## **HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL**

Proposal Number: 3

Wisconsin Department of Transportation DT1502 10/2010 s.66.29(7) Wis. Stats.

COUNTY STATE PROJECT ID FEDERAL PROJECT ID PROJECT DESCRIPTION HIGHWAY

Juneau, Adams 1430-01-73

WISC 2017 537

Point Bluff Bridge Wisconsin River Bri B-29-141,-148 **STH 82** 

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

Proposal Guaranty Required, \$ 510,000.00 Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation	Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE.
Bid Submittal Due	Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code
Date: November 14, 2017 Time (Local Time): 9:00 AM	SAMPLE
Contract Completion Time	NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES
October 31, 2019	
Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 8%	This contract is exempt from federal oversight.

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when s	submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this date		
(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Bidder Signature)	
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin)	(Print or Type Bidder Name)	
(Date Commission Expires)	(Bidder Title)	
Notary Seal  For Department U	lse Only	

Type of Work

Two bridge structures, earth excavation, rock excavation, milling, base aggregate dense, concrete curb and gutter, HMA pavement, pavement marking, permanent signing.

Notice of Award Dated Date Guaranty Returned

# PLEASE ATTACH PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE

### **Effective with November 2007 Letting**

## PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and all plans and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

## **Effective with August 2015 Letting**

# BID PREPARATION

### **Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items**

#### A General

- Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:
  - 1. Electronic bid on the internet.
  - 2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
  - 3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
- (2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.
- (3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at: <a href="http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx">http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx</a>

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 P.M. local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 P.M. local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid Express<sup>TM</sup> on-line bidding exchange at <a href="http://www.bidx.com/after 5:00 P.M.">http://www.bidx.com/after 5:00 P.M.</a> local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (\*.ebs or \*.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

(4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid Express<sup>TM</sup> on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc. 5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235 Gainesville, FL 32608-5371 email: mailto:customer.support@bidx.com

- (5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.
- (6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

  <a href="http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx">http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx</a>

or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the departments web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, Room 601, 4802 Sheboygan Avenue, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.

Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

#### **B Submitting Electronic Bids**

#### **B.1** On the Internet

- (1) Do the following before submitting the bid:
  - 1. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
  - 2. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.
- (2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:
  - 1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid Express web site.
  - 2. Use Expedite<sup>TM</sup> software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
  - 3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of Expedite<sup>TM</sup> software and the Bid Express<sup>TM</sup> web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid.
  - 4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.
  - 5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.
- (3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

#### B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

(1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid Express<sup>TM</sup> web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

Use Expedite TM software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid Express Meb site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.

(2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the Expedite<sup>TM</sup> generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal not in the sealed bid envelop but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the Expedite<sup>TM</sup> generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

**Bidder** 

Name

**BN00** 

Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

- (3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.
- (4) The bidder-submitted printout of the Expedite<sup>TM</sup> generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

- (5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
  - 1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the Expedite<sup>TM</sup> generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
  - The check code printed on the printout of the Expedite<sup>TM</sup> generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
  - 3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

#### C Waiver of Electronic Submittal

- (1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.
- (2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a \$75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."
- (3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
  - 1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
  - 2. The bidder fails to pay the \$75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the \$75.
  - 3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.
- (4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

#### PROPOSAL BID BOND

DT1303 1/2006

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Proposal Number	Project Number		Letting Date
Name of Principal			
Name of Surety		State in Which Surety is	Organized

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the payment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department of Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal Number and Letting Date indicated above.

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation within 10 business days of demand a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: **(DATE MUST BE ENTERED)** 

#### **PRINCIPAL**

(Company Name) (Affix C	orporate Seal)		
(Signature and Title)			
(Company Name)			
(Signature and Title)			
(Company Name)			
(Signature and Title)		(Name of Surety) (Affix Seal)	
(Company Name)		(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)	
(Signature and Title)			
NOTARY FOR PRINCIPAL		NOTARY FOR SURETY	
	(Date)	(Date)	)
State of Wisconsin	)	State of Wisconsin	)
	) ss. County )	(	) ss. County )
On the above date, this instrunamed person(s).	ument was acknowledged before me by the	On the above date, this instrument was named person(s).	acknowledged before me by the
(Signature, Note	ary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Signature, Notary Public,	State of Wisconsin)
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)		(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	
(Date	Commission Expires)	(Date Commission	on Expires)

Notary Seal Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

## **CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND**

DT1305 8/2003

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Time Period Valid (	(From/To)
Name of Surety	
Name of Contracto	ır
Certificate Holder	Wisconsin Department of Transportation
	y that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the partment of Transportation.
	is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder amend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond.
Cancellation:	Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above.
	(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative) (Date

#### March 2010

#### LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

Name of Subcontractor	Class of Work	<b>Estimated Value</b>
-		

#### **DECEMBER 2000**

# CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

## **Instructions for Certification**

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.
- 4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.
- 7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR-1273 "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without

modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

- 8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).
- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions

- (1) The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
  - (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
  - (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;
  - (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
  - (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- (2) Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

# **Special Provisions**

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#### **SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

#### 1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for Project 1430-01-73, Point Bluff Bridge, Wisconsin River Bri B-29-141,-148, STH 82, Juneau & Adams Counties, Wisconsin as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2017 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system.

100-005 (20161130)

## 2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract shall consist of grading, rock excavation, embankment, base aggregate dense, HMA pavement, removing buildings, removing old bridge, removing old box culvert, Structure B-29-141 over the Wisconsin River, Structure B-29-148 over an unnamed tributary, concrete corrugated median, concrete curb and gutter, MGS guardrail, drainage, restoration, erosion control, traffic control, and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract. 104-005 (20090901)

# 3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within ten calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the start date to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within ten calendar days before the approved start date.

To revise the start date, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the intended start date. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

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### **Roadway Staging**

### Stage 1

This stage consists of realigning CTH Z. Major items of work include excavation and grading, rock excavation, base aggregate, paving and finishing. CTH Z shall be closed to through traffic between Fern Avenue and STH 82 for a maximum period of three weeks, with a signed detour route provided. Local traffic on CTH Z shall remain open at all times. Stage 1 and Stage 2 may occur during the same time.

### Stage 2

This stage consists of constructing the sections of STH 82 that are off of the existing alignment. Major items of work include excavation and grading, temporary concrete barrier, rock excavation, base aggregate, guardrail, paving, and finishing.

Lighting in the southeast quadrant of CTH HH shall be installed and powered within 10 working days of removing power to the existing lights.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway. Both lanes shall be closed during blasting operations.

## Stage 3

This stage consists of temporarily widening the north side of STH 82 so that traffic can be shifted in Stage 4. Major items of work include grading and paving.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway.

#### Stage 4

This stage consists of reconstructing the eastbound existing roadway and placing the first lift of HMA of three lifts that are proposed. A combination of 'Mill and Relay' and Full Depth Reconstruction shall reconstruct the eastbound lanes of STH 82. Major items of work include excavation and grading, base aggregate, guardrail, paving, mill and relay, temporary barrier wall, corrugated median, and finishing. CTH HH shall be closed to through traffic between Station 7'HH'+00 and 10'HH'+00 for a maximum of seven calendar days with a signed detour route provided.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway. Flagging shall move traffic bi-directionally on the existing westbound lanes that were widened in Stage 3. Prior to starting Stage 4, Stage 2 grading and base aggregate dense must be placed from Station 480+00 to Station 514+00. The entire corrugated median shall be constructed in Stage 4. There shall be 4 feet from the edge of the overnight eastbound lane to the north side of the corrugated median.

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## Stages 5A and 5B

This stage consists of reconstructing the westbound existing roadway and areas between the north edge of the corrugated median and the south side of the temporary barrier wall. The first of three HMA lifts that are proposed shall be placed in this stage. A combination of 'Mill and Relay' and Full Depth Reconstruction shall reconstruct the westbound lanes of STH 82. Major items of work include excavation and grading, base aggregate, guardrail, paving, mill and relay, and corrugated concrete median.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway. Flagging shall move traffic bi-directionally on the widened westbound lanes that were used in Stage 4 for Stage 5A. Flagging shall move traffic bi-directionally on the proposed eastbound lanes that were completed in Stages 4 and 5A.

### Stage 6

This stage consists of placing the middle and top lifts of HMA for the eastbound lanes. Major items of work include paving, pavement marking, base aggregate shoulder gravel, and finishing.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway. Flagging shall move traffic bi-directionally onto the first lift of HMA and in the same configuration as Stage 4.

#### Stage 7

This stage consists of placing the middle and top lifts of HMA for the westbound lanes. Major items of work include paving, pavement marking, base aggregate shoulder gravel, and finishing.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway. Flagging shall move traffic bi-directionally onto the first lift of HMA and in the same configuration as Stage 5B.

#### Stage 8

This stage consists of removal and grading of the remaining existing roadway. Major items of work include excavation, grading, and landscaping. CTH Z shall be closed to through traffic between Sta 10'Z'+00 and 11'Z'+50 for a maximum of seven calendar days, with a signed detour route provided. Local traffic on CTH Z shall remain open at all times.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway.

## **Bridge Staging**

#### STH 82 Bridge over unnamed tributary

The new bridge (B-29-148) is located south of the existing 12' x 10' single cell concrete box culvert (C-29-17) over an unnamed tributary to the Wisconsin River. The existing box culvert shall remain in service during construction. The new bridge shall be constructed

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during Roadway Stages 2 through 7. Removal of the existing box culvert shall occur during Roadway Stage 8.

#### STH 82 Bridge over the Wisconsin River

The new bridge (B-29-141) is located south of the existing Point Bluff Bridge (B-29-11) over the Wisconsin River. The existing bridge shall remain in service during construction. The new bridge shall be constructed during Roadway Stages 2 through 7. Removal of the existing bridge shall occur during Roadway Stage 8.

New girders are expected to be delivered to the existing bridge and require a single lane closure. During girder placement, and some bridge removal operations, both lanes of traffic shall be closed.

Single lane closures shall be utilized for trucks entering or exiting the work zone and for work operations close to the existing roadway.

## **Migratory Birds**

Swallow and other migratory birds' nests have been observed on or under the existing bridge. All active nests (when eggs or young are present) of migratory birds are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

The nesting season for swallows and other birds is usually between May 1 and August 30. Either prevent active nests from becoming established, or apply for a depredation permit from the US Fish and Wildlife Service for work that may disturb or destroy active nests. The need for a permit may be avoided by removing the existing bridge structure prior to nest occupation by birds, or clearing nests from all structures before the nests become active in early spring. As a last resort, prevent birds from nesting by installing a suitable netting device on the remaining structure prior to nesting activity. Include the cost for preventing nesting in the cost of Removing Old Structure Over Waterway with Minimal Debris.

## **Northern Long-eared Bat** (*Myotis septentrionalis*)

Northern Long-eared Bats (NLEB) have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees. Roosts have been identified within 150 feet of the project limits. The species and all active roosts are protected by the Federal Endangered Species Act. If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

To avoid adverse impacts upon the NLEBs, no Clearing is allowed between June 1 and July 31, both dates inclusive.

If the required Clearing is not completed by May 31, the department will suspend all clearing and associated work directly impacted by Clearing. The department will issue a notice to proceed with Clearing and associated work directly impacted by clearing after consulting with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS).

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Submit a schedule and description of Clearing operations with the ECIP 14 days prior to any Clearing operations. The department will determine, based on schedule and scope of work, what additional erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to the start of Clearing operations, and list those additional measures in the ECIP.

## **Wood and Blanding's Turtles**

If construction occurs between March 15 and October 31, turtle exclusion fencing (Silt Fence) shall be installed prior to construction using WDNR protocols to prevent the migration of the endangered wood and Blanding's turtles into the project area.

If turtles are found in the construction area during construction, they shall be relocated to a safe location. If nesting turtles are found, the nest site shall be encircled with orange temporary construction fencing to protect the nest site from construction equipment. The WDNR shall be notified if any wood turtle or Blanding's turtle is observed within the project area.

#### **Historic Resources**

A historic property is located northeast of the STH 82 and CTH Z intersection approximately between Station 552+50 and Station 556+00. Construction for the realignment of the STH 82 and CTH Z must not encroach more than 40 feet west of the boundary and 10 feet south of the boundary. The driveway to the property with the historic site is to be realigned from STH 82 to CTH Z. Work for the realignment of the driveway shall remain within the temporary limited easement provided as part of this project.

## 4. Traffic.

The following is a general overview of the traffic control and staging required throughout all stages of the project. The staging requirements are described further in the Prosecution and Progress article of these special provisions.

Accomplish the construction sequence, including the associated traffic control, as detailed in the Traffic Control plan sheets and as described herein.

Do not begin or continue any work that closes traffic lanes outside the allowed time periods specified in this article.

Use drums, concrete barrier temporary precast, barricades, and flexible tubular markers to direct vehicular traffic in the work zone and to protect and delineate hazards such as open excavations and abrupt drop-offs.

Do not leave any slopes steeper than 3:1 within the clear zone or any drop offs at the edge of the traveled way greater than 3 inches which are not protected by temporary precast barrier.

Temporary pavement marking must be placed on asphalt prior to opening to traffic in both lanes each night. Lane closures may not exceed one mile. Stagger operations so that lane closures are less than one mile.

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Place roadway signing and roadway temporary pavement marking as detailed in the plans and in conformance to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), latest edition. Traffic control shall be completely in place before traffic is switched, or as directed by the engineer.

Any traffic control device that is hit or moved out of place shall be replaced in the proper location within two hours of the engineer notifying the contractor of the problem.

Do not deliver or store materials and equipment within open travel lanes or open side roads during any stage of construction. Conduct operations in a manner that will cause the least interference to traffic.

Maintain a minimum lane width of 11 feet on STH 82. Maintain a minimum lane width of 11 feet on CTH Z and CTH HH (when not closed).

#### **Lane and Shoulder Closures**

Lane closures are permitted from 6:00 AM Monday – 12:00 PM Friday during daytime hours only. At the end of each day of daytime construction the roadway must be opened up to two lanes of traffic.

Both single lane and full roadway closures shall be established with flaggers. Flaggers shall also be stationed on CTH Z and CTH HH when those intersections are within the work zone.

At least one lane of traffic shall be maintained during most operations along STH 82. For any necessary blasting and bridge girder placement, both lanes of traffic shall be closed for a maximum of 15 minutes. Blasting hours shall be limited to the hours between 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM to avoid peak hour traffic. PCMS signs shall be used to inform drivers that blasting is being performed or that traffic is stopped during girder installation. The queue shall be allowed to clear before another full closure is put in place.

#### **Detour**

CTH Z shall be closed to through traffic between Fern Avenue and STH 82 during Stage 1. The signed detour route shall direct traffic around the project area using CTH Z, STH 13, and STH 82. Adams County (CTH Z and CTH HH) and the contractor (STH 13 and STH 82) will be installing and maintaining the detour route.

Access to the Point Bluff Resort shall be maintained from STH 82 along the existing alignment of CTH Z.

CTH HH shall be closed for a maximum of 7 calendar days during Stage 4, to reconstruct STH 82 intersection area. The signed detour route shall direct traffic around the project area using CTH HH, IH 90/94, and STH 82. The contractor shall install and maintain this detour route.

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CTH Z shall be closed to through traffic at the intersection of STH 82 to driveway 'DE' during Stage 8 for a maximum of 7 calendar days. The signed detour route shall direct traffic around the project area using CTH Z, CTH HH, STH 13, and STH 82. Adams County (CTH Z and CTH HH) and the contractor (STH 13 and STH 82) will be installing and maintaining the detour route.

Access to the Point Bluff Resort shall be maintained from CTH Z.

## **Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification**

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16')	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	7 calendar days
Full roadway closures	7 calendar days
Ramp closures	7 calendar days
Detours	7 calendar days
Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction ≥16')	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	3 business days
Ramp closures	3 business days
Modifying all closure types	3 business days

Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date. stp-108-057 (20161130)

# 5. Holiday Work Restrictions.

Do not perform work on, nor haul materials of any kind along or across any portion of the highway carrying STH 82, CTH Z, or CTH HH traffic, and entirely clear the traveled way and shoulders of such portions of the highway of equipment, barricades, signs, lights, and any other material that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday periods:

- From noon Friday, March 30, 2018 to 6:00 AM Monday, April 2, 2018 for Easter;
- From noon Friday, May 25, 2018 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 29, 2018 for Memorial Day;

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- Wednesday, July 4, 2018\* for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, August 31, 2018 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 4, 2018 for Labor Day;
- From noon Friday, April 19, 2019 to 6:00 AM Monday, April 22, 2019 for Easter;
- From noon Friday, May 24, 2019 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 28, 2019 for Memorial Day;
- From noon Wednesday, July 3, 2019 to 6:00 AM Monday, July 8, 2019 for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, August 30, 2019 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 3, 2019 for Labor Day.

\*Maintain two lanes of traffic from Saturday, June 30, 2018 through Tuesday, July 3, 2018 and from Thursday, July 5, 2018 through Sunday, July 8, 2018.

Winter shutdown is anticipated between November 2018 and April 2019.

## 6. Utilities.

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220. stp-107-065 (20080501)

There are several known underground and overhead facilities located within the project limits. There are known utility adjustments required for the construction project as noted below. Coordinate construction activities with a call to Diggers Hotline or a direct call to the utilities that have facilities in the area as required per statutes. Use caution to ensure integrity of underground facilities and maintain code clearance from overhead facilities. Adjustments in the location of certain items may be necessary as directed by the engineer, when it becomes evident that a utility conflict could occur.

**Adams-Columbia Electric Cooperative** has electric facilities within the project limits at the following locations:

Existing overhead electric facilities are located along the east right-of-way along CTH Z with multiple overhead service crossings. The existing overhead electric is also located along the north right-of-way of STH 82 from approximately Station 549+00 to Station 553+00. The overhead electric crosses STH 82 near Station 549+00 and continues easterly along STH 82 beyond the existing south right-of-way from approximately Station 549+00 to Station 578+50. The existing overhead is located within the existing STH 82 right-of-way from approximately Station 578+50 to Station 583+00, crossing the roadway near Station 581+50.

Existing overhead lines and poles will be removed along the north side of STH 82 and east side of the existing CTH Z alignment. New underground electric will be plowed in along the new east right-of-way along the new CTH Z from approximately Station 11+50'Z' to Station 34+00'Z'. The new underground electric will cross CTH Z near Station 25'Z'

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and continue approximately 500 feet south and 600 feet north along the existing west right-of-way for CTH Z. A new underground cable will be placed from a new pole located at Station 554+00RT to a new pedestal located at Station 550+00 RT. New underground electric will serve a new wood light pole with a 16-foot mast arm in the northwest quadrant of the STH 82/CTH Z intersection. Various new pedestals will be installed as needed for the relocations. The new underground facilities will be located on average 2 feet off the new right-of-way line and will be buried a minimum of 48 inches deep. This work is expected to be completed prior to construction.

The field contact is:

Jon Trzesniak P.O. Box 70 Friendship, WI 53934 (800) 831-8629 Ext. 244 jtrzesniak@acecwi.com

**Frontier Communications** has communication facilities within the project limits at the following locations:

Existing underground communication facilities are located along the STH 82 south right-of-way from approximately Station 480+00 to Station 501+50 and along the CTH HH west right-of-way from approximately Station 10+50'HH' to Station 15+00'HH', along CTH Z existing west right-of-way (including services to Point Bluff Resort) south of Station 25+00'Z' and along the north right-of-way along STH 82 from approximately Station 547+00 to Station 551+50. The facilities cross STH 82 near Station 551+50 and continue to the east beyond the existing right-of-way. Additional facilities are located within the STH 82 south right-of-way from approximately Station 579+00 to Station 594+00 and also cross STH 82 near Station 587+00.

Frontier Communications will place an underground cable starting at an existing pedestal at Station 587+00RT and will be directional boring at 48-inch depth, cable crossing under STH 82 to an existing pedestal near the left right-of-way. Then directional boring a new cable going west at 1-foot off the right-of-way from Station 587+00LT to Station 551+50LT. The cable will continue north along the new CTH Z alignment following the eastern right-of-way to approximately Station 25+25'Z' and crossing CTH Z to an existing pedestal on the west side. This work is expected to be completed prior to construction.

The field contact is:

Jerry Moore 2222 West Wisconsin Street Portage, WI 53901 (608) 742-9507 jerald.r.moore@ftr.com

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**Marquette Adams Telephone Coop** has fiber optic facilities within the project limits at the following locations:

Existing underground facilities are located north of STH 82 from east of the project limits to the driveway at Station 587+00.

No conflict or relocation is anticipated.

The field contact is:

Jason Sengbusch 113 N Oxford Street Oxford, WI 53952 (608) 586-7070 jsengbusch@maadtelco.com

**Oakdale Electric Cooperative** has electric facilities within the project limits at the following locations:

Existing underground electric facilities are located beyond the existing STH 82 south right-of-way from approximately Station 477+00 to Station 487+50, along the east CTH HH right-of-way from approximately Station 10+50'HH' to Station 15+00'HH', crosses CTH HH near Station 10+10'HH' and crosses STH 82 near Station 501+50.

The existing facility in conflict will be relocated to the edge of STH 82 and CTH HH right-of-way in the southeast quadrant of the intersection. Approximately 45 feet of old cable will be discontinued in this location. This work is expected to be completed prior to construction.

The field contact is:

Roy L. Boyles P.O. Box 128 Oakdale, WI 54649 (608) 372-8851 rboyles@oakdalerec.com

# 7. Timely Decision Making Manual.

Use the Timely Decision Making Manual (TDM) on this contract. Coordinate with the department to modify the various published tools as necessary to meet the particular project needs and determine how to implement those tools under the contract. Ensure the full participation of the contractor and its principal subcontractors throughout the term of the contract.

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Forms and associated guidance are published in the TDM available at the department's Highway Construction Contract Information (HCCI) web site at:

**Timely Decision Making Manual (TDM)** 

stp-105-005 (20151210)

## 8. Work by Others.

Two weeks prior to construction completion, please contact the following for the WisDOT Road Weather Information System (RWIS) installation near B-29-141:

Michael J. Adams, Meteorologist Wisconsin DOT RWIS Program Manager Weather Management Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 7986, Room 501 Madison, WI 53707

Phone: (608) 266-5004

E-mail: Michael.adams@dot.wi.gov

Adams County Highway Department will be installing and maintaining the County highway portions of the CTH Z detour route.

# 9. Information to Bidders, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit.

The department has obtained a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 permit. Comply with the requirements of the permit in addition to requirements of the special provisions. A copy of the permit is available from the regional office by contacting Stephan Vetsch at (608) 785-9049.

stp-107-054 (20080901)

# 10. Environmental Protection, Aquatic Exotic Species Control.

Exotic invasive organisms such as VHS, zebra mussels, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian water milfoil are becoming more prolific in Wisconsin and pose adverse effects to waters of the state. Wisconsin State Statutes 30.07, "Transportation of Aquatic Plants and Animals; Placement of Objects in Navigable Waters", details the state law that requires the removal of aquatic plants and zebra mussels each time equipment is put into state waters.

At construction sites that involve navigable water or wetlands, use the follow cleaning procedures to minimize the chance of exotic invasive species infestation. Use these procedures for all equipment that comes in contact with waters of the state and/or infested water or potentially infested water in other states.

Ensure that all equipment that has been in contact with waters of the state, or with infested or potentially infested waters, has been decontaminated for aquatic plant materials and zebra mussels prior to being used in other waters of the state. Before

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using equipment on this project, thoroughly disinfect all equipment that has come into contact with potentially infested waters. Use the following inspection and removal procedures (guidelines from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/fishing/documents/vhs/disinfection\_protocols.pdf">http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/fishing/documents/vhs/disinfection\_protocols.pdf</a> for disinfection:

- 1. Prior to leaving the contaminated site, wash machinery and ensure that the machinery is free of all soil and other substances that could possibly contain exotic invasive species;
- 2. Drain all water from boats, trailers, bilges, live wells, coolers, bait buckets, engine compartments, and any other area where water may be trapped;
- 3. Inspect boat hulls, propellers, trailers and other surfaces. Scrape off any attached mussels, remove any aquatic plant materials (fragments, stems, leaves, seeds, or roots), and dispose of removed mussels and plant materials in a garbage can prior to leaving the area or invested waters; and
- 4. Disinfect your boat, equipment and gear by either:
  - a. Washing with ~212° F water (steam clean), or
  - b. Drying thoroughly for five days after cleaning with soap and water and/or high pressure water, or
  - c. Disinfecting with either 200 ppm (0.5 oz per gallon or 1 Tablespoon per gallon) Chlorine for 10-minute contact time or 1:100 solution (38 grams per gallon) of Virkon Aquatic for 20- to 30-minute contact time. Note: Virkon is not registered to kill zebra mussel veligers nor invertebrates like spiny water flea. Therefore this disinfect should be used in conjunction with a hot water (>104° F) application.

Complete the inspection and removal procedure before equipment is brought to the project site and before the equipment leaves the project site. stp-107-055 (20130615)

# 11. Construction Over or Adjacent to Navigable Waters.

Add the following to standard spec 107.19:

The Wisconsin River is classified as a navigable waterway. stp-107-060 (20150630).

#### 12. Erosion Control Structures.

Within seven calendar days after the commencement of work on the bridge superstructure, place all permanent erosion control devices, including riprap, erosion mat, ditch checks, seed, fertilizer, mulch, soil stabilizer, or any other item required by the contract or deemed necessary by the engineer. These devices shall be in place in the area under the bridge and on both sides of the roadway, from the waterway to a point 100-feet behind the backwall of the abutment. Within said limits, place these devices to a height equivalent to the calculated water elevation resulting from a storm that occurs on the average of once every two years (Q2) as shown on the plan, or as directed by the engineer. Prior to initial construction operations, place turbidity barriers, silt screens, and other temporary erosion

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control measures as shown on the plans, and remove them after the permanent erosion control devices are in place unless directed otherwise by the engineer.

In the event that construction activity does not disturb the existing ground below the Q2 elevation, the above timing requirements for permanent erosion control shall be waived. stp-107-070 (20030820).

# 13. Notice to Contractor, Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation No Asbestos Found.

John Roelke, License Number AII-119523, inspected Structure B-29-0011 for asbestos on March 1, 2017. No regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is available from: Stephan Vetsch, (608) 785-9049.

According to NR447 and DHS159, ensure that DNR or DHS receives a completed Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation (DNR Form 4500-113 (R 4/11), or subsequent revision) via U.S. mail, hand-delivery, or using the online notification system at least 10 working days prior to beginning any construction or demolition. Pay all associated fees. Provide a copy of the completed 4500-113 form to Stephan Vetsch, (608) 785-9049, and DOT BTS-ESS attn: Hazardous Materials Specialist PO Box 7965, Madison, WI 53707-7965. In addition, comply with all local or municipal asbestos requirements.

Use the following information to complete WisDNR form 4500-113:

- · Site Name: Structure B-29-0011. STH 82 over Wisconsin River
- · Site Address: 0.4M E JCT CTH HH to S
- Ownership Information: WisDOT Transportation SW Region, 3550 Mormon Coulee Road, La Crosse, WI 54601
- Contact: Craig Fisher
- Phone: (608) 785-9946
- Age: 63 years old. This structure was constructed in 1954, with superstructure repair in 1980, joints repair in 1981, painting in 1982, new deck in 1992, and painting in 1999.
- · Area: 50,770 SF of deck

Insert the following paragraph in Section 6.g.:

• If asbestos not previously identified is found or previously non-friable asbestos becomes crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to a powder, stop work immediately, notify the engineer, and the engineer will notify the department's Bureau of Technical Services at (608) 266-1476 for an emergency response according to standard spec 107.24. Keep material wet until it is abated or until it is determined to be non-asbestos containing material.

stp-107-125 (20120615)

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## 14. Notice to Contractor - Airport Operating Restrictions - General.

A temporary permit is not required from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for the permanent or temporary installations that are included in the plans as long as the contractor uses equipment that will not exceed 200 feet above ground level. The contractor shall submit FAA Form 7460-1, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, to the FAA a minimum of 45 days before beginning construction operations that propose to use equipment that will exceed 200 feet above ground level.

If required, the FAA will return FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, with a determination. The contractor shall complete and send FAA Form 7460-2, Part 1 to the FAA at least 48 hours prior to starting the actual construction or alteration of a structure. Additionally, the contractor shall submit Part 2 no later than five days after the structure has reached its greatest height.

Contact Justin Hetland, Airspace Safety Program Manager, Bureau of Aeronautics at (608) 267-5018 (Justin.Hetland@dot.wi.gov) with any questions. Refer to the following FAA website for instructions to complete the form and the required information. <a href="http://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/portal.jsp.">http://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/portal.jsp.</a> (1/5/2015)

# 15. Removing Buildings.

Conform to the requirements of standard spec 204 and as hereinafter specified.

The department has investigated all buildings to be removed for the presence of asbestos. Any friable asbestos found will be removed by others prior to the start of construction. If any additional friable asbestos is found by the contractor during building removal, cease building removal and contact the engineer to arrange for friable asbestos removal by others.

Contact the SW Region La Crosse Environmental Coordinator (Ann Giese, (608) 246-5387) to obtain a copy of the pre-demolition asbestos inspection reports.

Dispose of any and all materials within the buildings.

The following is a description of the building removals to be conducted under this contract:

Dick A. Trulson and Kathleen A. Trulson property Parcel 3 on 1430-01-21 Plat, Station 547+80 to 548+80. Item 204.0235

Remove 70'x 40' (2800 SF) 2-stall garage with concrete floor and lean-to's on east and west sides, electrical service, and heater, and also remove 10'x 17' (170 SF) shed.

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# 16. Removing Old Structure Over Waterway With Minimal Debris Station 539+11, Item 203.0600.S.01; Station 517+64.50, Item 203.0600.S.02.

Conform to standard spec 203 as modified in this special provision.

Add the following to standard spec 203:

## 203.3.6 Removals Over Waterways and Wetlands 203.3.6.2 Removing Old Structure Over Waterway with Minimal Debris

- (1) Remove the existing Structure B-29-11 over Wisconsin River and C-29-17 over unnamed tributary in large sections and conforming to the contractor's approved structure removal and clean-up plan. During superstructure removal, prevent all large pieces and minimize the number of small pieces from entering the waterway or wetland. Remove all reinforcing steel, all concrete, and all other debris that falls into the waterway or wetland. The contractor may leave limited amounts of small concrete pieces scattered over the waterway floor or wetland only if the engineer allows.
- (2) Submit a structure removal and clean-up plan as part of the erosion control implementation plan required under standard spec 107.20. Do not start work under the structure removal and clean-up plan without the department's written approval of the plan. Include the following information in the structure removal and clean-up plan:
  - Methods and schedule to remove the structure.
  - Methods to control potentially harmful environmental impacts.
  - Methods for superstructure removal that prevent all large pieces and minimize the number of small pieces from entering the waterway or wetlands.
  - Methods to control dust and contain slurry.
  - Methods for removing piers and abutments. If blasting in water, include restrictions that regulatory agencies and the contract require.
  - · Methods for cleaning the waterway or wetlands.
- (3) If stockpiling spoil material, place it on an upland site an adequate distance from the waterway, wetland, or any open water created by excavation. Install silt fence between the spoil pile and the waterway, wetland, or excavation site.

Add the following Removing Old Structure bid items to standard spec 203.5.1:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
203.0600.S.01	Removing Old Structure Over Waterway With Minimal	LS
	Debris Station 539+11	
203.0600.S.02	Removing Old Structure Over Waterway With Minimal	LS
	Debris Station 517+64.50	

stp-203-020 (20080902)

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## 17. General Requirements for Blasting Rock.

The sandstone within the project area is anticipated to be ripped mechanically as the material is weakly- to moderately-weakly cemented, and friable (easily crumbled). In sandstone units such as this, ripping will produce a more stable rock face long term than will blasting. Blasting of the material should be considered as a last resort.

If very hard rock is encountered and mechanical removal is determined to be ineffective, the contractor shall obtain permission from the WisDOT SW Region Soils/Materials Engineer before blasting is allowed.

Russel L. Frank, P.E. SW Region Soils and Materials Engineer (608) 785-9047

*Add the following to standard spec 205.3.7:* 

Perform all blasting in compliance with the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43.

