HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL

Proposal Number:

Wisconsin Department of Transportation DT1502 10/2010 s.66.29(7) Wis. Stats.

COUNTY STATE PROJECT ID FEDERAL PROJECT ID PROJECT DESCRIPTION HIGHWAY

Racine 2430-06-70 WISC 2017 164 Colony Avenue USH 45 7th Avenue to STH 20

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

Proposal Guaranty Required, \$ 100,000.00	Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE.
Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation	
Bid Submittal Due	Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code
Date: April 11, 2017 Time (Local Time): 9:00 AM	SAMPLE
Contract Completion Time	NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES
August 26, 2018	NOT FOR BIDDING FOR OSES
Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 15 %	This contract is exempt from federal oversight.

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.		
Subscribed and sworn to before me this date		
(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Bidder Signature)	
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin)	(Print or Type Bidder Name)	
(Date Commission Expires) Notary Seal	(Bidder Title)	

For Department Use Only

Type of Work

Excavation common,box culvert replacements, box culvert extension, storm sewer, retaining wall, base aggregate dense, breaker run, HMA pavement, concrete curb and gutter, concrete sidewalk, permanent signing, pavement marking, erosion control, and restoration.

Notice of Award Dated Date Guaranty Returned

PLEASE ATTACH PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE

Effective with November 2007 Letting

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and all plans and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

Effective with August 2015 Letting

BID PREPARATION

Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items

A General

- Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:
 - 1. Electronic bid on the internet.
 - 2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
- (2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.
- (3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at: http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 P.M. local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 P.M. local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange at http://www.bidx.com/after 5:00 P.M. local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (*.ebs or *.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

(4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc. 5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235 Gainesville, FL 32608-5371 email: mailto:customer.support@bidx.com

- (5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.
- (6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

 http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the departments web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, Room 601, 4802 Sheboygan Avenue, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.

Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

B Submitting Electronic Bids

B.1 On the Internet

- (1) Do the following before submitting the bid:
 - 1. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
 - 2. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.
- (2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:
 - 1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid Express web site.
 - 2. Use ExpediteTM software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
 - 3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of ExpediteTM software and the Bid ExpressTM web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid.
 - 4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.
 - 5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.
- (3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

(1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid ExpressTM web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

Use Expedite TM software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid Express Meb site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.

(2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal not in the sealed bid envelop but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

Bidder

Name

BN00

Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

- (3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.
- (4) The bidder-submitted printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

- (5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
 - The check code printed on the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

C Waiver of Electronic Submittal

- (1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.
- (2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a \$75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."
- (3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
 - 2. The bidder fails to pay the \$75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the \$75.
 - 3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.
- (4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

PROPOSAL BID BOND

DT1303 1/2006

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Proposal Number	Project Number		Letting Date
Name of Principal			
Name of Surety		State in Which Surety is	Organized

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the payment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department of Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal Number and Letting Date indicated above.

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation within 10 business days of demand a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: **(DATE MUST BE ENTERED)**

PRINCIPAL

(Company Name) (Affix Corpor	ate Seal)		
(Signature and Title)			
(Company Name)			
(Signature and Title)			
(Company Name)			
(Signature and Title)		(Name of Surety) (Affix Seal)	
(Company Name)		(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)	
(Signature and Title)			
NOTARY FO	OR PRINCIPAL	NOTARY FO	R SURETY
(I	Date)	(Dat	te)
State of Wisconsin)	State of Wisconsin)
) ss. County)) ss. _County)
On the above date, this instrument named person(s).	was acknowledged before me by the	On the above date, this instrument w named person(s).	as acknowledged before me by the
(Signature, Notary Po	ublic, State of Wisconsin)	(Signature, Notary Publ	ic, State of Wisconsin)
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)		(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	
(Date Comn	nission Expires)	(Date Commis	sion Expires)

Notary Seal Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND

DT1305 8/2003

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

(Date)

Time Period Valid (From/To)
Name of Surety	
Name of Contractor	r
Certificate Holder	Wisconsin Department of Transportation
	y that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the eartment of Transportation.
	is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder mend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond.
Cancellation:	Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above.

