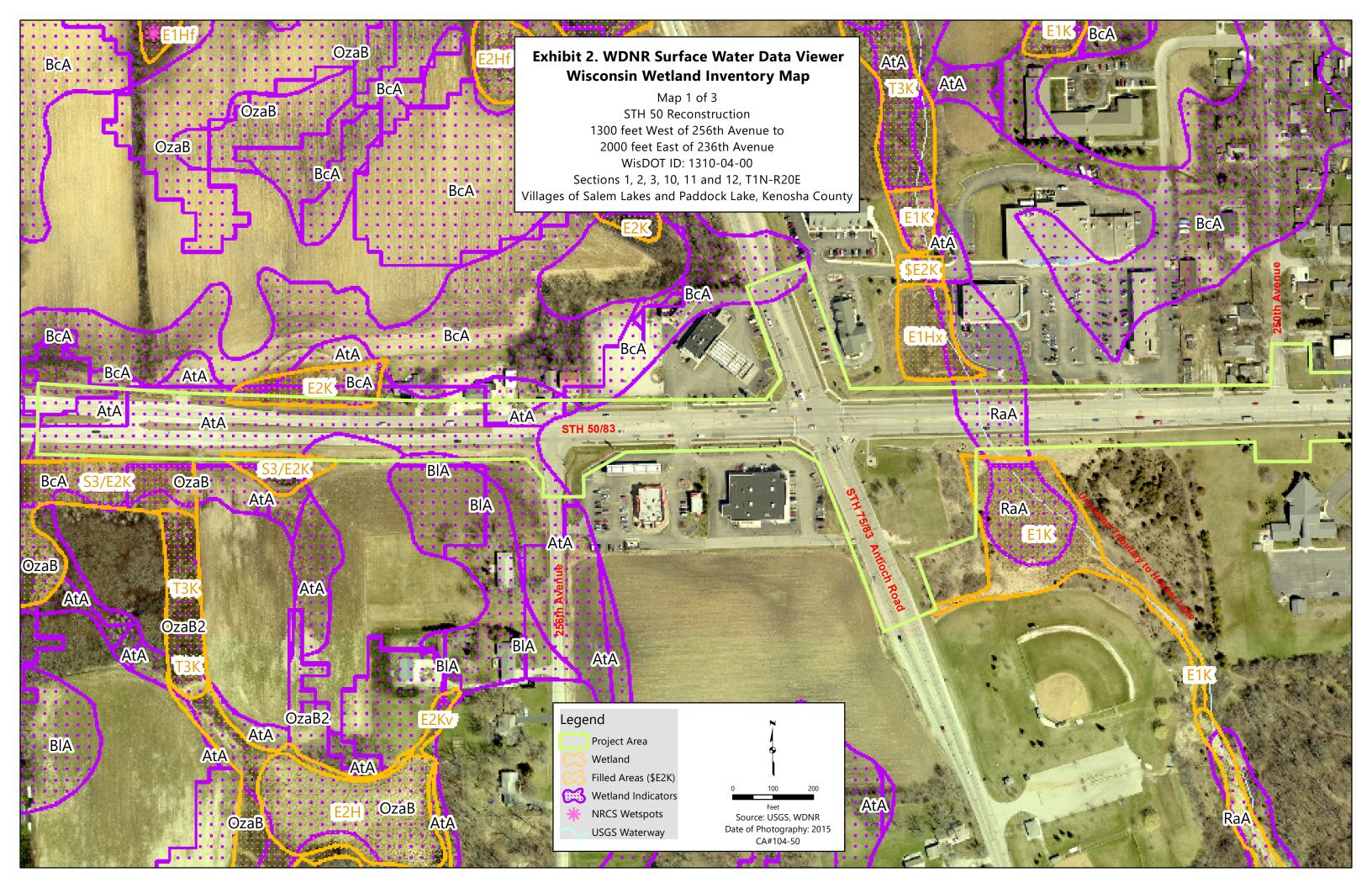
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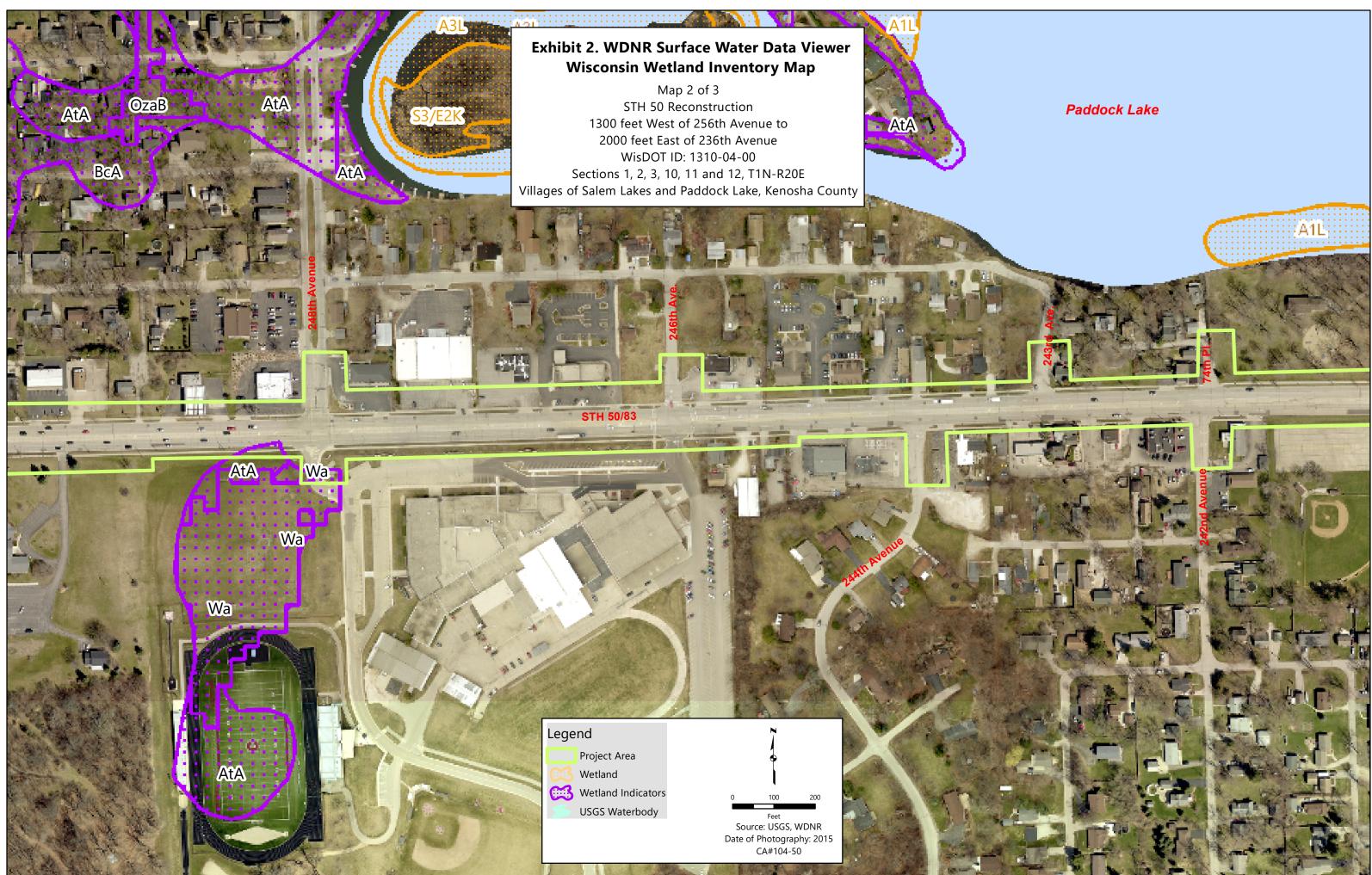
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Exhibit 1. Topographic Map Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County









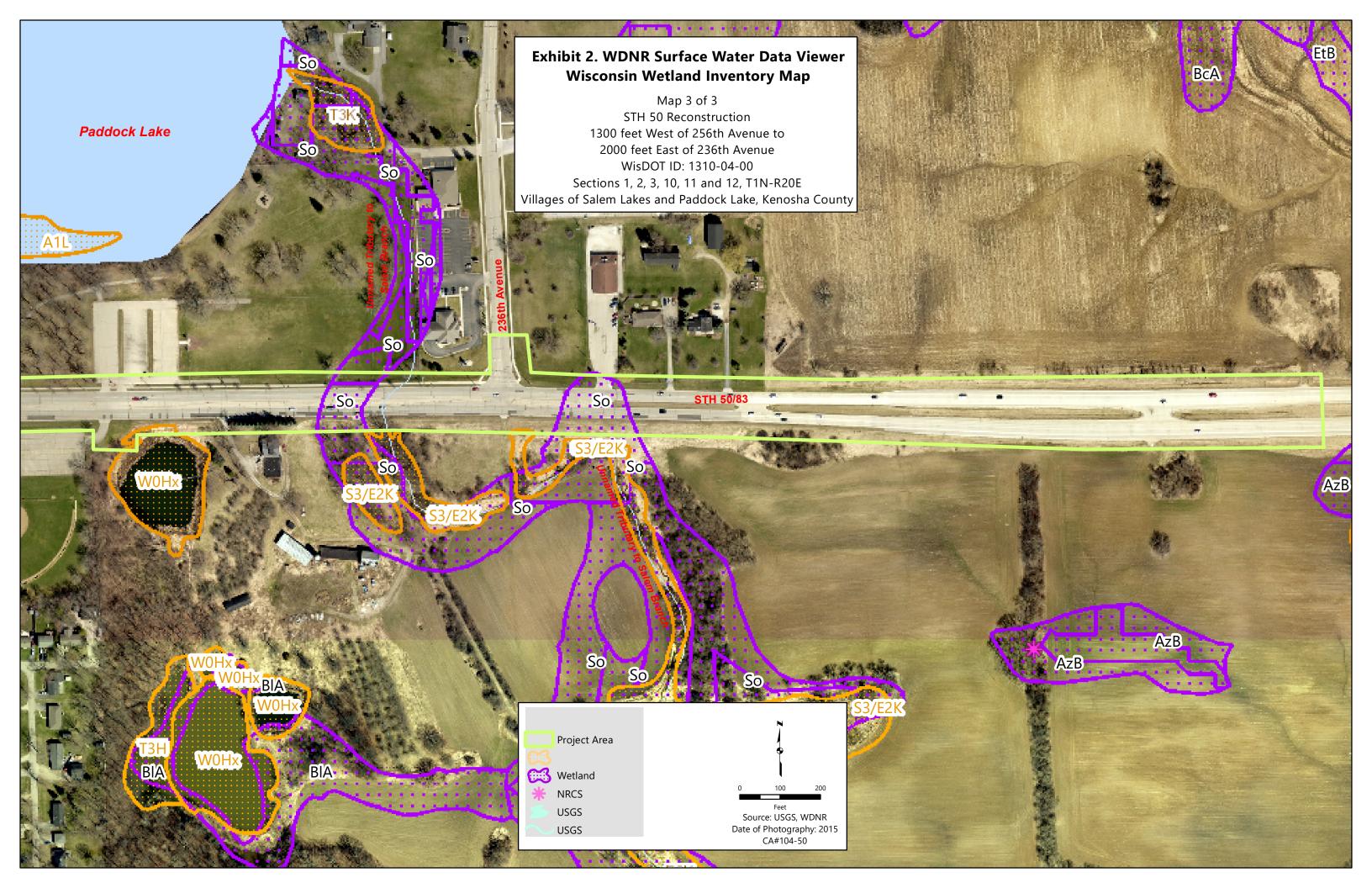


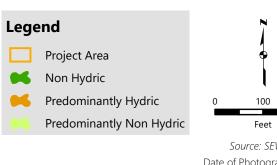
Exhibit 3. Soils Map Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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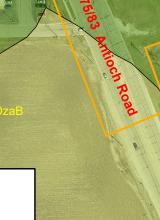
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Source: SEWRPC Date of Photography: 2015 CA#104-50

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Exhibit 3. Soils and Floodplain Map Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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Exhibit 3. Soils and Floodplain Map Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

Exhibit 4A. 2016 Orthophotography



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> Legend Project Area 0 100 200 Feet Source: SEWRPC CA#104-50



Exhibit 4B. 2010 Orthophotography Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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Feet Source: SEWRPC CA#104-50

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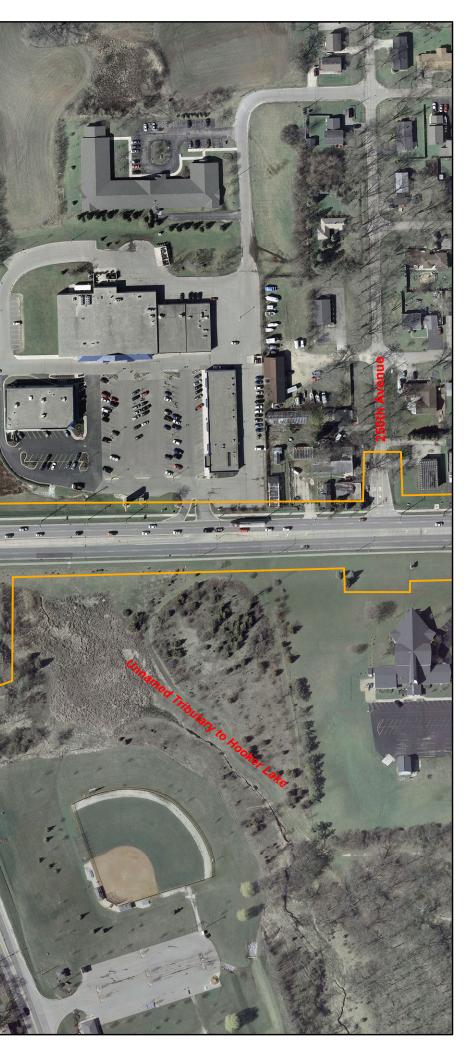


Exhibit 4B. 2010 Orthophotography Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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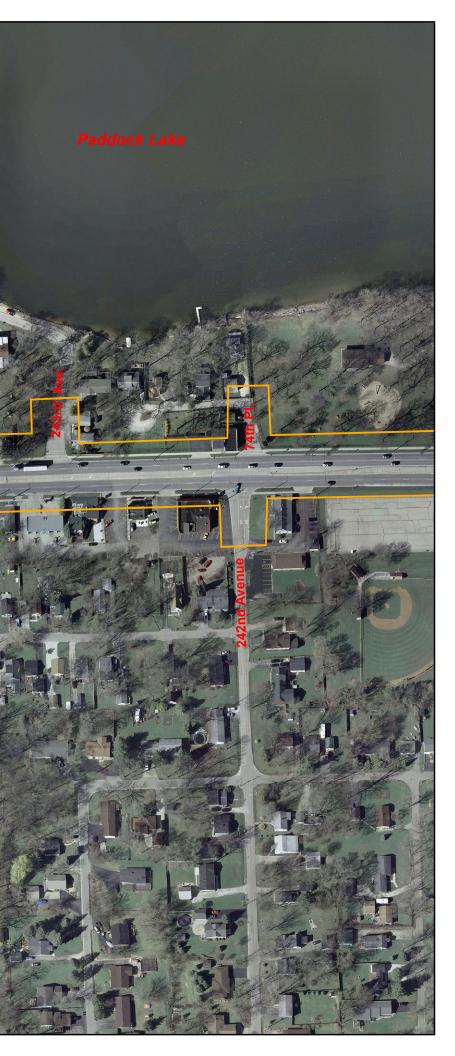




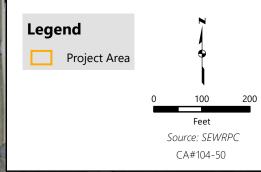
Exhibit 4B. 2010 Orthophotography Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County



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Exhibit 4C. 2005 Orthophotography Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County



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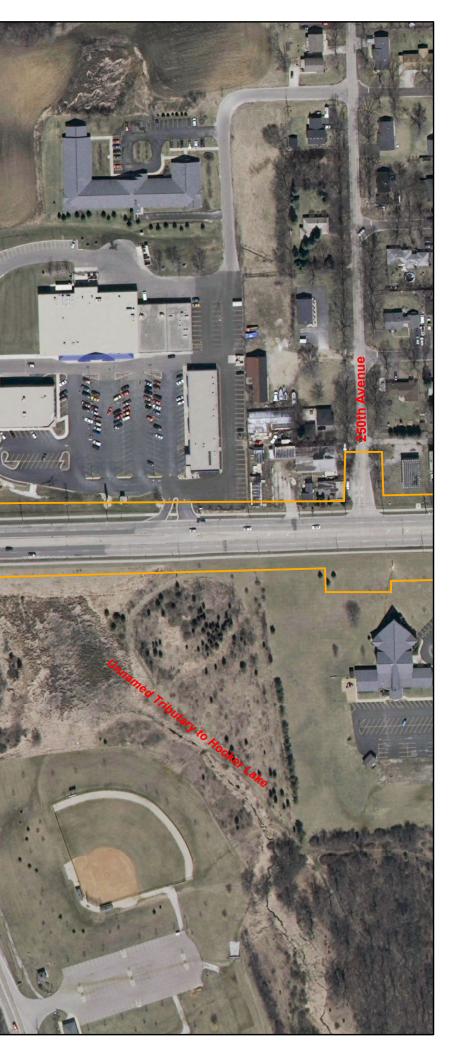