## **Blasting Plan Submittal**

Not less than two weeks prior to commencing blasting operations, or at any time when changes to the drilling and blasting methods are proposed, submit a Blasting Plan to the engineer for review. The blasting plan shall contain full details of the drilling and blasting patterns and controls proposed for both the controlled and production blasting. Include the following minimum information in the blasting plan:

- 1. Station limits of proposed shot.
- 2. Plan and section views of proposed drill pattern including free face, burden, blasthole spacing, blasthole diameters, blasthole angles, lift height, and subdrill depth.
- 3. Loading diagram showing type and amount of explosives, primers, initiators, and location and depth of stemming.
- 4. Initiation sequence of blastholes including delay times and delay system.
- 5. Manufacturer's data sheets for all explosives, primers, and initiators to be employed.

The blasting plan submittal is for quality control and record keeping purposes. Review of the blasting plan by the engineer does not relieve the contractor of responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the plan when implemented in the field.

#### Safety

Immediately notify the engineer of any incidents of fly rock, damage to any personal property, or existing roadway that is open to traffic, and any violations of the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43. Failure to do so shall be considered a safety violation under standard spec 107 and all work on the project may be stopped under standard spec 105.1(1).

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Notify the engineer of the station, location, and 'size' of all blasts at least one hour prior to the blast.

Observe the entire blast area for a minimum of five minutes following a blast to guard against rock or debris fall before commencing work in the area.

The engineer has the authority to prohibit or halt the contractor's blasting operations if it is apparent that through the methods being employed, the required slopes are not being obtained in a stable condition, the safety and convenience of the traveling public is being jeopardized, or vibration levels above the allowable levels occur.

#### **Condition Surveys**

Conduct and document pre-blast and post-blast surveys of any nearby buildings or structures as required by the scaled-distance equation specified in the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43. Make right of entry arrangements with the property owners for these condition surveys. Prior to any blasting, make the pre-blast survey records available to the engineer for review. After completion of blasting operations, perform a post-blast survey and make these records available to the engineer for review. The contractor shall be responsible for any damage resulting from blasting.

These condition surveys shall consist of visually inspecting and recording all existing defects in the structures before and after blasting operations. Photographs and/or videotape may be used to assist in documentation. Submit a written report to the department detailing the visual and photographic investigation of potentially affected structures. This report will include copies of the pre-blast and post-blast surveys and discuss any discrepancies and findings of these surveys.

If at any time during the progress of the work, the methods of drilling and blasting do not produce the desired result of a uniform slope and shear face, within the tolerances specified, drill, blast, and excavate in short sections, not exceeding 100 feet in length, until a technique is arrived at that will produce the desired results. Extra cost resulting from this requirement shall be borne by the contractor.

### **Vibration Control and Monitoring**

All vibration control and monitoring shall comply with Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43, Instrumentation and SPS 307.44, Control of Adverse Effects.

Whenever there is a potential for vibration damage to adjacent buildings, structures, or utilities, monitor each blast with an approved seismograph located, as approved, between the blast area and the closest structure subject to blast damage, and as close as practical to the subject structure. Peak particle velocity shall not be allowed to exceed the safe limits of the nearest structure subject to vibration damage.

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A vibration specialist, approved by the engineer, shall perform vibration monitoring. The vibration specialist shall monitor vibration levels according to the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43 and interpret the seismograph records to ensure that the seismograph data shall be effectively utilized in the control of the blasting operations with respect to the existing structures and utilities.

According to the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43 consult with the owner of any structure or utility not listed in SPS 307.43 to establish maximum allowable limits on ground vibrations. In no case shall these vibration limits exceed the following criteria:

Structure Type	Maximum Peak Particle Velocity (inches/second)
Reinforced Concrete, Structures, Unoccupied	4.0
Steel Structures, Unoccupied	4.0
Buried Utilities	2.0
Wells and Aquifers	2.0
Green Concrete (Less than 7 days)	1.0

Furnish data recorded for each shot to the engineer prior to the next blast; the data shall include the following:

- 1. Identification of vibration monitoring instrument used.
- 2. Name of qualified observer and interpreter.
- 3. Distance and direction of recording station from blast area.
- 4. Type of ground at recording station and material on which the instrument is sitting.
- 5. Peak particle velocity and principal frequency in each component.
- 6. A dated and signed copy of records of seismograph readings.
- 7. A comparison of measured seismograph readings to maximum allowable readings identified in the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43 or as specified in this special provision.

If the recorded vibration data exceeds the allowable levels established in the Wisconsin Administrative Code Department of Safety and Professional Services SPS 307.43 or as specified in this special provision, immediately halt blasting operations. Submit a revised blasting plan to the engineer and do not resume blasting operations until the engineer approves the revised plan.

All costs associated with the work described herein shall be considered included in the bid item Excavation Rock.

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## 18. QMP Base Aggregate.

## **A Description**

## A.1 General

- (1) This special provision describes contractor quality control (QC) sampling and testing for base aggregates, documenting those test results, and documenting related production and placement process changes. This special provision also describes department quality verification (QV), independent assurance (IA), and dispute resolution.
- (2) Conform to standard spec 301, standard spec 305, and standard spec 310 as modified here in this special provision. Apply this special provision to material placed under all of the Base Aggregate Dense and Base Aggregate Open Graded bid items, except do not apply this special provision to material classified as reclaimed asphaltic pavement placed under the Base Aggregate Dense bid items.
- (3) Do not apply this special provision to material placed and paid for under the Aggregate Detours, Breaker Run, Select Crushed, Pit Run, Subbase, or Riprap bid items.
- (4) Provide and maintain a quality control program, defined as all activities related to and documentation of the following:
  - 1. Production and placement control and inspection.
  - 2. Material sampling and testing.
- (5) Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes required sampling and testing procedures. The contractor may obtain the CMM from the department's web site at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/rdwy/default.aspx

## A.2 Small Quantities

- (1) The department defines a small quantity, for each individual Base Aggregate bid item, as a contract quantity of 9000 tons or less of material as shown in the schedule of items under that bid item.
- (2) The requirements under this special provision apply equally to a small quantity for an individual bid item except as follows:

#### A.2.1 Quality Control Plan

- (1) Submit an abbreviated quality control plan consisting of the following:
  - 1. Organizational chart including names, telephone numbers, current certification(s) with HTCP number(s) and expiration date(s), and roles and responsibilities of all persons involved in the quality control program for material under affected bid items.

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## **A.2.2 Contractor Testing**

1

Contract Quantity	Minimum Required Testing per source
$\leq$ 6000 tons	One stockpile test prior to placement, and
	two production or one loadout test. [1] [2]
$>$ 6000 tons and $\leq$ 9000 tons	One stockpile and Three placement tests <sup>[3]</sup>

- [1] Submit production test results to the engineer for review prior to incorporating the material into the work. Production test results are valid for a period of 3 years.
- [2] If the actual quantity overruns 6,000 tons, on the next day of placement perform one randomly selected placement test for each 3000 tons, or fraction of 3000 tons, of overrun.
- [3] If the actual quantity overruns 9000 tons, on the next day of placement perform one randomly selected placement test for each 3000 tons, or fraction of 3000 tons, of overrun.
- [4] For 3-inch material or lift thickness of 3-inch or less, obtain samples at load-out.
- Divide the aggregate into uniformly sized sublots for testing
- 2. Stockpile testing for concrete pavement recycled in place will be sampled on the first day of production.
- 3. Until a four point running average is established, individual placement tests will be used for acceptance. Submit aggregate load-out and placement test results to the engineer within one business day of obtaining the sample. Assure that all properties are within the limits specified for each test.
- 4. Material represented by a sublot with any property outside the specification limits is nonconforming. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

## **A.2.3 Department Testing**

- (1) The department will perform testing as specified in B.8 except as follows:
  - Department stockpile verification testing prior to placement is optional for contract quantities of 500 tons or less.

#### **B** Materials

## **B.1 Quality Control Plan**

- (1) Submit a comprehensive written quality control plan to the engineer at or before the pre-construction meeting. Do not place base before the engineer reviews and comments on the plan. Construct the project as that plan provides.
- (2) Do not change the quality control plan without the engineer's review. Update the plan with changes as they become effective. Provide a current copy of the plan to the engineer and post in each of the contractor's laboratories as changes are adopted. Ensure that the plan provides the following elements:

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- 1. An organizational chart with names, telephone numbers, current certifications and/or titles, and roles and responsibilities of QC personnel.
- 2. The process used to disseminate QC information and corrective action efforts to the appropriate persons. Include a list of recipients, the communication means that will be used, and action time frames.
- 3. A list of source and processing locations, section and quarter descriptions, for all aggregate materials requiring QC testing.
- 4. Test results for wear, sodium sulfate soundness, freeze/thaw soundness, and plasticity index of all aggregates requiring QC testing. Obtain this information from the region materials unit or from the engineer.
- 5. Descriptions of stockpiling and hauling methods.
- 6. Locations of the QC laboratory, retained sample storage, and where control charts and other documentation is posted.
- 7. An outline for resolving a process control problem. Include responsible personnel, required documentation, and appropriate communication steps.

#### **B.2** Personnel

(1) Have personnel certified under the department's highway technician certification program (HTCP) perform sampling, testing, and documentation as follows:

Required Certification Level:	Sampling or Testing Roles:
Transportation Materials Sampling Technician (TMS) Aggregate Technician I (AGGTEC-I)	Aggregate Sampling <sup>[1]</sup>
Aggregate Assistant Certified Technician (ACT-AGG)	
Aggregate Technician I (AGGTEC-I)	Aggregate Gradation Testing,
Aggregate Assistant Certified Technician (ACT-AGG)	Aggregate Fractured Particle
	Testing, Aggregate Liquid
	Limit and Plasticity Index
	Testing

Plant personnel under the direct observation of an aggregate technician certified at level one or higher may operate equipment to obtain samples.

(2) A certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

#### **B.3** Laboratory

(1) Perform QC testing at a department-qualified laboratory. Obtain information on the Wisconsin laboratory qualification program from:

Materials Management Section

3502 Kinsman Blvd. Madison, WI 53704

Telephone: (608) 246-5388

 $\underline{http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/tools/appr-prod/qual-labs.aspx}$ 

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## **B.4 Quality Control Documentation**

### **B.4.1** General

(1) Submit base aggregate placement documentation to the engineer within 10 business days after completing base placement. Ensure that the submittal is complete, neatly organized, and includes applicable project records and control charts.

### **B.4.2 Records**

(1) Document all placement observations, inspection records, and control adjustments daily in a permanent field record. Also include all test results in the project records. Provide test results to the engineer within one business day after obtaining a sample. Post or distribute tabulated results using a method mutually agreeable to the engineer and contractor.

#### **B.4.3** Control Charts

- (1) Plot gradation and fracture on the appropriate control chart as soon as test results are available. Format control charts according to CMM 8.30. Include the project number on base placement control charts. Maintain separate control charts for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type.
- Provide control charts to the engineer within one business day after obtaining a sample. Post or distribute charts using a method mutually agreeable to the engineer and contractor. Update control charts daily to include the following:
  - 1. Contractor individual QC tests.
  - 2. Department QV tests.
  - 3. Department IA tests.
  - 4. Four-point running average of the QC tests.
- (3) Except as specified under B.8.2.1 for nonconforming QV placement tests, include only QC placement tests in the running average. The contractor may plot process control or informational tests on control charts, but do not include these tests, conforming QV tests, or IA tests in the running average.

## **B.5** Contractor Testing

- (1) Test gradation, fracture, liquid limit and plasticity index during placement for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type.
- (2) Perform one stockpile test from each source prior to placement.
- (3) Test gradation once per 3000 tons of material placed or fraction thereof. Determine random sample locations and provide those sample locations to the engineer. Obtain samples after the material has been bladed, mixed, and shaped but before compacting; except collect 3-inch samples or lift thickness of 3-inch or less from the stockpile at load-out. Do not sample from material used to maintain local traffic or from areas of temporary base that will not have an overlying pavement. On days when placing only

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- material used to maintain local traffic or only temporary base that will not have an overlying pavement, no placement testing is required.
- (4) Split each contractor QC sample and identify it according to CMM 8.30. Retain the split for seven calendar days in a dry, protected location. If requested for department comparison testing, deliver the split to the engineer within one business day.
- (5) The engineer may require additional sampling and testing to evaluate suspect material or the technician's sampling and testing procedures.
- (6) Test fracture for each gradation test until the fracture running average is above the lower warning limit. Subsequently, the contractor may reduce the frequency to one test per 10 gradation tests if the fracture running average remains above the warning limit.
- (7) Test the liquid limit and plasticity index for the first gradation test. Subsequently, test the liquid limit and plasticity index a minimum of once per 10 gradation tests.

### **B.6 Test Methods**

#### **B.6.1** Gradation

(1) Test gradation using a washed analysis conforming to the following as modified in CMM 8.60:

Gradation	. AASHTO T 27
Material finer than the No. 200 sieve	. AASHTO T 11

- (2) For 3-inch base, if 3 consecutive running average points for the percent passing the No. 200 sieve are 8.5 percent or less, the contractor may use an unwashed analysis. Wash at least one sample out of 10. If a single running average for the percent passing the No. 200 sieve exceeds 8.5 percent, resume washed analyses until 3 consecutive running average points are again 8.5 percent passing or less.
- (3) Maintain a separate control chart for each sieve size specified in standard spec 305 or standard spec 310 for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type. Set control and warning limits based on the standard specification gradation limits as follows:
  - 1. Control limits are at the upper and lower specification limits.
  - 2. There are no upper warning limits for sieves allowing 100 percent passing and no lower control limits for sieves allowing 0 percent passing.
  - 3. Dense graded warning limits, except for the No. 200 sieve, are 2 percent within the upper and lower control limits. Warning limits for the No. 200 sieve are set 0.5 percent within the upper and lower control limits.
  - 4. Open graded warning limits for the 1-inch, 3/8-inch, and No. 4 sieves are 2 percent within the upper and lower control limits. Upper warning limits for the No. 10, No. 40, and No. 200 sieves are 1 percent inside the upper control limit.

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#### **B.6.2** Fracture

- (1) Test fracture conforming to CMM 8.60. The engineer will waive fractured particle testing on quarried stone.
- (2) Maintain a separate fracture control chart for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type. Set the lower control limit at the contract specification limit, either specified in another special provision or in table 301-2 of standard spec 301.2.4.5. Set the lower warning limit 2 percent above the lower control limit. There are no upper limits.

## **B.6.3** Liquid Limit and Plasticity

- (1) Test the liquid limit and plasticity according to AASHTO T 89 and T 90.
- (2) Ensure the material conforms to the limits specified in standard spec table 301-2.

### **B.7** Corrective Action

#### **B.7.1** General

(1) Consider corrective action when the running average trends toward a warning limit. Take corrective action if an individual test exceeds the contract specification limit. Document all corrective actions both in the project records and on the appropriate control chart.

#### **B.7.2** Placement Corrective Action

- (1) Do not blend additional material on the roadbed to correct gradation problems.
- (2) Notify the engineer whenever the running average exceeds a warning limit. When two consecutive running averages exceed a warning limit, the engineer and contractor will discuss appropriate corrective action. Perform the engineer's recommended corrective action and increase the testing frequency as follows:
  - 1. For gradation, increase the QC testing frequency to at least one randomly sampled test per 1000 tons placed.
  - 2. For fracture, increase the QC testing frequency to at least one test per gradation test.
- (3) If corrective action improves the property in question such that the running average after four additional tests is within the warning limits, the contractor may return to the testing frequency specified in B.5.3. If corrective action does not improve the property in question such that the running average after four additional individual tests is still in the warning band, repeat the steps outlined above starting with engineer notification.
- (4) If the running average exceeds a control limit, material starting from the first running average exceeding the control limit and ending at the first subsequent running average inside the control limit is nonconforming and subject to pay reduction.

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- (5) For individual test results significantly outside the control limits, notify the engineer, stop placing base, and suspend other activities that may affect the area in question. The engineer and contractor will jointly review data, data reduction, and data analysis; evaluate sampling and testing procedures; and perform additional testing as required to determine the extent of potentially unacceptable material. The engineer may direct the contractor to remove and replace that material. Individual test results are significantly outside the control limits if meeting one or more of the following criteria:
  - 1. A gradation control limit for the No. 200 sieve is exceeded by more than 3.0 percent.
  - 2. A gradation control limit for any sieve, except the No. 200, is exceeded by more than 5.0 percent.
  - 3. The fracture control limit is exceeded by more than 10.0 percent.

## **B.8 Department Testing**

### **B.8.1** General

(1) The department will conduct verification testing to validate the quality of the product and independent assurance testing to evaluate the sampling and testing. The department will provide the contractor with a listing of names and telephone numbers of all QV and IA personnel for the project, and provide test results to the contractor within two business days after the department obtains the sample.

# **B.8.2** Verification Testing

#### **B.8.2.1** General

- (1) The department will have an HTCP technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform QV sampling and testing. Department verification testing personnel must meet the same certification level requirements specified in B.2 for contractor testing personnel for each test result being verified. The department will notify the contractor before sampling so the contractor can observe QV sampling.
- (2) The department will conduct QV tests of each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type during placement conforming to the following:
  - 1. Perform one stockpile test from each source prior to placement.
  - 2. At least one random test per 30,000 tons, or fraction of 30,000 tons, placed.
- (3) The department will sample randomly, at locations independent of the contractor's QC work, collecting one sample at each QV location. The department will collect QV samples after the material has been bladed, mixed, and shaped but before compacting; except, for 3-inch aggregates or for a lift thickness of 3-inch or less, the department will collect samples at load-out. The department will split each sample, test half for QV, and retain half.
- (4) The department will conduct QV tests in a separate laboratory and with separate equipment from the contractor's QC tests. The department will use the same methods specified for QC testing.

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(5) The department will assess QV results by comparing to the appropriate specification limits. If QV test results conform to the specification, the department will take no further action. If QV test results are nonconforming, add the QV to the QC test results as if it were an additional QC test.

## **B.8.3 Independent Assurance**

- (1) Independence assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's QV and the contractor's QC sampling and testing including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform an IA review according to the department's independent assurance program. That review may include one or more of the following:
  - 1. Split sample testing.
  - 2. Proficiency sample testing.
  - 3. Witnessing sampling and testing.
  - 4. Test equipment calibration checks.
  - 5. Reviewing required worksheets and control charts.
  - 6. Requesting that testing personnel perform additional sampling and testing.
- (2) If the department identifies a deficiency, and after further investigation confirms it, correct that deficiency. If the contractor does not correct or fails to cooperate in resolving identified deficiencies, the engineer may suspend placement until action is taken. Resolve disputes as specified in B.9.

### **B.9 Dispute Resolution**

- (1) The engineer and contractor should make every effort to avoid conflict. If a dispute between some aspect of the contractor's and the engineer's testing program does occur, seek a solution mutually agreeable to the project personnel. The department and contractor may review the data, examine data reduction and analysis methods, evaluate sampling and testing procedures, and perform additional testing. Use ASTM E 178 to evaluate potential statistically outlying data.
- (2) Production test results, and results from other process control testing, may be considered when resolving a dispute.
- (3) If the project personnel cannot resolve a dispute, and the dispute affects payment or could result in incorporating non-conforming product, the department will use third party testing to resolve the dispute. The department's central office laboratory, or a mutually agreed on independent testing laboratory, will provide this testing. The engineer and contractor will abide by the results of the third party tests. The party in error will pay service charges incurred for testing by an independent laboratory. The department may use third party test results to evaluate the quality of questionable materials and determine the appropriate payment. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

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## C (Vacant)

### D (Vacant)

## E Payment

- (1) Costs for all sampling, testing, and documentation required under this special provision are incidental to this work. If the contractor fails to perform the work required under this special provision, the department may reduce the contractor's pay. The department will administer pay reduction under the non-performance of QMP administrative item.
- (2) For material represented by a running average exceeding a control limit, the department will reduce pay according to CMM 8-10.5.2 for the affected Base Aggregate bid items listed in subsection A. The department will administer pay reduction under the Nonconforming QMP Base Aggregate Gradation or Nonconforming QMP Base Aggregate Fracture Administrative items. The department will determine the quantity of nonconforming material as specified in B.7.2. stp-301-010 (20161130)

## 19. OMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density.

## **A Description**

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 (1) and standard spec 460.3.3.2 (4) with the following:

- (1) This special provision describes density testing of in-place HMA pavement with the use of nuclear density gauges. Conform to standard spec 460 as modified in this special provision.
- (2) Provide and maintain a quality control program defined as all activities and documentation of the following:
  - 1. Selection of test sites.
  - 2. Testing.
  - 3. Necessary adjustments in the process.
  - 4. Process control inspection.
- (3) Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes required procedures. Obtain the CMM from the department's web site at:

http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/standards/cmm/index.htm

(4) The department's Materials Reporting System (MRS) software allows contractors to submit data to the department electronically, estimate pay adjustments, and print selected reports. Qualified personnel may obtain MRS software from the department's web site at:

http://www.atwoodsystems.com/mrs

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#### **B** Materials

#### **B.1 Personnel**

- (1) Perform HMA pavement density (QC, QV) testing using a HTCP certified nuclear technician I, or a nuclear assistant certified technician (ACT-NUC) working under a certified technician.
- (2) If an ACT is performing sampling or testing, a certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

## **B.2** Testing

(1) Conform to ASTM D2950 and CMM 8.15 for density testing and gauge monitoring methods. Perform nuclear gauge measurements using gamma radiation in the backscatter position. Perform each test for 4 minutes of nuclear gauge count time.

## **B.3** Equipment

## **B.3.1** General

- (1) Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at <a href="http://www.dot.wisconsin.gov/business/engrserv/approvedprod.htm">http://www.dot.wisconsin.gov/business/engrserv/approvedprod.htm</a>.
- (2) Have the gauge calibrated by the manufacturer or an approved calibration service within 12 months of its use on the project. Retain a copy of the manufacturer's calibration certificate with the gauge.
- (3) Prior to each construction season, and following any calibration of the gauge, the contractor must perform calibration verification for each gauge using the reference blocks located in the department's central office materials laboratory. To obtain information or schedule a time to perform calibration verification, contact the department's Radiation Safety Officer at:

Materials Management Section 3502 Kinsman Blvd. Madison, Wisconsin 53704 Telephone: (608) 243-5998

## **B.3.2** Comparison of Nuclear Gauges

## **B.3.2.1** Comparison of QC and QV Nuclear Gauges

- (1) Select a representative section of the compacted pavement prior to or on the first day of paving for the comparison process. The section does not have to be the same mix design.
- (2) Compare the 2 or more gauges used for density measurement (QC, QV). The QC and QV gauge operators will perform the comparison on 5 test sites jointly located. Record each density measurement of each test site for the QC, QV and back up gauges.

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- (3) Calculate the average of the difference in density of the 5 test sites between the QC and QV gauges. Locate an additional 5 test sites if the average difference exceeds 1.0 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>. Measure and record the density on the 5 additional test sites for each gauge.
- (4) Calculate the average of the difference in density of the 10 test sites between the QC and QV gauges. Replace one or both gauges if the average difference of the 10 tests exceeds 1.0 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> and repeat comparison process from B.3.2.1 (2).
- (5) Furnish one of the QC gauges passing the allowable comparison tolerances to perform density testing on the project.

## **B.3.2.2** Comparison Monitoring

- (1) After performing the gauge comparison specified in B.3.2.1, establish a project reference site approved by the department. Clearly mark a flat surface of concrete or asphalt or other material that will not be disturbed during the duration of the project. Perform comparison monitoring of the QC, QV, and all back-up gauges at the project reference site.
- (2) Conduct an initial 10 density tests with each gauge on the project reference site and calculate the average value for each gauge to establish the gauge's reference value. Use the gauge's reference value as a control to monitor the calibration of the gauge for the duration of the project.
- (3) Check each gauge on the project reference site a minimum of one test per day if paving on the project. Calculate the difference between the gauge's daily test result and its reference value. Investigate if a daily test result is not within 1.5 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> of its reference value. Conduct 5 additional tests at the reference site once the cause of deviation is corrected. Calculate and record the average of the 5 additional tests. Remove the gauge from the project if the 5-test average is not within 1.5 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> of its reference value established in B.3.2.2(2).
- (4) Maintain the reference site test data for each gauge at an agreed location.

## **B.4** Quality Control Testing and Documentation

## **B.4.1** Lot and Sublot Requirements

# **B.4.1.1** Mainline Traffic Lanes, Shoulders, and Appurtenances

- (1) A lot consists of the tonnage placed each day for each layer and target density specified in standard spec 460.3.3.1. A lot may include partial sublots.
- (2) Divide the roadway into sublots. A sublot is 1500 lane feet for each layer and target density.
- (3) A sublot may include HMA placed on more than one day of paving. Test sublots at the pre-determined random locations regardless of when the HMA is placed. No additional testing is required for partial sublots at the beginning or end of a day's paving.

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- (4) If a resulting partial quantity at the end of the project is less than 750 lane feet, include that partial quantity with the last full sublot of the lane. If a resulting partial quantity at the end of the project is 750 lane feet or more, create a separate sublot for that partial quantity.
- (5) Randomly select test locations for each sublot as specified in CMM 8.15 prior to paving and provide a copy to the engineer. Locate and mark QC density test sites when performing the tests. Perform density tests prior to opening the roadway to traffic.
- (6) Use Table 1 to determine the number of tests required at each station, depending on the width of the lane being tested. When more than one test is required at a station, offset the tests 10 feet longitudinally from one another to form a diagonal testing row across the lane.

Lane Width	No. of Tests	Transverse Location
5 ft or less	1	Random
Greater than 5 ft to 9 ft	2	Random within 2 equal widths
Greater than 9 ft	3	Random within 3 equal widths
	Tab	ole 1

## B.4.1.2 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

- (1) A lot represents a combination of the total daily tonnage for each layer and target density.
- (2) Each side road, crossover, turn lane, ramp, and roundabout must contain at least one sublot for each layer.
- (3) If a side road, crossover, turn lane, or ramp is 1500 feet or longer, determine sublots and random test locations as specified in B.4.1.1.
- (4) If a side road, crossover, turn lane, or ramp is less than 1500 feet long, determine sublots using a maximum of 750 tons per sublot and perform the number of random tests as specified in Table 2.

Side Roads, Turn Lanes, Crossovers, Ramps,	Minimum Number
Roundabouts: Sublot/Layer tonnage	of Tests Required
25 to 100 tons	1
101 to 250 tons	3
251 to 500 tons	5
501 to 750 tons	7
Table 2	

## **B.4.2 Pavement Density Determination**

## **B.4.2.1** Mainline Traffic Lanes and Appurtenances

(1) Calculate the average sublot densities using the individual test results in each sublot.

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- (2) If all sublot averages are no more than one percent below the target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging the results of each random QC test taken on that day's material.
- (3) If any sublot average is more than one percent below the target density, do not include the individual test results from that sublot when computing the lot average density and remove that sublot's tonnage from the daily quantity for incentive. The tonnage from any such sublot is subject to disincentive pay according to standard spec 460.5.2.2.

#### **B.4.2.2** Mainline Shoulders

### **B.4.2.2.1** Width Greater Than 5 Feet

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

### **B.4.2.2.2** Width of 5 Feet or Less

- (1) If all sublot test results are no more than 3.0 percent below the minimum target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging all individual test results for the day.
- (2) If a sublot test result is more than 3.0 percent below the target density, the engineer may require the unacceptable material to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine the limits of the unacceptable material according to B.4.3.

## B.4.2.3 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

#### **B.4.2.4 Documentation**

(1) Document QC density test data as specified in CMM 8.15. Provide the engineer with the data for each lot within 24 hours of completing the QC testing for the lot.

### **B.4.3** Corrective Action

- (1) Notify the engineer immediately when an individual test is more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum in standard spec 460.3.3.1. Investigate and determine the cause of the unacceptable test result.
- (2) The engineer may require unacceptable material specified in B.4.3(1) to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine limits of the unacceptable area by measuring density of the layer at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the point of unacceptable density and at the same offset as the original test site. Continue testing at 50-foot increments until a point of acceptable density is found as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.2(1). Removal and replacement of material may be required if extended testing is in a previously accepted sublot. Testing in a previously accepted sublot will not be used to recalculate a new lot density.

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- (3) Compute unacceptable pavement area using the product of the longitudinal limits of the unacceptable density and the full sublot width within the traffic lanes or shoulders.
- (4) Retesting and acceptance of replaced pavement will be according to standard spec 105.3.
- (5) Tests indicating density more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum, and further tests taken to determine the limits of unacceptable area, are excluded from the computations of the sublot and lot densities.
- (6) If 2 consecutive sublot averages within the same paving pass and same target density are more than one percent below the specified target density, notify the engineer and take necessary corrective action. Document the locations of such sublots and the corrective action that was taken.

## **B.5** Department Testing

## **B.5.1** Verification Testing

- (1) The department will have a HTCP certified technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform verification testing. The department will test randomly at locations independent of the contractor's QC work. The department will perform verification testing at a minimum frequency of 10 percent of the sublots and a minimum of one sublot per mix design. The sublots selected will be within the active work zone. The contractor will supply the necessary traffic control for the department's testing activities.
- (2) The QV tester will test each selected sublot using the same testing requirements and frequencies as the QC tester.
- (3) If the verification sublot average is not more than one percent below the specified minimum target density, use the QC tests for acceptance.
- (4) If the verification sublot average is more than one percent below the specified target density, compare the QC and QV sublot averages. If the QV sublot average is within 1.0 lb/ft³ of the QC sublot average, use the QC tests for acceptance.
- (5) If the first QV/QC sublot average comparison shows a difference of more than 1.0 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> each tester will perform an additional set of tests within that sublot. Combine the additional tests with the original set of tests to compute a new sublot average for each tester. If the new QV and QC sublot averages compare to within 1.0 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>, use the original QC tests for acceptance.
- (6) If the QV and QC sublot averages differ by more than 1.0 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> after a second set of tests, resolve the difference with dispute resolution specified in B.6. The engineer will notify the contractor immediately when density deficiencies or testing precision exceeding the allowable differences are observed.

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## **B.5.2 Independent Assurance Testing**

(1) Independent assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's verification and the contractor's QC sampling and testing including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform the independent assurance review according to the department's independent assurance program.

## **B.6 Dispute Resolution**

- (1) The testers may perform investigation in the work zone by analyzing the testing, calculation, and documentation procedures. The testers may perform gauge comparison according to B.3.2.1.
- (2) The testers may use comparison monitoring according to B.3.2.2 to determine if one of the gauges is out of tolerance. If a gauge is found to be out of tolerance with its reference value, remove the gauge from the project and use the other gauge's test results for acceptance.
- (3) If the testing discrepancy cannot be identified, the contractor may elect to accept the QV sublot density test results or retesting of the sublot in dispute within 48 hours of paving. Traffic control costs will be split between the department and the contractor.
- (4) If investigation finds that both gauges are in error, the contractor and engineer will reach a decision on resolution through mutual agreement.

## **B.7** Acceptance

(1) The department will not accept QMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density if a non-compared gauge is used for contractor QC tests.

C (Vacant)

D (Vacant)

### E Payment

## **E.1 QMP Testing**

(1) Costs for all sampling, testing, and documentation required under this special provision are incidental to the work. If the contractor fails to perform the work required under this special provision, the department may reduce the contractor's pay. The department will administer pay reduction under the Non-performance of QMP administrative item.

## **E.2** Disincentive for HMA Pavement Density

(1) The department will administer density disincentives according to standard spec 460.5.2.2.

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## **E.3** Incentive for HMA Pavement Density

(1) The department will administer density incentives according to standard spec 460.5.2.3.

stp-460-020 (20161130)

## 20. Reheating HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints, Item 460.4110.S.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes reheating the abutting edge of the previously compacted layer in the adjacent lane while paving mainline asphalt pavements.

### **B** (Vacant)

## **C** Construction

## C.1 Equipment

Provide a self-contained heating unit that heats by convection only. Do not use forced air to enhance the flame. Provide a fireproof barrier between the flame and the heater's fuel source. The heater must produce a uniform distribution of heat within the heat box. Provide automatic controls to regulate the heater output and shutoff the heater when the paver stops or the heater control system loses power.

Mount the heater on the paver inside the paver's automatic leveling device.