(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative)

March 2010

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

Name of Subcontractor	Class of Work	Estimated Value

DECEMBER 2000

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

Instructions for Certification

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.
- 4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.
- 7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR-1273 "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without

modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

- 8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).
- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions

- (1) The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;
 - (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
 - (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- (2) Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Special Provisions

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SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for Project 2430-06-70, Colony Avenue, 7th Avenue to STH 20, USH 45, Racine County, Wisconsin as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2017 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system. 100-005 (20160607)

2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract shall consist of common excavation, removal of four large culverts, construction of Structures C-51-64, C-51-65, and C-51-67, extension of Structure C-51-23, retaining wall, replacing an existing signalized intersection with a roundabout, HMA pavement, base aggregate dense, concrete curb and gutter, storm sewer, permanent signing, pavement marking, erosion control, restoration and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract. 104-005 (20090901)

3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within ten calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the start date to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within ten calendar days before the approved start date

To revise the start date, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the intended start date. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

The prime contractor shall have a superintendent or designated representative on the job site during all controlling work operations, including periods limited to only subcontractor work operations, to serve as a primary contact person and to coordinate all work operations.

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Hold prosecution and progress meetings once a week. The contractor's superintendent or designated representative and subcontractor's representatives for ongoing subcontract work or subcontractor work expected to begin within the next two weeks shall attend and provide a written schedule of the next week(s)' operations. The written schedule shall include begin and end dates of specific prime and subcontractor work operations. Agenda items at the meeting will include review of the contractor's schedule and subcontractors' schedule, evaluation of progress and pay items, and making revisions if necessary. Plans and specifications for upcoming work will be reviewed to prevent potential problems or conflicts between contractors.

Based on the progress meeting, if the engineer requests a new revised schedule, submit it within seven calendar days. Failure to submit a new schedule within seven days will result in the engineer, after the seventh day, charging a working day regardless of weather-delay until the new schedule is received.

Close USH 45 and associated side roads to through traffic as shown in the Traffic Control Plan for Stage 1 and complete Stage 1 construction operations on USH 45 from 7th Avenue to 400ft north of Church Road to the stage necessary to reopen to through traffic prior to 12:01 AM September 23, 2017. Do not reopen until completing all contract work in Stage 1 and removing all traffic control devices. After the completion of Stage 1, suspend construction operations through April 1, 2018.

If the contractor fails to complete the work necessary to reopen USH 45 and associated side roads as shown in the Traffic Control Plan for Stage 1 to through traffic prior to 12:01 AM September 23, 2017, the department will assess the contractor \$3,000 in interim liquidated damages for each calendar day that the roadway remains closed after 12:01 AM September 23, 2017. An entire calendar day will be charged for any period of time within a calendar day that the road remains closed beyond 12:01 AM.

If contract time expires prior to completing all work specified in the contract, additional liquidated damages will be affixed according to standard spec 108.11.

Begin Stage 2 construction operations after April 1, 2018. Close USH 45 and associated side roads to through traffic as shown in the Traffic Control Plan for Stage 2 and complete Stage 2 construction operations on USH 45 from 400 feet north of Church Road to STH 20.

Earthwork operations and placement of breaker run and an initial lift of base course shall be performed as a continuous operation to prevent the subgrade from obtaining moisture and becoming unstable. Within 4 days of removing the existing pavement structure and base course from any location along the roadway, construct that portion of the roadway by constructing to final subgrade by cutting or filling and placing breaker run and the first lift of base course. If the weather forecast predicts rain within 48hours, complete all earthwork and placement of breaker run and the first lift of base course on any areas where the existing pavement and base course have been removed.

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Migratory Birds

Swallow and other migratory birds' nests have been observed on or under the existing bridge. All active nests (when eggs or young are present) of migratory birds are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

The nesting season for swallows and other birds is usually between May 1 and August 30. Either prevent active nests from becoming established, or apply for a depredation permit from the US Fish and Wildlife Service for work that may disturb or destroy active nests. The need for a permit may be avoided by removing the existing bridge structure prior to nest occupation by birds, or clearing nests from all structures before the nests become active in early spring. As a last resort, prevent birds from nesting by installing a suitable netting device on the remaining structure prior to nesting activity. Include the cost for preventing nesting in the cost of Removing Old Structure.