Exhibit 4C. 2005 Orthophotography Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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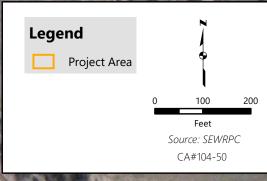




Exhibit 4D. 2000 Orthophotography Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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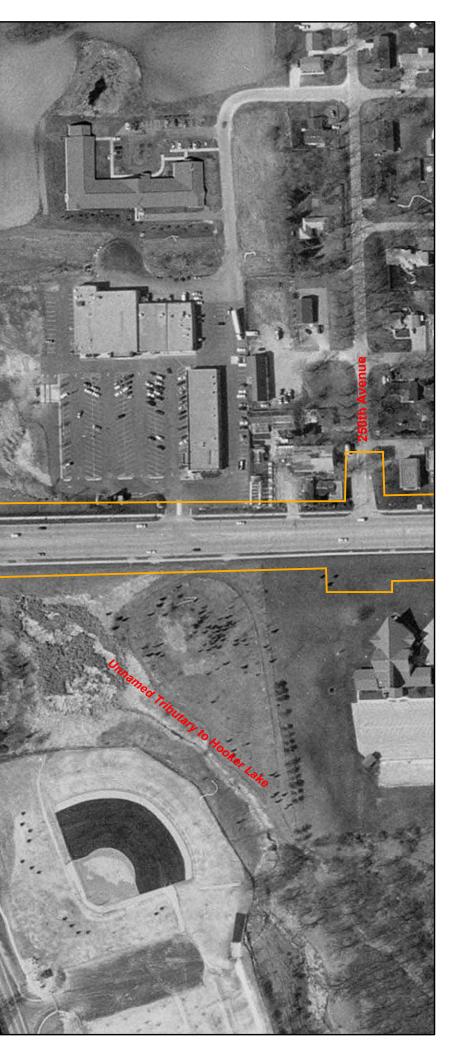
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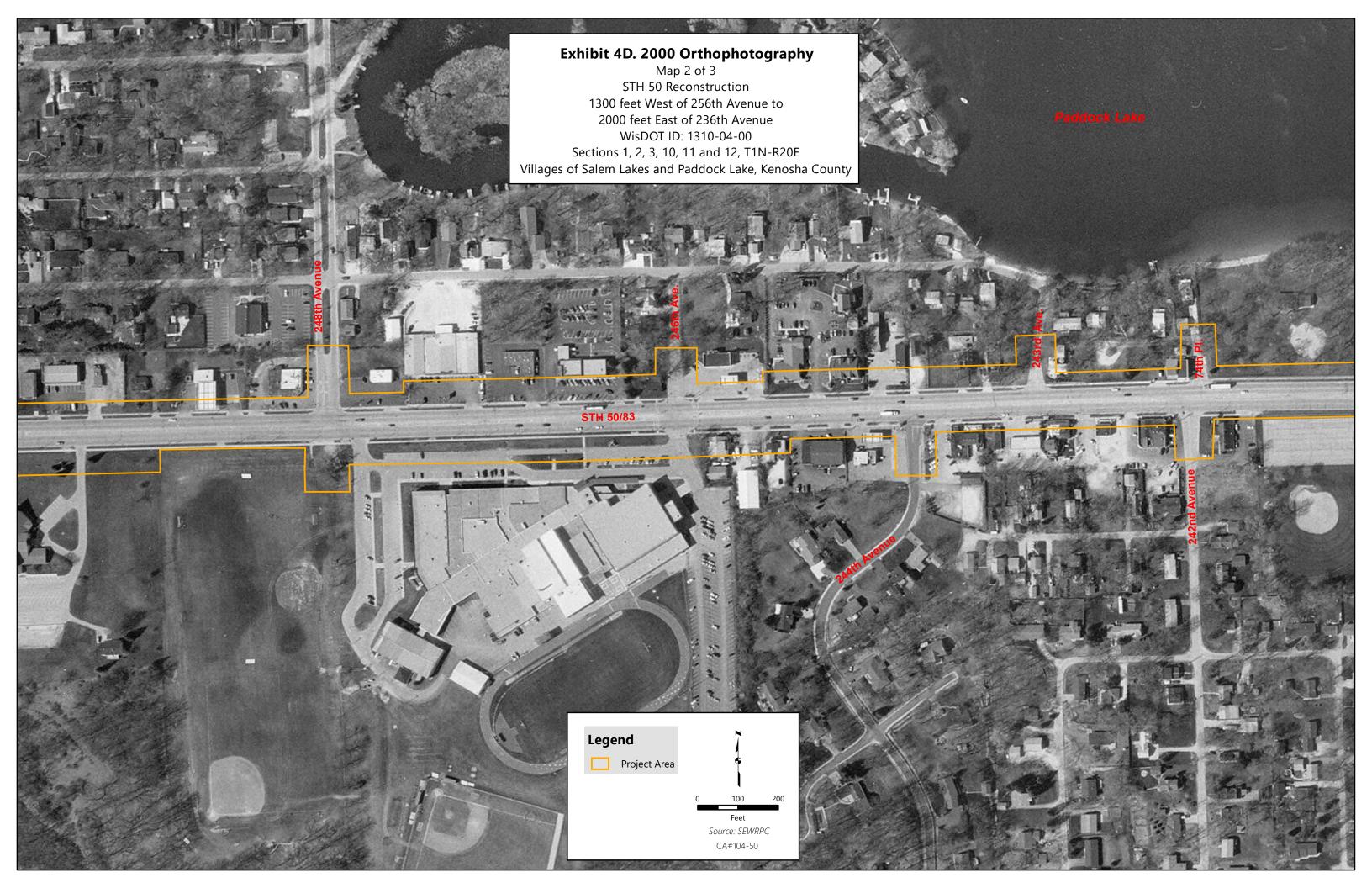
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Paddock Lake

Exhibit 4D. 2000 Orthophotography Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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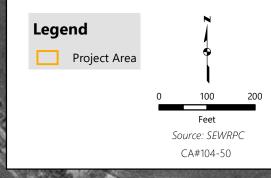
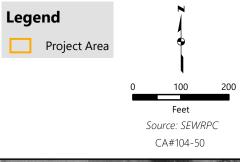




Exhibit 4E. 1990 Aerial Photograph Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County







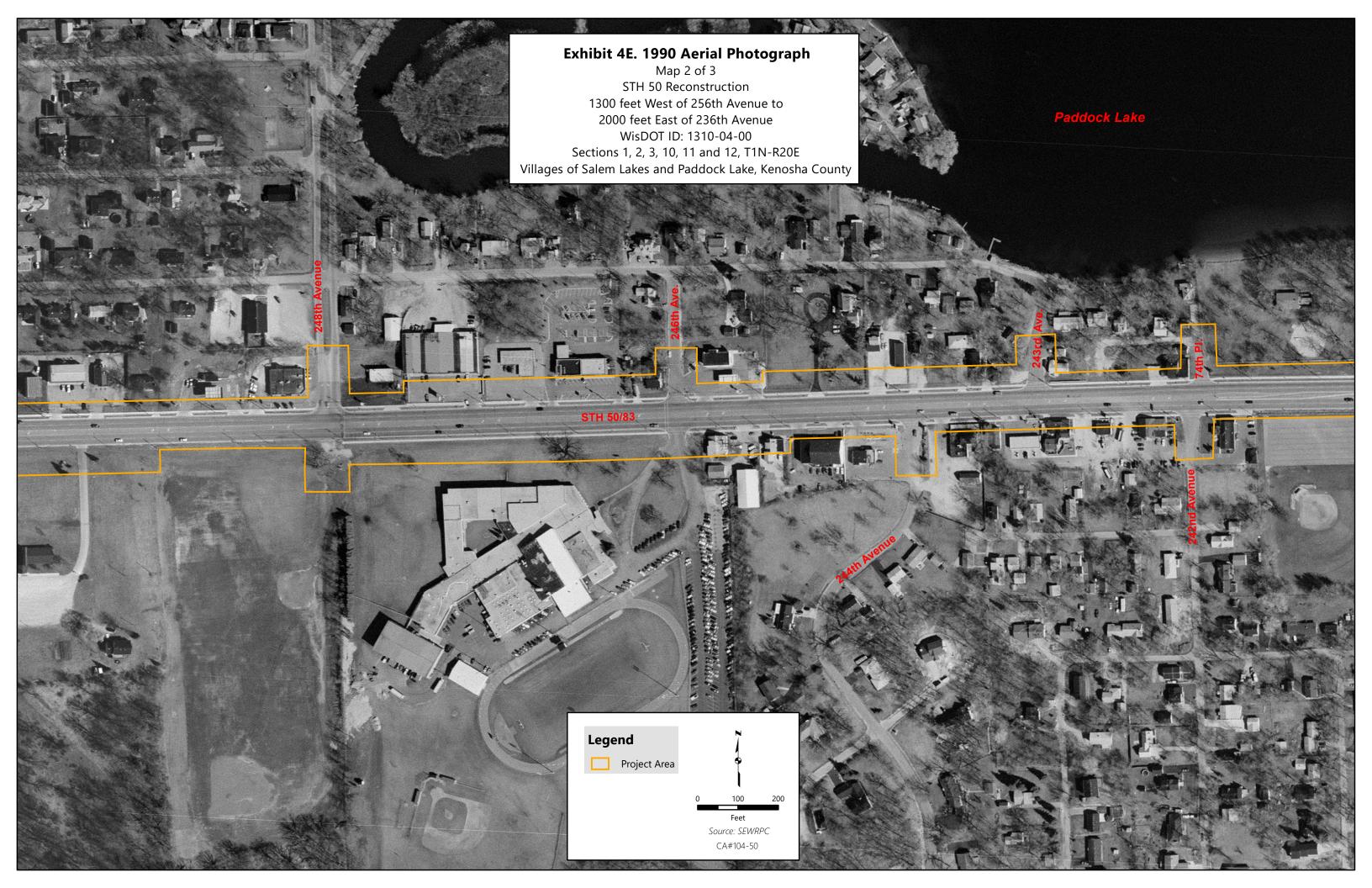




Exhibit 4E. 1990 Aerial Photograph Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County



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Exhibit 4F. 1980 Aerial Photograph Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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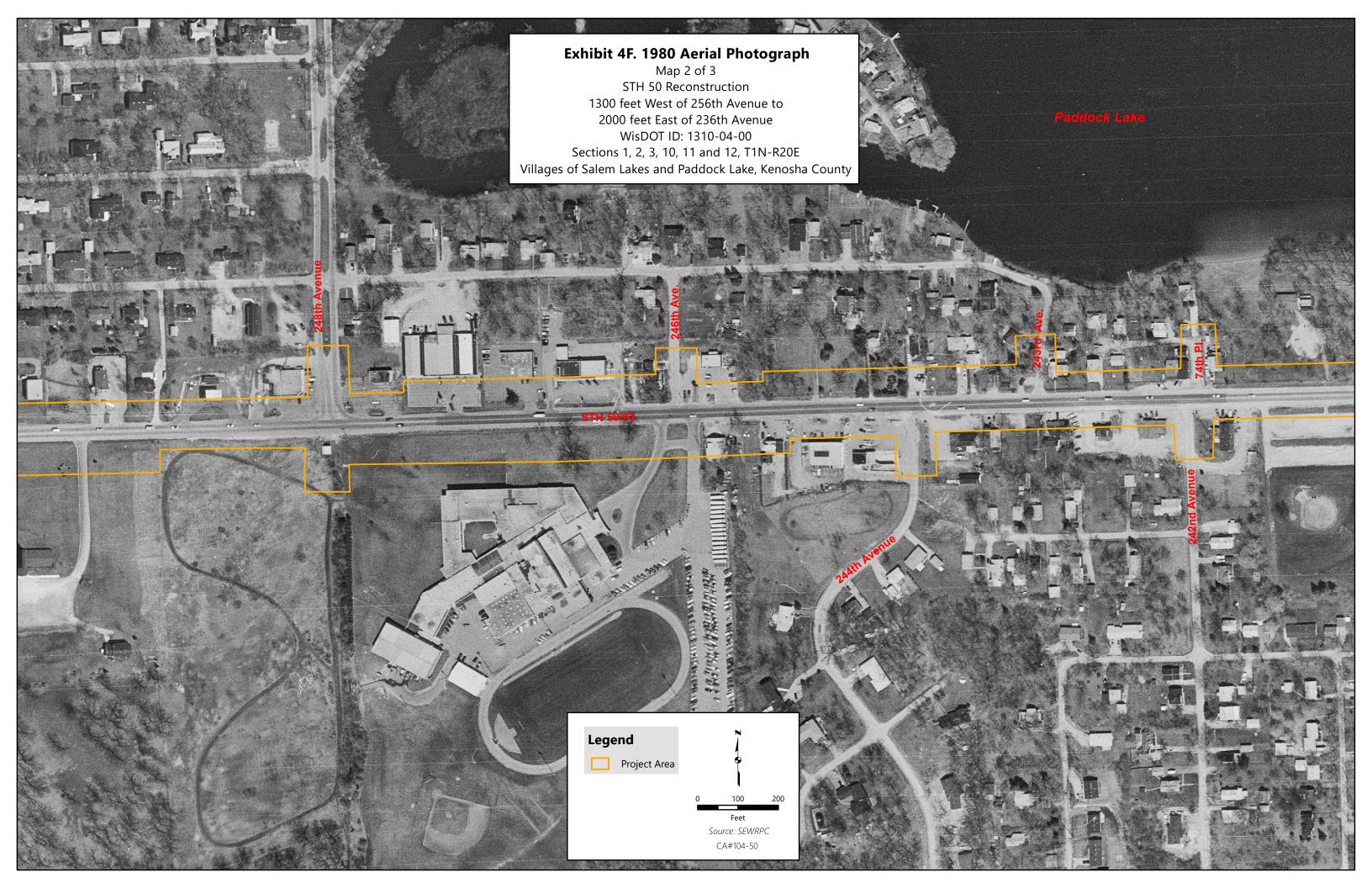
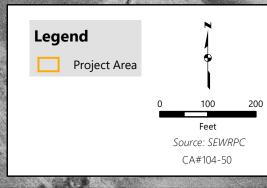




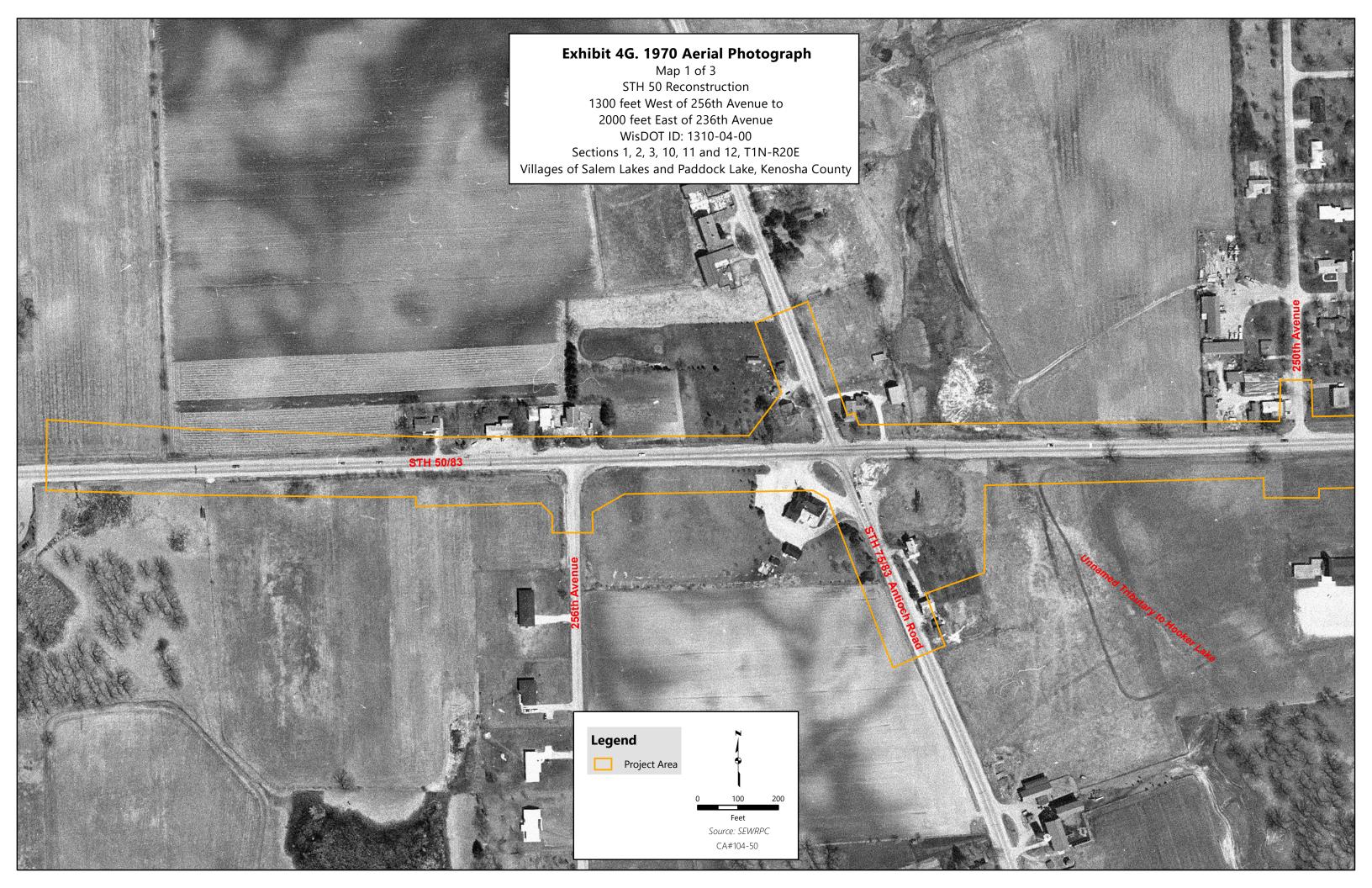
Exhibit 4F. 1980 Aerial Photograph Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