#### **C.2** Reheating Joints

Evenly reheat at least an 8 inch (200 mm) wide strip of the previously compacted layer in the adjacent lane as follows:

• Reheat the joint to within 60 degrees F (15 degrees C) of the mix temperature at the paver auger. Measure joint temperature immediately behind the heater.

The engineer may allow the required joint reheat temperatures to be cooler than specified to adjust for weather, wind, and other field conditions. Coordinate the heater output and paver speed to achieve the required joint reheat temperature without visible smoke emission.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Reheating HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints by the linear foot, acceptably completed, as measured along each joint for each layer of asphalt placed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.4110.S	Reheating HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	LF

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Payment is full compensation for furnishing all the work required under this bid item. stp-460-015 (20140630)

## 21. Ice Hot Weather Concreting, Item 501.1000.S.

Conform to standard spec 501.3.8.2 except the department will pay for ice at the contract unit price under the Ice Hot Weather Concreting bid item. This special provision only applies to work done under the following contract bid items:

Concrete Masonry Bridges
Concrete Masonry Bridges HES
Concrete Masonry Retaining Walls HES

Concrete Masonry Culverts Concrete Masonry Endwalls
Concrete Masonry Culverts HES Concrete Masonry Overlay Decks

High Performance Concrete (HPC) Masonry Structures

Replace standard spec 501.4 and 501.5 with the following:

### 501.4 Measurement

(1) The department will measure Ice Hot Weather Concreting by the pound, acceptably completed, measured only if the conditions prescribed in standard spec 501.3.8.2 are met.

## 501.5 Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 501.1000.S Ice Hot Weather Concreting LB

- (2) Payment for Ice Hot Weather Concreting is full compensation for ice used to cool concrete placed in hot weather as specified in standard spec 501.3.8.2.
- (3) The department will not pay directly for the concrete specified under this section. Concrete is incidental to the various bid items using it. Payment under those bid items includes providing all materials, including aggregates and associated aggregate source testing, cement, fly ash, slag, and admixtures; for preparing, transporting, storing, protecting and curing concrete; and for contractor requirements related to testing specified in standard spec 501.3.10.
- (4) If required to remove and replace any concrete damaged by lack of proper protection. Perform this work at no expense to the department. stp-501-010 (20151210)

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## 22. Pier Construction.

Determine the method of construction, and observe the following conditions:

- 1. If a cofferdam is used, build the cofferdam of non-erodable material.
- 2. Concrete poured under water will be allowed; pour the concrete according to standard spec 502.3.5.3. Ensure that the forms are tight to prevent leakage of concrete into the stream. Treat all displaced water by filtration, settling basin, or other means sufficient to reduce the cement content before discharging the water into the stream.
- 3. Excavated material from the stream may be utilized in the fill slopes so long as it is covered with other suitable material to prevent it from eroding back into the stream.

stp-502-010 (20050502)

## 23. Expansion Device Modular B-29-141, Item 502.3110.S.01.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes furnishing and installing a shop-fabricated waterproof modular expansion device according to standard spec 502, the plans, and as hereinafter provided. The modular expansion joint device shall seal the deck surface, curbs, gutters, and parapet walls as indicated on the plans. Any leaking or seeping of water through the joint will be cause for rejection of the modular expansion device.

### **B** Materials

#### **B.1** General

Furnish parts and elements that have material properties meeting the physical and chemical requirements shown in their manufacturer's technical data or as noted below, except as modified by pertinent parts of the standard specifications, this special provision, or the plans. Furnish certified test results from the manufacturer attesting to physical and chemical properties. Do not use any aluminum components or hardware.

## **B.2 Modular Expansion Device System Components**

Furnish components for the Modular Expansion Device System from one of the following manufacturers and model series:

- D.S. Brown Company, Steelflex Modular D-Series (419) 257-3561
- R.J. Watson, Inc., Modular RJW-Series (716) 741-2166
- Watson, Bowman, & Acme Inc., Wabo-Maurer STM-Series
   (716) 691-7566

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### B.3 Steel Plates, Bars, Shapes, and Sheets

Furnish steel plates, bars, shapes, and extrusions that have been fabricated from high strength, low alloy grade 50 or grade 50W steel conforming to ASTM A709, or as shown on the approved shop drawings. Anchor bars and support bar boxes may be fabricated from ASTM A709 grade 36 steel. Furnish anchor bolts, bolts, nuts, and washers that conform to the requirements of ASTM A325. Secondary shapes or joint components may be assembled with bolts, nuts, and washer conforming to ASTM A490.

Furnish stainless steel sheets for the sliding surfaces of support bars that conform to the requirements of ASTM A167, alloy 304, 20 micro-inch RMS finish.

### **B.4 Elastomeric Seal Elements**

Furnish preformed elastomeric seal elements that are polychloroprene (neoprene) of a rectangular or strip cross section having a minimum thickness of ¼-inch and conform to ASTM D3542 modified to omit the recovery test. The elastomeric seal elements shall meet the following physical properties:

Property	Requirement	Test Method
Tensile Strength, min	2000 psi	ASTM D412
Elongation @ Break, min	250%	ASTM D412
Hardness, Type A, Durometer	60± 5 pts	ASTM D2240
Compression Set, 70 Hrs @ 212° F, max	35%	D395 Method, B Modified
Ozone Resistance, after 70 hours at 100° F	No Cracks	ASTM D1149 and D518,
under 20% Strain with 100 pphm ozone		Method A
Mass Change in Oil 3 after 70 hours @	45%	ASTM D471
212° F, Mass Change, max		

Furnish manufacturer's certification for production of polychloroprene represented, showing test results for the cured material supplied and certifying that it meets all specified requirements.

The seal element shall be one piece, and full length of the expansion joint including curb and parapet face projections. The lubricated adhesive for installing the preformed elastomeric elements in place shall be one-part moisture curing polyurethane and hydrocarbon solvent mixture as recommended by the manufacturer.

### **B.5 Support Bars**

Place support bars parallel to the roadway at a maximum support assembly spacing of 4'-0". Furnish support bars that are not less than 1½-inches in width and at least 4-inches in height; each transverse center beam shall have an individual support bar.

Support bars shall incorporate stainless steel sliding surfaces to minimize resistances to joint movements. Stainless steel shall be welded to support bars. Support the support bars above, below, and laterally as required to prevent uplifting, transmit bearing loads, and to maintain positioning of the bar.

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Fabricate support bar bearings from polyurethane compound with PTFE self lubricating surfaces having engineering properties equivalent to adiprene, Teflon, or cast nylon with MDS. Positively lock the support bar bearings and springs or spacers into the support box by a dowel or pin. The connection must permit subsequent removal and replacement of the bearings and springs. The support bar springs shall be constructed similarly to the bearings but shall provide the required precompressive force to maintain the support bar in place while under traffic loads. Use a suitable equilibrium device that works counter to the compression forces of the sealing elements to maintain equalized expansion properties for each element across the modular joint assembly. Furnish anchor plates for the support bar springs or neoprene blocks that have a minimum thickness of ¾-inch.

## **B.6 Transverse Center Beams**

Transverse center beams shall be at least of 4½-inches in height and have a minimum vertical web thickness of ¾-inch. Design transverse center beams for an AASHTO HS25 live loading plus 30 percent impact. Make shop splices in the transverse center beam with a full penetration weld. The exterior transverse beams shall have a minimum vertical web thickness of ¾-inch.

The connections between the transverse center beams and support bars shall be a full penetration weld according to the details shown on the plans. Full penetration welds to be tested by ultrasound using the compressive criteria.

## **B.7 Support Bar Boxes**

Furnish support bar boxes that consist of steel plates not less than ½-inch in thickness fabricated with continuous welds at all joints. The inside dimensions of the box shall be consistent with all boxes and within +0.040 inches of prescribed height as measured where the bearings and spring compress about the support bar. Fabricate support box plates with a continuous weld. Make anchorage details as shown on the plans.

### **B.8 Structural Steel Surfaces**

Galvanize after fabrication, according to ASTM A123, all structural steel surfaces of the expansion joint devices and anchorages, except ASTM A-490 bolts, components of stainless steel, and parts coated with polyurethane, adipene, nylon, or Teflon.

Galvanize or metallize according to standard spec 635 all bolts, nuts, washers, and steel components that are not galvanized using the above procedure, including all ASTM A-490 bolts.

If a retainer clip is used for locking the neoprene strip type seal, continuously weld it on its top side. Due to the galvanizing coating requirement, also make a continuous weld underneath the clip.

All welding shall be according to AWS D1.5 or D1.6 of the welding code and shall be done by certified welders only. A shop certified under AISC category for simple structures shall perform fabrication.

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The fabricator will be permitted to shop weld pre-galvanized transverse roadway sections, complete with anchorages, of the expansion device steel extrusions. The pre-galvanized roadway sections shall be not less than 10 feet long. The pre-galvanized roadway side sections shall have additional anchorages, if required, so as to provide an anchorage within 9 inches of each end of the section. Abutting ends shall be beveled ¼-inch on three sides and deburred. All galvanizing shall be completely removed from the areas to be welded. The pre-galvanized sections shall be groove welded on three sides with care taken to prevent weld material from entering the gland groove. The weld across the top of the extrusion shall be ground smooth and all areas of galvanizing damaged by the welding operations shall be repaired according to standard spec 635. Make field splices in transverse center roadway sections with a partial penetration weld.

#### **C** Construction

The manufacturer of the prefabricated expansion joint assembly shall prepare shop drawings showing details of the assembly and installation.

Support the modular joint assembly at 8'-0 minimum spacing along both sides of the joint. Construct the modular expansion device system according to the details shown on the shop drawings. Tolerance requirements shall be according to AASHTO specifications.

Install according to the plan details, the manufacturer's and supplier's approved shop drawings, and as directed by the engineer. In addition, the manufacturer shall submit current product literature with the shop drawings and the shop drawings shall reflect that literature.

Remove all modular expansion joint forming material from the joint opening. Pre-set the modular joint assembly according to the approved shop drawings, joint temperature setting data, and specifications. The maximum joint opening for a single modular unit shall be 3 inches.

The joint assembly manufacturer shall furnish technical assistance to the contractor and engineer through the personal services of a technical representative, who is a fulltime employee of the manufacturer during installation of the joint sealing systems. This representative shall be accessible to the engineer and shall be at the site during the work that involves the setting of all parts of each modular expansion joint assembly. The contractor shall be responsible for informing the representative prior to the date of installation.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Expansion Device Modular B-29-141 as a single lump sum unit for the structure, acceptably completed.

### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

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ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 502.3110.S.01 Expansion Device Modular B-29-141 LS

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and placing the device complete in place; furnishing and completely installing all elements and parts of the joints, anchors, armor or structural metal; galvanizing materials; furnishing and installing all hardware, pads, bonding material, and reinforcing bars within the blockout not otherwise covered for payment, and barrier railing plates. stp-502-021 (20100709)

## 24. Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Stainless Structures, Item 505.0800.S.

## **A** Description

This special provision describes furnishing and placing stainless steel reinforcing bars and associated stainless steel bar couplers.

Conform to standard spec 505 as modified in this special provision.

### **B** Materials

#### **B.1** General

Furnish stainless steel reinforcing bars conforming to ASTM A955 and to one of the following Unified Numbering System (UNS) designations: S31653, S31803, S32205, or S32304. Supply grade 60 bars, all of the same UNS designation. Conform to the chemical composition specified for the given UNS designation in ASTM A276 table 1.

Supply bars that are free of dirt, mill scale, oil, and debris by pickling to a bright or uniform light finish. The department may reject bars displaying rust/oxidation, questionable blemishes, or lack of a bright or uniform pickled surface.

Furnish chairs or continuous supports made of stainless steel or recycled plastic to support high-strength stainless bar steel reinforcement subject to the plastic chair restriction stated in standard spec 505.3.4(1).

Furnish couplers made from one of the UNS allows allowed for bar steel.

Furnish tie wire made from one of the UNS alloys allowed for bar steel or from an engineer-approved plastic or nonmetallic material. Ensure that stainless steel tie wire is dead soft annealed.

#### **B.2** Fabrication

Before fabrication, supply test results from an independent testing agency certifying that the reinforcement meets the requirements of Annex A1 of ASTM A955.

Bend bars conforming to standard spec 505.3.2 and according to ASTM A955. Bend and cut bars using equipment thoroughly cleaned or otherwise modified to prevent contamination from carbon steel or other contaminants. Use tools dedicated solely to working with stainless steel.

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#### **B.3** Control of Material

Identify reinforcement bars delivered to the project site with tags bearing the identification symbols used in the plans. Include the UNS designation, heat treat condition, heat number, grade corresponding to minimum yield strength level, and sufficient documentation to track each bar bundle to a mill test report.

Provide samples for department testing and acceptance according to CMM 8-50 Exhibit 1 requirements for concrete masonry reinforcement for uncoated bar steel.

Provide mill test reports for the project that do the following:

- 1. Verify that sampling and testing procedures and test results conform to ASTM A955, ASTM A276 table 1, and these contract requirements.
- 2. Include a chemical analysis with the UNS designation, heat lot identification, and the source of the metal.
- 3. Include tensile strength, yield strength, and elongation tests results conforming to ASTM A955 for each size furnished.
- 4. Certify that the bars have been pickled to a bright or uniform light finish.

#### C Construction

#### C.1 General

Ship, handle, store, and place the stainless steel reinforcing as follows:

- 1. Separate from regular reinforcement during shipping. Pad points of contact with steel chains or banding, or secure with non-metallic straps.
- 2. Store on wooden cribbing separated from regular reinforcement. Cover with tarpaulins if stored outside.
- 3. Handle with non-metallic slings.
- 4. Do not flame cut or weld. Protect from contamination when cutting, grinding, or welding other steel products above or near the stainless steel during construction.
- 5. Place on plastic or stainless steel bar chairs. If placing stainless steel chairs on steel beams, use chairs with plastic-coated feet.
- 6. Tie with stainless steel wire or an engineer-approved plastic or nonmetallic material.

Do not tie stainless steel reinforcing bars to, or allow contact with, uncoated reinforcing bars or galvanized steel. Maintain at least 1-inch clearance between stainless steel bars or dowels and uncoated or galvanized steel. Where 1-inch clearance is not possible, sleeve bars with a continuous polyethylene or nylon tube at least 1/8-inch thick extending at least 1 inch in each direction and bind with nylon or polypropylene cable ties. Sleeves are not required between stainless steel bars and shear studs. Stainless steel bars can be in direct contact with undamaged epoxy-coated bars.

Cut flush with the top flange or remove uncoated fasteners, anchors, lifting loops, or other protrusions into a bridge deck before casting the deck on prestressed concrete beams.

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## C.2 Splices

Splice as the plans show. Provide stainless steel couplers conforming to the minimum capacity, certification, proof testing, and written approval requirements of standard spec 550.3.3.4. The contractor may substitute stainless steel couplers for lap slices the plans show if the engineer approves in writing.

If increasing or altering the number or type of bar splices the plans show, provide revised plan sheets to the engineer showing the reinforcement layout, type, length, and location of revised bar splices and revised bar lengths. Obtain engineer approval for the location of new lap splices or substitution of mechanical bar couplers before fabrication. Ensure that new lap splices are at least as long as those the plans show.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Stainless Structures by the pound acceptably completed, computed from the nominal weights of corresponding sizes for carbon steel deformed bars in AASHTO M31 regardless of stainless steel alloy provided. The department will not measure extra material used if the contractor alters the reinforcement layout as allowed under C.2, extra material for splices or couplers the plans do not show, or the weight of devices used to support or fasten the steel in position.

The department will measure the Bar Couplers Stainless bid items as each individual coupler acceptably completed.

## **E** Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNIT505.0800.SBar Steel Reinforcement HS Stainless StructuresLB

Payment for Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Stainless Structures is full compensation for furnishing and placing stainless steel reinforcing bars, including supports. Where the plans specify bar couplers, the department will pay for the length of bars as detailed with no deduction or increase for installation of the coupler.

Payment for the Bar Couplers Stainless bid items is full compensation for providing couplers; including bar steel that is part of the coupler and not detailed in the plan; for threading reinforcing bars; for installing and coating the splice; and for supplying and testing 3 couplers.

stp-505-005 (20141107)

# 25. Polymer Overlay, Item 509.5100.S.

## A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and applying two layers of a two-component polymer overlay system to the bridge decks shown on the plans. The minimum total thickness of the overlay system shall be ½".

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#### **B** Materials

#### **B.1** General

Furnish materials specifically designed for use over concrete bridge decks. Furnish polymer liquid binders from the department's approved product list.

## **B.2** Polymer Resin

The polymer resin base and hardener shall be composed of two-component, 100% solids, 100% reactive, thermosetting compound with the following properties:

Property	Requirements	Test Method
Gel Time <sup>A</sup>	15 - 45 minutes @ 73° to 75° F	ASTM C881
Viscosity <sup>A</sup>	7 - 70 poises	ASTM D2393, Brookfield RVT, Spindle No. 3, 20 rpm
Shore D Hardness <sup>B</sup>	60-75	ASTM D2240
Absorption <sup>B</sup>	1% maximum at 24 hr	ASTM D570
Tensile Elongation <sup>B</sup>	30% - 70% @ 7 days	ASTM D638
Tensile Strength <sup>B</sup>	>2000 psi @ 7 days	ASTM D638
Chloride Permeability <sup>B</sup>	<100 coulombs @ 28 days	AASHTO T277

A Uncured, mixed polymer binder

## **B.3** Aggregates

Furnish natural or synthetic aggregates that have a proven record of performance in applications of this type. Furnish aggregates that are non-polishing, clean, free of surface moisture, fractured or angular in shape; free from silt, clay, asphalt, or other organic materials; and meet the following properties and gradation requirements:

Aggregate Properties:

Property	Requirement	<b>Test Method</b>
Moisture Content*	½ of the measured aggregate absorption, %	ASTM C566
Hardness	³ 6.5	Mohs Scale
Fractured Faces	100% with at least 1 fractured face and 80% with at least 2 fractured faces of material retained on No.16	ASTM 5821
Absorption	≤1%	ASTM C128

<sup>\*</sup> Sampled and tested at the time of placement.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Cured, mixed polymer binder

#### Gradation:

Sieve Size	% Passing by Weight
No. 4	100
No. 8	30 – 75
No. 16	0-5
No. 30	0 – 1

## **B.4 Required Properties of Overlay System**

The required properties of the overlay system are listed in the table below:

Property	Requirement <sup>A</sup>	Test Method		
Minimum Compressive Strength at 8 Hrs. (psi)	1,000 psi @ 8 hrs 5,000 psi @ 24 hrs	ASTM C 579 Method B, Modified <sup>B</sup>		
Thermal Compatibility	No Delaminations	ASTM C 884		
Minimum Pull-off Strength	250 psi @ 24 hrs	ACI 503R, Appendix A		

A Based on samples cured or aged and tested at 75°F

## **B.5** Approval of Bridge Deck Polymer Overlay System

A minimum of 20 working days prior to application, submit product data sheets and specifications from the manufacturer, and a certified test report to the engineer for approval. The engineer may request samples of the polymer and/or aggregate, prior to application, for the purpose of acceptance testing by the department.

For materials not pre-qualified, in addition to the above submittals, submit product history/reference projects and a certified test report from an independent testing laboratory showing compliance with the requirements of the specification.

The product history/reference projects consist of a minimum of five bridge/roadway locations where the proposed overlay system has been applied in Wisconsin or in locations with a similar climate - include contact names for the facility owner, current phone number or e-mail address, and a brief description of the project.

Product data sheets and specifications from the manufacture consists of literature from the manufacturer showing general instructions, application recommendations/methods, product properties, general instructions, or any other applicable information.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Plastic inserts that will provide 2-inch by 2-inch cubes shall be placed in the oversized brass molds.

#### **C** Construction

#### C.1 General

Conduct a pre-installation conference with the manufacturer's representative prior to construction to establish procedures for maintaining optimum working conditions and coordination of work. Furnish the engineer a copy of the recommended procedures and apply the overlay system according to the manufacturer's instructions. The manufacturer's representative familiar with the overlay system installation procedures shall be present at all times during surface preparation and overlay placement to provide quality assurance that the work is being performed properly.

Store resin materials in their original containers in a dry area. Store and handle materials according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Store all aggregates in a dry environment and protect aggregates from contaminants on the job site.

## **C.2 Deck Preparation**

## C.2.1. Deck Repair

Remove all asphaltic patches and unsound or disintegrated areas of the concrete decks as the plans show, or as the engineer directs. Work performed to repair the concrete deck will be paid for under other items. Ensure that products used for deck patching are compatible with the polymer overlay system.

NOTE: Some polymer systems require concrete patch material to be in place a minimum of 28-days before overlaying - contact polymer manufacturer before completing deck patching/repair.

## **C.2.2 Surface Preparation**

Determine an acceptable shotblasting machine operation (size of shot, flow of shot, forward speed, and/or number of passes) that provides a surface profile meeting CSP 5 according to the International Concrete Repair Institute Technical Guideline No. 03732. If the engineer requires additional verification of the surface preparation, test the tensile bond strength according to ACI 503R, Appendix A of the ACI *Manual of Concrete Practice*. The surface preparation will be considered acceptable if the tensile bond strength is greater than or equal to 250 psi or the failure area at a depth of ½ inches or more is greater than 50% of the test area. Continue adjustment of the shotblasting machine and necessary testing until the surface is acceptable to the engineer or a passing test result is obtained.

Prepare the entire deck using the final accepted adjustments to the shotblasting machine as determined above. Thoroughly blast clean with hand-held equipment any areas inaccessible by the shotblasting equipment. Do not perform surface preparation more than 24 hours prior to the application of the overlay system.

Prepare the vertical concrete surfaces adjacent to the deck a minimum of 2" above the overlay according to SSPC-SP 13 by sand blasting, using wire wheels, or other approved method.

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Just prior to overlay placement, clean all dust, debris, and concrete fines from the prepared surfaces including the vertical surfaces with compressed air. When using compressed air, the air stream must be free of oil. Any grease, oil, or other foreign matter that rests on or has absorbed into the concrete shall be removed completely. If any prepared surfaces (including the first layer of the polymer overlay) are exposed to rain or dew, lightly sandblast (breeze blast) the exposed surfaces.

Protect drains, expansion joints, access hatches, or other appurtenances on the deck from damage by the shot and sand blasting operations and from materials adhering and entering. Tape or form all construction joints to provide a clean straight edge.

Create a transitional area approaching transverse expansion joints and ends of the deck using the shotblasting machine or other approved method. Remove 5/16" to 3/8" of concrete adjacent to the joint or end of deck and taper a distance of 3 feet.

The engineer may consider alternate surface preparation methods per the overlay system manufacture's recommendations. The engineer will approve the final surface profile and deck cleanliness prior to the contractor placing the polymer overlay.

## **C.3** Application of the Overlay

Perform the handling and mixing of the polymer resin and hardening agent in a safe manner to achieve the desired results according to the manufacturer's instructions. Do not apply the overlay system if any of the following exists:

- a. Ambient air temperature is below 50°F.
- b. Deck temperature is below 50°F.
- c. Moisture content in the deck exceeds 4.5% when measured by an electronic moisture meter or shows visible moisture after 2 hours when measured according to ASTM D4263.
- d. Rain is forecasted during the minimum curing periods listed under C.5.
- e. Materials component temperatures below 50°F or above 99°F.
- f. Concrete age is less than 28 days unless approved by the engineer.
- g. The deck temperature exceeds 100°F.
- h. If the gel time is 10 minutes or less at the predicted high air temperature for the day.

After the deck has been shotblasted or during the overlay curing period, only necessary surface preparation and overlay application equipment will be allowed on the deck. Begin overlay placement as soon as possible after surface preparation operations.

The polymer overlay shall consist of a two-course application of polymer and aggregate. Each of the two courses shall consist of a layer of polymer covered with a layer of aggregate in sufficient quantity to completely cover the polymer. Apply the polymer and aggregate according to the manufacturer's requirements. Apply the overlay using equipment designed for this purpose. The application machine shall feature positive displacement volumetric metering and be capable of storing and mixing the polymer resins at the proper mix ratio. Disperse the aggregate using a standard chip spreader or equivalent

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machine that can provide a uniform, consistent coverage of aggregate. First course applications that do not receive enough aggregate before the polymer gels shall be removed and replaced. A second course applied with insufficient aggregate may be left in place, but will require additional applications before opening to traffic.

After completion of each course, cure the overlay according to the manufacturer's instructions. Follow the minimum cure times listed under C.5 or as prescribed by the manufacturer. Remove the excess aggregate from the surface treatment by sweeping, blowing, or vacuuming without tearing or damaging the surface; the material may be reused if approved by the engineer and manufacturer. Apply all courses of the overlay system before opening the area to traffic. Do not allow traffic on the treated area until directed by the engineer.

After the first layer of coating has cured to the point where the aggregate cannot be pulled out, apply the second layer. Prior to applying the second layer, broom and blow off the first layer with compressed air to remove all loose excess aggregate.

Prior to opening to traffic, clean expansion joints and joint seals of all debris and polymer. If required by the engineer, a minimum of three days following opening to traffic, remove loosened aggregates from the deck, expansion joints, and approach pavement.

## **C.4 Application Rates**

Apply the polymer overlay in two separate courses according to the manufacturer's instructions, but not less than the following rate of application.

Course	Minimum Polymer Rate <sup>A</sup> (GAL/100 SF)	Aggregate <sup>B</sup> (LBS/SY)		
1	2.5	10+		
2	5.0	14+		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The minimum total applications rate is 7.5 GAL/100 SF.

## **C.5** Minimum Curing Periods

As a minimum, cure the coating as follows:

	Average temperature of deck, polymer and aggregate components in °F							
Course	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-99
1	6 hrs.	5 hrs.	4 hrs.	3 hrs.	2.5 hrs	2 hrs	1.5 hrs.	1 hr.
2	8 hrs.	6.5 hrs.	6.5 hrs.	5 hrs.	4 hrs.	3 hrs.	3 hrs.	3 hrs.

### C.6 Repair of Polymer Overlay

Repair all areas of unbonded, uncured, or damaged polymer overlay for no additional compensation. Submit repair procedures from the manufacturer to the engineer for approval. Absent a manufacturer's repair procedures and with the approval of the engineer, complete repairs according to the following: Saw cut the limits of the area to the top of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Application of aggregate shall be of sufficient quantity to completely cover the polymer.

concrete; remove the overlay by scarifying, grinding, or other approved methods; shot blast or sand blast and air blast the concrete prior to placement of polymer overlay; and place the polymer overlay according to section C.3.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Polymer Overlay in area by the square yard, acceptably completed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNIT509.5100.SPolymer OverlaySY

Payment is full compensation for preparing the surface; for tensile bond testing; for providing the overlay; for cleanup; and for sweeping/vacuuming and disposing of excess materials. Concrete Deck Repair will be paid for separately. stp-509-030 (20150630)

# **26.** Driven Piles Using Pile Dynamic Analyzer

Where indicated in the structure plans, replace standard spec. 550.3.6 with the following:

## 550.3.6 Driving Resistance

- (1) Drive piles to the depths necessary to obtain the required driving resistance per the driving resistance determination method called for in the plans.
- (2) Driving resistance will be developed by the engineer from Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) testing performed on the designated piles at each substructure unit as shown on the plans. The driving criteria will be given as blows per foot with hammer stroke and minimum penetration of the pile or as directed by the engineer.

The PDA test piles at each substructure unit are designated on the plans and will be monitored using a PDA. Pile installation for these test piles will be controlled by the PDA testing and the engineer per the Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Testing and Restrike Special Provision within this contract.

For the PDA driving resistance determination method, pile restrikes will be required per the PDA Testing and Restrike Special Provision, or as directed by the engineer. Accommodate a time delay in the pile driving sequence as defined in the PDA Testing Special Provision to allow the engineer time to develop the production pile driving criteria.

(3) If the required driving resistance is not met at the minimum tip elevation, driving shall continue until it is achieved. If the required driving resistance is achieved above the minimum tip elevation, driving shall continue until both the minimum tip elevation and required driving resistance criteria are met. If practical pile refusal is encountered prior to the minimum tip elevation, the engineer will determine if driving can be halted.

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Where indicated in the structure plans, delete standard spec. 550.3.7.

## 27. Stone or Rock Ditch Checks, Item 628.7515.S.

## A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing stone or rock ditch checks as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer, or both, and as hereinafter provided.

#### **B** Materials

Provide materials conforming to size requirements for size no. 2 coarse aggregate for concrete masonry or riprap according to the standard spec 501.2.5.4.4. Railroad ballast or breaker run stone conforming to the following applicable gradations may also be used:

Railroad Ballast			
Percent by			
Sieve Size	Weight Passing		
2 Inch	100		
1 Inch	20 - 55		
3/8 Inch	0 -5		

<b>Breaker Run Stone</b>			
	Percent by		
Sieve Size	Weight Passing		
5 Inch	100		
1½ Inch	0 - 50		
3/8 Inch	0 - 5		

Incorporate stone or rock in the ditch checks that is hard, sound, and durable, and meets the approval of the engineer.

#### **C** Construction

Place stone or rock ditch checks immediately after shaping of the ditches or slopes is completed. Place stone or rock ditch checks at right angles to the direction of flow and construct to the dimensions and according to the details shown in the plans.

Remove sediment from behind the stone or rock ditch checks when it has accumulated to one half of the original height of the dam.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Stone or Rock Ditch Checks in volume by the cubic yard of material incorporated in the work.

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## E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 628.7515.S Stone or Rock Ditch Checks CY

Payment is full compensation for furnishing, producing, crushing, loading, hauling, placing, and shaping and maintaining Stone or Rock Ditch Check.

The quantity of sediment removed shall be multiplied by a factor of ten and paid for as Excavation Common.

stp-628-050 (20151210)

## 28. Temporary Portable Rumble Strips, Item 643.0310.S.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes providing, relocating, maintaining, and removing temporary portable rumble strips.

#### **B** Materials

Furnish RoadQuake2 or Roadquake2F temporary portable rumble strips, by Plastic Safety Systems. Do not use alternate products or methods without preapproval by the Bureau of Traffic Operations.

#### **C** Construction

### C.1 Placement

Provide rumble strips where the plans show or the engineer directs as follows:

- 1. Before placing rumble strips, clean the roadway of sand and other materials that may cause slippage.
- 2. Place one end of the rumble strips 6 inches from the roadway centerline. Extend the strips perpendicular to the direction of travel. Ensure strips lay flat on the roadway surface.
- 3. Only one series of rumble strips, placed before the first work zone, is required per direction of travel for multiple work zones spaced 1 mile or less apart. Work zones spaced greater than 1 mile apart require a separate series of rumble strips.

## **C.2** Maintenance

Maintain rumble strips as follows:

- 1. If rumble strips slide, become out of alignment, or are no longer in the wheel path of approaching vehicles during the work period, thoroughly clean both sides of the rumble strips and reset on a clean roadway.
- 2. Repair or replace damaged rumble strips immediately.

### **D** Measurement

The department will measure temporary portable rumble strips as a single lump sum unit of work, acceptably completed.

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## E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 643.0310.S Temporary Portable Rumble Strips LS

Payment is full compensation for providing, relocating, maintaining or replacing, and removing temporary portable rumble strips. stp-643-020 (20161130)

# 29. Locating No-Passing Zones, Item 648.0100.

For this project, the spotting sight distance in areas with a 55 mph posted speed limit is 0.21 miles (1108 feet). stp-648-005 (20060512)

# 30. Wetland Seeding, Item SPV.0005.01.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes supplying, storing, mixing, sowing and raking the native and cover seed mix in the wet meadow as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer. Perform seeding according to the requirements hereinafter provided.

#### **B** Materials

Use the following native seed specifications during seed acquisition.

- 1. Provide native seed true to species, packed separately, with label information including scientific and common name, quantity, date and location picked, name and company supervising the picking.
- 2. Provide seed relatively free of non-seed debris and of non-native and/or invasive species including, but not limited to, reed canary grass, purple loosestrife, spotted knapweed and Canada thistle.
- 3. Provide seed of local ecotype and origin no further than 150 linear miles from the project location.
- 4. Provide seed that was picked at the appropriate time for ripeness and viability. Obtain germination test results and certification for a random sample of each species prior to receiving delivery of the seed. Provide written documentation of germination tests to the engineer 14 days prior to seeding.
- 5. If the seed does not meet the minimum required 80 percent germination rate, additional seed must be supplied at the cost of the seed supplier/contractor to meet the total viable seed quantity.