Birds (20090901)

Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)

Northern Long-eared Bats (NLEB) have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees. Roosts may not have been observed on this project, but conditions to support the species exist. The species and all active roosts are protected by the Federal Endangered Species Act. If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

In accordance to the final 4(d) rule issued for the NLEB, the department has determined that the proposed activity may affect, but will not result in prohibited take of the NLEB. The activity involves tree removal, but will not occur within 0.25 miles of a known hibernacula, nor will the activity remove a known maternity roost tree or any other tree within 150 feet of a known maternity roost tree.

If additional trees need to be removed, no Clearing shall occur without prior approval from the engineer, following coordination with the WisDOT REC. Additional tree removal beyond the area originally specified will require consultation with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and may require a bat presence/absence survey. Notify the engineer if additional Clearing cannot be avoided to begin coordination with the WisDOT REC. The WisDOT REC will initiate consultation with the USFWS and determine if a survey is necessary.

Submit a schedule and description of Clearing operations with the ECIP 14 days prior to any Clearing operations. The department will determine, based on schedule and scope of work, what additional erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to the start of Clearing operations, and list those additional measures in the ECIP.

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4. Traffic.

Perform this work according to the requirements of standard spec 643 and as hereinafter provided.

All traffic control switches and road closures shall be performed during non-peak hours.

Keep all private entrances and field entrances accessible at all times, unless written permission is obtained from the property owner 48 hours in advance of closing the access.

No private entrances and field entrances shall be closed or removed from service without 48 hours prior notice given to the occupants of the premises to remove their vehicles. Construct driveway approaches to commercial businesses in stages or provide temporary access such that access to commercial properties is provided at all times during the life of the project. Maintain at least one access to businesses at all times.

Maintain emergency and local vehicular access through the construction period, including during underground operations, removals, and grading operations. Access shall be provided via existing pavement, temporary placement of crushed stone base course, new crushed stone base course, the new pavement, or a combination thereof. At no time shall it be acceptable to require local traffic to traverse breaker run, base material containing loose reinforcement bar or wire, or crushed concrete or broken concrete.

During Stage 1, access to the Racine Grain driveway, located 600 feet south of Church Road, shall be maintained at all times during construction and the access must be capable of supporting truck volumes that can exceed 100 trips per day.

Close USH 45 to through traffic at the location of the proposed box culverts while the culverts are being constructed. Provide a notice of the roadway closure to the engineer and the affected adjacent residents and businesses seven days prior to the closure. Notice to the adjacent residents and businesses can be made in person, through a flier, or through email. Work performed on box culverts C-51-23 and C-51-67 shall be scheduled separately so that at least one access will be provided to residents between the two culverts.

Traffic Control Signs Portable Changeable Message

Place and operate Traffic Control Signs Portable Changeable Message on USH 45 near the beginning and end of Stage 1 seven calendar days before closing the roadway to begin work.

Place and operate Traffic Control Signs Portable Changeable Message on USH 45 near the beginning and end of Stage 2 seven calendar days before closing the roadway to begin work.

Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

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TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16')	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	7 calendar days
Full roadway closures	7 calendar days
Ramp closures	7 calendar days
Full ramp closures	7 calendar days
Detours	7 calendar days
Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction >16')	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	3 business days
System and service ramp closures	3 business days
Modifying all closure types	3 business days

Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date. 108-057 (20160607)

5. Holiday Work Restrictions.

Do not haul materials or equipment of any kind to or from the project that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday periods:

- From noon Friday, May 26, 2017 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 30, 2017 for Memorial Day;
- From noon Monday, July 3, 2017 to 6:00 AM Wednesday, July 5, 2017 for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, September 1, 2017 to 6:00 AM Tuesday September 5, 2017 for Labor Day;
- From noon Friday, May 25, 2018 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 29, 2018 for Memorial Day;
- From noon Tuesday, July 3, 2018 to 6:00 AM Thursday, July 5, 2018 for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, August 31, 2018 to 6:00 AM Tuesday September 4, 2018 for Labor Day.