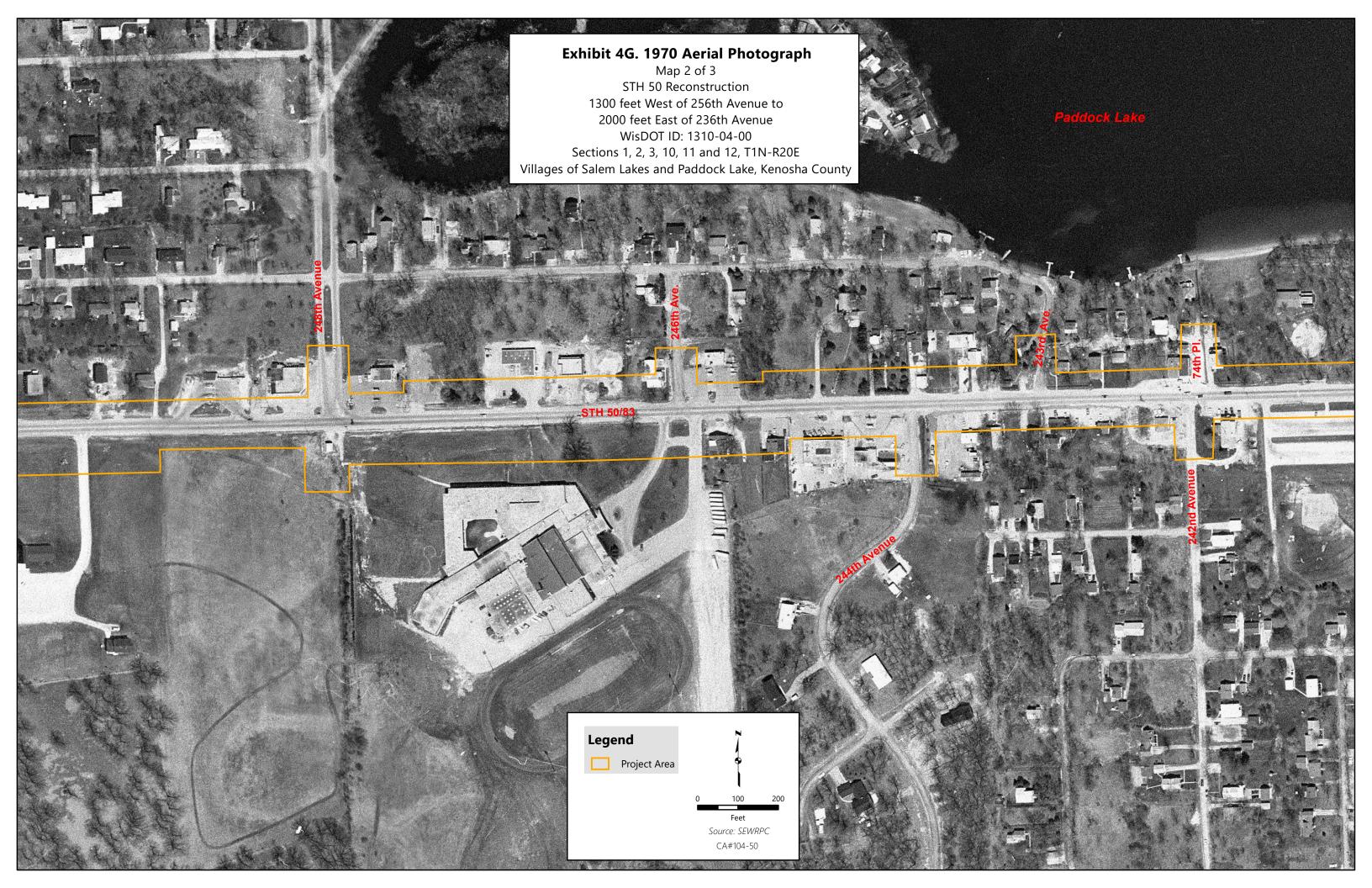












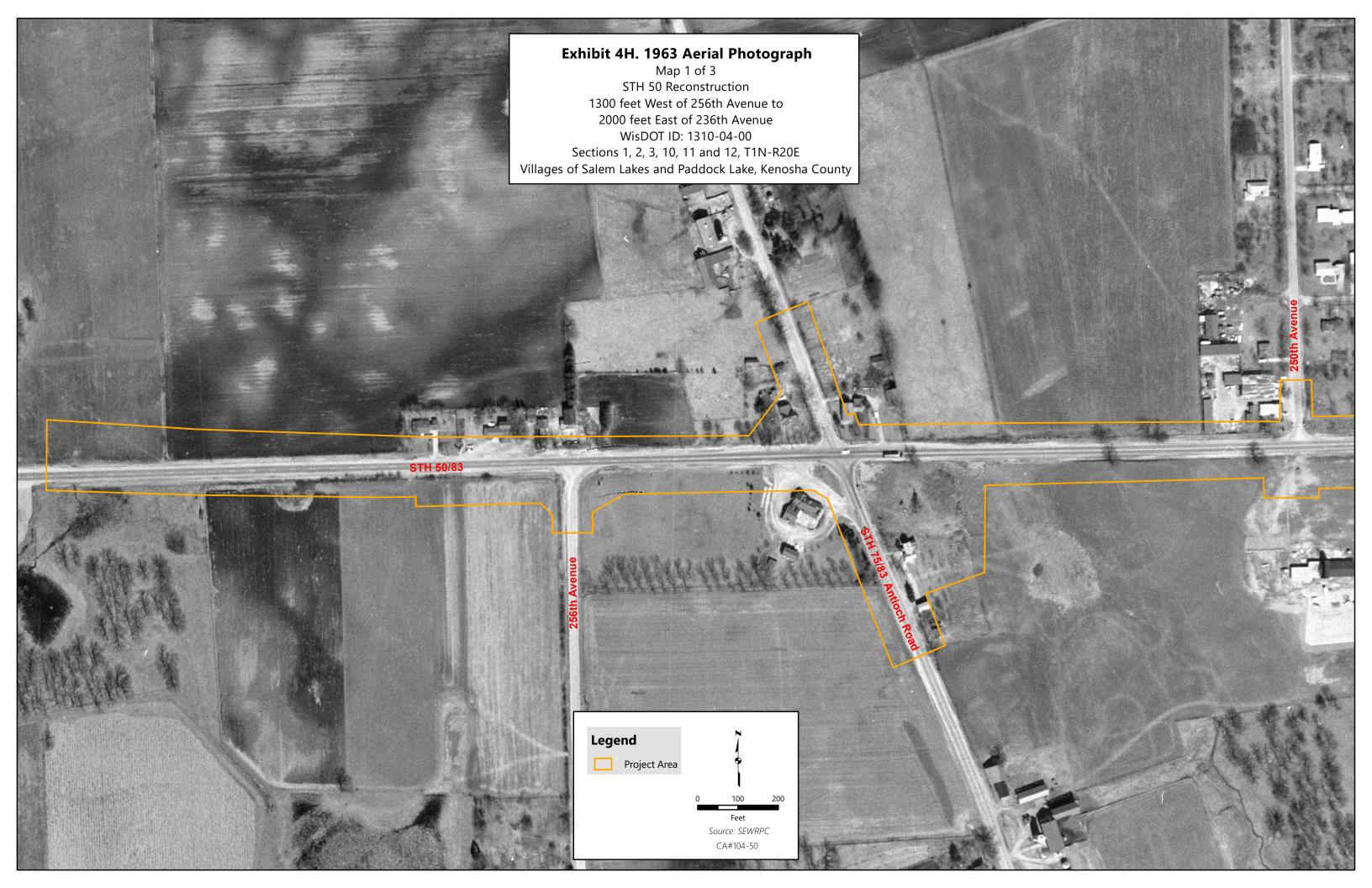


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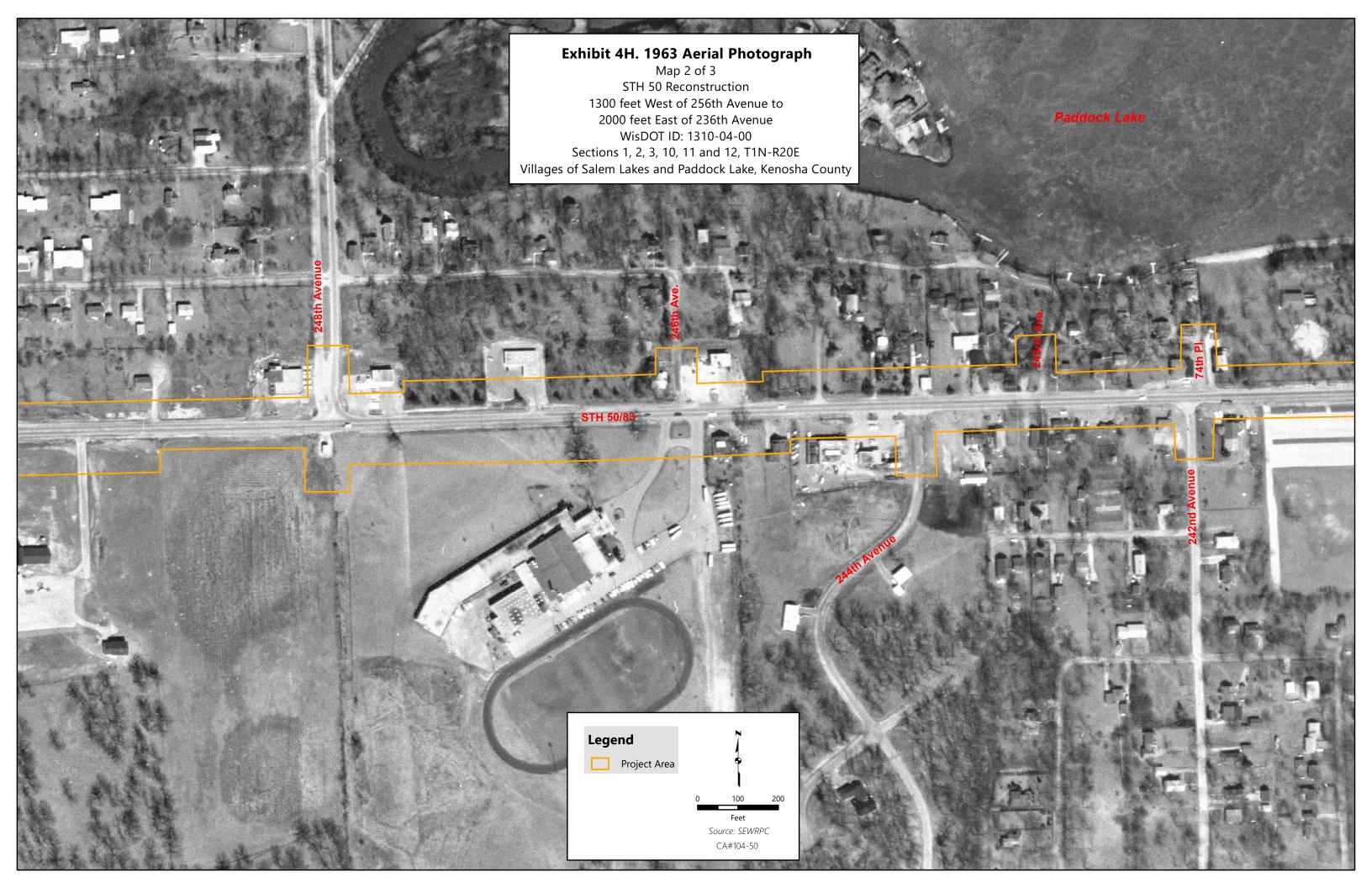


Exhibit 4H. 1963 Aerial Photograph Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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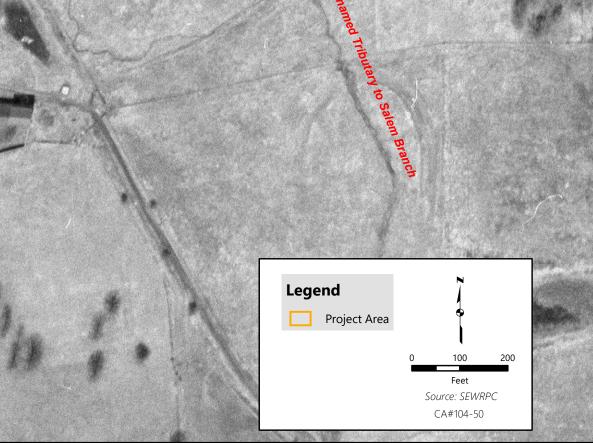




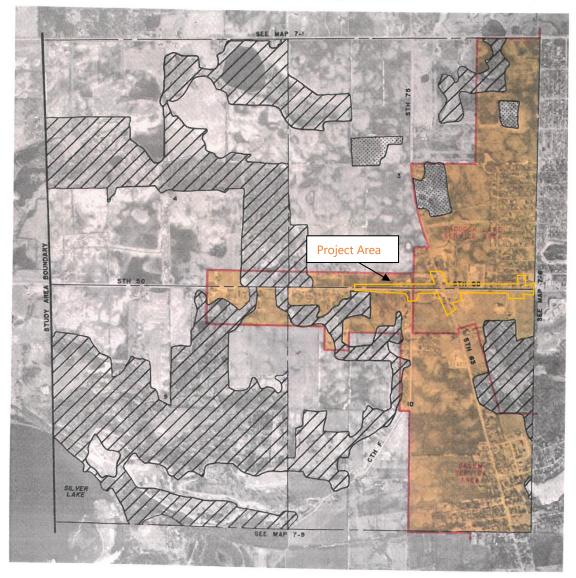
Exhibit 5. Sanitary Sewer Service Map

Map 1 of 2 STH 50 Reconstruction – WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

Map 7-5

ENVIRONMENTALLY SIGNIFICANT LANDS AND PLANNED SANITARY SEWER SERVICE AREA FOR THE SALEM/PADDOCK LAKE/BRISTOL AREA

U. S. Public Land Survey Sections 3, 4, 9, and 10 Township 1 North, Range 20 East



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Source: SEWRPC.

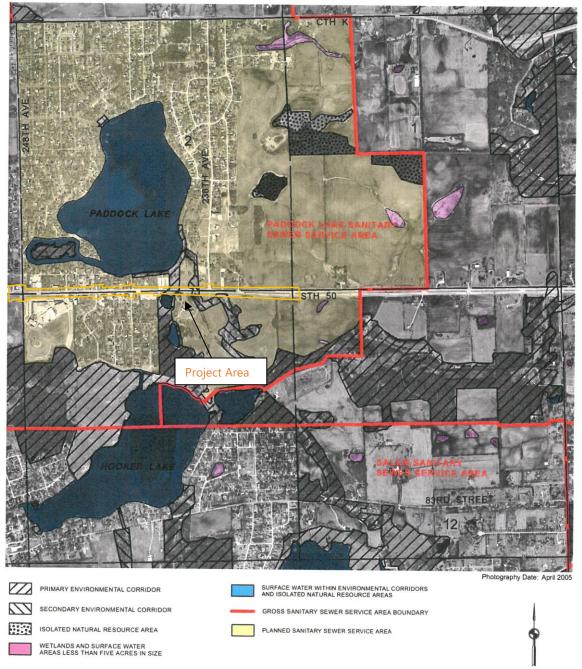
Exhibit 5. Sanitary Sewer Service Map

Map 2 of 2 STH 50 Reconstruction – WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

Map 2

ENVIRONMENTALLY SIGNIFICANT LANDS AND PLANNED SANITARY SEWER SERVICE AREA FOR VILLAGE OF PADDOCK LAKE

U.S. Public Land Survey Sections 1, 2, 11, and 12 Township 1 North, Range 20 East



Source: SEWRPC.