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- 6. Deliver a representative sample of each species to the engineer (14 days prior to seeding) for inspection and identification prior to the acceptance of the seed.
- 7. Provide cover crop for the wet meadow seeding zones consisting of annual rye (*Lolium temulentum*).
- 8. Substitutions or changes to the seeding schedule must be approved by the engineer prior to seeding. All seed quantities provided assume a minimum 80% germination rate.

#### **B.1 Seed Mixes**

Seeding rates and mixes are as follows, or as directed by the engineer:

The seed mix for the wet meadow seeding zone of 2.1 acres is composed of 61.7 pounds of Wildflowers and 75.5 pounds of Grasses and Rushes, for a total of 137.2 pounds of native seed. Additionally, the cover crop is seeded at 20 pounds per acre for a total of 42.0 pounds of cover crop in the wet meadow seeding zone.

## Forbs (Wildflowers)

i erze (crimanieriere)		PLS		
<u>Latin Name</u>	Common Name	oz/ acre	% of mix	
Asclipias incarnata	Swamp Milkweed	65.22	6.24%	OBL
Eupatorium perfoliatum	Common Boneset	41.93	4.01%	FACW
Hypericum pyramidatum	Great St. John's-wort	55.89	5.35%	FAC
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	Sweet Coneflower	28.01	2.68%	FACU
Silphium perfoliatum	Cup Plant	111.70	10.68%	<b>FACW</b>
	New England American-			
Symphyotrichum novae-angliae	Aster	28.01	2.68%	FACW
Verbena hastata	Simpler's-Joy	139.70	13.36%	FACW
	Totals	470.45	45.00%	
Graminoids (Grasses)		DI C		
		PLS		
<u>Latin Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	oz/ acre	% of mix	
Andropogon gerardi	Big Blue Stem	229.19	21.92%	FACU
Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	190.38	18.21%	FACW
Leersia orysoides	Rice Cut Grass	2.53	0.24%	OBL
Panicum virgatum	Wand Panic Grass	57.96	5.54%	FAC
Scirpus atrovirens	Dark-Green Bulrush	15.47	1.48%	OBL
Scirpus cyperinus	Cottongrass Bulrush	15.47	1.48%	OBL
Spartina pectinata	Freshwater Cord Grass	64.00	6.12%	FACW
	Totals	574.99	55.00%	
	Totals	1045.44	100.00%	
	Totals	1075.77	100.0070	

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#### Alternate Forbs

Latin Name Common Name Aster puniceus Swamp Aster Gentiana andrewsii **Bottle Gentian** Iris shrevei Wild Iris Mimulus ringens Monkey Flower Pychanthemum virginianum Mountain Mint Senna hebecarpa Wild Senna Solidago ohioensis Ohio Goldenrod Solidago riddellii Ridell's Goldenrod Thalictrum dasycarpum Purple Meadow Rue Vernonia fasciculata Ironweed Veronicastrum virginicum Culver's Root

#### **Alternate Graminoids**

<u>Latin Name</u>

Calamagrostis canadensis

Carex crinita

Carex scoparia

Common Name

Canada Bluejoint Grass

Fringed Sedge

Lance-Fruited Sedge

All seed shall be Pure Live Seed (PLS) and originating and obtained from Wisconsin, Minnesota, Eastern Iowa or Northern Illinois nurseries, specializing in growing native species from Upper Midwestern genotypes in Zone 5a or lower of the US Agricultural Research Service, Plant Hardiness Zone Map, Miscellaneous Publication Vol. No. 1475, Issued January, 1990, Updated January 24, 2012, <a href="http://planthardiness.ars.usda.gov/PHZMWeb/">http://planthardiness.ars.usda.gov/PHZMWeb/</a>.

Ensure that all seed used is cold, dry stratified.

If a listed species is not available, substitutions may be made from the alternative seed species listed with engineer's approval and must be documented. If substitutions in a seed mix are made, maintain the forbs to graminoids ratios and numbers of species counts. The weight of any item substituted cannot be more than twice or less than half by weight, in comparison to the item it is replacing.

#### C Construction

Prepare the seed bed in conformance with standard spec 630.3.2. Place a seed bed consisting of 4 inches of Topsoil with proper weed control prior to sowing in the designated areas.

Mix the seed at the project site according to the seeding schedules specified under the item of Seed Mix, or as directed by the engineer. Sow seed after October 15 and prior to November 30. Do not seed in flooded areas or when conditions are otherwise

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unsatisfactory for seeding. Provide the engineer 5 working days' notice prior to any seeding activities.

Mix and sow seed on the same day. Sow cover crop and native seed together. Seed using Method A, standard spec 630 and the following additional techniques.

Fertilizer shall not be placed on Wetland Seeding areas.

Mix seed with moist sand or sawdust on site prior to seeding. Provide water on site to moisten the sand or sawdust using a ratio of one part moist sand or moist sawdust to one part native seed mix by volume. After seeding, lightly rake the area to cover the seed with approximately 1/2-inch of soil.

Apply mulch that is weed-free and crimp in place.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Wetland Seeding by the acre, acceptably completed.

## E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0005.01Wetland SeedingACRE

Payment is full compensation for handling, on-site storage of seed, weighing, mixing, sowing and raking of native seed and cover crop; supplying water, sand, and/or sawdust for mixing seed.

# 31. Abandoning Culvert Pipe Special, Item SPV.0035.01.

### **A Description**

This special provision describes abandoning existing culverts by filling them with cellular concrete according to the pertinent requirements of standard spec 204 and 501, as shown in the plans, and as hereinafter provided.

#### **B** Materials

Provide cellular concrete meeting the following specifications: 1 part cement, 1 part fly ash, 8 parts sand, or an approved equal, and water. Provide cement meeting the requirements of standard spec 501.2.1 for Type 1 Portland Cement. Provide sand meeting the requirements of standard spec 501.2.5.3 Provide water meeting the requirements of standard spec 501.2.4.

#### C Construction

First close the ends of the existing culverts as directed in standard spec 204.3.3.2(2). Then tap the culvert where necessary and fill from these locations as directed by the engineer.

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#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Abandoning Culvert Pipe Special in volume by the cubic yard according to standard spec 109.1.3.

### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0035.01 Abandoning Culvert Pipe Special CY

Payment is full compensation for breaking down, removing, closing, plugging, or sealing; for removing and disposing of headwalls; for obtaining any required work permits; for hauling and disposing of materials; for providing any required bentonite, soil, brick, concrete block, or concrete; for restoring the roadway cross-section; and, unless the contract specifies granular backfill, for backfilling.

# 32. Salvage and Reinstall Lighting Unit, Item SPV.0060.01.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes salvaging and reinstalling existing lighting units at the STH 82 and CTH HH intersection according to the pertinent provisions of standard spec 204. Specific removal items are noted in the plans.

## **B** (Vacant)

### **C** Construction

Salvage lighting equipment and poles, including transformer bases, poles, and luminaire arms per plan from their concrete footing and disassemble out of traffic. Ensure that access handhold doors and hardware remain intact. Make a reasonable effort to inspect salvaged equipment for damage or defects.

If damage or defects discovered, contact Joe Schneider of WisDOT SW Region at (608) 789-5959. The department assumes that all equipment is in good condition and in working order prior to the contractor's removal operation. Prior to removal, inspect and provide a list of any damaged or non-working traffic signal equipment to the engineer. Damaged or non-working traffic signal equipment not identified to the engineer, prior to removal, will be replaced by the contractor at no cost to the department.

Store and protect lighting equipment from any damage prior to installation.

Remove all lighting wire from the conduit system as noted on the plan. Dispose of wire and cable.

Reinstall the salvaged lighting equipment at the new locations shown on the plan and according to standard spec 652.3, 657.3, 658.3, 659.3.

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#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Salvage and Reinstall Lighting Unit as each lighting unit, acceptably completed.

### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0060.01 Salvage and Reinstall Lighting Unit EACH

Payment is full compensation for removing, disassembling lighting equipment, scrapping of some materials, disposing of scrap material, salvaging the equipment, storing, protecting from damage, and reinstalling the lighting equipment at the new locations specified in the plan.

## 33. Remove Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal, Item SPV.0060.02.

## **A Description**

This special provision describes removing an in-place electrical service meter breaker pedestal and restoring the site to match surroundings.

## **B** (Vacant)

#### **C** Construction

Prior to removing the meter breaker pedestal, contact Joe Schneider of the WisDOT SW Region at (608) 789-5959 to arrange for disconnection of the service lateral and salvaging/removal of the meter housing by the electrical utility.

After disconnection of the service lateral and salvaging/removal of the meter housing by the electrical utility, carefully remove the meter breaker pedestal including any base or foundation. Properly dispose of meter breaker pedestal components off the job site and off department right-of-way.

Backfill the removal site with material similar to surrounding material and match the surrounding grade.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Remove Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal as each unit, acceptably removed.

## **E** Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0060.02 Remove Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal EACH

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Payment is full compensation for removing and disposing the meter breaker pedestal, and for backfilling and restoring the site to match surroundings.

#### 34. Remove Luminaire, Item SPV.0060.03.

#### **A Description**

This special provision describes removing luminaire from existing lighting unit at the STH 82 and CTH HH intersection according to the pertinent provisions of standard spec 204.

#### **B** (Vacant)

#### **C** Construction

Remove luminaire from the existing lighting unit. Dispose of removed luminaire off department right-of-way.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Remove Luminaire as each unit, acceptably removed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0060.03Remove LuminaireEACH

Payment is full compensation for removing and disposing of luminaire.

#### 35. Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch, Item SPV.0060.04.

#### A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch shown on the plans.

#### **B** Materials

Furnish pull boxes, frames, and lids made of non-conductive material. Pull boxes, frames, and lids shall be suitable for Tier 15 loading as specified in ANSI/SCTE 77.

#### **C** Construction

Provide pull boxes, frames, and lids made of non-conductive materials. If necessary, extend Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch as the plan details show using the same material as the pull box. Saw extensions parallel to the extension ring. Secure extension to original box as shown in the plan details.

Excavate, place coarse aggregate drain material, and backfill as the plan details show. Dispose of surplus or unsuitable materials as specified under standard spec 205.3.12.

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Use covers stamped with "ELECTRIC" for traffic signal and lighting pull boxes or "WISDOT COMMUNICATIONS" for communications pull boxes.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch as each individual unit, acceptably completed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0060.04 Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch EACH

Payment for Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-inch is full compensation for providing and installing pull boxes, frames, lids, aggregate, fasteners, reinforcing steel; conduit extensions less than 10 feet long including fittings; and for furnishing all excavating, backfilling and disposing of surplus material. The department will pay separately for engineer-directed pull box drain duct under the Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic bid items as specified in standard spec 652.5.

# 36. Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Testing, Item SPV.0060.05; Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Restrikes, Item SPV.0060.06; CAse Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP) Evaluation, Item SPV.0060.07.

#### **A Description**

The items consist of providing Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) load testing and analyses/evaluation, as outlined in the contract plans and this special provision. This Dynamic Pile Load Testing is being done to set pile resistance criteria. Production piles will be driven according to pile resistance criteria produced by the contractor after PDA testing and evaluation is completed at each substructure unit. PDA restrikes will be completed as described in this special provision, or as directed by the engineer.

The piles and pile driving will be paid for under standard spec 550. This applies to both piles installed using the PDA criteria and for production piles installed using the criteria developed by the contractor from the PDA installations.

Data collected during the testing described herein will form the basis for the final driving criteria to be applied to production piles in the substructure unit under consideration. Submit to the engineer the name and qualifications of the person(s) completing this work. Provide documentation that the person(s) completing this work have successfully completed at least 5 PDA testing projects within the last 3 years, and that these identified projects are of a scope and complexity similar to that anticipated for this project. Persons without this minimum experience will not be allowed to complete work on this project. Also submit documentation of experience with PDA equipment manufactured by Pile Dynamics, Inc. and the CAse Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP). All dynamic monitoring shall be performed using a PDA (Model PAK, PAX, or PAL). Furnish all

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equipment necessary for the dynamic monitoring such as sensors, cables, or wireless transmitters, etc. The equipment shall conform to the requirements of ASTM D4945. A person with a minimum of 4 years of experience and who has achieved a minimum of Advanced Level on the Foundation QA Examination for Providers of PDA Testing Services, shall be in charge of PDA operations and of data interpretation. They shall be present on site, or by remote connection, at the time of all PDA testing.

#### **B** (Vacant)

#### **C** Construction

#### C.1 Test Locations

Perform dynamic pile load testing at the pile locations identified on the plans. These locations are referred to simply as 'PDA Test Piles' throughout the remainder of this specification. Piles noted as PDA Test Piles are a functional load-carrying part of the completed foundation unit, and not solely used for testing.

#### **C.2 Driving Sequence**

Perform PDA testing on the first piles installed in each substructure unit. PDA Test Piles shall be located as shown on the footing plan. No other piles in the substructure unit shall be used for PDA testing unless agreed to by the engineer. Do not drive any other piles in the unit until all required testing has been completed and the final driving criteria for that substructure unit has been determined in writing and accepted by the engineer.

#### **C.3 Pile Driving**

Drive PDA Test Piles to penetration depths and/or penetration resistances as directed by the engineer. Drive PDA Test Piles using the same methods and equipment that have been accepted for driving the production piles.

Drive PDA Test Piles to one of the following lengths:

- If the required plan driving resistance is achieved at a pile length less than plan length, stop driving the pile. Pile restrikes will be required as described in Section C6 of this special provision to document that the minimum plan required driving resistance is achieved.
- If PDA indicated pile capacity is greater than or equal to 85% of the required driving resistance, at the estimated plan length, stop driving. Pile restrikes will be required as described in Section C6 of this special provision to document that the minimum plan required driving resistance is achieved.
- If the pile resistance at plan length is less than 85% of the required driving resistance, continue to drive the pile until the resistance reaches 85% or more of the plan driving resistance. Upon achieving 85% or more, stop driving. Pile restrikes will be required as described in Section C6 of this special provision to document that the minimum plan required driving resistance is achieved.

In all cases, the required plan driving resistance will be shown either through end of initial drive data or from restrike data, as defined above.

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#### C.4 Scheduling

Provide a written schedule to the engineer showing all required PDA Test Pile activities for the following week. Submit this schedule a minimum of two working days prior to the first day included in the schedule.

Multiple concurrent PDA testing and/or analyses will be allowed. Any delays to the contractors schedule due to coordination or untimeliness of PDA testing or evaluation/analyses will not be grounds for extension of contract time.

#### **C.5 Installation Testing**

Perform dynamic measurements following procedures set forth in ASTM D4945 during the driving of piles designated as PDA Test Piles.

Continuous PDA monitoring may require multiple installations of PDA testing equipment depending on the supplied pile length. If multiple piles lengths are used to produce the final installed pile, multiple PDA equipment installations will be required. With the PDA testing equipment attached, drive the pile and monitor using the PDA equipment.

#### C.6 Restrike Tests

Perform restrike tests on all PDA test piles as part of the initial dynamic pile load testing program as described in section C5. See restrike criteria given in section C3.

Wait a minimum of 12 hours and a maximum of 72 hours or a time period as directed by the engineer, after initial pile installation is complete; then, restrike each PDA test pile with the required dynamic testing instruments attached.

Warm the hammer before the restrike by applying at least 20 blows to a non-test pile, or by other means acceptable to the engineer.

The maximum amount of penetration required during the restrike test shall be 6 inches, or the maximum number of hammer blows required will be 30, whichever occurs first.

The pre-approved pile-driving hammer used for restrike testing shall be capable of supplying enough energy to develop a minimum of twice the required driving resistance shown on the plans.

#### C.7 CAPWAP Evaluation and Drive Criteria

Pile-driving criteria for each substructure unit shall be determined from dynamic pile tests conducted on the total length of each pile noted for PDA Testing in the plans. Submit the required driving resistance and the driving criteria for the production piles determined by dynamic pile testing to the engineer for acceptance for the production pile installation. Electronically submit the driving criteria and a report with the results of the CAPWAP evaluation to the engineer.

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Utilize the dynamic test data to establish the following pile driving criteria: (1) a minimum driven length below cutoff level, and (2) a maximum penetration rate per 10 hammer blows for 30 consecutive blows. Drive all remaining piles in each unit according to the established criteria for that unit.

Driving production piles shall continue until the required driving resistance is achieved for 30 consecutive hammer blows. Mark penetration per 10 consecutive hammer blows.

The engineer may alter driving criteria as necessary to assure development of adequate pile capacity. In any pile where pile capacity or integrity is suspect, the engineer may order PDA testing.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Testing as each individual unit, acceptably completed, in which one unit includes all PDA-related effort on one pile during the initial driving.

The department will measure Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) restrikes as each individual unit, acceptably completed, in which one unit includes all of the restrike and testing effort required on an individual pile when it is restruck.

The department will measure CAse Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP) Evaluation as each individual unit, acceptably completed, in which one unit includes all analyses and effort required to provide drive criteria for installation of production piles in one substructure unit.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.05	Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA)Testing	<b>EACH</b>
SPV.0060.06	Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Restrikes	<b>EACH</b>
SPV.0060.07	CAse Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP)	<b>EACH</b>
	Evaluation	

Payment for Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Testing is full compensation for facilitating the initial dynamic pile load test on a given pile, including possible multiple sensor installations.

Payment for Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Restrikes is full compensation for facilitating and performing one restrike test on a pile, including the sensor installation, mobilization of equipment, hammer warm-up, and pile restriking.

Payment for CAse Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP) Evaluation is full compensation for providing the personnel, software and equipment to evaluate the results of the monitoring for each substructure unit for the purpose of establishing production pile

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driving criteria, and the electronic submittal of the driving criteria and report with the results of the CAPWAP evaluation.

### 37. Removing HMA Pavement Notched Wedge Longitudinal Joint Milling, Item SPV.0090.01.

#### **A Description**

This special provision describes removing the notched wedge longitudinal joint prior to paving the adjacent lane in order to create a vertical longitudinal joint.

#### **B** (Vacant)

#### C Construction

Remove the notched wedge longitudinal joint constructed according to standard spec 450.3.2.8 prior to paving the adjacent lane. Provide a uniform milled surface that is reasonably plane, free of excessively large scarification marks, and has the grade and transverse slope the plans show or the engineer directs. Do not damage the remaining pavement.

Use a self-propelled milling machine with depth, grade, and slope controls. Shroud the drum to prevent discharging loosened material onto adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Provide an engineer-approved dust control system.

Maintain one lane of the roadway for traffic at all times during working hours. Do not windrow or store material on the roadway. Clear the roadway of all materials and equipment during non-working hours.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Removing HMA Pavement Notched Wedge Longitudinal Joint Milling by the linear foot, acceptably completed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0090.01 Removing HMA Pavement Notched Wedge LF

Longitudinal Joint Milling

Payment is full compensation for removing HMA pavement; and for hauling and disposal of materials.

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### 38. Bore and Jack Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class V 24-Inch, Item SPV.0090.02.

#### **A Description**

This special provision describes furnishing and installing culvert pipe by jacking and boring with or without a casing pipe. The method of installation may be selected, but open-cut will not be allowed.

#### **B** Materials

Culvert pipe shall be reinforced concrete pipe, Class V, conforming to standard spec 522.

Steel casing shall conform to ASTM A53, Grade B Steel Pipe, 35,000 psi minimum yield, with a minimum wall thickness of 0.469 inches. Casing shall be a minimum of 4 inches larger than the outside diameter of the carrier pipe.

If casing is used, annular spaced shall be filled with lean concrete proportioned of 1-1/2 bags of Portland cement, 6 cubic feet of concrete sand, and 12 cubic feet of coarse aggregate, or one bag Portland cement and 12 cubic feet of graded aggregate.

#### **C** Construction

Establish reference point and bench marks required to control jacking of casing pipe to elevations indicated on drawings.

Excavate access pit, shaft or approach tunnel according to standard spec 206.

If a casing pipe is used, weld joints with a continuous circumferential weld. Contractor shall be responsible for providing stress transfer across joints capable of resisting jacking forces applied.

Pipe shall be attached to concrete brick supports to be used as a carrier for insertion into casing. Support and brace pipe to prevent shifting or flotation during filler material placement.

Carrier pipe or casing pipe shall be jacked and bored by selected method to line and grade indicated on drawings.

Upon completion of installation of pipe, completely fill annular space between carrier pipe and pipe casing with lean concrete. Fill ends of casing pipe with a minimum 1-foot thick bulkhead.

Backfill casing pipe ends according to standard spec 206 and restore surface.

Demonstrate to satisfaction of the department that the entire length of the casing bas been backfilled.

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#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Bore and Jack Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class V 24-Inch by the linear foot, acceptably completed. Measurement will consist of the length provided in the plan. The department will not pay extra if the contractor exceeds the length in the plan.

#### **E** Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0090.02 Bore and Jack Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete LF

Class V 24-Inch

Payment is full compensation for providing all materials, including carrier pipe, steel casing pipe, and connections; for furnishing all excavating except rock excavation; for sheeting and shoring; for laying pipe; for sealing joints and making connections to new or existing fixtures; for filing annular space and constructing bulkheads; for backfilling; for providing granular backfill material; for removing sheeting and shoring; and for cleaning out and restoring the worksite.

#### 39. Cofferdams B-29-141 Pier 10, Item SPV.0105.01.

#### **A Description**

This special provision describes constructing cofferdams at pier 10.

#### **B** (Vacant)

#### **C** Construction

Cofferdam construction shall be according to all applicable subsections of standard spec 206.3 and as hereinafter provided.

At pier 10, highly sloped shallow sandstone rock is expected to be encountered at depths above the plan bottom of seal elevation. To achieve the plan bottom of seal elevations, it is anticipated that variable depth rock excavation will be required. See "Pier 10 Details" sheet of the structure plans for approximate estimations of the top of rock elevations at the pier 10 seal corners.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure the Cofferdams B-29-141 Pier 10 bid item as a single lump sum unit of work for construction of the cofferdam at pier 10, acceptably completed.

#### E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0105.01Cofferdams B-29-141 Pier 10LS

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Payment for the Cofferdams B-29-141 Pier 10 bid item is full compensation for providing cofferdams and cribs, including well-point systems, sheeting, shoring, and bracing; for constructing, maintaining, backfilling, and removing cofferdams and cribs; and for pumping and dewatering.

#### 40. Select Crushed Material for Travel Corridor, Item SPV.0195.01.

#### **A Description**

Place select crushed material to fill voids and create a wildlife travel corridor, as shown in the plans and as hereinafter provided.

#### **B** Materials

Furnish select crushed material according to the pertinent requirements of standard spec 312. Material shall be clean and substantially free from material passing the No. 4 (4.75mm) sieve.

#### **C** Construction

Place the material after the heavy riprap has been completed. Place material such that voids in the finished surface are three inches or less in any dimension.

#### **D** Measurement

The department will measure Select Crushed Material for Travel Corridor by the ton, acceptably completed.

#### **E** Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0195.01 Select Crushed Material for Travel Corridor TON

Payment is full compensation for providing, placing, and shaping the material.

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## ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 1 (ASP 1) FOR TRANSPORTATION ALLIANCE FOR NEW SOLUTIONS (TrANS) PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT PLACEMENTS AND APPRENTICESHIPS

The Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), Section 5204(e) – Surface Transportation Workforce Development Training and Education, provides for 100 percent Federal funding if the core program funds are used for training, education, or workforce development purposes, including "pipeline" activities. The core programs includes: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program, Highway Bridge Program (HBP), Interstate Maintenance (IM), National Highway System (NHS), and Surface Transportation Program (STP). These workforce development activities cover surface transportation workers, including OJT/SS programs for women and minorities as authorized in 23 U.S.C. §140(b).

*TrANS* is an employment program originally established in 1995 in Southeastern Wisconsin. Currently TrANS has expanded to include TrANS program locations to serve contractors in Southeast (Milwaukee and surrounding counties), Southcentral (Dane County and surrounding counties including Rock County), and most Northeastern Wisconsin counties from locations in Keshena, Rhinelander and surrounding far Northern areas. TrANS attempts to meet contractor's needs in other geographic locations as possible. It is an industry driven plan of services to address the outreach, preparation, placement and retention of women, minorities and non-minorities as laborers and apprentices in the highway skilled trades. These candidate preparation and contractor coordination services are provided by community based organizations. For a list of the TrANS Coordinators contact the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office at (414) 438-4583 in Milwaukee or (608) 266-6961 in Madison. These services are provided to you at no cost.

#### I. BASIC CONCEPTS

Training reimbursements to employing contractors for new placements, rehires or promotions to apprentice of TrANS Program graduates will be made as follows:

- 1) On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0G, ASP 1 Graduate. At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on federal aid projects when TrANS graduates are initially hired, or seasonally rehired, as unskilled laborers or the equivalent.
  - <u>Eligibility and Duration:</u> To the employing contractor, for up to 2000 hours from the point of initial hire as a TrANS program placement.
  - <u>Contract Goal:</u> To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that <u>8</u> (number) TrANS Graduate(s) be utilized on this contract.
- 2) On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0A, ASP 1 Apprentice. At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on federal aid projects at the point when an employee who came out of the TrANS Program is subsequently entered into an apprenticeship contract in an underutilized skilled trade (this will include the Skilled Laborer Apprenticeship when that standard is implemented).

<u>Eligibility and Duration:</u> To the employing contractor, for the length of time the TrANS graduate is in apprentice status.

<u>Contract Goal:</u> To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that <u>4</u> (*number*) TrANS Apprentice(s) be utilized on this contract.

- The maximum duration of reimbursement is two years as a TrANS graduate plus time in apprentice status.
- 4) If a TrANS program is not available in the contractor's area and another training program is utilized, payment of On-the-Job Training hours may be approved by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) if the training program meets the established acceptance criteria. Only On-the-Job Training Hours accumulated after WisDOT approval will be reimbursed as specified under Items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A. For more information, contact the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office at the phone numbers listed above.
- 5) WisDOT reserves the right to deny payments under items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A if the contractor either fails to provide training or there is evidence of a lack of good faith in meeting the requirements of this training special provision.

#### I. RATIONALE AND SPECIAL NOTE

The \$5.00 per hour now being paid for TrANS placements is intended to cover the duration of two years to allow for reaching entry-level laborer status. An additional incentive, the \$5.00 rate, would promote movement into the underutilized skilled trades' apprenticeships and applies until the individual completes their apprenticeship. These incentives benefit TrANS candidates by giving them a better opportunity to enter a skilled trade; benefits contractors who will be assisted in meeting their EEO profiles and goals; and benefits the public who will see the program reinforce larger public-private employment reform in Wisconsin. The pool of TrANS graduates was created for the purpose of addressing underutilization in the skilled trades, an objective that is further reinforced by a parallel retention pilot program, known as the Companywide Reporting. Whether or not reimbursement is involved, the WisDOT reassures contractors who are in the Companywide Program that TrANS placements still contribute toward fulfilling the new hire goal of 50% women and minorities. Based on data administered by United States Department of Labor (US DOL), the highway skilled trades remain underutilized for women statewide (less than 6.9%); and for minorities in all counties (% varies by county).

<u>NOTE</u>: Unless using other advancement strategies, contractors are encouraged to use some or all of this monetary incentive to offset the cut in hourly wages an individual may incur when entering an apprenticeship if the full general laborer hourly rate has been previously paid. No special accounting measures are required.

#### II. IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation of ASP 1 is intended to cover only the amount of time it takes for underutilization to be resolved across the trades. This will be measured annually at the county and/or state levels using data administered by WisDWD in relation to goals set by the USDOL-

OFCCP. With appropriate state and federal approvals, we may also do some measurement at the company level.

It is the contractor's responsibility to note on their Certified Payrolls if their employee is a TrANS graduate or a TrANS apprentice. The District EEO Coordinators utilize the information on the Certified Payrolls to track the hours accumulated by TrANS Graduates and TrANS apprentices on WisDOT contracts. Payment under this ASP 1 is made based on the hours recorded off of the Certified Payrolls. Tracking may eventually include improved linkages with the WisDWD apprentice database, information from company and committee level sources.

TrANS is nondiscriminatory by regulation, and is a tool for optional use by contractors to address the underutilization of women and minorities as laborers and apprentices in our industry's skilled trades.

#### IV. TRANS TRAINING

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided to employees enrolled in apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journey workers in the type of trade or job classifications involved. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor provided, however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also insure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journey workers status is a primary objective of this training special provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority trainees and women trainees); to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be given an opportunity and will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they have taken in pursuance thereof, prior to determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this training special provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journey workers status or in which they have been employed as a journey worker. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

#### V. APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

The Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) policy is to require full use of all available training and skill improvement opportunities to assure increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The FHWA On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program requires the State transportation agencies (STAs) to establish apprenticeships and training programs targeted to move women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals into journey-level positions to ensure that a competent workforce is available to meet highway construction hiring needs, and to address the historical underrepresentation of members of these groups in highway construction skilled crafts.

The OJT Supportive Services (OJT/SS) Program was established in Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 230) to supplement the OJT program and support STA training programs by providing services to highway construction contractors and assistance to highway construction apprentices and trainees. The primary objectives of OJT/SS are:

- (1) To increase the overall effectiveness of the State highway agencies' approved training programs.
- (2) To seek other ways to increase the training opportunities for women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals.

The STAs are responsible for establishing procedures, subject to the availability of Surface Transportation and Bridge Funds under 23 U.S.C. §140(b) (Nondiscrimination), for the provision of supportive services with respect to training programs approved under 23 CFR, Part 230(a) (Equal Employment Opportunity on Federal and Federal-aid Construction Contracts – including Supportive Services).

The contractor and subcontractor shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with these apprenticeship requirements. Reasonable exemptions and modifications to and from any or all of these requirements will be determined by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Civil Rights Office. A request for an exemption or modification, with justification, shall be made in writing, addressed to WisDOT Civil Rights Office, 4802 Sheboygan Avenue, P.O. Box 7965, Rm. 451, Madison, WI 53707.

#### **ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 3**

#### DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE [DBE] PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

#### 1. Description

- a. The federal DBE program requirements outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations at 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this Wisconsin Department of Transportation contract. WisDOT is a recipient of federal funds and this contract includes federal funds. United States Department of Transportation Federal DBE Program requires the following provisions:
  - (1) Pursuant to the federal DBE program regulation at 49 CFR Part 26, a contractor's failure to comply with any provision of the DBE regulations will be considered a material breach of contract. This is non-negotiable. If a contractor fails to carry out the DBE program and Title VI nondiscrimination requirements of its contracts, the following sanctions will be assessed depending upon the facts, reasoning, severity and remedial efforts of the contractor: termination of contract, withholding payment, assessment of monetary sanctions, assessment of liquidated damages and/or suspension/debarment proceedings that may result in the disqualification of the contractor from bidding for a designated period of time.
  - (2) The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains the federal fund recipient's [DOT] written consent. Unless [WisDOT] consent is provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.
- b. The Wisconsin Department of Transportation [WisDOT] is committed to the compliant administration of the DBE Program. Each WisDOT Secretary affirms this commitment with his/her signed assurance. <a href="http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/policy-statement.pdf">http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/policy-statement.pdf</a>
  - (1) The department encourages the contractor to assist and develop DBE firms to become fully knowledgeable contractors to successfully perform on its contracts. Under the contract, the contractor agrees to provide the assistance to participating DBE's in the following areas:
    - i. Produce accurate and complete quotes.
    - ii. Understand highway plans applicable to their work.
    - iii. Understand specifications and contract requirements applicable to their work.
    - iv. Understand contracting reporting requirements.
  - (2) Wisconsin DOT identifies the assigned DBE goal in its contract advertisements and posts the contract DBE goal on the cover of the bidding proposal. The contractor can meet the assigned, specified contract DBE goal by subcontracting work to a DBE or by procuring services or materials from a DBE. The department calculates the DBE participation as the dollar value of DBE participation included in the bid expressed as a percentage of the total contract bid amount.
  - (3) For more comprehensive information on the disadvantaged business program, visit the department's Civil Rights and Compliance Section website at: http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/default.aspx

#### 2. Definitions

Interpret these terms, used throughout this additional special provision, as follows:

- a. Bid Percentage: The DBE percentage indicated in the bidding proposal at the time of bid.
- b. **DBE:** A small business certified as disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) under the federal DBE program and included on the Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory deemed ready, willing and able.
- c. **DBE goal:** The amount of DBE participation expected in the contract as shown on the cover of the Highway Work Proposal.
- d. **Manufacturer:** A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract.
- e. **Supplier:** A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public.
- f. **Voluntary Achievement:** The amount of DBE participation achieved and reported in the contract in excess of the assigned goal.

#### 3. DBE Percentage Required at Bid Submission

Indicate the bid percentage (i.e. 0% through 100%) of DBE participation on the completed bidding proposal. For electronic submittals, show the percentage in the miscellaneous data folder, Item 3, DBE Percent. For paper submittals, show the percentage on the sheet included after the schedule of items. By submission of the bid, the bidder contractually commits to DBE participation at or above the bid percentage, or certifies that they have utilized comprehensive good faith efforts to solicit and utilize DBE firms to meet the DBE participation requirements of this contract proposal, and that the bid percentage is reflective of these good faith efforts. The bid percentage should demonstrate the efforts of the prime contractor prior to bid. If the bidder does not indicate the bid percentage of DBE participation on the completed bidding proposal, the department will consider the bid irregular and may reject the bid.

#### 4. WisDOT Interpretation of Federal DBE Program Provision

Prime contractors must utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and/or supply the materials for which each is listed on the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] and approved by WisDOT's DBE office to execute its contract. The approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] becomes a contract document/record.

#### a. Department's DBE Evaluation Process

WisDOT evaluates DBE using the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE, payments to subcontractors and contract documentation. The prime contractor shall list the specific DBE certified firms and items of work s/he intends to use toward the fulfillment of the assigned DBE contract goal. The prime contractor receives DBE credit for payments made to the DBE firms performing the work listed on the approved Form DT1506.

#### b. Documentation Submittal

The contractor is to identify, by name, the DBE firms whose utilization is intended to satisfy this provision, the items of work of the DBE subcontract or supply agreement and the dollar value of those items of work by completing the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506]. Effective January 1, 2017, the contractor will be required to submit the documentation within 5 business days after bid opening. All necessary supporting documentation including Attachment 'A' forms and/or Good Faith Efforts Form

[DT1202] must be submitted no later than 2 business days from contractor's initial submission of the DT 1506. The contractor must provide a signed Attachment 'A' form to the DBE office within the time limit in order to receive authorization for contract execution; the DBE office reserves the right accept alternate documentation in lieu of the signed form in extenuating circumstances. Documentation must be submitted to the DBE Office by email at DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov (DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov) or by postal mail ATTN: DBE Office, PO Box 7965, Madison, WI 53707-7965.

#### (1) Bidder Meets DBE Goal

If the bidder indicates that the contract DBE goal is met, after award and before execution, the department will evaluate the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form DT1506 and attachment A(s) to verify the actual DBE percentage calculation. If the DBE commitment is verified, the contract is eligible for execution with respect to the DBE commitment.

#### (2) Bidder Does Not Meet DBE Goal

- i. If the bidder indicates a bid percentage on the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] that does not meet the contract DBE goal, the bidder must submit a Good Faith Efforts Form [DT1202] and supporting documentation. After award and before execution, the department will evaluate the bidder's DBE commitment and consider the bidder's good faith efforts submission.
- ii. The department will evaluate the bidder's good faith effort request and notify the bidder of one of the following:
  - (a) If the department grants a good faith efforts, the bid is eligible for contract execution with respect to DBE commitment.
  - (b) If the department rejects the good faith efforts request, the department may declare the bid ineligible for execution. The department will provide a written explanation of why the good faith efforts request was rejected. The bidder may appeal the department's rejection as allowed under 7 a. & b.

#### c. Bidder Fails to Submit Documentation

If the contractor fails to furnish the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] within the specified time, the department may cancel the award. Delay in fulfilling this requirement is not a cause for extension of the contract time and shall not be used as a tool to delay execution.

#### 5. Department's Criteria for Good Faith Effort

Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26, is the guiding regulation concerning good faith efforts. However, the federal regulations do not explicitly define "good faith" but states that bidder must actively and aggressively attempt to meet the goal. The federal regulations are general and do not include every factor or effort that can be considered. As a result, each state must establish its own processes and consider the factors established in its own practices to create a process for making a determination of adequate good faith. WisDOT evaluates good faith on a contract basis just as each contract award is evaluated individually.

The department will only approve a contractor's good faith efforts if the bidder has made the effort, given the relevant circumstances under the contract that a bidder actively and aggressively seeking to meet the goal would make. The department will evaluate the bidder's good faith effort to determine whether a good faith efforts will be granted. The bidder must demonstrate, on the DT1202 that they have aggressively solicited DBE participation in an attempt to meet the contract DBE goal and attaining the stated DBE goal is not feasible.

a. The department, in conjunction with industry stakeholders, has developed the following guidance for contractor good faith effort. The guidance and the attached appendices provide a framework for the actions required by all parties in the processing and evaluation of bidder's total efforts to achieve the project specific DBE goal prior to the bid letting date.

- b. Prime Contractors should:
  - (1) <u>Document</u> all efforts and decisions made toward achieving the DBE goal on the contract. The bidder should use the Civil Rights & Compliance System [CRCS] and related WisDOT- approved DBE outreach tools, including the Bid Express Small Business Network, to foster DBE participation on all applicable contracts.
  - (2) Prime contractors <u>may</u> request assistance with DBE outreach and follow-up by contacting the department's DBE Support Services Office by phone or email request at least 14 days prior to the bid letting date. Requesting assistance with outreach <u>is not</u> a decisive factor in the review Good faith effort evaluation. Phone numbers are 414-438-4584 and/or 414-659-0487; Fax: 414-438-5392; E-mail: DOTDBESupportServices@dot.wi.gov.
  - (3) Request quotes by identifying potential items to subcontract and solicit. Prime contractors are strongly encouraged to include in their initial contacts a single page including a detailed list of items for which they are accepting quotes, by project, within a letting. See attached sample entitled "Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter" in Appendix A. Prime contractors should also indicate a willingness to accept quotes in areas they are planning to perform themselves, as required by federal rules. In some cases, it might be appropriate to use DBE's to do work in a prime contractor's area of specialization.
    - i. Solicit quotes from certified DBE firms who match 'possible items to subcontract' using all reasonable and available means. Additionally, forward copies of solicitations highlighting the work areas for which you are seeking quotes to <a href="mailto:DOTDBESupportServices@dot.wi.gov">DOTDBESupportServices@dot.wi.gov</a>.
    - ii. SBN is the preferred outreach tool. <a href="https://www.bidx.com/wi/main">https://www.bidx.com/wi/main</a>. Other acceptable means include postal mail, email, fax, phone call.
      - (a) Primes must ask DBE firms for a response in their solicitations. See *Sample Contractors Solicitation Letter* in Appendix. This letter can be included as an attachment to the SBN sub-quote request.
      - (b) Solicit quotes at least 10 calendar days prior to the letting date, at least two Fridays before the letting, to allow DBE firms sufficient time to respond. Prime contractors should contact DBE firms early, asking if they need help organizing their quote, assistance confirming equipment needs, or other assistance supporting their submission of a competitive quote for their services.
      - (c) Second solicitation should take place within 5 calendar days. Email and SBN are the preferred delivery of the follow-up solicitation.
    - iii. Upon request, provide interested DBE firms with adequate information about plans, specifications and the requirements of the contract by letter, information session, email, phone call and/or referral.
    - iv. When potential exists, the contractor should advise interested DBE firms on how to obtain bonding, line of credit or insurance if requested.
    - v. Document DBE firm's interest in quoting by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitation with:
      - (a) Email to all prospective DBE firms in relevant work areas.
      - (b) Phone call log to DBE firms who express interest via written response or call.
      - (c) Fax/letter confirmation
      - (d) Signed copy of Bid Express SBN Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort.
- c. <u>Evaluate DBE quotes</u> Documentation is critical if a prime does not utilize the DBE firm's quote for any reason.
  - (1) Evaluate DBE firm's capability to perform 'possible items to subcontract' using legitimate reasons, including but not limited to, *a discussion with the DBE firm* regarding its capabilities prior to the bid letting. If lack of capacity is your reason for not utilizing the DBE quote, you are required to contact the DBE by phone and email regarding their ability to perform the work indicated in the UCP directory listed as their work area by NAICS code. Only the work area and/or NAICS code listed in the UCP directory can be counted toward DBE credit. Documentation of the conversation is required.
  - (2) In striving to meet an assigned DBE contract goal, prime contractors are expected to use DBE quotes that are responsive and reasonable. This includes DBE quotes that are not the low quote.

- (3) **Special Circumstance** Evaluation of DBE quotes with <u>tied bid items</u>. "Tied quotes are the condition in which a subcontractor submits quotes including multiple areas of expertise across multiple work areas noting that the items and price are tied. Typically this type of quoting represents a cost saving to the prime but is not clearly stated as a discount; tied quotes are usually presented as 'all or none' quote to the prime." When non-DBE subcontractors submit tied bid items in their quotes to the prime, the DBE firms' quote may seem not competitive. In such a case, the following steps are taken in comparing the relevant quotes. These are qualitative examples.
  - i. Compare bid items common to both quotes, noting the reasonableness in the price comparison.
  - ii. Review quotes from other firms for the bid items not quoted by the DBE firm to see if combining both can provide the same competitive advantage that the tied bid items offered.
- d. Immediately after notification of contract award, the prime submits all 'Commitment to Subcontract' forms to the DBE Office. Prime contractor has 5 days to submit the completed form for the DBE firms it intends to use on the contract for DBE credit. If the goal is not met in full, the prime contractor must provide the following information along with WisDOT form DT1202: Certificate of Good Faith Efforts.
  - (1) The names, addresses, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers of DBE's contacted. The dates of both initial and follow-up contact.
  - (2) A description of information provided to the DBE's regarding the plans, specifications, and estimated quantities for portions of the work to be performed by that DBE.
  - (3) Photocopies or electronic copies of all written solicitations to DBE's. A printed copy of SBN solicitation is acceptable.
  - (4) Documentation of each quote received from a DBE and, if rejected, the reason for that rejection.
  - (5) Bidder attendance at any pre-solicitation or pre-bid meetings the department held to inform DBE's of participation opportunities available on the project.

The prime contractor must obtain written consent from the DBE Office to change or replace any DBE firm listed on the approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506]. If the prime contractor utilizes another contractor, including the use of its own workforce, to perform the work assigned to a DBE on the approved DT1506, the prime contractor will not be entitled to payment for that work. Any changes to DBE after the approval of the DT1506 must be reviewed and approved by the DBE office prior to the change.

#### 6. Use of Joint Checks

The use of joint checks is allowable if it is a commonly recognized business practice in the material industry. A joint check is defined as a two-party check between a DBE, a prime contractor and the regular dealer of materials supplier who is neither the prime nor an affiliate of the prime. Typically, the prime contractor issues one check as payor to the DBE subcontractor and to the supplier jointly (to guarantee payment to the supplier) as payment for the material/supplies used by the DBE in cases where the prime has submitted the DBE and material for DBE credit. The DBE subcontractor gains the opportunity to establish a direct contracting relationship with the supplier to potentially facilitate a business rapport that results in a line of credit or increased partnering opportunities.

The cost of material and supplies purchased by the DBE is part of the value of work performed by the DBE to be counted toward the goal. To receive credit, the DBE must be responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the materials, and installing (where applicable) and "paying for the material itself." See 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1).

The approval to use joint checks constitutes a commitment to provide further information to WisDOT, upon request by staff. WisDOT will allow the use of joint checks when the following conditions are met:

- a. The Prime must request permission to use joint checks from the DBE Office by submitting the Application to Use Joint Checks.
  - (1) Request should be made when the DBE Commitment form or Request to Sublet is submitted; the request will not be considered if submitted after the DBE Subcontractor starts its work.
  - (2) Approval/Permission must be granted prior to the issuance of any joint checks.
  - (3) The payment schedule for the supplier must be presented to the DBE office before the first check is issued.
  - (4) The joint check for supplies must be strictly for the cost of supplies.
- b. DBE subcontractor is responsible to furnish and/or install the material/work item. The DBE subcontractor shall not be an 'extra participant' in the transaction; the DBE's role in the transaction cannot be limited solely to signing the check(s) to release payment to the material supplier. At a minimum, the DBE subcontractor's tasks should include the following.
  - (1) The DBE subcontractor (not the prime/payor) negotiates the quantities, price and delivery of materials;
  - (2) The DBE subcontractor consents to sign/release the check to the supplier by signing the Application to Use Joint Checks after establishing the conditions and documentation of payment within the subcontract terms or in a separate written document.
- c. The Prime contractor/payor acts solely as a guarantor,
  - (1) The prime agrees to furnish the check used for the payment of materials/supplies under the contract.
  - (2) The prime contractor/payor cannot require the subcontractor to use a specific supplier or the prime contractors negotiated unit price.

#### 7. Bidder's Appeal Process

- a. A bidder can appeal the department's decision to deny the bidder's good faith effort submission. The bidder must provide written documentation refuting the specific reasons for rejection as stated in the department's rejection notice. The bidder may meet in person with the department if so requested. Failure to appeal within 7 calendar days after receiving the department's written denial notice of a good faith effort evaluation constitutes a forfeiture of the bidder's right of appeal. A contract cannot be executed without documentation that the DBE provisions have been fulfilled.
- b. The department will appoint a representative, who did not participate in the original determination, to assess the bidder's appeal. The department will issue a written decision within 5 calendar days after the bidder presents all written and oral testimony. In that written decision, the department will explain the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the contract DBE goal or make an adequate good faith effort to meet the contract DBE goal. The department's decision is final. If the department finds that the bidder did not meet the contract DBE goal or did not make adequate efforts to meet the DBE goal, the department may declare the bid ineligible for execution.

#### 8. Department's Criteria for DBE Participation

#### **Directory of DBE firms**

a. The only resource for DBE certified firms certified in the state of Wisconsin is the Wisconsin Unified Certification Program [UCP] DBE List. Wisconsin Department of Transportation maintains a current list of certified DBE firms titled Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory on the website at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/dbe-ucp-directory.xlsx

b. The DBE office is also available to assist at 414-438-4583 or 608-267-3849.

#### 9. Counting DBE Participation

#### **Assessing DBE Work**

- a. The department will only count the DBE usage towards the contract DBE goal if the DBE firm is certified as a DBE by one of the unified certification program agencies. If a firm becomes DBE certified before entering into a subcontract, the department may consider that DBE usage towards the contract goal. The department only counts the value of the work a DBE actually performs towards the DBE goal. The department assesses the DBE work as follows:
- b. The department counts work performed by the DBE's own resources. The department includes the cost of materials and supplies the DBE obtains for the work. The department also includes the cost of equipment the DBE leases for the work. The department will not include the cost of materials, supplies, or equipment the DBE purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate, except the department will count non-project specific leases the DBE has in place before the work is advertised.
- c. The department counts fees and commissions the DBE charges for providing a bona fide professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services. The department also counts fees and commissions the DBE charges for providing bonds or insurance. The department will only count costs the engineer deems reasonable based on experience or prevailing market rates.
- d. If a DBE subcontracts work, the department counts the value of the subcontracted work only if the DBE's subcontractor is also a DBE.
- e. The contractor shall maintain records and may be required to furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this item.
- f. It is the prime contractor's responsibility to determine whether the work that is committed and/or contracted to a DBE certified firm can be counted for DBE credit by referencing the work type and NAICS code listed for the DBE firm on the Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory.
- g. It is the prime contractor's responsibility to assess the DBE firm's ability to perform the work for which s/he is committing/contracting the DBE to do. Note that the department encourages the prime contractor to assist and develop DBE firms to become fully knowledgeable contractors to successfully perform on its contracts.

#### 10. Commercially Useful Function

- a. Commercially useful function is evaluated after the contract has been executed, while the DBE certified firm is performing its work items. A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved.
- b. The department uses Form DT1011: DBE Commercially Useful Function Review and Certification to evaluate whether the DBE is performing a commercially useful function. WisDOT counts expenditures of a DBE toward the DBE goal only if the DBE is performing a commercially useful function on that contract.
- c. A DBE is performing a commercially useful function if the following conditions are met:
  - (1) For contract work, the DBE is responsible for executing a distinct portion of the contract work and it is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising that work.
  - (2) For materials and supplies, the DBE is responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering, and paying for those materials and supplies.

#### 11. Credit Evaluation for Trucking

All bidders are expected to adhere to the department's current trucking policy posted on the HCCI website at <a href="http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/trucking-utilization-policy.pdf">http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/trucking-utilization-policy.pdf</a>

#### 12. Credit Evaluation for Manufacturers, Suppliers, Brokers

The department will calculate the amount of DBE credit awarded to a prime using a DBE firm for the provisions of materials and supplies on a contract-by-contract basis. The department will count the material and supplies that a DBE provides under the contract for DBE credit based on whether the DBE is a manufacturer, supplier or broker. Generally, DBE crediting measures and evaluates the DBE owner's role, responsibility and contribution to the transaction: maximum DBE credit when the DBE manufactures materials or supplies; DBE credit decreases when the DBE solely supplies material and minimal credit is allotted when the DBE's role is administrative or transactional.

It is the bidder's responsibility to find out if the DBE is considered a supplier or a manufacturer before listing them on Commitment to Subcontract to DBE form DT1506.

#### a. Manufacturers

- (1) A manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
- (2) If the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer, count **100%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
- b. Regular Dealers of Material and/or Supplies
  - (1) A regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business.
  - (2) If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, count **60%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
  - (3) At a minimum, a regular dealer must meet the following criteria to be counted for DBE credit:
    - i. The DBE firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.
    - ii. The DBE firm must both own and operate distribution equipment for the product-bulk items such as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt. If some of the distribution equipment is leased, the lease agreement must accompany the DBE Commitment form for evaluation of the dealer's control before the DBE office approves the DBE credit.
- c. Brokers, Transaction Expediters, Packagers, Manufacturers Representatives
  - (1) No portion of the cost of the materials, supplies, services themselves will count for DBE credit; however, WisDOT will evaluate the fees or commissions charged when a prime purchases materials, supplies or services from a DBE certified firm which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, namely: brokers, packagers, manufacturers' representatives or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions.
  - (2) Brokerage fees have historically been calculated as 10% of the purchase amount.
  - (3) WisDOT may count the amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site.
  - (4) The evaluation will review the contract need for the item/service, review the sub-contract or invoice for the item/service, compare the fees customarily allowed for similar services to determine whether they are reasonable.

When DBE suppliers are contracted, additional documentation must accompany the DT1506 and Attachment 'A' forms. An invoice or bill-of-sale that includes the company names of the bidder and the DBE supplier and documentation of the calculations used as the basis for the purchase agreement, subcontract or invoice. WisDOT recognizes that the amount on the Attachment 'A' form may be more or less than the amount on the invoice. Please respond to the following questions and submit with your DBE Commitment Form.

- 1. What is the product or material?
- 2. Is this item in the prime's inventory or was the item purchased when contract was awarded?
- 3. Which contract line items were referenced to develop this quote?
- 4. What is the amount of material or product used on the project?

#### 13. Credit Evaluation for DBE Primes

Wisconsin DOT calculates DBE credit based on the amount and type of work performed by DBE certified firms. If the prime contractor is a DBE certified firm, the department will only count the work that DBE prime contractor performs with its own forces for DBE credit. We will also calculate DBE credit for the work performed by any other DBE certified subcontractor, DBE certified supplier, DBE certified manufacturer on that contract in that DBE's approved work areas/NAICS code. Crediting for manufacturers and suppliers is calculated consistent with paragraph 12 of this document and 49 CFR Part 26.

#### 14. Joint Venture

If a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the department will only count that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to that portion of the work that the DBE performs with its own forces for DBE credit.

#### 15. Mentor Protégé

- a. If a DBE performs as a participant in a mentor protégé agreement, the department will count for credit the portion of the work performed by the DBE protégé firm.
- b. DBE credit will be evaluated and confirmed by the DBE Office for any contracts on which the mentor protégé team identifies itself to the DBE Office as a current participant of the Mentor Protégé Program.
- c. Refer to WisDOT's Mentor Protégé guidelines for guidance on the number of contracts and amount of DBE credit that can be counted on any WisDOT project.

#### 16. DBE Replacement or Termination

#### **Contractual Requirement**

The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent from the Department's DBE Office. If the Department does not provide consent to replace or terminate a DBE firm, the prime contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

#### **Contractor Considerations**

a. A prime contractor cannot terminate and/or replace a DBE subcontractor listed on the approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] without prior written consent from the DBE Office. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

- b. If a prime contractor feels it is necessary to replace or terminate a DBE firm that has been approved for DBE credit toward its contract, s/he will be required to provide reasons and documentation to support why the prime cannot fulfill the contractual commitment that it made to the Department regarding the DBE utilization.
- c. Prime contractor is required to make affirmative efforts to find another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the assigned DBE contract goal.
- d. In circumstances when a DBE subcontractor fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason or is terminated from a contract, the prime contractor is expected to make affirmative efforts to maintain its commitment to the assigned DBE goal.
- e. The DBE firm should communicate with the prime contractor regarding its schedule and capacity in the context of the contract. If the DBE anticipates that it cannot fulfill its subcontract, s/he shall advise the prime contractor and suggest a DBE that may replace their services or provide written consent to be released from its subcontract.
  - (1) Before the prime contractor can request to terminate or substitute a DBE firm; s/he must:
    - i. Make every effort to fulfill the DBE commitment by working with the listed DBE to ensure that they are fully knowledgeable of your expectations for successful performance on the contract. Document these efforts in writing.
    - ii. If those efforts fail, provide written notice to the DBE subcontractor of your *intent to* request to terminate and/or replace the firm including the reason(s) you want to pursue this action.
    - iii. Copy the DBE Office on all correspondence related to changing a DBE firm who has been approved for DBE credit on a contract including the preparation and coordination efforts with the DBE on the contract.
    - iv. Clearly state the amount of time the DBE firm has to remedy and/or respond to your notice of intent to replace/terminate their firm from the contract. The DBE shall be allowed five days to respond, in writing. Exception: The prime contractor must provide a verifiable reason for a response period shorter than five days. For example a WisDOT project manager must verify that waiting 5 days for a DBE performing traffic control work to respond would affect the public safety.
    - v. The DBE subcontractor must forward a written response to the prime contractor and copy the DBE Office. The written response must outline why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and list the reasons that WisDOT should not approve the request for their firm to be replaced or removed from the contract.

#### The Request to Replace or Terminate a DBE

The prime contractor must provide a written request to replace or terminate a DBE firm that has been approved for DBE credit on a WisDOT contract. The written request can be an email or printed document delivered by email or fax; at minimum, the request must contain the following:

- 1. Contract ID number.
- 2. Wisconsin DOT Contract Project Manager name and contact information.
- 3. DBE name and work type and/or NAICS code.
- 4. Contract's progress schedule.
- 5. Reason(s) for requesting that the DBE be replaced or terminated.
- 6. Attach/include all communication with the DBE to deploy/address/resolve work completion,

WisDOT will review your request and any supporting documentation that you submit to evaluate whether the circumstance and the reasons constitute a good cause for replacing or terminating the DBE that was approved for DBE credit on that contract.

Examples of Good Causes to Replace a DBE according to the federal DBE program guidelines {49 CFR part 26.53}

- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract.
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent
  with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or
  refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or
  discriminatory action of the prime contractor.
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements.
- The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness.
- The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law.
- You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor.
- The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal.
- The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required.
- A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

#### **Evaluation and Response to the Request**

If WisDOT determines that your reasons comply with the good cause standards; the DBE office will send the prime contractor and the WisDOT project manager an email stating that we concur with the reasons and approve the replacement or termination.

If WisDOT determines that your reasons do not comply with the good cause standards of the federal DBE program, the DBE Office will send the prime contractor an email that includes *the requirement* to utilize the committed DBE, *remedial actions* to support the completion of the contractual commitment, a list of available WisDOT support services *and administrative remedies that may be invoked* for failure to comply with federal DBE guidelines for DBE replacement.

The Wisconsin Department of transportation contact for all actions related to replacing a DBE is the DBE Program Chief and/or the DBE Program Engineer which can be reached at <a href="mailto:DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov">DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov</a> or by calling 608-267-3849.

#### 17. DBE Utilization beyond the approved DBE Commitment Form DT1506

If the Prime/subcontractor increases the scope of work for a participating DBE or adds a DBE subcontractor that was not on the approved Form DT1506 at any time after contract award, s/he should follow these steps so that the participation can be accurately credited toward the DBE goal.

- a. Send an email to the DBE Engineer at <a href="mailto:DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov">DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov</a> describing the work to be performed by the new DBE including the proposed schedule or duration, DBE name and contact information. You may also call the DBE Engineer at 414-659-0487 to notify him of the change verbally. If the scope change added work for a participating DBE; list the date and reason for the scope change.
- b. Forward a complete, signed Attachment 'A' form to the DBE Office at <a href="mailto:DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov">DBE\_Alert@dot.wi.gov</a>. A complete Attachment A includes DBE contact information, signature, subcontract value and proper description of the work areas to be performed by the DBE.
  - The DBE office will confirm the DBE participation and revise the DT1506 based on the email/discussion and attach the new/revised Attachment A to the Contract record/documentation.

#### 18. Contract Modifications

When additional opportunity is available by contract modifications, the Prime Contractor shall utilize DBE Subcontractors that were committed to equal work items, in the original contract.

#### 19. Payment

Costs for conforming to this Additional Special Provision (ASP) and any associated DBE requirements are incidental to the contract.

# APPENDIX A Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 1 This sample is provided as a guide not a requirement

#### GFW SAMPLE MEMORANDUM

TO: DBE FIRMS

DATE:

CC:

FROM: POTENTIAL PRIME CONTRACTOR OR MAJOR SUBCONTRACTOR

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR DBE QUOTES

**LET DATE & TIME** MONTH DAY YEAR DBE OFFICE ENGINEER

Our company is considering bidding on the projects indicated on the next page, as a prime and/or a subcontractor for the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Month-date -year Letting. Page 2 lists the projects and work items that we may subcontract for this letting. We are interested in obtaining subcontractor quotes for these projects and work categories. Also note that we are willing to accept quotes in areas we may be planning to perform ourselves as required by federal rules.

Please review page 2, respond whether you plan to quote, highlight the projects and work items you are interested in performing and return it via fax or email within 3 days. Plans, specifications and addenda are available through WisDOT at the DBE Support Services office or at the Highway Construction Contract Information (HCCI) site at <a href="http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/">http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/</a>

Your quote should include all of the costs required to complete the items you propose to perform including labor, equipment, material, and related bonding or insurance. The quote should note items that you are DBE certified to perform, tied items, and any special terms. Page 2, with the indicated projects and items you plan to quote, should be used as a cover sheet for your quote.

Please make every effort to have your quotes into our office by time deadline the prior to the letting date. <u>Make sure</u> the correct letting date, project ID and proposal number, unit price and extension are included in your quote. We prefer quotes be sent via SBN but prime's alternatives are acceptable. Our office hours are include hours and days. Please call our office as soon as possible prior to the letting if you need information/clarification to prepare your quote at contact number.

If you wish to discuss or evaluate your quote in more detail, contact us after the contract is awarded. Status of the contract can be checked at WisDOT's HCCI site at <a href="http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/">http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/</a>

All questions should be directed to:

Project Manager, John Doe,

Phone: (000) 123-4567

Email: Joe@joetheplumber.com

Fax: (000) 123- 4657

## Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 2 This sample is provided as a guide not a requirement

REQUEST FOR QUOTATION

ease check all that apply  Yes, we will be quoting on t  No, we are not interested in	quoting on t			reference	d below		
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ORK DESCRIPTION: Clear and Grub	X	2	X	X	5	X	X
ORK DESCRIPTION:  Clear and Grub  Dump Truck Hauling  Curb & Gutter/Sidewalk, Etc.	X X	2	X X	X X	5	X X	X
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# APPENDIX B BEST PRACTICES FOR PRIME CONTRACTOR & DBE SUBCONTRACTOR GOOD FAITH EFFORT

#### This list is not a set of requirements; it is a list of potential strategies

#### **Primes**

- Prime contractor open houses inviting DBE firms to see the bid "war room" or providing technical assistance.
- Participate in speed networking and mosaic exercises as arranged by DBE office.
- ➤ Host information sessions not directly associated with a bid letting.
- Participate in a formal mentor protégé or joint venture with a DBE firm.
- Participate in WisDOT advisory committees i.e. TRANSAC, or Mega Project committee meetings.
- Facilitate a small group DBE 'training session' Clarifying how your firm prepares for bid letting, evaluates subcontractors, preferred qualifications and communication methods.
- Encourage subcontractors to solicit and highlight DBE participation in their quotes to you.
- ➤ Quality of communication, not quantity creates the best results. Contractors should do as thorough a job as possible in communicating with DBE firms before the bid and provide any assistance requested to assure best possible bid.

#### **DBE**

- > DBE firms should contact primes as soon as possible with questions regarding their quotes or bid; seven days prior is optimal.
- Continually check for contract addendums on the HCCI website through the Thursday prior to letting to stay abreast of changes.
- Review the status of contracts on the HCCI website reviewing the 'apparent low bidder' list, and bid tabs at a minimum.
- Prepare a portfolio or list of related projects and prime and supplier references; be sure to note transportation-related projects of similar size and scope, firm expertise and staffing.
- Participate in DBE office assessment programs.
- Participate on advisory and mega-project committees.
- Sign up to receive the DBE Contracting Update.
- Consider membership in relevant industry or contractor organizations.
- Active participation is a must. Quote as many projects as you can reasonably work on; quoting the primes and bidding as a prime with the department are the only ways to get work.

## APPENDIX C Types of Efforts considered in determining GFE

This list represents concepts being assessed; analysis requires additional steps

- 1. Whether the contractor attended any pre-solicitation or pre-bid meetings that were scheduled by WisDOT to inform DBEs of contracting and subcontracting opportunities.
- 2. Whether the contractor provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBEs that their interest in the contract was being solicited, in sufficient time to allow the DBEs to participate effectively.
- 3. Whether the contractor followed up initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine if the DBEs were interested; returned the phone calls of interested DBE firms.
- 4. Whether the contractor selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the DBE goal.
- 5. Whether the contractor provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications and requirements of the contract.
- 6. Whether the contractor negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs, not rejected DBEs as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities.
- 7. Whether the contractor made efforts to assist interested DBEs in being more competitive.
- 8. Whether the contractor effectively used the services of available minority community organizations: minority contractors groups, local, state, and Federal minority business assistance offices, and other organizations that provide assistance to small businesses and DBE firms.
- 9. Whether Prime used CRCS to identify DBE who specialize in relevant work areas.
- 10. Whether the contractor used available resources including contacting the DBE office, using WisDOT's website
- 11. Whether the contractor returned calls of firms expressing interest in a timely manner.

#### **APPENDIX D**

#### Good Faith Effort Evaluation Guidance Excerpt from Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26

#### APPENDIX A TO PART 26 -- GUIDANCE CONCERNING GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

- I. When, as a recipient, you establish a contract goal on a DOT assisted contract, a bidder must, in order to be responsible and/or responsive, make good faith efforts to meet the goal. The bidder can meet this requirement in either of two ways. First, the bidder can meet the goal, documenting commitments for participation by DBE firms sufficient for this purpose. Second, even if it doesn't meet the goal, the bidder can document adequate good faith efforts. This means that the bidder must show that it took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not fully successful.
- II. In any situation in which you have established a contract goal, part 26 requires you to use the good faith efforts mechanism of this part. As a recipient, it is up to you to make a fair and reasonable judgment whether a bidder that did not meet the goal made adequate good faith efforts. It is important for you to consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. The efforts employed by the bidder should be those that one could reasonably expect a bidder to take if the bidder were actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the DBE contract goal. Mere pro forma efforts are not good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract requirements. We emphasize, however, that your determination concerning the sufficiency of the firm's good faith efforts is a judgment call: meeting quantitative formulas is not required.
- III. The Department also strongly cautions you against requiring that a bidder meet a contract goal (i.e., obtain a specified amount of DBE participation) in order to be awarded a contract, even though the bidder makes an adequate good faith efforts showing. This rule specifically prohibits you from ignoring bona fide good faith efforts.
- IV. The following is a list of types of actions which you should consider as part of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.
  - A. Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  - B. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - C. Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
  - D. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
    - A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a

contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

- E. Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project goal.
- F. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.
- G. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- H. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- V. In determining whether a bidder has made good faith efforts, you may take into account the performance of other bidders in meeting the contract. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the contract goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts, the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, you may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made good faith efforts.