Exhibit 6. ADID Wetland Map Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

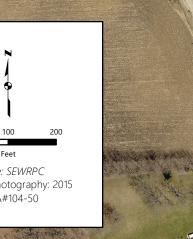
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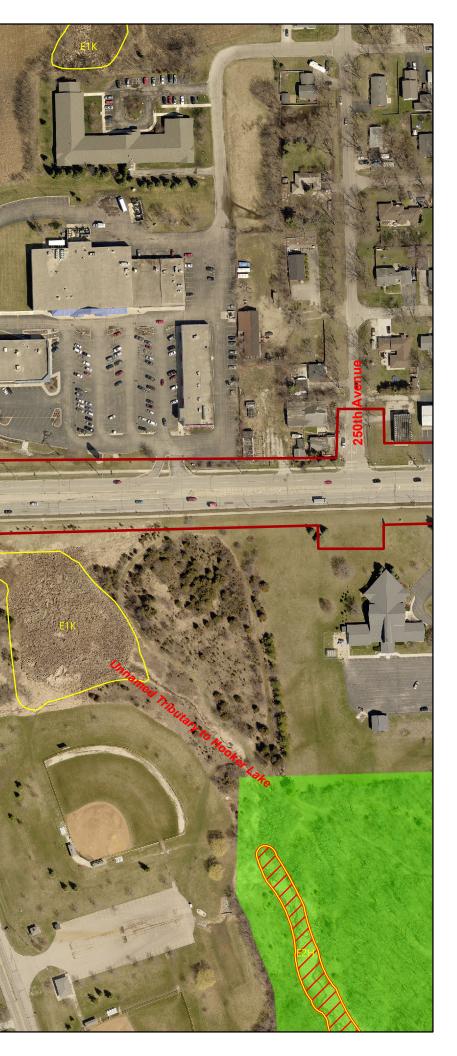


Exhibit 6. ADID Wetland Map Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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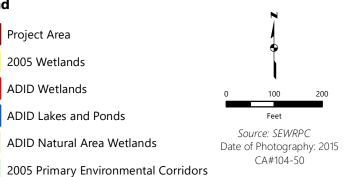




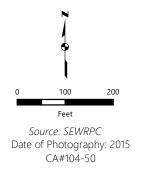
Exhibit 6. ADID Wetland Map Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County





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ADID Lakes and Ponds
ADID Natural Area Wetlands
2005 Primary Environmental Corridors

Figure 1



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Exhibit 7. NRCS Draft Wetland Inventory Map

Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Section 3, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

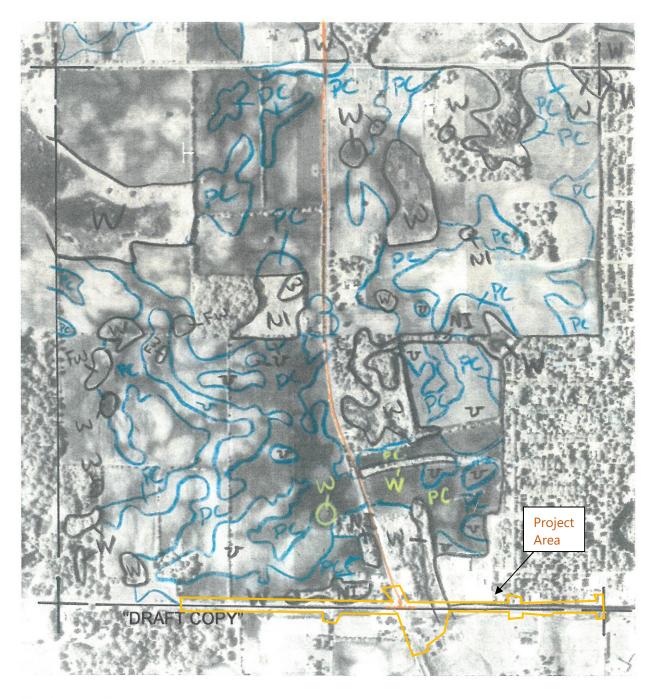


Exhibit 7. NRCS Draft Wetland Inventory Map

Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Section 10, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

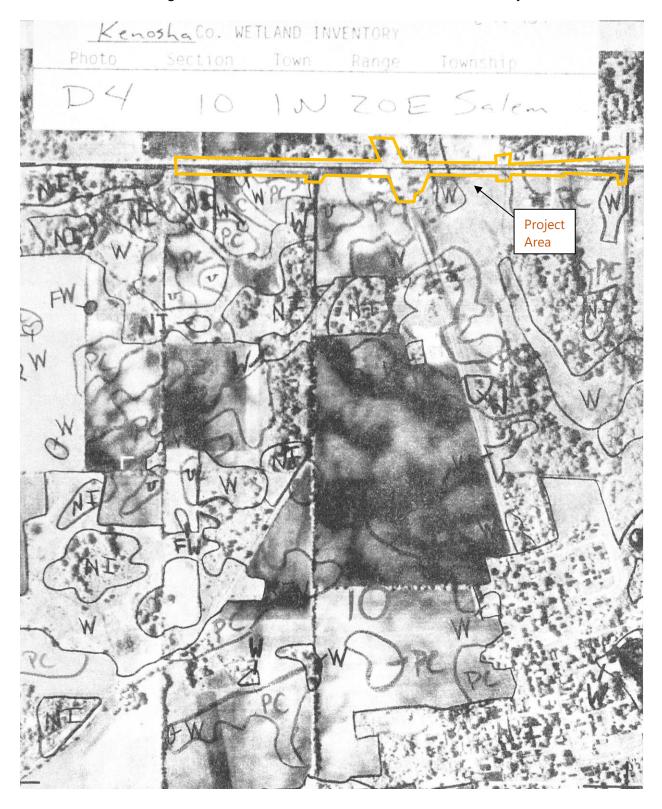


Exhibit 7. NRCS Draft Wetland Inventory Map

Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Section 1, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County



Exhibit 8. Wetland Delineation Map Map 1 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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- Wetland Boundary Staked and GPS-located by SEWRPC on 6/17/20 Ø
- 2011 Wetland Boundary Delineation by SEWRPC still Valid as of 6/17/20
- Wetland
- Plant Community Number 1
- Sample Site Location •
- Sample Site Number 1
- Hydrologic Probe Number
- Hydrologic Probe Site
- Surface Water
- Flow Direction

Feet Source: SEWRPC Date of Photography: 2015 CA#104-50

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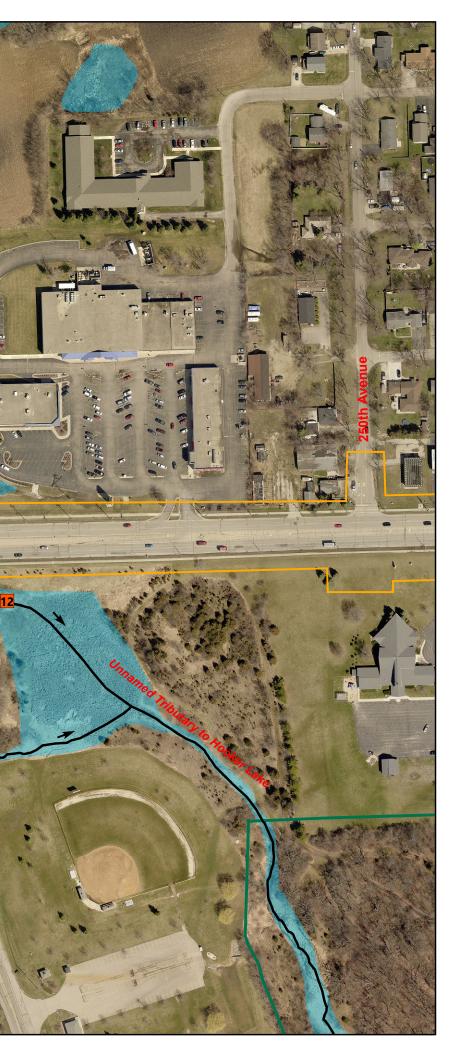


Exhibit 8. Wetland Delineation Map Map 2 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

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Project Area 3 Primary Environmental Corridor Secondary Environmental Corridor Wetland Boundary Staked and GPS-located by SEWRPC on 6/17/20 В 2011 Wetland Boundary Delineation by SEWRPC still Valid as of 6/17/20 5 Wetland Plant Community Number 1 Sample Site Location Sample Site Number 1 Hydrologic Probe Number A Hydrologic Probe Site ← Surface Water

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Source: SEWRPC Date of Photography: 2015 CA#104-50

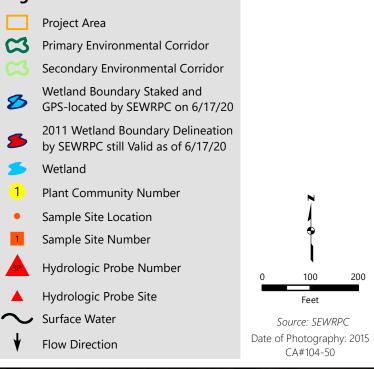
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Map 3 of 3 STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11 and 12, T1N-R20E

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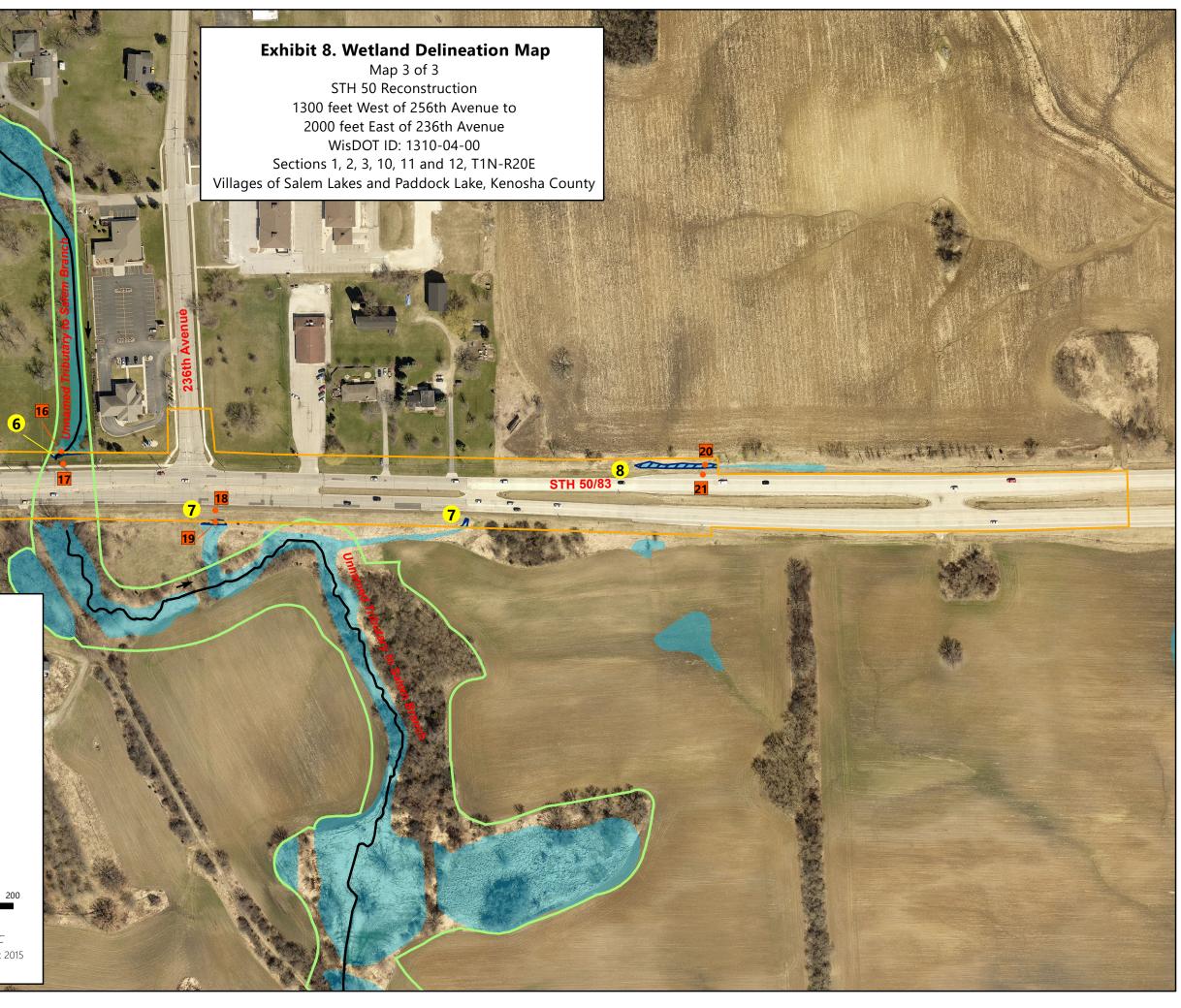


Exhibit 9. Preliminary Vegetation Survey

STH 50 Reconstruction 1300 Feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 Feet East of 236th Avenue WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00

Date:	June 17, 2020
Observers:	Christopher J. Jors, Principal Biologist Jennifer L. Dietl, Senior Biologist Shane T. Heyel, Biologist Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission
Location:	Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake in parts of U.S. Public Land Survey Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, and 12, Township 1 North, Range 20 East, Kenosha County, Wisconsin.

Species List: Plant Community Area No. 1 – Native Species

Co-dominant species

Acer negundo--Boxelder Alisma triviale -- Large-flowered water plantain Bidens sp.--Beggars-ticks Calystegia sepium--Hedge bindweed Cornus racemose--Gray dogwood Eleocharis palustris--Red-root spike-rush Equisetum arvense--Common horsetail Erigeron annuus--Annual fleabane Helianthus grosseserratus--Sawtooth sunflower Juncus dudleyi--Dudley's rush Monarda fistulosa--Wild bergamot Parthenocissus guinguefolia--Virginia creeper Salix interior -- Sandbar willow Scirpus atrovirens--Green bulrush Solidago altissima--Tall goldenrod Solidago gigantea -- Giant goldenrod Symphyotrichum lateriflorum--Calico aster Symphyotrichum puniceum--Red-stemmed aster Vitis riparia -- Riverbank grape

NON-Native Species

 Barbarea
 vulgaris--Yellow rocket

 Cirsium
 arvense--Canada thistle

 Lythrum
 salicaria--Purple loosestrife

 Phalaris
 arundinacea--Reed canary grass

 Phragmites
 australis

 Poa
 pratensis--Kentucky bluegrass

 Rumex
 crispus--Curly dock

PCA 1 cont. NON-Native Species

<u>Trifolium</u> <u>hybridum</u>--Alsike clover <u>Typha</u> <u>angustifolia</u>--Narrow-leaved cat-tail

Total number of plant species: 28 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 9 (32 percent)

This approximately 0.38-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex and consists of constructed roadside ditches with shallow marsh and degraded fresh (wet) meadow. Disturbances to the plant community area include filling, mowing, siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands, and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 2 - Native Species

<u>Asclepias</u> <u>syriaca</u>--Common milkweed <u>Calystegia</u> <u>sepium</u>--Hedge bindweed <u>Mentha</u> <u>arvensis</u>--Wild mint <u>Solidago</u> <u>altissima</u>--Tall goldenrod <u>Symphyotrichum</u> <u>puniceum</u>--Red-stemmed aster <u>Urtica</u> <u>dioica</u>--Stinging nettle <u>Vitis</u> <u>riparia</u>--Riverbank grape

NON-Native Species

<u>Barbarea</u> <u>vulgaris</u>--Yellow rocket <u>Cirsium</u> <u>arvense</u>--Canada thistle <u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Phragmites</u> <u>australis</u> subsp. <u>australis</u>--Tall reed grass <u>Poa</u> <u>pratensis</u>--Kentucky bluegrass <u>Rumex</u> <u>crispus</u>--Curly dock <u>Solanum</u> <u>dulcamara</u>--Bittersweet nightshade <u>Typha</u> <u>angustifolia</u>--Narrow-leaved cat-tail

Total number of plant species: 15 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 8 (53 percent)

This approximately 0.28-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex and consists of constructed roadside ditches with shallow marsh and degraded fresh (wet) meadow. Disturbances to the plant community area include filling, mowing, siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands, and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 3 - NON-Native Species

Agrostis gigantea -- Redtop grass

<u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Poa</u> <u>pratensis</u>--Kentucky bluegrass <u>Schedonorus</u> <u>arundinaceus</u>--Tall fescue <u>Typha</u> <u>angustifolia</u>--Narrow-leaved cat-tail PCA 3 cont.

Total number of plant species: 5 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 5 (100 percent)

This approximately 0.02-acre plant community area consists of a constructed roadside ditch with atypical (mowed) wetland. Disturbances to the plant community area include mowing and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 4 - Native Species

<u>Acer</u> <u>negundo</u>--Boxelder <u>Galium</u> <u>aparine</u>--Annual bedstraw <u>Impatiens</u> <u>capensis</u>--Jewelweed <u>Parthenocissus</u> <u>quinquefolia</u>--Virginia creeper <u>Rhus</u> <u>typhina</u>--Staghorn sumac

NON-Native Species

<u>Arctium</u> <u>minus</u>--Common burdock <u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Phragmites</u> <u>australis</u> subsp. <u>australis</u>--Tall reed grass <u>Torilis</u> japonica--Japanese hedge parsley

Total number of plant species: 9 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 4 (44 percent)

This approximately 0.02-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex associated with an unnamed tributary to Hooker Lake and consists of degraded fresh (wet) meadow and shallow marsh. Disturbances to the plant community area include siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 5 – Native Species

<u>Asclepias</u> <u>syriaca</u>--Common milkweed <u>Solidago</u> <u>gigantea</u>--Giant goldenrod

NON-Native Species

<u>Cirsium</u> <u>arvense</u>--Canada thistle <u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Typha</u> <u>angustifolia</u>--Narrow-leaved cat-tail

Total number of plant species: 5 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 3 (60 percent) PCA 5 cont.