### Appendix E Small Business Network [SBN] Overview

The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express\* service that was created to ensure that prime bidders have a centralized online location to find subs - including small and disadvantaged business enterprises (DBEs). It is available for prime bidders to use as part of their Basic Service subscription.

Within the Small Business Network, Prime Contractors can:

#### 1. Easily select proposals, work types and items:

a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. Enter the sub-quote quantities and add comments, if desired. Adding or removing items and work types can be done quickly. If needed, you can save the sub-quote for completion at a later time.

#### 2. Create sub-quotes for the subcontracting community:

- a. Create sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In seven short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed to all subcontractors that bid on the applicable work types. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.
- b. Create a sub-quote to send to subcontractors or suppliers that lists the items in a proposal that you want quoted
- c. Create an unlimited number of sub-quotes for items you want quoted, and optionally mark them as a DBE-preferred request.
- d. Add attachments to sub-quotes.

#### 3. View sub-quote requests & responses:

- a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all of your sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quote requests from subcontractors. To simplify the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be hidden with one click if they are not applicable.
- View or receive unsolicited sub-quotes that subcontractors have posted, complete with terms, conditions and pricing.

#### 4. View Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort:

- a. For each sub-quote produced, a *Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort* is generated that shows the response statistics for a particular sub-quote. If accepted by the letting agency, this report may serve as proof of a "Good Faith" effort in reaching out to the DBE community.
- b. Easily locate pre-qualified and certified small and disadvantaged businesses.
- c. Advertise to small and disadvantaged businesses more efficiently and cost effectively.
- d. Document your interactions with subs/DBEs by producing an Outreach Report (may be accepted as proof of DBE outreach at the discretion of each agency).

The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express® service that was created to ensure that small businesses have a centralized area to access information about upcoming projects. It can help small businesses learn more about opportunities, compete more effectively, network with other contractors and subcontractors, and win more jobs.

#### 1. View and reply to sub-quote requests from primes:

a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all incoming sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quotes created by your company. Receive notifications by selected work type. To simplify on the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be filtered by work types relevant to your interests, or hidden with one click if they are not applicable.

#### 2. Select items when responding to sub-quote requests from primes:

- a. You have the freedom to choose and price any number of items when responding to a sub-quote request. Quantities can be modified, and per-item comments are also available.
- b. View requests for sub-quotes for work that primes have posted for projects they are bidding, add your pricing, terms, and conditions, and submit completed sub-quotes to the requesting primes.
- c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.

#### 3. Create and send unsolicited sub-quotes to specific contractors:

a. Create unsolicited sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In eight short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed at any number of specific vendors of your choosing. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.

#### 4. Easily select and price items for unsolicited sub-quotes:

- a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. The extended price calculates automatically, cutting out costly calculation errors. Comments can be provided on a per-item basis as well.
- b. Create an unsolicited sub-quote that lists the items from a proposal that you want to quote, include pricing, terms and conditions, and send it to selected prime/plan holder.
- c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.
- d. Add unsolicited work items to sub-quotes that you are responding to.

#### 5. Easy Access to Valuable Information

- a. Receive a confirmation that your sub-quote was opened by a prime.
- b. View Bid Tab Analysis data from past bids, including the high, average and low prices of items.
- c. View important notices and publications from DOT targeted to small and disadvantaged businesses.

#### 6. Accessing Small Business Network for WisDOT contracting opportunities

- a. If you are a contractor not yet subscribing to the Bid Express service, go to **www.bidx.com** and select "Order Bid Express." The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express Basic Service.
- b. DBE firms can request a Bid Express Small Business Network Account at no cost by calling 414-438-4588.

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#### ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

#### **Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors**

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor may also withhold routine retainage from payments due subcontractors.

#### **Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors**

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

#### **Release of Routine Retainage**

After granting substantial completion the department may reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to 75 percent of the original total amount retained.

When the Department sends the semi-final estimate the department may reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to 10 percent of the original total amount retained.

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work and that no routine retainage is being withheld. The department will pay the prime contractor in full and reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to zero when the department approves the final estimate.

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

#### **ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISIONS 5**

#### **Fuel Cost Adjustment**

#### **A Description**

Fuel Cost Adjustments will be applied to partial and final payments for work items categorized in Section B as a payment to the contractor or a credit to the department. ASP-5 shall not apply to any force account work.

#### **B** Categories of Work Items

The following items and Fuel Usage Factors shall be used to determine Fuel Cost Adjustments:

(1) Earthwork.		Unit	Gal. Fuel Per Unit
205.0100	Excavation Common	CY	0.23
205.0200	Excavation Rock	CY	0.39
205.0400	Excavation Marsh	CY	0.29
208.0100	Borrow	CY	0.23
208.1100	Select Borrow	CY	0.23
209.1100	Backfill Granular Grade 1	CY	0.23
209.1500	Backfill Granular Grade 1	Ton	0.115
209.2100	Backfill Granular Grade 2	CY	0.23
209.2500	Backfill Granular Grade 2	Ton	0.115
350.0102	Subbase	CY	0.28
350.0104	Subbase	Ton	0.14
350.0115	Subbase 6-Inch	SY	0.05
350.0120	Subbase 7-Inch	SY	0.05
350.0125	Subbase 8-Inch	SY	0.06
350.0130	Subbase 9-Inch	SY	0.07
350.0135	Subbase 10-Inch	SY	0.08
350.0140	Subbase 11-Inch	SY	0.09
350.0145	Subbase 12-Inch	SY	0.09

#### C Fuel Index

A Current Fuel Index (CFI) in dollars per gallon will be established by the Department of Transportation for each month. The CFI will be the price of No. 2 fuel oil, as reported in U.S. Oil Week, using the first issue dated that month. The CFI will be the average of prices quoted for Green Bay, Madison, Milwaukee and Minneapolis.

The base Fuel Index (BFI) for this contract is \$1.50 per gallon.

#### D Computing the Fuel Cost Adjustment

The engineer will compute the ratio CFI/BFI each month. If the ratio falls between 0.85 and 1.15, inclusive, no fuel adjustment will be made for that month. If the ratio is less than 0.85 a credit to the department will be computed. If the ratio is greater than 1.15 additional payment to the contractor will be computed. Credit or additional payment will be computed as follows:

- (1) The engineer will estimate the quantity of work done in that month under each of the contract items categorized in Section B.
- (2) The engineer will compute the gallons of fuel used in that month for each of the contract items categorized in Section B by applying the unit fuel usage factors shown in Section B.
- (3) The engineer will summarize the total gallons (Q) of fuel used in that month for the items categorized in Section B.
- (4) The engineer will determine the Fuel Cost Adjustment credit or payment from the following formula:

 $FA = \left(\frac{CFI}{BFI} - 1\right) x Q x BFI$ 

(plus is payment to contractor; minus is credit to the department)

Where FA = Fuel Cost Adjustment (plus or minus)

CFI = Current Fuel Index BFI = Base Fuel Index

Q = Monthly total gallons of fuel

#### E Payment

A Fuel Cost Adjustment credit to the department will be deducted as a dollar amount each month from any sums due to the contractor. A Fuel Cost Adjustment payment to the contractor will be made as a dollar amount each month.

Upon completion of the work under the contract, any difference between the estimated quantities and the final quantities will be determined. An average CFI, calculated by averaging the CFI for all months that fuel cost adjustment was applied, will be applied to the quantity differences. The average CFI shall be applied in accordance with the procedure set forth in Section D.

# ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 6 ASP 6 - Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications:

### 109.1.1.2 Bid Items Designated as Pay Plan Quantity

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

### 109.1.1.2.1 General

- (1) If the schedule of items designates a bid item with a \*\*P\*\* in the item description, the department will use the plan quantity, the approximate quantity the schedule of items shows, for payment unless one or both of the following occurs:
  - Scope changes regardless of the magnitude of the revised work.
  - Errors and omissions that affect the plan quantity.

### **109.1.1.2.2 Scope Changes**

(1) For engineer-directed quantity increases, the engineer will issue a contract change order for extra work, establish the cost of the added work as specified in 109.4, and measure the revised work. For engineer-directed quantity decreases, the engineer will issue a contract change order to adjust the plan quantity under the designated bid item.

### 109.1.1.2.3 Errors and Omissions

(1) The engineer may issue a change order under 105.4(5) to adjust the plan quantity for an error or omission and may revise the contract unit price as specified in 109.4.

### 305.2.1 General

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

(2) Where the contract specifies or allows 1 1/4-inch base, do not place reclaimed asphalt, reprocessed material, or blended materials below virgin aggregate materials unless the contract specifies or the engineer allows in writing.

### 310.2 Materials

Replace paragraph three with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

(3) Do not place reclaimed asphalt, reprocessed material, or blended materials below open-graded base unless the contract specifies or the engineer allows in writing.

### 320.3.1.1 Consolidating, Finishing, and Curing

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

(2) Cure concrete base as specified for concrete pavement in 415.3.12. Use wax-based curing compound conforming to 501.2.9.

### 390.3.2 Concrete Patching

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

(2) Cure exposed patches as specified for concrete pavement in 415.3.12. Use wax-based curing compound conforming to 501.2.9. Protect as specified for concrete pavement in 415.3.14. Open to traffic as specified for concrete base in 320.3.

### 390.3.4 Special High Early Strength Concrete Patching

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the June 2017 letting:

- (1) Construct as specified for special high early strength repairs under 416.3.8 except as follows:
  - The contractor may delay removal for up to 14 calendar days after cutting the existing pavement.
  - Open to traffic as specified for concrete base in 320.3.
- (2) Cure exposed patches as specified for concrete pavement in 415.3.12. Use wax-based curing compound conforming to 501.2.9. Do not apply excess curing compound that could cause slippery pavement under traffic.

### 440.3.5.2 Corrective Actions for Localized Roughness

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the September 2016 letting:

(2) The engineer will not direct corrective action or assess a pay reduction for an area of localized roughness without physically riding that work. The engineer will not direct corrective action on bridges without authorization from the department's bureau of structures.

### 450.3.1.1.4 Recording Truck Loads

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) If not using automatic batch recording, install a digital recorder as part of the platform truck or storage silo scales. Ensure that the recorder can produce a printed digital record of at least the gross or net weights of delivery trucks. Provide gross, tare, net weights, load count, and the cumulative tonnage; the date, time, ticket number, WisDOT project ID, and mix 250 number; and the mix type including the traffic, binder, and mix designation codes specified in 460.3.1. Ensure that scales cannot be manually manipulated during the printing process. Provide an interlock to prevent printing until the scales come to rest. Size the scales and recorder to accurately weigh the heaviest loaded trucks or tractor-trailers hauling asphaltic mixture. Ensure that recorded weights are accurate to within 0.1 percent of the nominal capacity of the scale.
- (2) Ensure that tickets identify additives not included in the mix design submittal. Indicate on the ticket if the mixture will be placed under a cold weather paving plan and identify the warm mix additive and dosage rate required under 450.3.2.1.2.2.

### 455.3.2.1 General

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Apply tack coat only when the air temperature is 32 F or more unless the engineer approves otherwise in writing. Before applying tack coat ensure that the surface is reasonably free of loose dirt, dust, or other foreign matter. Do not apply to surfaces with standing water. Do not apply if weather or surface conditions are unfavorable or before impending rains.

### 460.2.1 General

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) Furnish a homogeneous mixture of coarse aggregate, fine aggregate, mineral filler if required, SMA stabilizer if required, recycled material if used, warm mix asphalt additive or process if used, and asphaltic material. Design mixtures conforming to table 460-1 and table 460-2 to 4.0% air voids to establish the aggregate structure.
- (2) Determine the target JMF asphalt binder content for production from the mix design data corresponding to 3.0% air voids (97% Gmm) target at the design the number of gyrations (Ndes). Add liquid asphalt to achieve the required air voids at Ndes.
- (3) For SMA, determine the target JMF asphalt binder content for production from the mix design data corresponding to 4.0% air voids (96% Gmm) target at Ndes.

### 460.2.8.2.1.5 Control Limits

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Conform to the following control limits for the JMF and warning limits based on a running average of the last 4 data points:

ITEM	JMF LIMITS	WARNING LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:		
37.5-mm	+/- 6.0	+/- 4.5
25.0-mm	+/- 6.0	+/- 4.5
19.0-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
12.5-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
9.5-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
2.36-mm	+/- 5.0	+/- 4.0
75-µm	+/- 2.0	+/- 1.5
Asphaltic content in percent	- 0.3	- 0.2
Air voids in percent <sup>[1]</sup>	+1.3/-1.0	+1.0/-0.7
VMA in percent <sup>[2]</sup>	- 0.5	- 0.2

<sup>[1]</sup> For SMA, JMF limits are +/-1.3 and warning limits are +/-1.0.

### 460.2.8.2.1.6 Job Mix Formula Adjustment

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) The contractor may request adjustment of the JMF according to CMM 8-36.6.13.1. Have an HMA technician certified at a level appropriate for process control and troubleshooting or mix design submit a written JMF adjustment request. Ensure that the resulting JMF is within specified master gradation bands. The department will have a certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Mix Design, Report Submittals technician review the proposed adjustment and, if acceptable, issue a revised JMF.

### 460.2.8.3.1.6 Acceptable Verification Parameters

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) The engineer will provide test results to the contractor within 2 mixture-production days after obtaining the sample. The quality of the product is acceptably verified if it meets the following limits:
  - Va is within a range of 2.0 to 4.3 percent. For SMA, Va is within a range of 2.7 to 5.3 percent.
  - VMA is within minus 0.5 of the minimum requirement for the mix design nominal maximum aggregate size.

<sup>[2]</sup> VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

### 460.3.3.1 Minimum Required Density

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Compact all layers of HMA mixture to the density table 460-3 shows for the applicable mixture, location, and layer.

### TABLE 460-3 MINIMUM REQUIRED DENSITY[1]

		PERCENT OF TARGET MAXIMUM DENSITY		
LOCATION	LAYER	MIXTURE TYPE		
		LT and MT	HT	SMA <sup>[5]</sup>
TRAFFIC LANES <sup>[2]</sup>	LOWER	93.0 <sup>[3]</sup>	93.0 <sup>[4]</sup>	
	UPPER	93.0	93.0	
SIDE ROADS,	LOWER	93.0 <sup>3]</sup>	93.0 <sup>[4]</sup>	
CROSSOVERS, TURN LANES, & RAMPS	UPPER	93.0	93.0	
SHOULDERS & APPURTENANCES	LOWER	91.0	91.0	
	UPPER	92.0	92.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> The table values are for average lot density. If any individual density test result falls more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density, the engineer may investigate the acceptability of that material.

### 460.5.2.1 General

Replace paragraph six with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(6) If during a QV dispute resolution investigation the department discovers mixture with 1.5 > Va > 5.0 or VMA more than 1.0 below the minimum allowed in table 460-1, and the engineer allows that mixture to remain in place, the department will pay for the quantity of affected material at 50 percent of the contract price.

### 460.5.2.3 Incentive for HMA Pavement Density

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) If the lot density is greater than the minimum specified in table 460-3 and all individual air voids test results for that mixture placed during the same day are within 2.5 - 4.0 percent, the department will adjust pay for that lot as follows:

### INCENTIVE PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY[1]

PERCENT LOT DENSITY ABOVE SPECIFIED MINIMUM
From -0.4 to 1.0 inclusive
From 1.1 to 1.8 inclusive
More than 1.8

\$0.40
\$0.80

<sup>[2]</sup> Includes parking lanes as determined by the engineer.

<sup>[3]</sup> Minimum reduced by 2.0 percent for a lower layer constructed directly on crushed aggregate or recycled base courses.

<sup>[4]</sup> Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a lower layer constructed directly on crushed aggregate or recycled base courses.

<sup>[5]</sup> The minimum required densities for SMA mixtures are determined according to CMM 8-15.

<sup>[1]</sup> SMA pavements are not eligible for density incentive.

<sup>[2]</sup> The department will prorate the pay adjustment for a partial lot.

### 501.2.6 Fly Ash

Replace the entire subsection with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

### 501.2.6.1 General

- (1) Fly ash is defined as a finely divided residue resulting from the combustion of coal in a base loaded electric generating plant, transported from the boiler by flue gases, and later collected, generally by precipitators. Use fly ash in concrete manufactured by facilities and processes known to provide satisfactory material.
- (2) Test fly ash using a recognized laboratory, as defined in 501.2.2(1), starting at least 30 days before its proposed use, and continuing at ASTM-required frequencies as the work progresses. The manufacturer shall test the chemical and physical properties listed in tables 1 and 2 of ASTM C618 at the frequencies and by the test methods prescribed in ASTM C311.
- (3) Use only one source of fly ash for a bid item of work under the contract, unless the engineer directs or allows otherwise in writing.
- (4) Prequalify any proposed fly ash source as follows: The contractor shall obtain a copy of the certified report of tests or analysis made by a qualified independent laboratory, recognized by the department under 501.2.2, showing full and complete compliance with the above specification from the fly ash manufacturer and furnish it to the engineer. Provide this report to the engineer at least 14 calendar days before using the fly ash.
- (5) The manufacturer shall retain test records for at least 5 years after completing the work, and provide these records upon request.

### 501.2.6.2 Class C Ash

(1) Conform to ASTM C618 class C except limit the loss on ignition to a maximum of 2 percent.

### 501.2.6.3 Class F Ash

(2) Furnish a class F fly ash from a source listed on the department's approved product list, and conform to ASTM C618 class F except limit the loss on ignition to a maximum of 2 percent.

### 502.3.7.8 Floors

Replace paragraph sixteen with the following effective with the September 2016 letting:

(16) The finished bridge floor shall conform to the surface test specified in 415.3.10. The engineer will not direct corrective grinding without authorization from the department's bureau of structures.

### 503.3.2.1.1 Tolerances

<u>Increase the "length of beam" max tolerance for prestressed concrete I-type girders from 3/4" to 1 1/2"</u> effective with the December 2016 letting:

### PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-TYPE GIRDERS

### **Errata**

Make the following corrections to the standard specifications:

### 104.2.2.5 Change Orders for Eliminated Work

Correct errata by changing "eliminated bid items" to "eliminated work."

### 104.2.2.5 Change Orders for Eliminated Work

(1) The department has the right to partially eliminate or completely eliminate work the project engineer finds to be unnecessary for the project. If the project engineer partially eliminates or completely eliminates work, the project engineer will issue a contract change order for a fair and equitable amount as specified in 109.5.

### 105.4 Coordination of the Contract Documents

Correct errata to change "apparent error or omission" to just "error or omission."

(5) Neither the contractor nor the department may take advantage of an error or omission in the contract. Notify the engineer immediately as specified in 104.3 upon discovering an error or omission. The engineer will offer an interpretation and make the necessary corrections.

### 105.13.4 Content of Claim

Correct errata to change references to the "Blue Book" rates to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

- (1) Include the following 5 items in the claim.
  - 1. A concise description of the claim.
  - 2. A clear contractual basis for the claim. This should include reference to 104.2 on revisions to the contract and as appropriate, specific reference to contract language regarding the bid items in question.
  - 3. Other facts the contractor relies on to support the claim.
  - 4. A concise statement of the circumstances surrounding the claim and reasons why the department should pay the claim. Explain how the claimed work is a change to the contract work.
  - 5. A complete breakdown of the costs used to compile the claim. Include copies of all EquipmentWatch equipment rental rate sheets used, with the applicable number highlighted.

### 108.13 Terminating the Contract for Convenience of the Department

Correct errata by changing "eliminated bid items" to "eliminated work."

(4) If the department orders termination of the contract for convenience, the department will pay for all completed work as of that date at the contract price. The department will pay for partially completed work at agreed prices or by force account methods specified in 109.4.5 provided, however, that payment does not exceed the contract price for the bid item under which the work was performed. The department will pay for work eliminated by the termination only to the extent provided under 109.5. The department will pay for new work, if any, at agreed prices or paid for by force account methods specified in 109.4.5.

### 109.2 Scope of Payment

Correct errata to clarify that work under the contract is included in payment unless specifically excluded.

- (2) The department will pay for the quantity of work acceptably completed and measured for payment as the measurement subsection for each bid item specifies. Within the contract provide means to furnish and install the work complete and in-place. Payment is full compensation for everything required to perform the work under the contract including, but not limited to, the work elements listed in the payment subsection. Payment also includes all of the following not specifically excluded in that payment subsection:
  - 1. Furnishing and installing all materials as well as furnishing the labor, tools, supplies, equipment, and incidentals necessary to perform the work.
  - 2. All losses or damages, except as specified in 107.14, arising from one or more of the following:
    - The nature of the work.
    - The action of the elements.
    - Unforeseen difficulties encountered during prosecution of the work.
  - 3. All insurance costs, expenses, and risks connected with the prosecution of the work.
  - 4. All expenses incurred because of an engineer-ordered suspension, except as specified in 104.2.2.3.
  - 5. All infringements of patents, trademarks, or copyrights.
  - 6. All other expenses incurred to complete and protect the work under the contract.

#### 109.4.5.5.1 General

Correct errata to change references to the "Blue Book" rates to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

(2) The department will pay for use of contractor-owned equipment the engineer approves for force account work at published rates. The department will pay the contractor expense rates, as modified in 109.4.5.5, given in EquipmentWatch Cost Recovery (formerly Rental Rate Blue Book). Base all rates on revisions effective on January 1 for all equipment used in that calendar year.

http://equipmentwatch.com/estimator/

### 109.4.5.5.2 Hourly Equipment Expense Rates (Without Operators)

Correct errata to change references to the "Blue Book" rates to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

(1) The contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, hourly equipment expense rates as follows:

### $HEER = [RAF \times ARA \times (R/176)] + HOC$

### Where:

**HEER** = Hourly equipment expense rate.

**RAF** = EquipmentWatch regional adjustment factor.

**ARA** = EquipmentWatch age rate adjustment factor.

**R** = Current EquipmentWatch monthly rate.

**HOC** = EquipmentWatch estimated hourly operating cost.

(2) The EquipmentWatch hourly operating cost represents all costs of equipment operation, including fuel and oil, lubrication, field repairs, tires, expendable parts, and supplies.

### 109.4.5.5.3 Hourly Equipment Stand-By Rate

Correct errata to change references to the "Blue Book" rates to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

(1) For equipment that is in operational condition and is standing-by with the engineer's approval, the contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, the hourly stand-by rate as follows:

$$HSBR = RAF \times ARA \times (R/176) \times (1/2)$$

### Where:

**HSBR** = Hourly stand-by rate.

**RAF** = EquipmentWatch regional adjustment factor.

**ARA** = EquipmentWatch age rate adjustment factor.

**R** = Current EquipmentWatch monthly rate.

(2) The department will limit payment for stand-by to 10 hours or less per day up to 40 hours per week. The department will not pay the contractor for equipment that is inoperable due to breakdown. The department will not pay for idle equipment if the contractor suspends work or if the contractor is maintaining or repairing the equipment.

### 109.4.5.5.4 Hourly Outside-Rented Equipment Rate

Correct errata to change references to the "Blue Book" rates to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

(1) If the contractor rents or leases equipment from a third party for force account work, the contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, the hourly outside-rented equipment rate as follows:

### HORER = HRI + HOC

### Where:

**HORER** = Hourly outside-rented equipment rate

**HRI** = Hourly rental invoice costs prorated for the actual number of hours

that rented equipment is operated solely on force account work

**HOC** = EquipmentWatch hourly operating cost.

### 109.5 Eliminated Work

Correct errata by changing "eliminated bid items" to "eliminated work."

### 109.5 Eliminated Work

- (1) If the department partially eliminates or completely eliminates work as specified in 104.2.2.5, the department will pay contractor costs incurred due to that elimination. The department will pay a fair and equitable amount covering all costs incurred as of the date the work was deleted. Immediately submit a certified statement covering all money expended for the eliminated work.
- (2) The department will execute a contract change order for the following costs related to eliminated work:
  - 1. Preparation expenses defined as follows:
    - If preparation for the eliminated work has no value to other contract work, the department will reimburse the contractor in full for that preparation.
    - If preparation for the eliminated work is distributed over other contract work, the department will
      prorate reimbursement based on the value of the eliminated work compared to the total value of
      associated contract work.
  - 2. All restocking and cancellation charges.
  - 3. A markup for applicable overhead and other indirect costs paid as 7 percent of the contract price of the work actually eliminated.
- (3) If the department partially eliminates or completely eliminates work, the department may pay for, and take ownership of, materials or supplies the contractor has already purchased.

### 201.3 Construction

Correct errata by changing the link from 201.3(14) to 201.3(15).

(16) Dispose of clearing and grubbing debris before proceeding with grading operations. If the contractor intends to burn debris but cannot secure burning permits on schedule, do not delay removing clearing debris from areas affected by other operations. While waiting to secure burning permits, pile clearing and grubbing debris beyond the limits affected by other work. Do not leave elm debris beyond the limits specified in 201.3(15).

### 204.3.2.2.1 General

Correct errata by removing the reference to 490 which was deleted effective with the 2017 spec.

(1) Under the Removing Pavement bid item, remove concrete pavements, concrete alleys, concrete driveways, or rigid base including all surfaces or other pavements superimposed on them.

### 440.1 Description

Correct errata to replace "150 feet of the points of curvature" with " entry and exit curves".

(2) Profile the final mainline riding surfaces greater than 1500 feet in continuous length. Include bridges, bridge approaches, and railroad crossings in the calculation of IRI. Exclude roundabouts and pavements within their entry and exit curves from the calculation of IRI.

### 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater

Correct 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 (6) to change the reference from ASTM D4867 to AASHTO T283.

(6) Also conduct field tensile strength ratio tests according to AASHTO T283 on mixtures requiring an antistripping additive. Test each full 50,000 ton production increment, or fraction of an increment, after the first 5000 tons of production. Perform required increment testing in the first week of production of that increment. If field tensile strength ratio values are either below the spec limit or less than the mixture design JMF percentage value by 20 or more, notify the engineer. The engineer and contractor will jointly determine a corrective action.

### 506.2.8.3 Expansion Bearing Assemblies

Correct errata to update ASTMs and change the specified melting point from 622 +/- 3 to 621 +/- 18 F.

(6) Use PTFE materials that are virgin polytetrafluoroethylene fluorocarbon resin, unfilled conforming to ASTM D4894. The finished materials shall exhibit the following physical properties:

REQUIREMENT	TEST METHOD	UNFILLED VALUE
Hardness at 78 F	ASTM D2240 Shore "D"	50-65
Tensile strength, psi	ASTM D1708	2800 Min.
Elongation, percent	ASTM D1708	200 Min.
Specific gravity	ASTM D792	2.16 +/- 0.03
Melting point	ASTM D4591	621 +/- 18 F

### 514.3.2 Adjusting Floor Drains

Correct errata by clarifying priming and painting requirements for adjusted floor drains.

(1) If the plans show or contract specifies, provide new drain frames and inserts. Fabricate, blast clean, and apply a shop coat of primer. Touch up areas of damaged primer after installation with a department-approved organic zinc-rich primer.

### 657.2.2.1.1 General

Correct errata by eliminating the reference to department provided arms in the last sentence.

(1) Furnish shop drawings as specified in 506.3.2, except submit 5 copies with the materials list. Ensure the drawings contain sufficient detail to allow satisfactory review and show the outside diameters of the pole at the butt, top, and splice locations the plans show. Show the width, depth, length, and thickness of all material, and list pertinent ASTM specification designations and metal alloy designations together with the tensile strength of metallic members. Provide tightening procedures for arm-to-pole connections on the shop drawings.

### 657.2.2.1.4 Poles Designed Under Legacy Standards

Correct errata by deleting the entire subsection to eliminate redundant language.

### 657.2.2.2 Trombone Arms

Correct errata by changing the reference from 657.2.2.1.3 to 657.2.2.1.2.

(1) Design aluminum trombone arms as specified in 657.2.2.1.2 based on the completed maximum loading configuration the plans show. Furnish shop drawings conforming to 657.2.2.1.1 that show the width, depth, length, and thickness of all members. Also list the ASTM alloy designation and strength of each aluminum member on the shop drawings.

### 715.3.1.2.2 Lots by Lane-Feet

Correct errata ride spec reference from "the special provisions" to "440.3.4.2."

- (1) The contractor may designate slip-formed pavement lots and sublots conforming to the following:
  - Lots and sublots are one paving pass wide and may include one or more travel lanes, integrally placed shoulders, integrally placed ancillary concrete, and pavement gaps regardless of mix design and placement method.
  - Sublots are 1000 feet long for single-lane and 500 feet long for two-lane paving. Align sublot limits with ride segment limits defined in 440.3.4.2. Adjust terminal sublot lengths to match the project length or, for staged construction, the stage length. Ensure that sublot limits match for adjacent paving passes. Pavement gaps do not affect the location of sublot limits.
  - Create lots by grouping 4 to 8 adjacent sublots matching lots created for adjacent paving passes.

### **ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7**

- A. Reporting 1<sup>st</sup> Tier and DBE Payments During Construction
  - 1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
  - 2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
  - 3. Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
  - 4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
  - 5. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
  - 6. All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships and all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project.
- B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

# ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9 Electronic Certified Payroll Submittal

(1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) to submit certified payrolls electronically. Details are available online through the department's highway construction contractor information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx

- (2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, as well as all trucking firms, submit their weekly certified payrolls electronically through CRCS. These payrolls are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.
- (3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS training as they are about to begin payrolls. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices or by telephone. Contact Paul Ndon at (414) 438-4584 to schedule the training.
- (4) The department will reject all paper submittals of forms DT-1816 and DT-1929 for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.
- (5) Firms wishing to export payroll data from their computer system into CRCS should have their payroll coordinator contact Paul Ndon. Not every contractor's payroll system is capable of producing export files. For details, see pages 17-22 of the CRCS System Background Information manual available online on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf

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## REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

### **ATTACHMENTS**

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

### II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under

this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

### 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are

applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar

with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

### 10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
  - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
  - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on <a href="Form FHWA-1391">Form FHWA-1391</a>. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor

will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

### IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

### 1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
  - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
  - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
  - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
  - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or

will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

### 2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

### 3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-

Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee ( e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency...
- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
  - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
  - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
  - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

### 4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- **8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

### 10. Certification of eligibility.

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

### V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
  - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is

evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

### VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

- This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.
- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

## VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federalaid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

## IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

# X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

### 1. Instructions for Certification - First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
  "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
  and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
  in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered
  Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a
  grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such
  as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered
  Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First
  Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier
  Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a
  covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal
  funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier
  Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a
  covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower
  Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

\* \* \* \* \*

# 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

### 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
  "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
  and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
  in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to
  which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a
  copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions"
  refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or
  subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the
  prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions"
  refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Participant"
  refers to the participant who has entered into a covered
  transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds
  (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier
  Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a
  covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower
  Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<a href="https://www.epls.gov/">https://www.epls.gov/</a>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the

department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

\* \* \* \*

### Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* :

### XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

# ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

### **Non-discrimination Provisions**

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- **1. Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- **2. Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- **3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- **4. Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- **5. Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
  - a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
  - b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

**6. Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

### **Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:**

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);

- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

### **SEPTEMBER 2002**

# NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Employment Practices" and "Equal Opportunity Clause" set forth in the Required Contract Provisions, FHWA 1273.
- 2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation expressed in percentage terms for the contractor's aggregate work force in each trade, on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

### Goals for Minority Participation for Each Trade:

_County_		_County_	_%_	_County_	<u>%</u>
Adams	1.7	Iowa	1.7	Polk	2.2
Ashland	1.2	Iron	1.2	Portage	0.6
Barron	0.6	Jackson	0.6	Price	0.6
Bayfield	1.2	Jefferson	7.0	Racine	8.4
Brown	1.3	Juneau	0.6	Richland	1.7
Buffalo	0.6	Kenosha	3.0	Rock	3.1
Burnett	2.2	Kewaunee	1.0	Rusk	0.6
Calumet	0.9	La Crosse	0.9	St. Croix	2.9
Chippewa	0.5	Lafayette	0.5	Sauk	1.7
Clark	0.6	Langlade	0.6	Sawyer	0.6
Columbia	1.7	Lincoln	0.6	Shawano	1.0
Crawford	0.5	Manitowoc	1.0	Sheboygan	7.0
Dane	2.2	Marathon	0.6	Taylor	0.6
Dodge	7.0	Marinette	1.0	Trempealeau	0.6
Door	1.0	Marquette	1.7	Vernon	0.6
Douglas	1.0	Menominee	1.0	Vilas	0.6
Dunn	0.6	Milwaukee	8.0	Walworth	7.0
Eau Claire	0.5	Monroe	0.6	Washburn	0.6
Florence	1.0	Oconto	1.0	Washington	8.0
Fond du Lac	1.0	Oneida	0.6	Waukesha	8.0
Forest	1.0	Outagamie	0.9	Waupaca	1.0
Grant	0.5	Ozaukee	8.0	Waushara	1.0
Green	1.7	Pepin	0.6	Winnebago	0.9
Green Lake	1.0	Pierce	2.2	Wood	0.6

### Goals for female participation for each trade: 6.9%

These goals are applicable to all the contractor's construction work, (whether or not it is federal or federally assisted), performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in the geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from contractor to contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within ten (10) working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000.00 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

As referred to in this section, the Director means:

Director Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs Ruess Federal Plaza 310 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 1115 Milwaukee, WI 53202

The "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

4. As used in this notice, and in the contract resulting from solicitation, the "covered area" is the county(ies) in Wisconsin to which this proposal applies.