This approximately 0.02-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex and consists of degraded fresh (wet) meadow. Disturbances to the plant community area include filling, pond construction, and siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 6 – NON-Native Species

<u>Agrostis</u> <u>gigantea</u>--Redtop grass <u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Poa</u> <u>pratensis</u>--Kentucky bluegrass <u>Rumex</u> <u>crispus</u>--Curly dock <u>Schedonorus</u> <u>arundinaceus</u>--Tall fescue

Total number of plant species: 5 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 5 (100 percent)

This approximately 0.01-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex associated with an unnamed tributary to Salem Branch and consists of degraded fresh (wet) meadow. Disturbances to the plant community area include filling; mowing; siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands; water level changes due to past ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 7 – NON-Native Species

<u>Bromus</u> inermis</u>--Smooth brome grass <u>Cirsium</u> <u>arvense</u>--Canada thistle <u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Rumex</u> <u>crispus</u>--Curly dock <u>Typha</u> <u>angustifolia</u>--Narrow-leaved cat-tail

Total number of plant species: 5 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 5 (100 percent)

This approximately 0.01-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex and consists of degraded fresh (wet) meadow and shallow marsh. Disturbances to the plant community area include erosion due to a storm sewer discharge, siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands, and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

Plant Community Area No. 8 – NON-Native Species

<u>Phalaris</u> <u>arundinacea</u>--Reed canary grass <u>Poa</u> <u>pratensis</u>--Kentucky bluegrass

Total number of plant species: 2 Number of alien, or non-native, plant species: 2 (100 percent)

PCA 8 cont.

This approximately 0.04-acre plant community area is part of a larger wetland complex and consists of degraded fresh (wet) meadow within a constructed roadside ditch. Disturbances to the plant community area include filling, mowing, siltation and sedimentation due to stormwater runoff from adjacent lands, and water level changes due to ditching and draining. No Federal- or State-designated Special Concern, Threatened, or Endangered species were observed during the field inspection.

SVY4599 CA104-50

Exhibit 10.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Midwest Region						
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County:	Village of Salem Lakes/Kenosha C	ounty	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>		
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-0	4-00	Sta	ate: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>1</u>		
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, a	and Shane Heyel: SEWRPC	Section, Township, Range: SW Qu	arter, Section 3, T1N	<u>-R20E</u>		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): terr	ace	Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>none</u>			
Slope (%): 0-2% Lat:	Long:	_		Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty cla	<u>iy loam (AtA)</u>		NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>		
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the	he site typical for this time of year?	Yes 🔲 🛛 🛛 (If no, e	xplain in Remarks)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hy	ydrology significantly disturb	ed? Are "Normal Circumstances"	' present? 🛛 Yes 🖂	No 🗌		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hy	ydrology naturally problemat	ic? (If, needed, explain any ans	wers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present?	□Yes ⊠No □Yes ⊠No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	☐ Yes	⊠No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊡Yes ⊠ No					
Remarks: 90-day antecedent prec	pipitation is wetter than normal.					

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
<u>1100 Olidiam (11010)20. 00 Taaloo</u> ,	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>35</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>15</u>		FAC	□ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Elymus repens</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACU</u>	 □ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% □ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
5. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>10</u>		FACW	\square 3 - Prevalence index is $\leq 3.0^{\circ}$ \square 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
6. <u>Monarda fistulosa</u>	<u>5</u>		FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7. <u>Plantago rugelii</u>	<u>3</u>		FAC	5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8. <u>Sonchus arvensis</u>	<u>3</u>		FACU	
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
10				be present, unless disturbed of problematic.
	<u>121</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Old field.			

SOIL

Sampling Point: 1

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-2	10YR 3/2	100					Silt loam		
2-12	10YR 3/1	100					Silt loam	with gravel	
12+								Refusal: Gravel fill	
	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Po	e Lining, M=Matrix	
-	il Indicators:		_					lematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
	Histosol (A1)				eyed Matrix (S	4)		Redox (A16)	
	Histic Epipedon (A2)		<u> </u>	Sandy Red	· · ·		Dark Surface		
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	()	- 4 \	0	ese Masses (F12)	
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				icky Mineral (F	,		/ Dark Surface (TF12)	
	Stratified Layers (A5)			_ `	eyed Matrix (F	2)	Other (Expla	in in Remarks)	
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	· · /				
	Depleted Below Dark		1) 🗌	_	rk Surface (F6	,			
	Thick Dark Surface (A	,		Depleted [Dark Surface (F7)	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and		
	Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Redox Depressions (F8)			ology must be present,					
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	eat (S3)					•	bed or problematic.	
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):								
Туре	e: <u>Gravel fill</u>						Hydric Soil Presen	t? Yes 🗌 No 🖂	
Dept	h (inches): <u>12</u>						-		
Remarks:	No hydric soil indica	tors obser	ved				•		

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:							
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)						
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
High Water Table (A2)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)						
Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living F	Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	ils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)						
Iron Deposits (B5)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)							
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) D Other (Explain in Remarks)							
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):							
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):							
Saturation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂						
(includes capillary fringe)							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils							
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).							
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.							
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.							

WEILAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – MIDWest Region						
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	ge of Salem Lakes/Ke	<u>nosha County</u>	Sa	mpling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>	
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00			State: <u>WI</u>	Sa	mpling Point: <u>2</u>	
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: S	EWRPC Secti	on, Township, Range:	SW Quarter, Section	on 3, T1N-R20	<u>E</u>	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): constructed roadside d	<u>litch</u> Loca	l relief (concave, conve	ex, none): <u>linear cor</u>	ncave		
Slope (%): 0-2% Lat:	Long:			Da	tum:	
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA)				NWI classific	ation: <u>None</u>	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	s time of year?	Yes 🗌 🛛 No 🖾	(If no, explain in Re	marks)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sign	nificantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circum	stances" present?	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology nate	urally problematic?	(If, needed, explain	any answers in Rem	narks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	INo	Is the Sampled Area				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	🛛 Yes	□No	
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	ecipitation is v	wetter than nor	mal.			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>10</u>		FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Equisetum arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		FAC	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Typha angustifolia</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>OBL</u>	☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5. <u>Lythrum salicaria</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>OBL</u>	 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10.				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>83</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Degraded	fresh (wet) n	neadow.	1

7 1	

Sampling Point: 2

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10YR 3/2	70	10YR 4/4	15	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	N 2.5/	5	2.5Y 6/1	10	D	М		
12-18	N 2.5/	90	10YR 4/6	10	С	PL M	Clay loam	
18-26	5GY 5/1	60	2.5Y 5/4	20	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	2.5Y 4/2	20						
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	etion, RI	M=Reduced Matrix, MS	3=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=	
	il Indicators:						Indicators for Problematic Hyd	
	Histosol (A1)				eyed Matrix (S	54)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16	6)
	Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3)		<u> </u>	Sandy Reo Stripped N	. ,		Dark Surface (S7)	(-40)
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	١			ucky Mineral ((⊏1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)	
	Stratified Layers (A5)	,		_ ·	eyed Matrix (I	. ,	Other (Explain in Remark	
	2 cm Muck (A10)				Matrix (F3)	FZ)		(5)
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A11) 🛛		ark Surface (E6)		
	Thick Dark Surface (A			_	•			
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	,		 Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) 			³ Indicators of Hydrophytic veg	
	- · ·	. ,)	Wetland hydrology must b	• •
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P e Layer (if observed):	, ,					Unless disturbed or proble	emauc.
	e Layer (if observed): e:	i					Hudria Sail Present? Ver	
• •	th (inches):						Hydric Soil Present? Yes	s 🛛 No 🗌
Depi	n (inches).							

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:					
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)				
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
High Water Table (A2)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
U Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Livin	g Roots (C3)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches): <u>*</u>					
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): <u>25.5</u>					
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): <u>0 (at surface)</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌				
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils					
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).					
Remarks: The sample was collected from the side slope of the constructed roadside	ditch. *The ditch channel contained approximately 4 inches				
of surface water.					

WEILAND DEIERMI	NATION DATA FORM – Midwest Ro	egion			
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction City/Cou	unty: Village of Salem Lakes/Kenosha County	Sampling Date: 6-17-2020			
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00	State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>3</u>			
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEWRPC	Section, Township, Range: SW Quarter, Sec	ion 3, T1N-R20E			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): constructed roadside ditch	Local relief (concave, convex, none): linear, c	oncave			
Slope (%): 0-2% Lat: Long:		Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA)		NWI classification: None			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of ye	ear? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 (If no, explain in F	emarks)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly dis	sturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally proble	ematic? (If, needed, explain any answers in Re	marks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? XYes No	Is the Sampled Area				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	⊠Yes	∐No	is the Sampled Area	_	-		
Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	□No	within a Wetland?	🛛 Yes	□No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes	□No					
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.							

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Deminence Testanetes
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Typha angustifolia</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>OBL</u>	☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. Symphyotrichum lateriflorum	<u>5</u>		FACW	☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				□ 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^{1}$
				1 1 4 - Morphological Adaptations' (Provide supporting)
6.				 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
6 7.				
7				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7 8				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
7 8 9	 			data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
7 8	 <u>115</u>		 /er	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
7 8 9	 <u>115</u>		 /er	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7 8 9 10 <u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	 <u>115</u>		/er	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation
7 8 9 10 <u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>) 1	 <u>115</u>	□ □ □ = Total Cov	/er	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic
7 8 9 10 <u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	 <u>115</u> 	□ □ □ □ = Total Cov		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation

SOIL

Sampling Point: 3

Depth	Matrix			Redox Features					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
D-13	10YR 4/1	75	10YR 4/4	15	С	PL M	Clay loam		
	2.5Y 2.5/1	10							
13+								Too wet to pull up.	
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=P	ore Lining, M=Matrix	
	il Indicators: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2)		<u> </u>	_Sandy Gle Sandy Red	yed Matrix (S	54)		oblematic Hydric Soils ³ : rie Redox (A16) ce (S7)	
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped M	. ,			anese Masses (F12)	
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))			cky Mineral ((F1)		ow Dark Surface (TF12)	
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain in Remarks)		
	2 cm Muck (A10)		\boxtimes	Depleted I	Matrix (F3)				
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (/	A11)	Redox Dar	rk Surface (F	6)			
	Thick Dark Surface (A	,		•	Dark Surface	· /	³ Indicators of Hy	ydrophytic vegetation and	
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		_Redox Dep	pressions (F8	3)	Wetland hydrology must be present,		
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	, ,					Unless dist	urbed or problematic.	
	e Layer (if observed):	:							
51							Hydric Soil Prese	ent? Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
Dept	h (inches):								

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:					
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	d; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)			
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
☐ Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roo	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils ((C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)			
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) 🔲 Gauge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B	8) Dther (Explain in Remarks)				
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛	Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌	Depth (inches): 0.5				
Saturation Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌	Depth (inches): <u>0 (at surface)</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🔲			
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils					
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).					
Remarks:					

WEILAND DE	: I ERMINATION	I DATA FORM – Midwest Reg	gion		
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villag	<u>ge of Salem Lakes/Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>		
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>4</u>		
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SE	<u>EWRPC</u> Sectio	on, Township, Range: <u>SW Quarter, Sectio</u>	<u>n 3, T1N-R20E</u>		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope (road shoulder) Local r	relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear</u>			
Slope (%): <u>0-2%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA)			NWI classification: None		
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	s time of year?	Yes 🗌 No 🛛 (If no, explain in Re	marks)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sign	ificantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natu	rally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Rem	narks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	No	s the Sampled Area	_		

..... -

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	□Yes	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area

Hydric Soils Present?	∐Yes	⊠No	within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes	⊠No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	□Yes	⊠No				
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	cipitation is w	vetter than normal.				

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
······································	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>50</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. Poa pratensis	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>10</u>		FACW	☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>90</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Recently n	nowed old fie	eld.	

SOIL

Sampling Point: 4

Depth	Matrix		Redox Features						
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-6	10YR 3/2	100		·			Silt loam	with gravel	
6+								Refusal: Gravel fill	
				·					
¹ Type: C=(Concentration D=Depl	etion RM=	Reduced Matrix MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Por	e Lining M=Matrix	
						lematic Hydric Soils ³ :			
Histosol (A1) Sandy Gleyed M					ved Matrix (S	4)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16)		
Histic Epipedon (A2)				Sandy Redox (S5)			Dark Surface (S7)		
Black Histic (A3)			<u> </u>	Stripped Matrix (S6)			□ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)		
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)			Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)		
				Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain in Remarks)		
Stratified Layers (A5)									
	Depleted Below Dark S		Depleted Matrix (F3)						
	•		Redox Dark Surface (F6)						
Thick Dark Surface (A12)				Depleted Dark Surface (F7)			³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and		
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)				Redox Depressions (F8)			Wetland hydrology must be present,		
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)							Unless disturbed or problematic.		
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):								
Туре	: <u>Gravel fill</u>						Hydric Soil Present	t? Yes 🗌 No 🖂	
Deptl	h (inches): <u>6</u>								
Remarks:	The sample site is or	n a constr	ucted roadway em	bankment	with a thin s	soil laver	above compacted gravel	fill. No hydric soil indicat	iors

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:									
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)									
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)							
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)							
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)							
Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)							
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)							
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)							
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	(C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)							
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)							
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)								
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)									
Field Observations:									
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 D	Depth (inches):								
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 D	Depth (inches):								
	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes D No							
(includes capillary fringe)									
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils									
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).									
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.									

WEILAND	DETERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwest Region	
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	age of Salem Lakes/Kenosha County	Sampling Date: 6-17-2020
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>5</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heye	el: SEWRPC Sect	ion, Township, Range: <u>NW Quarter, Section 10,</u>	T1N-R20E
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope (road shou	<u>ulder)</u> Loca	I relief (concave, convex, none): <u>convex linear</u>	
Slope (%): 0-2% Lat:	Long:		Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty clay loam (AtA)		NWI	classification: None
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	or this time of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🖾 (If no, explain in Remarks	5)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes	No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showin	ng sampling point locat	ions, transects, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	□Yes	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area			
Hydric Soils Present?	□Yes	⊠No	within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes	⊠No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	□Yes	⊠No				
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	ecipitation is	wetter than norn	nal.			

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	0	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>33%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	_			Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. Cichorum intybus	<u>5</u>		FACU	☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				\square 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
 6				 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
9				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
10				
	<u>110</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛
	0	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.	-			
	,			

SOIL

Depth	enth Matrix Redox Featu		tures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
)-6	10YR 2/1	100					Clay loam	with gravel fill
6-12	10YR 4/3	90	10YR 4/4	10	С	PL M	Clay loam	with gravel fill
12+								Refusal: Gravel fill and dry clay
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=F	Pore Lining, M=Matrix
lydric Soi	il Indicators:						Indicators for Pr	oblematic Hydric Soils ³ :
	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (54)	Coast Prai	irie Redox (A16)
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	dox (S5)		Dark Surfa	ace (S7)
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	latrix (S6)		Iron-Mang	anese Masses (F12)
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))		Loamy Mu	cky Mineral	(F1)	Very Shall	ow Dark Surface (TF12)
	Stratified Layers (A5)			_ ·	eyed Matrix (. ,		plain in Remarks)
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	•	_/		,
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (/	A11)	-	rk Surface (F	6)		
	Thick Dark Surface (A				Dark Surface		2	
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)			Redox Depressions (F8)				³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and	
\Box 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)		Wetland hydrology must be present, Unless disturbed or problematic.						
	e Layer (if observed):	()						
	e: <u>Gravel fill and dry cla</u>						Hydric Soil Pres	ent? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
	h (inches): <u>12</u>	<u>ay</u>						
	No hydric soil indica	tava aha.	a m / a al					

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)					
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)					
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)					
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
U Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living	Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	oils (C6)					
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)						
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)						
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):						
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):						
Saturation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂					
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.						

VVI	EILAND DEIERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwest Reg	jion
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: <u>Vill</u>	<u>age of Salem Lakes/Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-0	<u>0</u>	State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>6</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and	Shane Heyel: SEWRPC Sec	tion, Township, Range: <u>NW Quarter, Sectio</u>	<u>n 10, T1N-R20E</u>
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): depres	sion Loca	al relief (concave, convex, none): <u>concave</u>	
Slope (%): 0-2% Lat:	Long:		Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: Ashkum silty clay lo	am (AtA)		NWI classification: None
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the s	ite typical for this time of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🖾 (If no, explain in Re	marks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro	ology significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro	ology naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Rem	arks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map showing sampling point loca	tions, transects, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes 🛛 No	Is the Sampled Area	

	Action site map showing sampling point locations,	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre-	cipitation is w	etter than normal.			

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1			Status	Number of Dominant Species
1				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
2				
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>100</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3				☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>105</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes No
<u> </u>	0	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.	-		-	

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Sampling Point: 6

Depth	Matrix			Redox Fea	tures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-9	2.5Y 2.5/1	100					Clay loam	
9-18	2.5Y 5/2	75	7.5YR 4/4	15	С	PL M	Clay loam	with gravel fill
			2.5Y 6/8	10	С	PL M		
18+			·					Refusal: Gravel fill
					·			
¹ Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	Sand Grains		² Location: PL=Pc	ore Lining, M=Matrix
	il Indicators: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4 Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Darl Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral 5 cm Mucky Peat or F	c Surface 12) (S1)	□ □ □ (A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Glo Depleted Redox Da Depleted I	()	F1) F2) 6) (F7)	Coast Prairi Dark Surfac Iron-Manga Very Shallo Other (Expla ³ Indicators of Hyd Wetland hyd	blematic Hydric Soils ³ : ie Redox (A16) ie (S7) nese Masses (F12) w Dark Surface (TF12) ain in Remarks) drophytic vegetation and lrology must be present, rbed or problematic.
Туре	e Layer (if observed) : :: <u>Gravel fill</u> h (inches): <u>18</u>						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes⊠ No 🗌

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that	<u>t apply)</u>	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)				
Surface Water (A1)	ter-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
High Water Table (A2)	uatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)	e Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
U Water marks (B1)	drogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	idized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	esence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	cent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	n Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	uge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	ner (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches	s):					
Water Table Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 Depth (inches	s): <u>*18</u>					
Saturation Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 Depth (inches	s): <u>0 (at surface)</u> Wetland	d Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🔲				
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks: *Water table appeared to be at or just below 18 inches, but compacted gravel fill at that point limited certainty.						

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Midwest Region							
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Salem Lakes/Kenosha C	ounty Sa	ampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>				
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00	St	ate: <u>WI</u> Sa	ampling Point: <u>7</u>				
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	WRPC Section, Township, Range: <u>NW Qu</u>	arter, Section 10, T1N-R	<u>20E</u>				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope (road shoulder)	Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear</u>					
Slope (%): <u>1-3%</u> Lat:	Long:	D	atum:				
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Blount silt loam (BIA)</u>		NWI classifi	cation: <u>None</u>				
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of year? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 (If no, e	xplain in Remarks)					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	icantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances	" present? Yes 🛛	No 🗖				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	ally problematic? (If, needed, explain any ans	wers in Remarks.)					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N Hydric Soils Present? Yes N	o within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes	⊠No				

Wetland Hydrology Present?	
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.	

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant	Indicator Status	Dominance Test	worksheet:
1		Species? □	Status	Number of Dominan	
1 2				That are OBL, FAC	
3				Total Number of Do Species Across All S	
4					
5		□ = Total Cov		Percent of Dominan That Are OBL, FAC	
	<u>0</u>		/ei	Prevalence Index v	· ()
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)		_		Prevalence index v	vorksneet.
1				<u>Total % Cover</u>	of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species	x 1 =
3				FACW species	x 2 =
4				FAC species	x 3 =
5				FACU species	x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species	x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals:	(A) (B)
1. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Prevaler	nce Index = B/A =
2. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>35</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Hydrophytic Veget	ation Indicators:
3. <u>Daucus carota</u>	<u>5</u>		FACW	☐ 1 - Rapid Test fo	or Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. Plantago lanceolata	<u>3</u>		FACU	2 - Dominance T	Test is >50%
5				3 - Prevalence li	ndex is ≤3.0¹ al Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6					arks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic I	Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8					
9				¹ Indicators of hydric	c soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless o	disturbed or problematic.
10. <u></u>	83	= Total Cov	/er		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Llydronby die	
1/				Hydrophytic Vegetation	
2				-	Yes 🗌 🛛 No 🖾
<i>2</i>	0	= Total Cov	/er		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.	-				
	,				

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remarks
0-10	10YR 2/1	90	10YR 5/2	7	D	М	Silt loam	with	gravel
			10YR 4/4	3	С	PL M			
10-15	10YR 5/2	80	10YR 5/6	20	С	PL M	Clay loam	with	gravel
15+				·				Refu	usal: Gravel fill and dry soi
	<u></u>								
¹ Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	M=Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=P		0.
, <u></u>	il Indicators: Histosol (A1) Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral 5 cm Mucky Peat or P	Surface (12) (S1) eat (S3)	A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted I	latrix (S6) cky Mineral eyed Matrix ((F1) F2) F6) (F7)	Uery Shall Other (Exp ³ Indicators of Hy Wetland hy	rie Redox ace (S7) anese Ma ow Dark S olain in Re ydrophyti drology n	k (A16) asses (F12) Surface (TF12)
	e Layer (if observed): e: <u>Gravel fill and dry so</u>						Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Drainage Patterns (B10) Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Drainage Patterns (B10) Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Image: Sector of A3 Image: Sector of A3<					
Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C0)					
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)					
□ Iron Deposits (B5) □ Thin Muck Surface (C7) □ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) 🛛 Gauge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):					
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes No 🛛 Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂					
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils					
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).					
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Midwest Region							
Project/Site: STH 50 Recons	truction	City/County: Vi	llage of Salem Lakes/Kenosha	<u>a County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>		
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID) <u>: 1310-04-00</u>			State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>8</u>		
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Je	en Dietl, and Shane Heye	el: SEWRPC Se	ction, Township, Range: <u>NW</u>	Quarter, Section 10, T1N	<u>-R20E</u>		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, e	etc.): constructed roadsig	de ditch Lo	cal relief (concave, convex, no	one): <u>linear, concave</u>			
Slope (%): <u>1-3%</u>	Lat:	Long:			Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: Blount	<u>silt loam (BIA)</u>			NWI class	sification: <u>None</u>		
Are climatic/hydrologic condit	ions on the site typical fo	or this time of year?	Yes 🗌 🛛 🛛 (If no	o, explain in Remarks)			
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstance	ces" present? Yes 🛛	No 🗌		
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any a	answers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Pres Hydric Soils Present?	sent? ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.	

⊠Yes

Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.

□No

Wetland Hydrology Present?

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1			Olalus	Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>10</u>		FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3				□ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>70</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes No
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Degraded	fresh (wet) n	neadow.	•

SOIL	

Sampling Point: 8

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	ures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-5	2.5Y 2.5/1	95	10YR 4/4	5	С	PL M	Silt loam	
5-11	10YR 5/2	50	10YR 4/6	15	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	10YR 5/1	35						
11+								Refusal: Gravel fill and hard cla
¹ Type: C=C	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	/I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Po	re Lining, M=Matrix
Hydric Soil	I Indicators:						Indicators for Prol	plematic Hydric Soils ³ :
	Histosol (A1)				yed Matrix (S	S4)		e Redox (A16)
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Rec	. ,		Dark Surfac	
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped M	. ,			nese Masses (F12)
<u> </u>	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)			Loamy Mu	cky Mineral ((F1)	Very Shallov	w Dark Surface (TF12)
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gle	eyed Matrix (F2)	Other (Explanation)	ain in Remarks)
	2 cm Muck (A10)		\boxtimes	Depleted I	Matrix (F3)			
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface	(A11)	Redox Da	rk Surface (F6)		
	Thick Dark Surface (A	12)		Depleted D	Dark Surface	(F7)	³ Indicators of Hyr	trophytic vegetation and
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		Redox Dep	pressions (F8	3)	-	rology must be present,
;	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	eat (S3)			·		,	bed or problematic.
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):							
Type:	: Gravel fill and hard c	lay					Hydric Soil Preser	nt? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Depth	h (inches): <u>11</u>							
Remarks:							1	

Wetland Hydrology Indica	tors:				
Primary Indicators (min	nimum of one i	is require	d; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)				Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
High Water Table	e (A2)		Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)	
Saturation (A3)			True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
Water marks (B1)		Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
Sediment Deposits (B2)			Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Drift Deposits (B	Drift Deposits (B3)			Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
Algal Mat or Crus	Algal Mat or Crust (B4)			Geomorphic Position (D2)	
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)			FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Inundation Visible	e on Aerial Ima	agery (B7	7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)		
Sparsely Vegeta	ed Concave S	Surface (E	38) 🔲 Other (Explain in Remarks)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛	Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛	Depth (inches):		
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes 🗌	No 🛛	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).					
Remarks:					

WETLAN	D DETERMINATION	I DATA FORM – Midv	vest Region		
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villag	<u>e of Salem Lakes/Kenosha Co</u>	<u>ounty</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>	
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		Sta	te: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>9</u>	
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane He	eyel: SEWRPC Sectio	n, Township, Range: <u>NW Qua</u>	arter, Section 10, T1	<u>N-R20E</u>	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope	Local	relief (concave, convex, none)	: <u>linear</u>		
Slope (%): <u>1-3%</u> Lat:	Long:			Datum:	
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Blount silt Ioam (BIA)</u>			NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical	for this time of year?	Yes 🗌 No 🖾 (If no, ex	(plain in Remarks)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances"	present? Yes	No 🗌	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answ	vers in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Hydric Soils Present?		s the Sampled Area vithin a Wetland?	☐ Yes	⊠No	

Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	⊡No	within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes				
Wetland Hydrology Present?	∐Yes	⊠No						
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.								

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
<u></u>	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	0	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1/				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>55</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Asclepias syriaca</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		FACU	☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	95	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				
				Hydrophytic Vegetation
1				Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
2		= Total Cov		
	0		101	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Uld field.			

SOIL	
Profile	Doc

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
)-5	10YR 2/1	100					Silt loam			
5-12	10YR 2/1	90	10YR 4/4	10	С	PL M	Clay loam			
2-15	2.5Y 5/2	60	10YR 4/6	15	С	PL M	Clay loam			
	7.5YR 5/2	25								
15+							_	Refusal: Rocky hard clay		
					-		_			
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Por	e Lining, M=Matrix		
lydric So	il Indicators:						Indicators for Prob	lematic Hydric Soils ³ :		
	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (S4)	🔲 Coast Prairie	e Redox (A16)		
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	dox (S5)		Dark Surface	e (S7)		
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped M	latrix (S6)		Iron-Mangan	ese Masses (F12)		
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))		Loamy Mu	cky Mineral	(F1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain in Remarks)			
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	•	,	<u> </u>			
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (/	A11) 🛛		rk Surface (F6)				
	Thick Dark Surface (A			-	Dark Surface	•				
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	,		•	pressions (F	. ,		rophytic vegetation and		
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	. ,		-		-)	,	ology must be present, bed or problematic.		
	e Layer (if observed):	,								
	: Rocky hard clay						Hydric Soil Presen	t? Yes 🛛 No 🗌		
	h (inches): 15									
Dopt	n (incrics). <u>10</u>									

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:								
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)								
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)						
U Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roo	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils ((C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)						
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (E	37) Gauge or Well Data (D9)							
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface	(B8) Dther (Explain in Remarks)							
Field Observations:								
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛	Depth (inches):							
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛	Depth (inches):							
Saturation Present? Yes I No X (includes capillary fringe)	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).								
Remarks: Only one secondary wetland hydro	ology indicator observed.							

WETLAND	D DETERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwest Ro	egion				
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	age of Paddock Lake/Kenosha County		Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>			
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>		Sampling Point: <u>10</u>			
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Hey	vel: SEWRPC Sect	ion, Township, Range: <u>NE Quarter, Sect</u>	<u>ion 10, T1N-</u>	- <u>R20E</u>			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): constructed roads	<u>side ditch</u> Loca	l relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear, c</u>	concave				
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u> Lat:	Long:			Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Markham silt loam (MeB)</u>			NWI clas	sification: <u>None</u>			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical f	for this time of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🖾 (If no, explain in F	Remarks)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	_ significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🖂	No 🗌			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	_ naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Re	emarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	□No	Is the Sampled Area	7 M				

.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	⊠Yes	∐No	is the Sampled Area	-			
Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	□No	within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes	□No					
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.							

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator		
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksh	eet:
1				Number of Dominant Species	
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC	C: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant	
4				Species Across All Strata:	<u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index workshee	t:
1				Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
2				OBL species	x 1 =
3				FACW species	x 2 =
4				FAC species	x 3 =
5				FACU species	x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species	x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals:	(A) (B)
1. <u>Agrostis gigantea</u>	<u>50</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index	
2. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Ind	icators:
3. <u>Phalaris arundiancea</u>	<u>5</u>		FACW	☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrop	hytic Vegetation
4				☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >	
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3 ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptat 	
6				data in Remarks or on	
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophy	tic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8					
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and	
10				Be present, unless disturbed	or problematic.
	<u>65</u>	= Total Cov	/er		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic	
1				Vegetation	
2				Present? Yes 🖂	No 🗌
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Atypical (n	nowed) wetla	ınd.	1	

Donth	Matrix			Redox Fea	tures			
Depth (inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
-2	10YR 2/1	100		<u></u>			Silt loam	
-11	10YR 5/2	80	10YR 4/6	20	С	PL M	Clay loam	
1-15	2.5Y 5/2	70	10GY 6/1	15	D	М	Clay loam	
		·	2.5Y 5/6	15	С	PL M		
5-28	2.5Y 4/1	60	2.5Y 5/6	10	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	5Y 5/3	15	10GY 6/1	15	D	М		
	Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4 Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Darl Thick Dark Surface (A	k Surface	(A11)	Loamy Gle Depleted Redox Da Depleted I	Matrix (S6) ucky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface (F Dark Surface	F2) F6) (F7)	Dark Surface (S Iron-Manganese Very Shallow Da Other (Explain ir ³ Indicators of Hydropl	Masses (F12) ark Surface (TF12) n Remarks)
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	. ,		Redox Depressions (F8)			Wetland hydrology must be present,	
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P • Layer (if observed)	. ,					Unless disturbed	or problematic.
Туре	: : h (inches):						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Dept								

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Drainage Patterns (B10) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Saturation (A3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) \boxtimes Crayfish Burrows (C8) Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) \boxtimes Algal Mat or Crust (B4) \boxtimes Geomorphic Position (D2) Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (D9) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks) **Field Observations:** Surface Water Present? No 🖂 Depth (inches): Yes 🗌 Water Table Present? No 🖂 Depth (inches): Yes 🗌 Yes 🖂 Depth (inches): 0 (at surface) Saturation Present? No 🗌 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🖂 No 🗌 (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4). Remarks: The saturation (A3) indicator does not apply since it could not be confirmed with a water table below.

WETLAND D	ETERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwest Reg	jion				
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	<u>ige of Paddock Lake/Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: 6-17-2020				
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>11</u>				
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel:	<u>SEWRPC</u> Secti	ion, Township, Range: <u>NE Quarter, Section</u>	<u>10, T1N-R20E</u>				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope	Loca	l relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear</u>					
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:				
Soil Map Unit Name: Markham silt loam (MeB)			NWI classification: None				
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the	his time of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🛛 (If no, explain in Rer	narks)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sig	gnificantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	turally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Rema	arks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area					

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	∐Yes	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area			
Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	□No	within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes	⊠No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	□Yes	⊠No				
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	ecipitation is	wetter than no	rmal.			

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
<u>·····</u> ,	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	rer	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Lolium perenne</u>	<u>30</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				□ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10.				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>100</u>	= Total Cov	rer	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
	0	= Total Cov	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.	-			
	,			

Depth	Matrix			Redox Fea	tures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-15	10YR 3/1	85	7.5YR 3/4	10	С	PL M	Silt loam	
			10YR 4/4	5	С	PL M		
15-23	10YR 5/3	70	10YR 5/6	20	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	10YR 3/1	10						
		. <u> </u>						
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Type: C=	Concentration. D=Dep	letion. RI	/I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore	Lining, M=Matrix
	I Indicators:	,					Indicators for Proble	ematic Hydric Soils ³ :
	Histosol (A1)			Condy Clo			— • · · · ·	•
				Sanuy Gle	yed Matrix (S	54)	Coast Prairie F	Redox (A16)
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Gle		54)	Coast Prairie F	()
	Histic Epipedon (A2) Black Histic (A3)				dox (S5)	54)	Dark Surface	· · ·
	••••••)		Sandy Red Stripped M	dox (S5) latrix (S6)	-	Dark Surface ((S7)
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))		Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu	dox (S5) latrix (S6) icky Mineral	(F1)	Dark Surface ((S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12)
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5))		Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle	dox (S5) latrix (S6) icky Mineral eyed Matrix ((F1)	Dark Surface ((S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12)
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10)			Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted N	dox (S5) latrix (S6) locky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3)	(F1) F2)	Dark Surface ((S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12)
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark	Surface (Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da	dox (S5) latrix (S6) icky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface ((F1) F2) F6)	Dark Surface (Iron-Mangane Very Shallow I Other (Explain	(S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks)
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A	Surface (.12)	A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted I	dox (S5) latrix (S6) locky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3)	(F1) F2) F6) (F7)	Dark Surface (Dark Surface (Control Iron-Mangane Control Very Shallow I Other (Explain ³ Indicators of Hydro	(S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks) ophytic vegetation and
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral	Surface (12) (S1)	A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted I	dox (S5) latrix (S6) cky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface (Dark Surface	(F1) F2) F6) (F7)	Dark Surface (Dark Surface (Very Shallow I Other (Explain) ³ Indicators of Hydro	(S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks) ophytic vegetation and ogy must be present,
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral 5 cm Mucky Peat or P	Surface (. 12) (S1) eat (S3)	A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted I	dox (S5) latrix (S6) cky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface (Dark Surface	(F1) F2) F6) (F7)	Dark Surface (Dark Surface (Very Shallow I Other (Explain) ³ Indicators of Hydro	(S7) se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks) ophytic vegetation and
	Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral	Surface (. 12) (S1) eat (S3)	A11)	Sandy Red Stripped M Loamy Mu Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted I	dox (S5) latrix (S6) cky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface (Dark Surface	(F1) F2) F6) (F7)	Dark Surface (Dark Surface (Very Shallow I Other (Explain) ³ Indicators of Hydro	(S7) Se Masses (F12) Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks) ophytic vegetation and logy must be present, ed or problematic.

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living R	Roots (C3)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	ils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)	
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches):	
Saturation Present? Yes No No Depth (inches): (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if a Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4). Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.	L available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils

WEILAND DEI	ERIVITINATION		- Midwest Region	
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villag	ge of Paddock Lake/Ke	<u>enosha County</u>	Sampling Date: 6-17-2020
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00			State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>12</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	<u>NRPC</u> Section	on, Township, Range:	NE Quarter, Section 10, T	<u>1N-R20E</u>
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): drainageway	Local	relief (concave, conve	ex, none): <u>linear, concave</u>	
Slope (%): <u>6-12%</u> Lat:	Long:			Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee silt loam (OzaC2)			NWI c	lassification: None
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this t	ime of year?	Yes 🗌 🛛 No 🖾	(If no, explain in Remarks))
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	cantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circum	stances" present? Yes	🛛 No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	ally problematic?	(If, needed, explain a	any answers in Remarks.)	