### **APRIL 2013**

### ADDITIONAL FEDERAL-AID PROVISIONS

### NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities call:

### 1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidding collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

### **Effective August 2015 letting**

### **BUY AMERICA PROVISION**

All steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project shall be domestic products and all manufacturing and coating processes for these materials from smelting forward in the manufacturing process must have occurred within the United States. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of a material subject to the requirements of Buy America. The exemption of this requirement is the minimal use of foreign materials if the total cost of such material permanently incorporated in the product does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (1/10 of 1%) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. For purposes of this paragraph, the cost is that shown to be the value of the subject products as they are delivered to the project. The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 2-28.5 to ensure compliance with this "Buy America" provision.

### http://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf

Upon completion of the project certify to the engineer, in writing using department form WS4567, that all steel, iron, and coating processes for steel or iron incorporated into the contract work conform to these "Buy America" provisions. Attach a list of exemptions and their associated costs to the certification form. Department form WS4567 is available at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/hcciDocs/contracting-info/ws4567.doc

1 of 1

### Cargo Preference Act Requirement

All Federal-aid projects shall comply with 46 CFR 381.7 (a) – (b) as follows:

- (a) Agreement Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels:"
- (1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.
- (2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590."
- (b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—"
- (1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

### **Effective with February 2017 Letting**

## WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

### SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

- I. Prevailing Wage Rates, Hours of Labor, and Payment of Wages
- II. Payroll Requirements
- **III.** Postings at the Site of the Work
- IV. Wage Rate Distribution
- V. Additional Classifications

## I. PREVAILING WAGE RATES, HOURS OF LABOR AND PAYMENT OF WAGES

The U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates) attached hereto and made a part hereof furnishes the prevailing wage rates pursuant to Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes. These wage rates are the minimum required to be paid to the laborers, workers, mechanics and truck drivers employed by contractors and subcontractors on the construction work embraced by the contract and subject to prevailing hours and wages under Section 84.062, Stats. Apprentices shall be paid at rates not less than those prescribed in their apprenticeship contract.

While the wage rates shown are the minimum rates required by the contract to be paid during its life, this is not a representation that labor can be obtained at these rates. It is the responsibility of bidders to inform themselves as to the local labor conditions and prospective changes or adjustments of wage rates. No increase in the contract price shall be allowed or authorized on account of the payment of wage rates in excess of those listed herein.

Pursuant to Section 16.856 of the Wisconsin Statutes, the prevailing hours of labor have been determined to be up to 10 hours per day and 40 hours per calendar week Monday through Friday. If any laborer, worker, mechanic or truck driver is permitted or required to work more than the prevailing number of hours per day or per calendar week on this contract, they shall be paid for all hours in excess of the prevailing hours at a rate of at least one and one-half (1 1/2) times their hourly base rate of pay. All work on Saturday, Sunday and the following holidays is to be paid at time and a half:

January 1
Last Monday in May
July 4
First Monday in September
Fourth Thursday in November
December 25
The day before if January 1. In

The day before if January 1, July 4 or December 25 falls on a Saturday, and

The day following if January 1, July 4 or December 25 falls on a Sunday.

All laborers, workers, mechanics and truck drivers shall be paid unconditionally not less often than once a week. Persons who own and operate their own trucks must receive the prevailing truck driver rate for the applicable type of truck (i.e. 2 axle, 3 or more axle, articulated, euclid or dumptor) he or she operates, plus an agreed upon amount for the use of his or her truck. Every owner-operator MUST be paid separately for their driving and for the use of their truck.

### II. PAYROLL REQUIREMENTS

All contractors and subcontractors must submit weekly Certified Payrolls and Compliance Statement verifying that all laborers, workers, mechanics and truckdrivers working on the project have been paid the prevailing wage rates for all work performed under the contract required by Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

### III. POSTINGS AT THE SITE OF THE WORK

In addition to the required postings furnished by the Department, the contractor shall post the following in at least one conspicuous and accessible place at the site of work:

- a. "NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES," which provides information required to be posted by the provisions of Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes.
- b. A copy of the U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon, Minimum Wage Rates).
- c. A copy of the contractor's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy.

All required documents shall be posted by the first day of work and be accurate and complete. Postings must be readable, in an area where they will be noticed, and maintained until the last day of work.

### IV. WAGE RATE REDISTRIBUTION

A contractor or subcontractor performing work subject to a Davis-Bacon wage determination may discharge its minimum wage obligations for the payment of both straight time wages and fringe benefits by (1) paying both in cash, (2) making payments or incurring costs for bona fide fringe benefits, or (3) by a combination thereof. Thus, under the Davis-Bacon a contractor may offset an amount of monetary wages paid in excess of the minimum wage required under the determination to satisfy its fringe benefit obligations. *See* 40 USC 3142(d) and 29 CFR 5.31.

### V. ADDITIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)). The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.

The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- a. The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- b. The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- c. The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

General Decision Number: WI170010 09/08/2017 WI10

Superseded General Decision Number: WI20160010

State: Wisconsin

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Wisconsin Statewide.

HIGHWAY, AIRPORT RUNWAY & TAXIWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include bridges over navigable waters; tunnels; buildings in highway rest areas; and railroad construction)

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.20 for calendar year 2017 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.20 (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in calendar year 2017. The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number	Publication Date 01/06/2017
1	02/03/2017
1	
2 3	02/10/2017
3	02/24/2017
4	03/17/2017
4 5 6	03/31/2017
6	04/21/2017
7	04/28/2017
8	06/02/2017
9	06/23/2017
10	07/14/2017
11	07/21/2017
12	07/28/2017
13	08/11/2017
	,
14	08/25/2017
15	09/08/2017

BRWI0001-002 06/01/2016

CRAWFORD, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 31.84	20.95
BRWI0002-002 06/01/2016		

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, AND IRON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 37.04	19.70

BRWI0002-005 06/01/2016

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BROWN, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER.	\$ 35.07	20.51
BRWI0003-002 06/01/2016		

BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE	, MARINETTE, AND	OCONTO COUNTIES
	Rates	
BRICKLAYER	\$ 32.22	20.57
BRWI0004-002 06/01/2016		
KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH CO	DUNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 36.59	21.49
BRWI0006-002 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, CLARK, FOREST, LANGLADE, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, TAYLOR,	LINCOLN, MARATHOVILAS AND WOOD	ON, MENOMINEE, COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 33.04	19.75
BRWI0007-002 06/01/2016		
GREEN, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNT	ΓΙΕS	
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 33.53	20.95
BRWI0008-002 06/01/2016		
MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON,	AND WAUKESHA CO	UNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER		20.62
BRWI0011-002 06/01/2016		
CALUMET, FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC	, AND SHEBOYGAN	COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 32.22	20.57
BRWI0019-002 06/01/2016	TIJA DIBBI DAII (1	ATDE DEDIN
BARRON, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPI PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST. CROIX, S		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER		20.81
BRWI0034-002 06/01/2015		
COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER		17.22
BURNETT (W. of Hwy 48), PIERCE 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W.	(W. of Hwy 29), 1 of Hwy 65) COUN	POLK (W. of Hwys FIES
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter & Piledrivermen		18.39
CARP0252-002 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, BARRON, BAYFIELD (Easte BURNETT (E. of Hwy 48), CALUMET		

CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE (except area bordering Michigan State Line), FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IRON, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE (except N.E. corner), MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE (E. of Hwys 29 & 65), POLK (E. of Hwys 35, 48 & 65), PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST CROIX (E. of Hwy 65), TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

Fringes
18.00 18.35 18.00

CARP0252-010 06/01/2016

ASHLAND COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes	
Carpenters Carpenter Millwright Pile Driver	\$ 35.08	18.00 18.35 18.00	

CARP0264-003 06/01/2016

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WAUKESHA, AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	\$ 35.78	22.11
CARD0361-004 05/01/2016		

CARP0361-004 05/01/2016

BAYFIELD (West of Hwy 63) AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
CARPENTER	\$ 34.57	18.16	
GADDO337 001 06 /01 /0016			

CARP2337-001 06/01/2016

ZONE A: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAUKESHA AND WASHINGTON

ZONE B: KENOSHA & RACINE

PILEDRIVERMAN  Zone A\$ 31.03 22.69	9
Zone B\$ 31.03 22.69	-

ELEC0014-002 06/01/2017

ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK (except Maryville, Colby, Unity, Sherman, Fremont, Lynn & Sherwood), CRAWFORD, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, GRANT, IRON, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PRICE, RICHLAND, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAWYER, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	.\$ 33.01	19.69

\* ELEC0014-007 06/05/2017

REMAINING COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Teledata System Installer Installer/Technician......\$ 25.81 14.01

Low voltage construction, installation, maintenance and removal of teledata facilities (voice, data, and video) including outside plant, telephone and data inside wire, interconnect, terminal equipment, central offices, PABX, fiber optic cable and equipment, micro waves, V-SAT, bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), LAN (local area networks), and ISDN (integrated systems digital network).

ELEC0127-002 06/01/2017

KENOSHA COUNTY

Rates Fringes

Electricians:......\$38.50 30%+10.57

ELEC0158-002 06/05/2017

BROWN, DOOR, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC (except Schleswig), MARINETTE(Wausuakee and area South thereof), OCONTO, MENOMINEE (East of a ine 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), SHAWANO (Except Area North of Townships of Aniwa and Hutchins) COUNTIES

COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE (Area West of Hwy 26, except Chester and Emmet Townships), GREEN, LAKE (except Townships of Berlin, Seneca, and St. Marie), IOWA, MARQUETTE (except Townships of Neshkoka, Crystal Lake, Newton, and Springfield), and SAUK COUNTIES

FLORENCE COUNTY (Townships of Aurora, Commonwealth, Fern, Florence and Homestead) AND MARINETTE COUNTY (Township of Niagara)

Rates Fringes

Electricians:
 Electrical contracts over \$180,000.....\$ 32.38 18.63
 Electrical contracts under \$180,000.....\$ 30.18 18.42

ELEC0242-005 06/04/2017

DOUGLAS COUNTY

ADAMS, CLARK (Colby, Freemont, Lynn, Mayville, Sherman, Sherwood, Unity), FOREST, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE (Beecher, Dunbar, Goodman & Pembine), MENOMINEE (Area West of a line 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), ONEIDA, PORTAGE, SHAWANO (Aniwa and Hutchins), VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 30.69 26.00% +10.05

ELEC0430-002 06/01/2017

RACINE COUNTY (Except Burlington Township)

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 37.32 21.07

TT TG0 40 4 00 5 06 401 400 1 F

ELEC0494-005 06/01/2017

MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 37.51 24.42

ELEC0494-006 06/01/2017

CALUMET (Township of New Holstein), DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Township), FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), and SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 32.06 21.88

ELEC0494-013 06/01/2015

DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Twp, excluding Emmet Twp), FOND DU LAC (Except Waupuin), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Sound & Communications		
Installer	.\$ 16.47	14.84
Technician	.\$ 26.00	17.70

Installation, testing, maintenance, operation and servicing of all sound, intercom, telephone interconnect, closed circuit TV systems, radio systems, background music systems, language laboratories, electronic carillion, antenna distribution systems, clock and program systems and low-voltage systems such as visual nurse call, audio/visual nurse call systems, doctors entrance register systems. Includes all wire and cable carrying audio, visual, data, light and radio frequency signals. Includes the installation of conduit, wiremold, or raceways in existing structures that have been occupied for six months or more where required for the protection of the wire or cable, but does not mean a complete conduit or raceway system. work covered does not include the installation of conduit, wiremold or any raceways in any new construction, or the installation of power supply outlets by means of which external electric power is supplied to any of the foregoing equipment or products

ELEC0577-003 05/30/2016

CALUMET (except Township of New Holstein), GREEN LAKE (N. part including Townships of Berlin, St Marie, and Seneca), MARQUETTE (N. part including Townships of Crystal Lake, Neshkoro, Newton, and Springfield), OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES

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Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 30.68 17.28

ELEC0890-003 06/01/2016

DODGE (Emmet Township only), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RACINE (Burlington Township), ROCK AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 32.45 26.10% + \$10.56

ELEC0953-001 07/01/2015

	Rates	Fringes
Line Construction:  (1) Lineman	.\$ 40.03 .\$ 33.71 .\$ 26.78 .\$ 24.86	32% + 5.00 32% + 5.00 32% + 5.00 14.11 13.45 32% + 5.00

ENGI0139-005 06/05/2017

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator		
Group 1	\$ 39.27	22.05
Group 2		22.05
Group 3	\$ 38.27	22.05
Group 4		22.05
Group 5		22.05
Group 6		22.05

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS:

EPA Level "A" protection - \$3.00 per hour EPA Level "B" protection - \$2.00 per hour EPA Level "C" protection - \$1.00 per hour

#### POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of over 100 tons; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads and/or jib lengths measuring 176 feet or longer.

GROUP 2: Cranes, tower cranes and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of 100 tons or less; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads, and/or jibs lengths measuring 175 feet or under and Backhoes (excavators) weighing 130,000 lbs and over; caisson rigs; pile driver; dredge operator; dredge engineer; Boat Pilot.

GROUP 3: Mechanic or welder - Heavy duty equipment; cranes with a lifting capacity of 25 tons or under; concrete breaker (manual or remote); vibratory/sonic concrete breaker; concrete laser screed; concrete slipform paver; concrete batch plant operator; concrete pvt. spreader - heavy duty (rubber tired); concrete spreader & distributor; automatic subgrader (concrete); concrete grinder & planing machine; concrete slipform curb & gutter machine; slipform concrete placer; tube finisher; hydro blaster (10,000 psi & over); bridge paver; concrete conveyor system; concrete pump; Rotec type Conveyor; stabilizing mixer (self-propelled); shoulder widener; asphalt plant engineer; bituminious paver; bump cutter & grooving machine; milling machine; screed (bituminous paver); asphalt heater, planer & scarifier; Backhoes (excavators) weighing under 130,000 lbs; grader or motor patrol; tractor (scraper, dozer, pusher, loader); scraper - rubber tired (single or twin engine); endloader; hydraulic backhoe (tractor type); trenching machine; skid rigs; tractor, side boom (heavy); drilling or boring machine (mechanical heavy); roller over 5 tons; percussion or rotary drilling machine; air track; blaster; loading machine (conveyor); tugger; boatmen; winches & A-frames; post driver; material hoist.

GROUP 4: Greaser, roller steel (5 tons or less); roller (pneumatic tired) - self propelled; tractor (mounted or towed compactors & light equipment); shouldering machine; self- propelled chip spreader; concrete spreader; finishing machine; mechanical float; curing machine; power subgrader; joint sawer (multiple blade) belting machine; burlap machine; texturing machine; tractor endloader (rubber tired) - light; jeep digger; forklift; mulcher; launch

operator; fireman, environmental burner

GROUP 5: Air compressor; power pack; vibrator hammer and extractor; heavy equipment, leadman; tank car heaters; stump chipper; curb machine operator; Concrete proportioning plants; generators; mudjack operator; rock breaker; crusher or screening plant; screed (milling machine); automatic belt conveyor and surge bin; pug mill operator; Oiler, pump (over 3 inches); Drilling Machine Tender.

GROUP 6: Off-road material hauler with or without ejector.

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IRON0008-002 06/01/2016

BROWN, CALUMET, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC, MARINETTE, OCONTO, OUTAGAMI, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES:

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 30.86 25.42

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

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IRON0008-003 06/01/2016

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WALWORTH (N.E. 2/3), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 33.15 25.42

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

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IRON0383-001 06/01/2015

ADAMS, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, GREENE, (Excluding S.E. tip), GREEN LAKE, IOWA, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, MARATHON, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, PORTAGE, RICHLAND, ROCK (Northern area, vicinity of Edgerton and Milton), SAUK, VERNON, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WOOD COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 32.85 21.84

IRON0498-005 06/01/2016

GREEN (S.E. 1/3), ROCK (South of Edgerton and Milton), and WALWORTH (S.W. 1/3) COUNTIES:

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 36.29 30.77

IRON0512-008 05/01/2015

BARRON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, AND TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 35.50 23.45

IRON0512-021 05/01/2015

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUGLAS, IRON, LINCOLN, ONEIDA,

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 31.04	23.45

LABO0113-002 06/05/2017

#### MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1	\$ 26.80	21.34
Group	2	\$ 26.95	21.34
Group	3	\$ 27.15	21.34
Group	4	\$ 27.30	21.34
Group	5	\$ 27.45	21.34
Group	6	\$ 23.29	21.34

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson; traffic control person

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LABO0113-003 06/05/2017

#### OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES

	R	ates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1\$	26.05	21.34
Group	2\$	26.15	21.34
Group	3\$	26.20	21.34
	4\$		21.34
_	5\$		21.34
_	6\$		21.34

## LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler
(Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand
Operated);

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman

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LABO0113-011 06/05/2017

#### KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1	\$ 25.86	21.34
	2		21.34
	3		21.34
	4		21.34
	5		21.34
	6		21.34

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: General laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagman; traffic control person

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#### LABO0140-002 06/05/2017

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILLAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1	.\$ 30.71	21.34
Group	2	\$ 30.81	21.34
	3		21.34
	4		21.34
	5		21.34
	6		21.34

#### LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bitminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator, Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

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GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter
  (Curb, Sidewalk and Pavement); Strike Off Man
GROUP 4: Line and Grade Secialist
GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman
GROUP 6: Flagperson; Traffic Control
LABO0464-003 06/05/2017
DANE COUNTY
                                          Rates
                                                            Fringes
LABORER
      Group 1. $ 30.99
Group 2. $ 31.09
Group 3. $ 31.14
Group 4. $ 31.34
Group 5. $ 31.19
Group 6. $ 27.34
                                                                21.34
                                                                 21.34
                                                                 21.34
                                                                  21.34
                                                                 21.34
                                                                 21.34
LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:
  GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and
  Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler;
  Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminious Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper);
  Concrete Handler
  GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler
  (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand
  Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch
  Laborer
  GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter
  (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man
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GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic Control Person

PAIN0106-008 05/02/2016

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES

	]	Rates	Fringes
Painters:			
New:			
Brush,	Roller\$	29.86	16.35
Spray,	Sandblast, Steel\$	30.46	16.35
Repaint	:		
Brush,	Roller\$	28.36	16.35
	Sandblast, Steel\$		16.35

PAIN0108-002 06/01/2016

RACINE COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes	
Painters: Brush, RollerSpray & Sandblast		18.70 18.70	_

PAIN0259-002 05/01/2008

BARRON, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

> Rates Fringes

PAINTER\$	3 24.11	12.15
PAIN0259-004 05/01/2015		
BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROVERNON COUNTIES	SSE, MONROE, TR	EMPEALEAU, AND
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER\$	3 22.03	12.45
* PAIN0781-002 06/01/2017		
JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAS	HINGTON, AND WA	UKESHA COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
Bridge\$ Brush\$ Spray & Sandblast\$	30.25	22.80 22.80 22.80
* PAIN0802-002 06/01/2017		
COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GREE ROCK, AND SAUK COUNTIES	N, IOWA, LAFAYE	TTE, RICHLAND,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER Brush\$	28.25	17.72
PREMIUM PAY: Structural Steel, Spray, Bridges hour.	s = \$1.00 addi	tional per
* PAIN0802-003 06/01/2017		
ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, CLARK, DOOR LAKE, IRON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LANG MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, ME OUTAGAMIE, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANC WAUSHARA, WAUPACA, WINNEBAGO, AND	LADE, LINCOLN, CNOMINEE, OCONT ), SHEBOYGAN, T	MANITOWOC, O, ONEIDA,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER\$	24.89	12.05
* PAIN0934-001 06/01/2017		
KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
Brush\$  Spray\$  Structural Steel\$	33.74 34.74 333.89	18.95 18.95 18.95
* PAIN1011-002 06/01/2017		
FLORENCE COUNTY		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters:\$	24.86	12.23
PLAS0599-010 06/01/2017		
	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER		
Area 1	35.07 35.61 34.70	17.17 19.75 19.40 20.51 18.73

Area 6.....\$ 32.02 22.99

#### AREA DESCRIPTIONS

AREA 1: BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, PRICE, SAWYER, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

AREA 2: ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BROWN, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

AREA 3: BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, RICHLAND, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

AREA 4: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

AREA 5: DANE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES

AREA 6: KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

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TEAM0039-001 06/01/2017

	Rates	Fringes	
TRUCK DRIVER  1 & 2 Axles  3 or more Axles; Euclids Dumptor & Articulated,	\$ 27.40	20.48	
Truck Mechanic	\$ 27.55	20.48	
WELL DRILLER	\$ 16.52	3.70	_
			-

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

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The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate

(weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

### WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- \* an existing published wage determination
- \* a survey underlying a wage determination
- \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

END OF GENERAL DECISION

General Decision Number: WI170015 09/08/2017 WI15

Superseded General Decision Number: WI20160015

State: Wisconsin

Construction Type: Heavy

Counties: Wisconsin Statewide.

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (Excluding Tunnel, Sewer, and Water

Lines).

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.20 for calendar year 2017 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.20 (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in calendar year 2017. The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

BOIL0107-001 01/01/2017

	Rates	Fringes
BOILERMAKER Boilermaker		29.89
Small Boiler Repair (under 25,000 lbs/hr)		16.00

BRWI0001-002 06/01/2016

CRAWFORD, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 31.84	20.95
BRWI0002-002 06/01/2016		

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, AND IRON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 37.04	19.70
BRWT0002-005 06/01/2016		

BRWI0002-005 06/01/2016

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BROWN, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA,

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER	.\$ 35.07	20.51
BRWI0003-002 06/01/2016		
BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE,	MARINETTE,	AND OCONTO COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 32.22	20.57
BRWI0004-002 06/01/2016		
KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH CO	UNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 36.59	21.49
BRWI0006-002 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, CLARK, FOREST, LANGLADE, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, TAYLOR,		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 33.04	19.75
BRWI0007-002 06/01/2016		
GREEN, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNT	IES	
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 33.53	20.95
BRWI0008-002 06/01/2016		
MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON,	AND WAUKESH	A COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 36.98	20.62
BRWI0009-001 06/01/2016		
GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES	, SHAWANO,	WAUPACA, WASHARA,
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 32.22	20.57
BRWI0011-002 06/01/2016		
CALUMET, FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC,	AND SHEBOY	GAN COUNTIES
0.120.121, 10.12 10 2.10, 112.110.00,	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER		Fringes 20.57
BRICKLAYER BRWI0013-002 06/01/2016	.\$ 32.22	
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 32.22 	20.57
BRICKLAYER BRWI0013-002 06/01/2016	.\$ 32.22 COUNTIES	20.57 Fringes

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 31.98	20.81
BRWI0021-002 06/01/2015		
DODGE AND JEFFERSON COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 33.58	16.65
BRWI0034-002 06/01/2015		
COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 32.86	17.22
CARP0087-001 05/01/2016		
BURNETT (W. of Hwy 48), PIERCE (W. 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W. c	N. of Hwy 29), For Hwy 65) COUNT	OLK (W. of Hwys TIES
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter & Piledrivermen	\$ 36.85	18.39
CARP0252-002 06/01/2016		
CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN area bordering Michigan State Lir GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IJUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFA MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE (& MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA OF Hwys 29 & 65), POLK (E. of Hwy PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUR ST CROIX (E. of Hwy 65), TAYLOR, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSCOUNTIES	ne), FOND DU LAC ERON, JACKSON, J AYETTE, LANGLADE except N.E. corr. A, OUTAGAMIE, PE /S 35, 48 & 65), K, SAWYER, SHAWA TREMPEALEAU, VE	P, FOREST, EFFERSON, LINCOLN, Ler), MARQUETTE, PIN, PIERCE (E. PORTAGE, LNO, SHEBOYGAN, ERNON, VILAS,
	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER CARPENTER. MILLWRIGHT. PILEDRIVER.  CARP0252-010 06/01/2016  ASHLAND COUNTY	\$ 35.08	18.00 18.35 18.00
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenters Carpenter. Millwright. Pile Driver.	\$ 33.56	18.00 18.35 18.00
CARP0264-003 06/01/2016		
KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACI COUNTIES	INE, WAUKESHA, A	ND WASHINGTON
	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	\$ 35.78	22.11
CARP0361-004 05/01/2016		
BAYFIELD (West of Hwy 63) AND DOU	JGLAS COUNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes

CARPENTER.....\$ 34.57 18.16 CARP2337-001 06/01/2016 ZONE A: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAUKESHA AND WASHINGTON

Rates Fringes PILEDRIVERMAN

Zone A.....\$ 31.03 Zone B.....\$ 31.03

CARP2337-003 06/01/2016

ZONE B: KENOSHA & RACINE

Rates Fringes MILLWRIGHT Zone A....\$ 29.98 Zone B. . . . . . \$ 29.98 21.53

ZONE DEFINITIONS

ZONE A: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAUKESHA AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES

ZONE B: KENOSHA & RACINE COUNTIES

ELEC0014-002 06/01/2017

ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK (except Maryville, Colby, Unity, Sherman, Fremont, Lynn & Sherwood), CRAWFORD, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, GRANT, IRON, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PRICE, RICHLAND, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAWYER, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

Rates Fringes Electricians:....\$ 33.01

Rates

Fringes

\* ELEC0014-007 06/05/2017

REMAINING COUNTIES

Teledata System Installer Installer/Technician.....\$ 25.81 14.01

Low voltage construction, installation, maintenance and removal of teledata facilities (voice, data, and video) including outside plant, telephone and data inside wire, interconnect, terminal equipment, central offices, PABX, fiber optic cable and equipment, micro waves, V-SAT, bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), LAN (local area networks), and ISDN (integrated systems digital network).

ELEC0127-002 06/01/2017

KENOSHA COUNTY

Rates Fringes 30%+10.57 Electricians:.....\$ 38.50

ELEC0158-002 06/05/2017

BROWN, DOOR, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC (except Schleswig), MARINETTE(Wausuakee and area South thereof), OCONTO, MENOMINEE (East of a ine 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), SHAWANO (Except Area North of Townships of Aniwa and Hutchins) COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:	.\$ 31.48 	19.18	
ELEC0159-003 06/05/2017			
COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE (Area West Emmet Townships), GREEN, LAKE (e: Seneca, and St. Marie), IOWA, MAI Neshkoka, Crystal Lake, Newton, a COUNTIES	xcept Townships RQUETTE (except	of Berlin, Townships of	
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 37.75	20.96	
ELEC0219-004 06/01/2016			
FLORENCE COUNTY (Townships of Au: Florence and Homestead) AND MARIN Niagara)	rora, Commonweal NETTE COUNTY (To	lth, Fern, ownship of	
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:     Electrical contracts over \$180,000     Electrical contracts under \$180,000	•	18.63 18.42	
ELEC0242-005 06/04/2017			
DOUGLAS COUNTY			
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 35.90	25.64	
ELEC0388-002 05/30/2016			
ADAMS, CLARK (Colby, Freemont, Lysherwood, Unity), FOREST, JUNEAN MARINETTE (Beecher, Dunbar, Goods West of a line 6 miles West of the County), ONEIDA, PORTAGE, SHAWANG AND WOOD COUNTIES	U, LANGLADE, LIN man & Pembine), he West boundary	NCOLN, MARATHON, MENOMINEE (Area y of Oconto	
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 30.69 26.0	00% +10.05	
ELEC0430-002 06/01/2017			
RACINE COUNTY (Except Burlington	Township)		
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 37.32	21.07	
ELEC0494-005 06/01/2017			
MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON,	AND WAUKESHA COU	JNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 37.51	24.42	
ELEC0494-006 06/01/2017			
CALUMET (Township of New Holstein), DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Township), FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), and SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES			
	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	.\$ 32.06	21.88	
ELEC0494-013 06/01/2015			

DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Twp, excluding Emmet Twp), FOND DU LAC (Except Waupuin), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Sound & Communications		
Installer	\$ 16.47	14.84
Technician	\$ 26.00	17.70

Installation, testing, maintenance, operation and servicing of all sound, intercom, telephone interconnect, closed circuit TV systems, radio systems, background music systems, language laboratories, electronic carillion, antenna distribution systems, clock and program systems and low-voltage systems such as visual nurse call, audio/visual nurse call systems, doctors entrance register systems. Includes all wire and cable carrying audio, visual, data, light and radio frequency signals. Includes the installation of conduit, wiremold, or raceways in existing structures that have been occupied for six months or more where required for the protection of the wire or cable, but does not mean a complete conduit or raceway system. work covered does not include the installation of conduit, wiremold or any raceways in any new construction, or the installation of power supply outlets by means of which external electric power is supplied to any of the foregoing equipment or products

#### ELEC0577-003 05/30/2016

CALUMET (except Township of New Holstein), GREEN LAKE (N. part including Townships of Berlin, St Marie, and Seneca), MARQUETTE (N. part including Townships of Crystal Lake, Neshkoro, Newton, and Springfield), OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	.\$ 30.68	17.28
ELEC0890-003 06/01/2016		

DODGE (Emmet Township only), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RACINE (Burlington Township), ROCK AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	\$ 32.45	26.10% + \$10.56
ELEC0953-001 07/01/2015		
	Rates	Fringes

Line Construction:  (1) Lineman\$ 42.14 32% + 5.00  (2) Heavy Equipment Operator\$ 40.03 32% + 5.00  (3) Equipment Operator\$ 33.71 32% + 5.00  (4) Heavy Groundman Driver\$ 26.78 14.11  (5) Light Groundman Driver\$ 24.86 13.45  (6) Groundsman\$ 23.18 32% + 5.00	•	itaccb	1111900
Operator\$ 40.03 32% + 5.00 (3) Equipment Operator\$ 33.71 32% + 5.00 (4) Heavy Groundman Driver\$ 26.78 14.11 (5) Light Groundman Driver\$ 24.86 13.45	(1) Lineman\$	42.14	32% + 5.00
	Operator\$ (3) Equipment Operator\$ (4) Heavy Groundman Driver\$ (5) Light Groundman Driver\$	33.71 26.78 24.86	32% + 5.00 14.11 13.45

ENGI0139-001 06/01/2017

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

I	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator		
Group 1\$	44.11	21.15
Group 2\$		21.15
Group 3\$	43.11	21.15
Group 4\$	42.42	21.15
Group 5\$		21.15

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS:

EPA Level "A" Protection: \$3.00 per hour EPA Level "B" Protection: \$2.00 per hour EPA Level "C" Protection: \$1.00 per hour

#### POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

- GROUP 1: Cranes, Tower Cranes, Pedestal Tower Cranes and Derricks with or w/o attachments with a lifting capacity of over 100 tons; or Cranes, Tower Cranes, Pedestal Tower Cranes and Derricks with boom, leads, and/or jib lengths measuring 176 feet or longer; Self-Erecting Tower Cranes over 4000 lbs lifting capacity; All Cranes with Boom Dollies; Boring Machines (directional); Master Mechanic. \$0.50 additional per hour per 100 tons or 100 ft of boom over 200 ft or lifting capacity of crane over 200 tons to a maximum of 300 tons or 300 ft. Thereafter an increase of \$0.01 per ft or ton, whichever is greater.
- GROUP 2: Cranes, Tower Cranes, Pedestal Tower Cranes and Derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of 100 tons or less; or Cranes, Tower Cranes Portable Tower Cranes, Pedestal Tower Cranes and Derricks with boom, leadsand/or jib lengths measuring 175 feet or less; Backhoes (excavators) 130,000 lbs and over; Caisson Rigs; Pile Drivers; Boring Machines (vertical or horizontal), Versi-Lift, Tri-Lift, Gantry 20,000 lbs & over.
- GROUP 3: Backhoe (excavator) under 130,000 lbs;Self-erecting Tower Crane 4000 lbs & under lifting capacity;Traveling Crane (bridge type); Skid Rigs; Dredge Operator; Mechanic; Concrete Paver (over 27E); Concrete Spreader and Distributor; Forklift/ Telehandler (machinery- moving / steel erection); Hydro Blaster, 10,000 psi and over
- GROUP 4: Material Hoists; Stack Hoists; Hydraulic Backhoe (tractor or truck mounted); Hydraulic Crane, 5 tons or under (tractor or truck mounted); Hoist (tuggers 5 tons & over); Hydro-Excavators/Daylighters; Concrete Pumps Rotec type Conveyors; Tractor/Bulldozer/End Loader (over 40 hp); Motor Patrol; Scraper Operator; Sideboom; Straddle Carrier; Welder; Bituminous Plant and Paver Operator; Roller over 5 tons; Rail Leveling Machine (Railroad); Tie Placer; Tie Extractor; Tie Tamper; Stone Leveler; Rotary Drill Operator and Blaster; Percussion Drill Operator; Air Track Drill and/or Hammers; Gantrys (under 20,000 lbs); Tencher (wheel type or chain type having 8 inch or larger bucket); Milling Machine; Off-Road Material Haulers.
- GROUP 5: Backfiller; Concrete Auto Breaker (large); Concrete Finishing Machines (road type); Rubber Tired Roller; Concrete Batch Hopper; Concrete Conveyor Systems; Grout Pumps; Concrete Mixers (14S or over); Screw Type Pumps and Gypsum Pumps; Tractor, Bulldozer, End Loader (under 40 hp); Trencher (chain type, bucket under 8 inch); Industrial Locomotives; Rollers under 5 tons; Stump Grinder/Chipper (Large); Timber Equipment; Firemen (pile drivers and derricks); Personnel Hoist, Telehandler over 8000 lbs; Robotic Tool Carrier with or without attachments
- GROUP 6: Tampers Compactors (riding type); Assistant Engineer; A-Frames and Winch Trucks; Concrete Auto Breaker; Hydrohammers (small); Brooms and Sweepers; Hoist (tuggers under 5 tons); Boats (Tug, Safety, Work Barges, Launch); Shouldering Machine Operator; Prestress Machines; Screed Operator; Stone Crushers and Screening Plants; Operator; Stone Crusners and Screening Plants; Screed Operators (milling machine), Farm or Industrial Tractor Mounted Equipment; Post Hole Digger; Fireman (asphalt plants); Air Compressors over 400 CFM; Generators, over 150 KW; Augers (vertical and horizontal); Air, Electric, Hydraulic Jacks (slipform); Skid Steer Loaders (with or without attachments); Boiler Operators (temporary heat); Refrigeration Plant/Freeze Machines; Power Pack Vibratory/Ultra Sound Drivers and Extractors; Welding Machines; Heaters (mechanical); Pumps; Winches (small electric); Oiler and Greaser; Rotary Drill Tender; Conveyor; Forklifts/Telehandler 8000 lbs & under; Elevators: Automatic Hoists; Pumps (well points); Combination Small Equipment Operators

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#### ENGI0139-003 06/05/2017

#### REMAINING COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator Group 1	\$ 38.47 \$ 37.17 \$ 36.64 \$ 34.57	20.95 20.95 20.95 20.95 20.95 20.95
HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA Level "A" Protection: \$3.00 p EPA Level "B" Protection: \$2.00 p EPA Level "C" Protection: \$1.00 p	er hour	

#### POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

- GROUP 1: Cranes, Tower Cranes and Derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of over 100 tons; Cranes, Tower Cranes, and Derricks with boom, leads and/or jib lengths 176 ft or longer.
- GROUP 2: Backhoes (Excavators) weighing 130,00 lbs and over; Cranes, Tower Cranes and Derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of 100 tons or less; Cranes, Tower Cranes, and Derricks with boom, leads, and/or jib lengths 175 ft or less; Caisson Rigs; Pile Driver
- GROUP 3: Backhoes (Excavators) weighing under 130,000 lbs; Travelling Crane (bridge type); Milling Machine; Concrete Paver over 27 E; Concrete Spreader and Distributor; Concrete Laser Screed; Concrete Grinder and Planing Machine; Slipform Curb and Gutter Machine; Boring Machine (Directional); Dredge Operator; Skid Rigs; over 46 meter Concrete Pump.
- GROUP 4: Hydraulic Backhoe (tractor or truck mounted);
  Hydraulic Crane, 10 tons or less; Tractor, Bulldozer, or
  End Loader (over 40 hp); Motor Patrol; Scraper Operator;
  Bituminous Plant and Paver Operator; Screed-Milling
  Machine; Roller over 5 tons; Concrete pumps 46 meter and
  under; Grout Pumps; Rotec type machine; Hydro Blaster,
  10,000 psi and over; Rotary Drill Operator; Percussion
  Drilling Machine; Air Track Drill with or without integral
  hammer; Blaster; Boring Machine (vertical or horizontal);
  Side Boom; Trencher, wheel type or chain type having 8 inch
  or larger bucket; Rail Leveling Machine (Railroad); Tie
  Placer; Tie Extractor; Tie Tamper; Stone Leveler; Straddle
  Carrier; Material Hoists; Stack Hoist; Man Hoists; Mechanic
  and Welder; Off Road Material Haulers.
- GROUP 5: Tractor, Bulldozer, or Endloader (under 40 hp); Tampers -Compactors, riding type; Stump Chipper, large; Roller, Rubber Tire; Backfiller; Trencher, chain type (bucket under 8 inch); Concrete Auto Breaker, large; Concrete Finishing Machine (road type); Concrete Batch Hopper; Concrete Conveyor Systems; Concrete Mixers, 14S or over; Pumps, Screw Type and Gypsum); Hydrohammers, small; Brooms and Sweeeprs; Lift Slab Machine; Roller under 5 tons; Industrial Locomotives; Fireman (Pile Drivers and Derricks); Pumps (well points); Hoists, automatic; A-Frames and Winch Trucks; Hoists (tuggers); Boats (Tug, Safety, Work Barges and Launches); Assistant Engineer
- GROUP 6: Shouldering Machine Operator; Farm or Industrial Tractor mounted equipment; Post Hole Digger; Auger (vertical and horizontal); Skid Steer Loader with or without attachments; Robotic Tool Carrier with or without attachments; Power Pack Vibratory/Ultra Sound Driver and Extractor; Fireman (Asphalt Plants); Screed Operator; Stone Crushers and Screening Plants; Air, Electric, Hydraulic Jacks (Slip Form); Prestress Machines; Air Compressor, 400 CFM or over; Refrigeration Plant/Freese Machine; Boiler Operators (temporary heat); Forklifts; Welding Machines; Generators; Pumps over 3"; Heaters, Mechanical; Combination

small equipment operator; Winches, small electric; Oiler; Greaser; Rotary Drill Tender; Conveyor; Elevator Operator

IRON0008-002 06/01/2016

BROWN, CALUMET, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC, MARINETTE, OCONTO, OUTAGAMI, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES:

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 30.86 25.42

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

IRON0008-003 06/01/2016

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WALWORTH (N.E. 2/3), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

IRONWORKER.....\$ 33.15

Rates Fringes

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

25.42

IRON0383-001 06/01/2015

ADAMS, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, GREENE, (Excluding S.E. tip), GREEN LAKE, IOWA, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, MARATHON, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, PORTAGE, RICHLAND, ROCK (Northern area, vicinity of Edgerton and Milton), SAUK, VERNON, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WOOD COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER.....\$ 32.85

IRON0512-008 05/01/2015

BARRON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, AND TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER....\$ 35.50 IRON0512-021 05/01/2015

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUGLAS, IRON, LINCOLN, ONEIDA, PRICE, SAWYER, VILAS AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER....\$ 31.04

LABO0113-002 06/05/2017

MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1\$	26.80	21.34
Group	2	26.95	21.34
Group	3	27.15	21.34
Group	4	27.30	21.34
Group	5	27.45	21.34
	6\$		21.34

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson; traffic control person

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LABO0113-003 06/05/2017

OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1	\$ 26.05	21.34
	2		21.34
	3		21.34
	4		21.34
	5		21.34
	6	•	21.34

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated);

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic Control Person

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LABO0113-011 06/05/2017

KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1	\$ 25.86	21.34
Group	2	5 26.01	21.34
	3		21.34
Group	4	\$ 26.18	21.34
	5		21.34
	6		21.34

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: General laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer;

Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

- GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer
- GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man
- GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist
- GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman
- GROUP 6: Flagman; traffic control person

TRESCOLAR 000 06 /05 /001E

#### LABO0140-002 06/05/2017

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILLAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
Group Group Group Group	1	\$ 30.81 \$ 30.86 \$ 31.06 \$ 30.91	21.34 21.34 21.34 21.34 21.34
Group	6	\$ 27.34	21.34

#### LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

- GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bitminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother and Tamper); Concrete Handler
- GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator, Demolition Burning Torch Laborer
- GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk and Pavement); Strike Off Man
- GROUP 4: Line and Grade Secialist
- GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman
- GROUP 6: Flagperson; Traffic Control

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LABO0464-003 06/05/2017

#### DANE COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group	1\$ 30.99	21.34
Group	2\$ 31.09	21.34
Group	3\$ 31.14	21.34

Group 4\$ 3 Group 5\$ 3 Group 6\$ 2	1.34 1.19 7.34	21.34 21.34 21.34	
LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:			
GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminious Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler			
GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Ope Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Dem Laborer	rator (Mechanica	al Hand	
GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); St	and Luteman); I rike Off Man	Formsetter	
GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist			
GROUP 5: Blaster; Powderman			
GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic Con	trol Person		
PAIN0106-008 05/02/2016			
ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUG	LAS COUNTIES		
Ra	tes Fr:	inges	
Painters:			
New: Brush, Roller\$ 2 Spray, Sandblast, Steel\$ 3 Repaint:	9.86 0.46	16.35 16.35	
Brush, Roller\$ 2 Spray, Sandblast, Steel\$ 2	8.36 8.96	16.35 16.35	
PAIN0108-002 06/01/2016			
RACINE COUNTY			
Ra	tes Fr:	inges	
Painters: Brush, Roller\$3 Spray & Sandblast\$3	2.74	18.70 18.70	
PAIN0259-002 05/01/2008			
BARRON, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, SAWYER, ST. CROIX, AND WASHBURN COUN		POLK, RUSK,	
Ra	tes Fr:	inges	
PAINTER\$ 2	4.11	12.15	
PAIN0259-004 05/01/2015			
BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSS VERNON COUNTIES	E, MONROE, TREMI	PEALEAU, AND	
Ra	tes Fr:	inges	
PAINTER\$ 2	2.03	12.45	
* PAIN0781-002 06/01/2017			
JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHI	NGTON, AND WAUK!	ESHA COUNTIES	
Ra	tes Fr:	inges	
Painters: Bridge\$ 3	0.60	22.80	

Brush Spray & Sandblast	\$ 30.25 \$ 31.00	22.80 22.80
* PAIN0802-002 06/01/2017		
COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GROCK, AND SAUK COUNTIES	REEN, IOWA,	LAFAYETTE, RICHLAND,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER Brush	\$ 28.25	17.72
PREMIUM PAY: Structural Steel, Spray, Bridghour.	ges = \$1.0	0 additional per
* PAIN0802-003 06/01/2017		
ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, CLARK, DO LAKE, IRON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWA WAUSHARA, WAUPACA, WINNEBAGO, AI	ANGLADE, LIN MENOMINEE, ANO, SHEBOY	COLN, MANITOWOC, OCONTO, ONEIDA, GAN, TAYLOR, VILAS,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	\$ 24.89	12.05
* PAIN0934-001 06/01/2017		
KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: Brush	\$ 34.74	18.95 18.95 18.95
* PAIN1011-002 06/01/2017		
FLORENCE COUNTY		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters:	\$ 24.86	12.23
PLAS0599-010 06/01/2017		
	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER Area 1	\$ 35.07 \$ 35.61 \$ 34.70 \$ 36.27	17.17 19.75 19.40 20.51 18.73 22.99
AREA DESCRIPTIONS		
AREA 1: BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, PROCOUNTIES	RICE, SAWYER	, AND WASHBURN
AREA 2: ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRO CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DOI FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAI LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO,	OGE, DOOR, D KE, IRON, JE MARATHON, M	UNN, FLORENCE, FFERSON, KEWAUNEE, ARINETTE,

MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

AREA 3: BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, RICHLAND, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

AREA 4: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAS	SHINGTON, AND WA	UKESHA COUNTIES
AREA 5: DANE, GRANT, GREEN, ICCOUNTIES	OWA, LAFAYETTE,	AND ROCK
AREA 6: KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNT	ΓΙΕS	
PLUM0011-003 05/15/2017		
ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUG COUNTIES	LAS, IRON, SAWYE	R, AND WASHBURN
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER	.\$ 40.02	19.53
PLUM0075-002 06/01/2016		
MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, A	AND WAUKESHA COU	NTIES
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER	.\$ 40.27	21.47
PLUM0075-004 06/01/2016		
DODGE (Watertown), GREEN, JEFFER: COUNTIES	SON, LAFAYETTE,	AND ROCK
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER	.\$ 40.52	21.47
PLUM0075-009 06/01/2016		
COLUMBIA, DANE, IOWA, MARQUETTE,	PICHLAND AND SA	IIK COIINTIES
CODOMBIA, DANE, IOWA, MARQUEITE,	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER		20.12
PLUM0111-007 06/01/2016	., 30.02 	20.12
MARINETTE COUNTY (Niagara only)		
MARINETTE COUNTY (NIAGATA OTTY)	5.	
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER/PIPEFITTER	.\$ 32.19 	21.28
PLUM0118-002 06/01/2016		
KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH CO	UNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
Plumber and Steamfitter	.\$ 40.95 	19.95
PLUM0400-003 05/30/2016		
ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, DODGE (exclude, GREEN LAKE, KEWAUNEE, MANITO, Niagara), MENOMINEE, OCONTO, OUT, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO	NOC, MARINETTE ( AGAMIE, SHAWANO,	except
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBER/PIPEFITTER	.\$ 34.39	17.65
PLUM0434-002 05/28/2017		
BARON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, JACKSON LINCOLN, MARATHON, MONROE, ONEID PORTAGE, PRICE, RUSK, ST. CROIX, VILAS, AND WOOD COUNTIES	, JUNEAU, LA CRO A, PEPIN, PIERCE	SSE, LANGLADE, , POLK,

Rates Fringes

PIPEFITTER.....\$ 39.30 17.52

PLUM0601-003 06/04/2017

DODGE (Watertown), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, ROCK, WASHINGTON AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
PIPEFITTER	\$ 43.86	24.14	
PLUM0601-009 06/04/2017			

COLUMBIA, DANE, IOWA, MARQUETTE, RICHLAND AND SAUK COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PIPEFITTER	.\$ 47.08	20.89
TEAM0039-002 06/01/2017		

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER  1 & 2 Axle Trucks 3 or more axles; Euclids	\$ 27.40	20.48
or Dumptor, Articulated Truck, Mechanic	\$ 27.55	20.48
SUWI2011-001 11/16/2011		

Rates	Fringes

WELL DRILLER.....\$ 16.52

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

\_\_\_\_\_

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

#### Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

#### Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

#### Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

#### \_\_\_\_\_

#### WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- \* an existing published wage determination
- \* a survey underlying a wage determination
- \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on
  - a wage determination matter
- \* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal

process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION

### **March 2017**

# NOTICE TO BIDDERS WAGE RATE DECISION

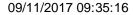
The wage rate decision of the Department of Labor which has been incorporated in these advertised specifications is incomplete in that the classifications may be omitted from the Department of Labor's decision.

Since the bidder is responsible, independently, for ascertaining area practice with respect to the necessity, or lack of necessity, for the use of these classifications in the prosecution of the work contemplated by this project, no inference may be drawn from the omission of these classifications concerning prevailing area practices relative to their use. Further, this omission will not, <u>per se</u>, be construed as establishing any governmental liability for increased labor cost if it is subsequently determined that such classifications are required.

There may be omissions and/or errors in the federal wage rates. The bidder is responsible for evaluating and determining the correct applicable rate.

If a project includes multiple types of construction (highway, bridge over navigable water, sanitary sewer and water main, building) and there is not a separate wage determination for this type of work included in the proposal, use the wage determination that is in the proposal.







# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 1 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0002	108.4400 CPM Progress Schedule	1.000 EACH		
0004	201.0105 Clearing	99.000 STA	•	
0006	201.0205 Grubbing	99.000 STA		
8000	203.0100 Removing Small Pipe Culverts	17.000 EACH		
0010	203.0600.S Removing Old Structure Over Waterway With Minimal Debris (station) 01. 539+11	LS	LUMP SUM	
0012	203.0600.S Removing Old Structure Over Waterway With Minimal Debris (station) 02. 517+64.50	LS	LUMP SUM	
0014	204.0100 Removing Pavement	856.000 SY		
0016	204.0120 Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	5,956.000 SY		
0018	204.0150 Removing Curb & Gutter	393.000 LF		
0020	204.0165 Removing Guardrail	6,626.000 LF		·
0022	204.0180 Removing Delineators and Markers	23.000 EACH	•	·
0024	204.0195 Removing Concrete Bases	2.000 EACH		
0026	204.0235 Removing Buildings (parcel) 01. Parcel 3 Garage and Shed	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0028	205.0100 Excavation Common	198,909.000 CY		
0030	205.0200 Excavation Rock	223,601.000 CY	·	





# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 2 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0032	206.1000 Excavation for Structures Bridges (structure) 01. B-29-141	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0034	206.1000 Excavation for Structures Bridges (structure) 02. B-29-148	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0036	206.5000 Cofferdams (structure) 01. B-29-141	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0038	210.1500 Backfill Structure Type A	1,470.000 TON		
0040	213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 1430- 01-73	1.000 EACH		
0042	214.0100 Obliterating Old Road	9.400 STA	·	
0044	305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch	1,400.000 TON		
0046	305.0120 Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch	45,320.000 TON	·	
0048	330.0100 Mill and Relay	10,500.000 SY		
0050	415.0070 Concrete Pavement 7-Inch	53.500 SY		
0052	415.0410 Concrete Pavement Approach Slab	173.500 SY		
0054	416.1010 Concrete Surface Drains	20.600 CY	·	
0056	440.4410 Incentive IRI Ride	7,000.000 DOL	1.00000	7,000.00
0058	450.4000 HMA Cold Weather Paving	250.000 TON		
0060	455.0605 Tack Coat	5,695.000 GAL		
0062	460.2000 Incentive Density HMA Pavement	11,770.000 DOL	1.00000	11,770.00





# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 3 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0064	460.4110.S Reheating HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	33,243.000 LF	·	·
0066	460.6224 HMA Pavement 4 MT 58-28 S	18,140.000 TON	·	·
0068	465.0120 Asphaltic Surface Driveways and Field Entrances	105.000 TON		
0070	465.0125 Asphaltic Surface Temporary	940.000 TON		
0072	465.0315 Asphaltic Flumes	35.000 SY		
0074	465.0425 Asphaltic Shoulder Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	16,405.000 LF		
0076	465.0475 Asphalt Center Line Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	4,968.000 LF	·	
0078	501.1000.S Ice Hot Weather Concreting	43,555.000 LB	·	·
0800	502.0100 Concrete Masonry Bridges	6,159.000 CY		
0082	502.1100 Concrete Masonry Seal	1,740.000 CY	·	·
0084	502.3110.S Expansion Device Modular (structure) 01. B-29-141	LS	LUMP SUM	
0086	502.3200 Protective Surface Treatment	457.000 SY		·
0088	502.3210 Pigmented Surface Sealer	1,470.000 SY		
0090	502.4205 Adhesive Anchors No. 5 Bar	188.000 EACH		
0092	503.0137 Prestressed Girder Type I 36W-Inch	468.000 LF		





# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 4 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0094	503.0172 Prestressed Girder Type I 72W-Inch	9,622.000 LF		
0096	505.0400 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Structures	309,815.000 LB		
0098	505.0600 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Coated Structures	874,895.000 LB	·	
0100	505.0800.S Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Stainless Structures	3,335.000 LB		
0102	506.2605 Bearing Pads Elastomeric Non- Laminated	108.000 EACH		<del></del>
0104	506.2610 Bearing Pads Elastomeric Laminated	36.000 EACH		
0106	506.4000 Steel Diaphragms (structure) 01. B-29- 141	110.000 EACH		
0108	506.4000 Steel Diaphragms (structure) 02. B-29- 148	5.000 EACH		·
0110	509.5100.S Polymer Overlay	8,288.000 SY		
0112	514.0450 Floor Drains Type WF	10.000 EACH		
0114	516.0500 Rubberized Membrane Waterproofing	67.000 SY	·	
0116	522.0118 Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 18-Inch	168.000 LF		
0118	522.0124 Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 24-Inch	270.000 LF	·	
0120	522.0524 Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class V 24-Inch	80.000 LF	·	·





# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 5 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0122	522.1012 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 12-Inch	4.000 EACH	·	
0124	522.1018 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 18-Inch	10.000 EACH		
0126	522.1024 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 24-Inch	10.000 EACH	·	
0128	550.0020 Pre-Boring Rock or Consolidated Materials	1,590.000 LF	·	·
0130	550.1120 Piling Steel HP 12-Inch X 53 Lb	5,600.000 LF		
0132	550.2102 Piling CIP Concrete 10 3/4 X 0.219-Inch	2,700.000 LF		
0134	550.2108 Piling CIP Concrete 10 3/4 X 0.50-Inch	54,625.000 LF		
0136	601.0415 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 30-Inch Type J	176.000 LF		
0138	601.0553 Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type D	2,246.000 LF	·	·
0140	601.0557 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type D	286.000 LF	·	
0142	601.0588  Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type TBT	180.000 LF		
0144	601.0590 Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type TBTT	60.000 LF		
0146	602.0410 Concrete Sidewalk 5-Inch	956.000 SF		
0148	603.8000 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Delivered	7,322.000 LF	·	





# Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 6 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0150	603.8125 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Installed	12,831.000 LF		·
0152	606.0200 Riprap Medium	5,383.000 CY	·	
0154	606.0300 Riprap Heavy	1,670.000 CY		
0156	608.0318 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 18-Inch	120.000 LF		
0158	608.0324 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 24-Inch	177.800 LF		·
0160	611.0627 Inlet Covers Type HM	8.000 EACH		
0162	611.0642 Inlet Covers Type MS	1.000 EACH	<u></u>	
0164	611.3230 Inlets 2x3-FT	8.000 EACH	·	
0166	611.3901 Inlets Median 1 Grate	1.000 EACH	·	
0168	612.0204 Pipe Underdrain Unperforated 4-Inch	15.000 LF	·	
0170	612.0212 Pipe Underdrain Unperforated 12-Inch	264.000 LF	·	•
0172	612.0406 Pipe Underdrain Wrapped 6-Inch	445.000 LF	·	
0174	614.0150 Anchor Assemblies for Steel Plate Beam Guard	8.000 EACH		
0176	614.0250 Steel Thrie Beam Structure Approach Temporary	22.000 LF		
0178	614.0905 Crash Cushions Temporary	23.000 EACH		





# Proposal Schedule of Items

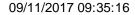
Page 7 of 13

Federal ID(s): WISC 2017537

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0180	614.2300 MGS Guardrail 3	2,828.500 LF		
0182	614.2500 MGS Thrie Beam Transition	315.200 LF	<u> </u>	
0184	614.2610 MGS Guardrail Terminal EAT	4.000 EACH		
0186	618.0100 Maintenance And Repair of Haul Roads (project) 01. 1430-01-73	1.000 EACH		
0188	619.1000 Mobilization	1.000 EACH		
0190	620.0100 Concrete Corrugated Median	8,797.000 SF		
0192	624.0100 Water	700.000 MGAL		·
0194	625.0100 Topsoil	174,043.000 SY		
0196	625.0500 Salvaged Topsoil	4,750.000 SY		
0198	627.0200 Mulching	86,908.000 SY		
0200	628.1504 Silt Fence	18,344.000 LF		
0202	628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance	18,344.000 LF		
0204	628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control	30.000 EACH		
0206	628.1910  Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control	10.000 EACH		
0208	628.2002 Erosion Mat Class I Type A	78,101.000 SY		
0210	628.2023 Erosion Mat Class II Type B	21,929.000 SY		







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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID  Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0212	628.6005 Turbidity Barriers	1,143.000 SY		
0214	628.6510 Soil Stabilizer Type B	36.000 ACRE	<u></u>	
0216	628.7005 Inlet Protection Type A	13.000 EACH		
0218	628.7015 Inlet Protection Type C	12.000 EACH		
0220	628.7020 Inlet Protection Type D	4.000 EACH		
0222	628.7504 Temporary Ditch Checks	488.000 LF		
0224	628.7515.S Stone or Rock Ditch Checks	47.000 CY		
0226	628.7555 Culvert Pipe Checks	36.000 EACH		
0228	628.7560 Tracking Pads	6.000 EACH		
0230	629.0210 Fertilizer Type B	110.000 CWT		
0232	630.0120 Seeding Mixture No. 20	4,934.000 LB		
0234	630.0200 Seeding Temporary	140.000 LB	<u> </u>	
0236	633.5200 Markers Culvert End	24.000 EACH		
0238	634.0410 Posts Wood 4x4-Inch X 10-FT	1.000 EACH		
0240	634.0612 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 12-FT	1.000 EACH	<u> </u>	
0242	634.0614 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 14-FT	39.000 EACH	<u> </u>	
0244	634.0616 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 16-FT	20.000 EACH	·	





# Proposal Schedule of Items

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID  Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0246	634.0618 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 18-FT	2.000 EACH		
0248	637.2210 Signs Type II Reflective H	282.740 SF		
0250	637.2230 Signs Type II Reflective F	129.250 SF		
0252	638.2602 Removing Signs Type II	64.000 EACH	·	
0254	638.3000 Removing Small Sign Supports	67.000 EACH	·	
0256	642.5201 Field Office Type C	1.000 EACH		
0258	643.0100 Traffic Control (project) 01. 1430-01-73	1.000 EACH		·
0260	643.0300 Traffic Control Drums	64,643.000 DAY		·
0262	643.0310.S Temporary Portable Rumble Strips	1.000 LS		
0264	643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III	3,043.000 DAY		
0266	643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A	6,086.000 DAY		
0268	643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C	9,091.000 DAY		
0270	643.0900 Traffic Control Signs	17,670.000 DAY		
0272	643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	4.000 EACH	<u></u> _	
0274	643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS	184.000 DAY		
0276	643.3000 Traffic Control Detour Signs	1,449.000 DAY	<u></u>	
0278	645.0111 Geotextile Type DF Schedule A	220.000 SY		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0280	645.0120 Geotextile Type HR	13,396.000 SY	<u> </u>	
0282	645.0140 Geotextile Type SAS	441.000 SY		
0284	646.0106 Pavement Marking Epoxy 4-Inch	55,426.000 LF	·	
0286	646.0126 Pavement Marking Epoxy 8-Inch	1,281.000 LF		
0288	646.0600 Removing Pavement Markings	26,917.000 LF	·	
0290	647.0166 Pavement Marking Arrows Epoxy Type 2	6.000 EACH		
0292	647.0356 Pavement Marking Words Epoxy	2.000 EACH		
0294	647.0563 Pavement Marking Stop Line Paint 18-Inch	90.000 LF		·
0296	647.0726 Pavement Marking Diagonal Epoxy 12-Inch	1,394.000 LF		
0298	647.0856 Pavement Marking Concrete Corrugated Median Epoxy	3,486.000 SF		
0300	647.0955 Removing Pavement Markings Arrows	2.000 EACH		
0302	647.0965 Removing Pavement Markings Words	2.000 EACH		·
0304	648.0100 Locating No-Passing Zones	5.530 MI		
0306	649.0400 Temporary Pavement Marking Removable Tape 4-Inch	29,950.000 LF		
0308	649.0402 Temporary Pavement Marking Paint 4-Inch	71,063.000 LF		·





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID  Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0310	650.4000 Construction Staking Storm Sewer	12.000 EACH		
0312	650.4500 Construction Staking Subgrade	11,972.000 LF		
0314	650.5000 Construction Staking Base	11,972.000 LF	<u>-</u>	
0316	650.5500 Construction Staking Curb Gutter and Curb & Gutter	2,948.000 LF		
0318	650.6000 Construction Staking Pipe Culverts	15.000 EACH		
0320	650.7000 Construction Staking Concrete Pavement	1,151.000 LF		
0322	650.9910 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01. 1430-01-73	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0324	650.9920 Construction Staking Slope Stakes	12,562.000 LF		
0326	652.0225 Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic Schedule 40 2-Inch	529.000 LF		
0328	653.0905 Removing Pull Boxes	3.000 EACH		
0330	654.0105 Concrete Bases Type 5	3.000 EACH		
0332	654.0230 Concrete Control Cabinet Bases Type L30	1.000 EACH		
0334	655.0610 Electrical Wire Lighting 12 AWG	2,334.000 LF		
0336	656.0200 Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal (location) 01. CTH HH	LS	LUMP SUM	
0338	659.1115 Luminaires Utility LED A	2.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0340	659.2130 Lighting Control Cabinets 120/240 30- Inch	1.000 EACH		
0342	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	13,859.000 LF		
0344	715.0415 Incentive Strength Concrete Pavement	500.000 DOL		
0346	715.0502 Incentive Strength Concrete Structures	36,954.000 DOL	1.00000	36,954.00
0348	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at \$5.00/HR	2,400.000 HRS	5.00000	12,000.00
0350	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at \$5.00/HR	3,200.000 HRS	5.00000	16,000.00
0352	SPV.0005 Special 01. Wetland Seeding	2.100 ACRE		
0354	SPV.0035 Special 01. Abandoning Culvert Pipe Special	45.000 CY	·	
0356	SPV.0060 Special 01. Salvage and Reinstall Lighting Unit	2.000 EACH		
0358	SPV.0060 Special 02. Remove Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal	1.000 EACH		
0360	SPV.0060 Special 03. Remove Luminaire	2.000 EACH	·	
0362	SPV.0060 Special 04. Pull Box Non-Conductive 24x42-Inch	4.000 EACH		
0364	SPV.0060 Special 05. Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Testing	16.000 EACH		
0366	SPV.0060 Special 06. Pile Dynamic Analyzer (PDA) Restrikes	16.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID  Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0368	SPV.0060 Special 07. Case Pile Wave Analysis Program (CAPWAP) Evaluation	8.000 EACH		
0370	SPV.0090 Special 01. Removing HMA Pavement Notched Wedge Longitudinal Joint Milling	33,243.000 LF		·
0372	SPV.0090 Special 02. Bore and Jack Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class V 24-Inch	144.000 LF		·
0374	SPV.0105 Special 01. Cofferdams B-29-141 Pier 10	LS	LUMP SUM	
0376	SPV.0195 Special 01. Select Crushed Material for Travel Corridor	123.000 TON		·
	Section: 000	)1	Total:	

Total Bid:

# PLEASE ATTACH SCHEDULE OF ITEMS HERE