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Midwoot Pagion

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	cipitation is	wetter than nor	mal. The drainageway "upstream" of th	ne sample site is a	steep, rip-rap-lined
channel, shown in Exhibit 11, P	hotos 20 and	d 21. While this	drainage way had hydrophytic vegeta	tion (Phragmites aเ	ustralis subsp. australis

was dominant), wetland hydrology and hydric soils were not present at hydrologic probe site 1 (see Exhibit 8, Map 1).

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.				
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Co	ver	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Co	ver	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>70</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. Impatiens capensis	<u>30</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>20</u>		FACW	☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. Parthenocissus quinquefolia	<u>3</u>		FACU	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>123</u>	= Total Co	ver	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes No
	<u>0</u>	= Total Co	ver	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate she	et) Fresh (we	t) meadow		1

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Fresh (wet) meadow.

SOIL

Depth Matrix			Redox Feat	tures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
	·					·		
Type: C=C	Concentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore Lir	
•	Indicators:						Indicators for Problem	-
	Histosol (A1)				yed Matrix (S	64)	Coast Prairie Red	dox (A16)
<u> </u>	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	dox (S5)		Dark Surface (S7	<i>(</i>)
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	latrix (S6)		Iron-Manganese	Masses (F12)
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)			Loamy Mu	cky Mineral (F1)	Very Shallow Da	rk Surface (TF12)
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gle	eyed Matrix (I	=2)	Other (Explain in	n Remarks)
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	Matrix (F3)			
	Depleted Below Dark S	Surface (A1	1)		rk Surface (F	6)		
	Thick Dark Surface (A	•		_	Dark Surface	,	³ Indicators of Hydroph	utio vocatation and
	Sandy Mucky Mineral			•	pressions (F8	. ,	, ,	y must be present,
	5 cm Mucky Peat or Pe	. ,		- '	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	/	Unless disturbed	
	Layer (if observed):	out (00)						
Type:	• • •						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Depth	(inches):							
•	Soils inundated with	8 inchos	of wator, bydric by	dofinition	Critoria 2			

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:				
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; cl	check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)		
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
☐ Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roc	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	(C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)			
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)			
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 De	epth (inches): <u>8</u>			
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 De	epth (inches):			
	epth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌		
(includes capillary fringe)				
	vell, aerial photos, previous inspections), if ava	ailable: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils		
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).				
Remarks:				

WETLAND DET	ERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwest Reg	gion	
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	ge of Paddock Lake/Kenosha County	Sampling	Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling	Point: <u>13</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	<u>NRPC</u> Secti	on, Township, Range: <u>NE Quarter, Sectior</u>	n 10, T1N-R20E	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope	Loca	l relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear</u>		
Slope (%): <u>6-12%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:	
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee silt loam (OzaC2)			NWI classification:	None
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	ime of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🖾 (If no, explain in Re	marks)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	cantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🖂	No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	ally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Rem	arks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sar	npling point locat	ions, transects, important features, etc.		
Hvdrophytic Vegetation Present?	0	Is the Sampled Area		

	-	-	-		-	

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Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer negundo	<u>30</u>		FAC	Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>30</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Rhus typhina</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	<u>NI (UPL)</u>	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>25</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>30</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Torilis japonica</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	<u>NI (UPL)</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Arctium minus</u>	<u>20</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. Phragmites australis subsp. australis	<u>15</u>		FACW	☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5. Impatiens capensis	<u>8</u>		FACW	 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6. Parthenocissus quinquefolia	<u>5</u>		FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7. <u>Galium aparine</u>	<u>2</u>		FACU	5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>105</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1. Parthenocissus quinquefolia	<u>3</u>		FACU	Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛
	<u>3</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)	Undifferen	tiated hardwo	oods.	

SOIL

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-10	10YR 4/2	40	_				Loam	with gravel fill
	10YR 5/3	30						
	10YR 4/3	30	_					
10-15	10YR 6/2	85	7.5YR 4/6	15	С	PL M	Clay loam	
T					and Oneine		21	
	Concentration, D=Dep il Indicators:	letion, RI	VI=Reduced Matrix, Ma	5=Masked S	and Grains			ore Lining, M=Matrix blematic Hydric Soils ³ :
	Histosol (A1)		П	Sandv Gle	eyed Matrix (S	34)	Coast Prairi	•
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Rec)	Dark Surfac	· · ·
	Black Histic (A3)				latrix (S6)		Iron-Manga	nese Masses (F12)
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))		Loamy Mu	icky Mineral ((F1)	Very Shallow	w Dark Surface (TF12)
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gle	eyed Matrix (F	F2)	Other (Expla	ain in Remarks)
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	. ,			
	Depleted Below Dark		A11) 🔲		rk Surface (F	,		
	Thick Dark Surface (A	,		•	Dark Surface	. ,	³ Indicators of Hyd	drophytic vegetation and
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	. ,		_Redox Dep	pressions (F8	3)	,	Irology must be present,
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	, ,					Unless distu	rbed or problematic.
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):							
51	e:						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes 🗌 No 🛛
Dent	th (inches):							

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; che	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
Surface Water (A1)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
☐ Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots	s (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C	C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Dep	pth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Dep	pth (inches):	
	pth (inches): <u>13</u> w	/etland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛
(includes capillary fringe)		
	ll, aerial photos, previous inspections), if avail	able: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).		
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observe	ed.	

WE	ETLAND DETERMINATIO	N DATA FORM – Midwe	st Region	
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Villa	age of Paddock Lake/Kenosha Cou	inty	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00	<u>)</u>	State:	<u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>14</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and	Shane Heyel: SEWRPC Sect	ion, Township, Range: <u>NE Quarter</u>	r, Section 11, T1N	<u>I-R20E</u>
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope	<u>e (road shoulder)</u> Loca	al relief (concave, convex, none): <u>li</u>	near	
Slope (%): <u>12-20%</u> Lat:	Long:			Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee silt loam (O	<u>DzaD)</u>		NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the s	ite typical for this time of year?	Yes 🗌 No 🖾 (If no, expla	ain in Remarks)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro	logy significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" pre	esent? Yes 🛛	No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydro	logy naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answer	s in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	nap showing sampling point loca	tions, transects, important featur	res, etc.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Yes ⊠No Yes ⊠No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	🗌 Yes	⊠No

VEGETATION -	Use scientific names of p	olants.

□Yes

Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.

⊠No

Wetland Hydrology Present?

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1			Status	Number of Dominant Species
1 2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>50</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Elymus repens</u>	<u>15</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5. <u>Asclepias syriaca</u>	<u>5</u>		FACU	 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6. <u>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</u>	<u>3</u>		FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>108</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Old field.			

SOIL

Depth	epth Matrix			Redox Fea	tures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
)-10	10YR 3/2	100					Silt loam	with gravel		
0-12	10YR 3/2	85	10YR 4/6	15	С	PL M	Silty clay loam			
12+							<u> </u>	Refusal: Gravel		
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Po	pre Lining, M=Matrix		
lydric So	il Indicators:						Indicators for Pro	blematic Hydric Soils ³ :		
	Histosol (A1)				yed Matrix (S4)	Coast Prairi	e Redox (A16)		
	Histic Epipedon (A2)	stic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5)		Dark Surface (S7)						
	Black Histic (A3)		Stripped Matrix (S6)		Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)					
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mu	cky Mineral	(F1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gle	eyed Matrix (F2)	Other (Expl	Other (Explain in Remarks)		
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	Matrix (F3)		```			
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A	A11) 🗌	Redox Da	rk Surface (F	6)				
	Thick Dark Surface (A	.12)		Depleted [Dark Surface	(F7)	³ Indicators of Hy	drophytic vegetation and		
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		Redox De	pressions (Fa	8)	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and Wetland hydrology must be present,			
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	eat (S3)		-			•	rbed or problematic.		
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed)									
Туре	: <u>Gravel</u>						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes 🗌 No 🖂		
Dept	h (inches): 12									
	No hydric soil indica	toro obo	anvod							

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)					
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)					
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)					
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
U Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living	Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	oils (C6)					
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)						
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)						
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):						
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):						
Saturation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂					
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.						

WETLAND DET	ERMINATION DAT	A FORM – Midwest Re	gion
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Page	<u>ldock Lake/Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>15</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	VRPC Section, Town	ship, Range: <u>NE Quarter, Sectio</u>	<u>n 11, T1N-R20E</u>
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): depression	Local relief (co	oncave, convex, none): <u>concave</u>	
Slope (%): <u>12-20%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Ozaukee silt loam (OzaD)</u>			NWI classification: W0Hx
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this ti	me of year? Yes 🗌] 🛛 🛛 🛛 🛛 (If no, explain in Re	emarks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signific	antly disturbed? Are "N	ormal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	Ily problematic? (If, nee	eded, explain any answers in Ren	narks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sam	pling point locations, tran	sects, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? XYes	Is the Sa	Impled Area	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	cipitation is w	vetter than normal.			

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1			Olalas	Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' radius)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>100</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Asclepias syriaca</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Solidago gigantea</u>	<u>3</u>		FACW	☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>118</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet) Degraded	fresh (wet) n	neadow.	·

Depth	Matrix		I	Redox Feat	ures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-9	10YR 2/1	90	10YR 3/6	10	С	PL M	Clay loam	
9-15	10YR 2/1	65	10YR 5/6	5	С	PL M	Clay loam	
	5GY 6/1	20	7.5YR 3/4	10	С	PL M		
15-18	2.5Y 2.5/1	80	10YR 3/6	15	С	PL M	Clay loam	
			5GY 5/1	5	D	М		
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Stratified Layers (A5) 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Below Dark Thick Dark Surface (A Sandy Mucky Mineral	Surface (.12)	A11)	Loamy Gle Depleted M Redox Da Depleted D	cky Mineral eyed Matrix (Matrix (F3) rk Surface (Dark Surface pressions (F8	F2) F6) (F7)	Other (Explain	Dark Surface (TF12) in Remarks) phytic vegetation and ogy must be present,
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	, ,					Unless disturbe	d or problematic.
	e Layer (if observed):	1						
	e:						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Туре	th (inches):							

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; ch	neck all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)				
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 De	pth (inches):					
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 De	pth (inches):					
	pth (inches): Wetland I	Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌				
(includes capillary fringe)		, , ,				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks:						

WETLAND DET	ERMINATION DAT	A FORM – Midwest Reg	gion
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Page	<u>ddock Lake/Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>16</u>
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	VRPC Section, Town	nship, Range: <u>SE Quarter, Section</u>	<u>n 2, T1N-R20E</u>
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): drainageway	Local relief (co	oncave, convex, none): <u>linear, co</u>	ncave
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Hebron loam (HeB2)</u>			NWI classification: None
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this t	ime of year? Yes 🗌] No 🛛 (If no, explain in Re	emarks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signific	cantly disturbed? Are "N	lormal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	Ily problematic? (If, nee	eded, explain any answers in Rem	narks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sam	pling point locations, tra	nsects, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	J Is the Sa	ampled Area	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	⊠Yes	□No	Is the Sampled Area		-		
Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	□No	within a Wetland?	🛛 Yes	□No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes	□No					
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.							

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>50</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Agrostis gigantea</u>	<u>40</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Rumex crispus</u>	<u>3</u>		FAC	☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>103</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Degraded	fresh (wet) n	neadow.	

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Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	tures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
)-13	2.5Y 3/1	80	10YR 3/6	20	С	PL M	Silty clay loam		
3-21	2.5Y 5/2	60	10YR 4/6	25	С	PL M	Clay loam		
	2.5Y 3/1	15							
	Concentration D=Den	lation D	/=Reduced Matrix, MS	-Maakad S			21 agetion: DI - Dava	Lining M-Motrix	
	Indicators:	ietion, Ri	M=Reduced Matrix, MS	=iviasked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore Indicators for Proble	•	
	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (54)	Coast Prairie R	•	
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	•	,	Dark Surface (()	
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	. ,		Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)		
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	1		Loamy Mu	cky Mineral	(F1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)		
	Stratified Layers (A5)				eyed Matrix (. ,	Other (Explain in Remarks)		
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	•	,	、	,	
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A11)		rk Surface (F6)			
	Thick Dark Surface (A12)		Depleted [Dark Surface	(F7)	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and		
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		Redox De	pressions (Fa	B)	Wetland hydrology must be present,		
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	eat (S3)		-			-	d or problematic.	
	Layer (if observed):	, ,						· ·	
Type:	:						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
	n (inches):								

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; ch	neck all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Surface Water (A1)	□ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots	(C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6	6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	AC-Neutral Test (D5)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 De	pth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 De	pth (inches): <u>16</u>	
	pth (inches): <u>0 (at surface)</u>	etland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🔲
(includes capillary fringe)		
	ell, aerial photos, previous inspections), if availab	ble: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).		
Remarks:		

WETLAND DETE	ERMINATION DATA FORM	– Midwest Region				
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Paddock Lake/I	<u>Kenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>			
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>17</u>			
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEW	<u>RPC</u> Section, Township, Range	e: SE Quarter, Section 2, T1N-	R20E			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope	Local relief (concave, conv	vex, none): <u>linear</u>				
Slope (%): 2-6% Lat: L	_ong:		Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Hebron loam (HeB2)</u>		NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this tin	ne of year? Yes 🗌 No 🖂	(If no, explain in Remarks)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signification	antly disturbed? Are "Normal Circur	mstances" present? Yes 🖂	No 🗌			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally	y problematic? (If, needed, explain	n any answers in Remarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
	Is the Sampled Area	а				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	□Yes	⊠No	Is the Sampled Area	-	_	
Hydric Soils Present?	⊠Yes	□No	within a Wetland?	Yes	⊠No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	□Yes	⊠No				
Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.						

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Deminence Test werderbest
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2			·	That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3			·	Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>33%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2	. <u> </u>			OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Glechoma hederacea</u>	<u>30</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Trifolium pratense</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	□ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5. <u>Taraxacum officinale</u>	<u>8</u>		<u>FACU</u>	 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6. <u>Cerastium fontanum</u>	<u>7</u>		FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7. <u>Plantago major</u>	<u>3</u>		FAC	5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>108</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
	0	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.	-			
	,			

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Depth	Depth Matrix			Redox Features					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-3	10YR 2/1	100					Silt loam		
3-18	10YR 2/1	90	10YR 3/6	10	С	PL M	Clay loam		
18-22	10YR 4/2	70	10YR 5/6	10	С	PL M	Clay loam		
	10YR 3/2	20							
			·						
	Concentration, D=Dep	lation DA	A-Doduced Metrix MC	-Maakad S	and Crains		² Location: PL=Pore L	ining M-Matrix	
21	il Indicators:			-iviaskeu S	Sand Grains		Indicators for Problem	0,	
•	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Cla	eyed Matrix (S	24)	Coast Prairie Re	-	
	()				, · · ·	54)		()	
<u>_</u>	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	. ,		Dark Surface (S	,	
_ <u> </u>	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	. ,				
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))			icky Mineral	. ,	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)		
	Stratified Layers (A5)				eyed Matrix (-2)			
	2 cm Muck (A10)			Depleted N	· · /				
	Depleted Below Dark	•	A11) <u> </u>	_	rk Surface (•			
	Thick Dark Surface (•		•	Dark Surface	. ,	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and		
	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		Redox Dep	pressions (F8	3)	Wetland hydrolo	gy must be present,	
	5 cm Mucky Peat or P	eat (S3)					Unless disturbed	l or problematic.	
Restrictiv	e Layer (if observed):								
Туре	:						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌	
Dept	h (inches):						-		
Remarks:									

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required;	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)					
Surface Water (A1)	□ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
☐ Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)) Dther (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 D	Depth (inches):					
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 D	Depth (inches):					
	Depth (inches): <u>18</u> Wetl	and Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛				
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators obse	erved.					

WETLAND DE	TERMINATION DATA FORM -	 Midwest Region 				
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Paddock Lake/Ke	<u>enosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>			
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00		State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>18</u>			
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SE	WRPC Section, Township, Range:	NE Quarter, Section 11, T1N	<u>N-R20E</u>			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): hillslope (road shoulder)	Local relief (concave, conve	∍x, none): <u>linear</u>				
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u> Lat:	Long:		Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Ozaukee silt loam (OzaB2)</u>		NWI cla	ssification: <u>None</u>			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of year? Yes 🗌 No 🖾	(If no, explain in Remarks)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	icantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circum	istances" present? 🛛 Yes 🖂	No 🗌			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	ally problematic? (If, needed, explain a	any answers in Remarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Io Is the Sampled Area					

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	□Yes □Yes □Yes	⊠No ⊠No ⊠No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	☐ Yes	⊠No	
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pr	ecipitation is	wetter than nor	mal.			

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				· <u> </u>
				FAC species x 3 =
5	0	= Total Cov		FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius)</u>	<u>u</u>			Column Totals: (A) (B)
	<u>90</u>	\boxtimes	UPL	Prevalence Index = B/A = (B)
1. <u>Bromus inermis</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
2. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>10</u>		FACU	
3. <u>Sonchus arvensis</u>	<u>8</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Solidago altissima</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>	 □ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% □ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
5				\square 3 - Prevalence index is $\leq 3.0^{\circ}$ \square 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
····	113	= Total Cov	/er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	<u> </u>			
				Hydrophytic Vegetation
1				Present? Yes No 🛛
2				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Old field.			

SOIL

Depth	Matrix			Redox Fea	tures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
)-12	10YR 3/2	100					Silt loam	with gravel		
12+								Refusal: Gravel fill		
Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, M	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=P	ore Lining, M=Matrix		
lydric Soi	il Indicators:						Indicators for Pro	oblematic Hydric Soils ³ :		
	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (S	64)	Coast Prair	ie Redox (A16)		
	Histic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Red	dox (S5)		Dark Surfac	ce (S7)		
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped N	latrix (S6)		Iron-Manga	anese Masses (F12)		
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mu	icky Mineral (F1)	Very Shallo	w Dark Surface (TF12)		
	Stratified Layers (A5)			Loamy Gle	eyed Matrix (F	-2)	Other (Explain in Remarks)			
	2 cm Muck (A10)			_ ·	Matrix (F3)	,	、、	,		
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A1	1) 🗌	 Redox Dai	rk Surface (F	6)				
	Thick Dark Surface (A	•		_	Dark Surface	,	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and			
$\overline{\Box}$	Sandy Mucky Mineral	, (S1)		Redox De	pressions (F8	3)	,	drology must be present.		
	5 cm Mucky Peat or F	. ,		_ '		/		urbed or problematic.		
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed)									
Туре	: Gravel fill						Hydric Soil Prese	ent? Yes 🗌 No 🖂		
Dept	h (inches): 12									
Remarks [.]	No hydric soil indica	tors obser	ved.							

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:							
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)						
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)						
U Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living	Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	oils (C6)						
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)							
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Other (Explain in Remarks)							
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):							
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):							
Saturation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂						
(includes capillary fringe)							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils							
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).							
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.							

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Midwest Region							
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: Village of Paddock Lake/Kenosha C	ounty Sampling Date: 6-17-2020					
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00	Stat	e: <u>WI</u> Sampling Point: <u>19</u>					
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and Shane Heyel: SEV	WRPC Section, Township, Range: <u>NE Quar</u>	ter, Section 11, T1N-R20E					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): drainageway	Local relief (concave, convex, none):	linear, concave					
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u> Lat:	Long:	Datum:					
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee silt loam (OzaB2)		NWI classification: <u>S3/E2K</u>					
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of year? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 (If no, exp	plain in Remarks)					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology signifi	icantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances"	present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology natura	ally problematic? (If, needed, explain any answ	ers in Remarks.)					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sar	npling point locations, transects, important feat	ures, etc.					
	Is the Sampled Area						

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soils Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes ⊠Yes ⊠Yes	□No □No □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	⊠ Yes	□No				
Remarks: 90-day antecedent pre	Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal. Storm sewer discharge just above this sample site.								

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
4	% Cover	Species? □	Status	
1				Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
2				,
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
4				
5		□ = Total Cov		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100% (</u> A/B)
	<u>0</u>			Prevalence Index worksheet:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)		_		
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Typha angustifolia</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
 <u>Typha angustifolia</u> <u>Bromus inermis</u> 	<u>60</u> <u>10</u>		<u>obl</u> Upl	
				 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
3. <u>Bromus inermis</u>	<u>10</u>		UPL	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
 <u>Bromus inermis</u> <u>Cirsium arvense</u> 	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 <u>Bromus inermis</u> <u>Cirsium arvense</u> <u>Rumex crispus</u> 	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
 Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Rumex crispus 	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3. Bromus inermis 4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u> 5. <u>Rumex crispus</u> 6 7 8	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3. Bromus inermis 4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u> 5. <u>Rumex crispus</u> 6 7 8	<u>10</u> 5		<u>UPL</u> FACU FAC	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> <u>5</u> 		<u>UPL</u> FACU FAC	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> <u>5</u> 	□ □ □ □ □ □ = Total Cov	<u>UPL</u> FACU FAC	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> <u>5</u> 	□ □ □ □ □ = Total Cov	<u>UPL</u> FACU FAC	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> <u>5</u> 	□ □ □ □ □ □ = Total Cov	UPL <u>FACU</u> <u>FAC</u> 	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation
3. Bromus inermis 4. Cirsium arvense 5. Rumex crispus 6	<u>10</u> <u>5</u> <u></u> <u></u> <u>140</u> <u>0</u>	□ □ □ □ □ = Total Cov	UPL FACU FAC 	 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must Be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No □

SOIL

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	ures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
							2			
	Concentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore L	U .		
-	Indicators:		_	Candy Cla	und Matrix (C	• 4)	Indicators for Problem	•		
	listosol (A1) listic Epipedon (A2)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (S	94)	Coast Prairie Re	· · · ·		
	Black Histic (A3)			Stripped M	. ,		Dark Surface (S7)			
	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				cky Mineral (Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)			
	•••		<u> </u>	_ ·	•	,	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	Stratified Layers (A5)				eyed Matrix (F	-2)	Other (Explain	in Remarks)		
	2 cm Muck (A10)			_Depleted N	· · ·	2)				
	Depleted Below Dark S		1) <u> </u>		k Surface (F	,				
	Thick Dark Surface (A	,		•	Dark Surface	()	³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and			
<u> </u>	Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)		_Redox Dep	pressions (F8	5)	Wetland hydrolog	gy must be present,		
5	5 cm Mucky Peat or Pe	eat (S3)					Unless disturbed	or problematic.		
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):									
Type:							Hydric Soil Present?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌		
Depth	(inches):									
Remarks [.] S	oils inundated with	7 inches of	of water, hydric by	definition	- Criteria 3					

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; c	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)					
⊠ Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
☐ Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	(C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	Other (Explain in Remarks)					
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 De	Depth (inches): <u>7</u>					
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 De	Depth (inches):					
	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌				
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils						
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).						
Remarks:						

W	ETLAND DETERMINATIO	ON DATA FORM – Midwest Re	gion			
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstruction	City/County: <u>Vil</u>	lage of Paddock Lake/Kenosha County	Samp	oling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>		
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID: 1310-04-0	<u>0</u>	State: <u>WI</u>	Samp	oling Point: <u>20</u>		
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jen Dietl, and	Shane Heyel: SEWRPC See	ction, Township, Range: <u>SE Quarter Section</u>	n 2, T1N-R20E			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): constr	ucted roadside ditch Loc	al relief (concave, convex, none): <u>linear, co</u>	oncave			
Slope (%): 2-6% Lat:	Long:		Datur	n:		
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee silt loam (<u>OzaB)</u>		NWI classification	on: <u>None</u>		
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the	site typical for this time of year?	Yes 🔲 No 🛛 (If no, explain in Re	emarks)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydr	ology significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" present?	Yes 🖂	No 🗌		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydr	ology naturally problematic?	(If, needed, explain any answers in Rer	narks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
Hydric Soils Present?]Yes □No]Yes □No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes	□No		

Wetland Hydrology Present?	⊠Yes	□No			
Remarks: 90-day antecedent p	precipitation is	wetter than nor	mal.		

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2	· <u> </u>			That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: $1(A)$
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3				FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	UPL species x 5 =
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. Phalaris arundinacea	<u>100</u>	\boxtimes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>15</u>		FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3				☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>115</u>	= Total Cov	ver	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes No
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Degraded	fresh (wet) m	neadow.	

SOIL

Sampling Point: 20

Depth	Matrix			Redox Feat	ures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
)-18	2.5Y 4/1	85	7.5YR 4/6	15	С	PL M	Silt loam		
							-		
Гуре: С=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	I=Reduced Matrix, MS	=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Pore	Lining, M=Matrix	
lydric Soi	il Indicators:						Indicators for Proble	matic Hydric Soils ³ :	
	Histosol (A1)			Sandy Gle	yed Matrix (S	64)	🔲 Coast Prairie R	edox (A16)	
Histic Epipedon (A2)				Sandy Redox (S5)			Dark Surface (S7)		
Black Histic (A3)				Stripped Matrix (S6)			Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)		
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)				ark Surface (TF12)	
Stratified Layers (A5)				Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain	in Remarks)	
	2 cm Muck (A10)		\boxtimes	Depleted	Matrix (F3)				
	Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A	A11)	Redox Dar	k Surface (F	5)			
Thick Dark Surface (A12)				Depleted Dark Surface (F7)			³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and Wetland hydrology must be present,		
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Redox Depressions (F8))				
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)						d or problematic.			
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):								
Туре:					Hydric Soil Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌				
Dept	h (inches):								
Remarks:									

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:								
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)								
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Saturation (A3)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)						
Water marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	(C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)						
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Gauge or Well Data (D9)							
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)) Other (Explain in Remarks)							
Field Observations:								
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖾 D	Depth (inches):							
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 D	Depth (inches):							
Saturation Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌 D	Depth (inches): <u>0 (at surface)</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🛛 No 🗌						
(includes capillary fringe)	(includes capillary fringe)							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils								
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).								
Remarks: Saturation (A3) indicator does not apply since a water table was not observed below.								

	WETLAND DE	ETERMINATIO	N DATA FORM	 Midwest Region 			
Project/Site: STH 50 Reconstr	<u>uction</u>	City/County: Villa	<u>ge of Paddock Lake/K</u>	<u> Cenosha County</u>	Sampling Date: <u>6-17-2020</u>		
Applicant/Owner: WisDOT ID:	1310-04-00			State: <u>WI</u>	Sampling Point: <u>21</u>		
Investigator(s): Chris Jors, Jer	<u>ı Dietl, and Shane Heyel: S</u>	EWRPC Secti	on, Township, Range:	SE Quarter, Section 2, T	IN-R20E		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, et	c.): hillslope (road shoulde	<u>r)</u> Local	relief (concave, conv	ex, none): <u>linear</u>			
Slope (%): <u>2-6%</u>	Lat:	Long:			Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: Ozaukee	<u>; silt loam (OzaB)</u>			NWI	classification: None		
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 (If no, explain in Remarks)							
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology sigr	ificantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circum	nstances" present? Yes	No 🗌		
Are Vegetation, Soil	_, or Hydrology nati	urally problematic?	(If, needed, explain	any answers in Remarks.))		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Prese Hydric Soils Present?			Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	☐ Yes	⊠No		

VEGETATION - Use	scientific names of	plants.

□Yes

Remarks: 90-day antecedent precipitation is wetter than normal.

⊠No

Wetland Hydrology Present?

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30' radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2				That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	ver	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2				OBL species x 1 =
3			. <u> </u>	FACW species x 2 =
4				FAC species x 3 =
5				FACU species x 4 =
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	ver	UPL species x 5 =
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5' radius</u>)				Column Totals: (A) (B)
1. <u>Poa pratensis</u>	<u>60</u>	\boxtimes	FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A =
2. <u>Hemerocallis fulva</u>	<u>25</u>	\boxtimes	UPL	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Schedonorus arundinaceus</u>	<u>20</u>		FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	<u>5</u>		FACU	☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
5				 ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting
6				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8				
9				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
10				Be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
	<u>110</u>	= Total Cov	ver	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30' radius</u>)				Hydrophytic
1				Vegetation
2				Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cov	ver	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.) Mowed old	d field.		

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Depth	Matrix			Redox Features					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-5	10YR 3/2	100					Silt loam		
5-10	10YR 3/1	90	10YR 4/6	10	С	PL M	Silty clay loam		
10-14	10YR 4/2	80	10YR 4/6	20	С	PL M	Clay loam		
14+								Refusal: Gravel fill	
¹ Type: C=	Concentration, D=Dep	letion, RN	/I=Reduced Matrix, M	S=Masked S	and Grains		² Location: PL=Por	e Lining, M=Matrix	
	il Indicators:							lematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
Histosol (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4				S4)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16)				
Histic Epipedon (A2)				Sandy Red	dox (S5)		Dark Surface (S7)		
Black Histic (A3)				Stripped N	latrix (S6)		Iron-Mangan	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)			Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)		
Stratified Layers (A5)				Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain in Remarks)		
2 cm Muck (A10)				Depleted N	Matrix (F3)	,	、 、	·	
				 Redox Da	rk Surface (F6)			
Thick Dark Surface (A12)				Depleted Dark Surface (F7)			³ Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and Wetland hydrology must be present,		
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)				Redox Depressions (F8)					
\Box 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3)					· · ·	,	-	bed or problematic.	
Restrictive	e Layer (if observed):								
Type: <u>Gravel fill</u>						Hydric Soil Presen	t? Yes 🛛 No 🗌		
Depth (inches): <u>14</u>									
Remarks:	· · · <u>·</u>								

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:								
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)								
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves	(B9) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)							
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10)							
Saturation (A3) True Aquatic Plants (E	14) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)							
U Water marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odo	r (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)							
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizosphere	s on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)							
Drift Deposits (B3)	Iron (C4)							
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	in Tilled Soils (C6)							
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C	7) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)							
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Gauge or Well Data (E	9)							
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Dother (Explain in Rem	arks)							
Field Observations:								
Surface Water Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches):								
Water Table Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches):								
Saturation Present? Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🗌 No 🖂							
(includes capillary fringe)								
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Topo Maps (Exhibit 1), WWI Map (Exhibit 2), Soils								
Map (Exhibit 3), and Aerial photos (Exhibit 4).								
Remarks: No wetland hydrology indicators observed.								

Exhibit 11. Site Photos

STH 50 Reconstruction – WisDOT ID: 1310-04-00 1300 feet West of 256th Avenue to 2000 feet East of 236th Avenue Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, and 12, T1N-R20E Villages of Salem Lakes and Paddock Lake, Kenosha County

Photo 1. West view, upland sample site 1, old field (right shovel), and wetland sample site 2, PCA 1, degraded fresh (wet) meadow within a constructed roadside ditch (left shovel).



Photo 2. East view, wetland sample site 3, PCA 1, shallow marsh in a constructed roadside ditch (left shovel, as indicated by red arrow), and upland sample site 4, recently mowed old field (right shovel).



Photo 3. Upland sample site 5, mowed old field (front shovel), and wetland sample site 6, PCA 2, shallow marsh (rear shovel).



Photo 4. South view, upland sample sites 7, mowed old field, and 9, old field (front and rear shovels, respectively). Wetland sample site 8, PCA 2, degraded fresh (wet) meadow within a narrow, constructed ditch is at the soil probe in between, indicated with the red arrow).



Photo 5. NW view, wetland sample site 10, PCA 3, atypical (mowed) wetland in a constructed roadside ditch (rear shovel), and upland sample site 11, mowed lawn (front shovel).



Photo 6. Wetland sample site 12, PCA 4, fresh (wet) meadow along a drainageway channel (front), and upland sample site 13, undifferentiated hardwoods (rear). Sample sites are just "downstream" of the steep rip-rapped drainageway, shown below in Photos 20 and 21.



Photo 7. South view, upland sample site 14, old field (front shovel), and wetland sample site 15, PCA 5, degraded fresh (wet) meadow along the edge of a constructed pond (rear shovel, indicated by red arrow).



Photo 8. North view, wetland sample site 16, PCA 6, degraded fresh (wet) meadow associated with a drainageway connected to Paddock Lake (rear), and upland sample site 17, mowed lawn (front).



Photo 9. South view, upland sample site 18, old field (front), and wetland sample site 19, PCA 7, shallow marsh and degraded fresh (wet) meadow (rear). A storm sewer culvert discharges in between these sample sites.



Photo 10. West view, wetland sample site 20, PCA 8, degraded fresh (wet) meadow in a constructed roadside ditch (right), and upland sample site 21, mowed old field (left).



Photo 11. West view, north side of STH 50 - staked wet ditch, PCA 1, partially mowed.



Photo 12. West view, staked wetland, PCA 2, including sample site 6. Image shows mowed fresh (wet) meadow with shallow marsh starting at the toe of the roadway embankment.



Photo 13. East view, staked narrow wet ditch portion of PCA 2, near sample site 8.



Photo 14. East view, staked portion of wetland PCA 2, at the SW corner of STH 50 and 256th Avenue.



Photo 15. South view of a constructed wet ditch, PCA 3, near the SE corner of STH 50 and 256th Avenue.



Photo 16. West view of a constructed wet ditch, PCA 3, including sample site 10, at the SE corner of STH 50 and 256th Avenue.



Photo 17. East view with storm sewer inlet at the SE corner of STH 50 and 256th Avenue.



Photo 18. South view of upland along the east side of STH 75/83 with the STH 50 intersection in the background.



Photo 19. East view of a dry drainageway that starts near the NE corner of STH 50 and STH 75/83. The "receiving" WWI-mapped E1Hx wetland in the background lies just outside the project area.



Photo 20. East view, top of steep rip-rap-lined channel near the SE corner of STH 50 and STH 75/83.





Photo 21. West/upstream view of steep rip-rap-lined drainageway channel near sample site 12, PCA 4.

Photo 22. NW view of a dry ditch along the west side of STH 75/83 at the south end of the project area.



Photo 23. East view of upland at the NE corner of STH 50 and 250th Avenue.



Photo 24. South view of school entry opposite 248th Avenue. The mapped depression on the right is well-drained via storm sewer.



Photo 25. West view, wetland PCA 5, including sample site 15. Note the substantial rise in elevation. between the pond and STH 50 in the upper right.



Photo 26. NE view of staked wetland, PCA 6, including sample site 16. The drainageway in the background connects to Paddock Lake. The photo was taken near the culvert that flows underneath STH 50



Photo 27. West view, south side of STH 50, with storm sewer inlet near sample sites 18 and 19.



Photo 28. South view toward staked wetland, PCA 7, including sample site 19.



Photo 29. Smaller storm sewer discharge about 525 feet east of sample site 19. The beginning of a small drainageway wetland was staked at this location.



Photo 30. East view of STH 50 median near the east end of the project area. Most of the median is dry, and the wet spot shown in this image is 'too small to delineate'.



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