107-005 (20050502)

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6. Utilities.

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220.

There are underground and overhead utility facilities located within the project limits. Coordinate construction activities with a call to Digger's Hotline or a direct call to the utilities that have facilities in the area as required per statutes. Use caution to ensure the integrity of underground and overhead facilities.

Additional detailed information regarding the location of discontinued, relocated, and/or removed utility facilities is available in the work plan provided by each utility company or on the permits issued to them. View these documents at the region WisDOT office during normal working hours. Bidders are advised to contact each utility company listed in the plans prior to preparing their bids, to obtain current information on the status of any utility within the project work limits.

Known utilities on the project are as follows:

AT&T Wisconsin has existing underground facilities located throughout the construction project. Relocations will be completed prior to construction.

Field contact: Mark Eder, 2005 Pewaukee Rd, Waukesha, WI 53188; Work: (262) 896-7434, Mobile: (262) 212-2203; me1754@att.com.

ATC Management, Inc. has existing has an existing 138 kV transmission aerial facility that crosses USH 45 at Station 218+30. No conflicts are anticipated.

Field contact: Chris Dailey, P.O. Box 47, Waukesha, WI 53187-0047; Work: (262) 506-6884; cdailey@atcllc.com.

TDS Metrocom has existing underground facilities located throughout the construction project. No conflicts are anticipated.

Field contact: Matthew Schulte, 16924 W Victor Rd, New Berlin, WI 53151; Work: (262) 754-3063, Mobile: (262) 409-1177; matt.schulte@tdstelecom.com.

Time Warner Cable (Charter) has an existing aerial facility located on We Energy poles throughout the construction project. Relocation and adjustments will be constructed per We Energies work requests. Additionally, some facilities will be relocated underground. All relocations and adjustments will be completed prior to construction.

Field contact: Steve Cramer, 1320 N. Martin Luther King Jr. Dr, Milwaukee, WI 53212; Work: (414) 277-4045; steve.cramer@charter.com.

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Village of Union Grove (Road Facility) has existing facilities located throughout the construction project. No conflicts are anticipated.

Field contact: Mark D. Osmundsen, 925 15th Ave, Union Grove, WI 53182; Work: (262) 878-1511, Mobile: (262) 770-1587; mosmundsen@uniongrove.net.

Village of Union Grove (Sewer) has existing facilities located throughout the construction project. No conflicts are anticipated.

Field contact: Mark D. Osmundsen, 925 15th Ave, Union Grove, WI 53182; Work: (262) 878-1511, Mobile: (262) 770-1587; mosmundsen@uniongrove.net.

Village of Union Grove (Water) has existing facilities located throughout the construction project. No conflicts are anticipated.

Field contact: Mark D. Osmundsen, 925 15th Ave, Union Grove, WI 53182; Work: (262) 878-1511, Mobile: (262) 770-1587; mosmundsen@uniongrove.net.

Wisconsin Department of Transportation (Wisconsin Signal) has existing signals within the construction project. The existing facilities are to be removed as part of the construction plan.

Field contact: WisDOT Signal Operations, 141 NW Barstow St, Waukesha, WI 53186; Work: (414) 750-2605.

We Energies (Electricity) has an existing aerial facility located on poles throughout the construction project. Relocations will be completed before the construction project. Any facilities not relocated have been deemed to be not in conflict and will remain in place as is. If more extensive EBS work is found to be required during road construction, the road contractor will inform We Energies of the change in plans and work to resolve the conflict in an agreeable manner.

It is imperative that the highway contractor contact We Energies before removing any gas facilities or electrical underground cables, to verify that they have been discontinued and carry no natural gas or electrical current. The contractor must not assume that unmarked facilities have been discontinued. At no time is it acceptable to push, pull, cut or drill an unmarked facility without explicit consent from We Energies.

Contractor must call the We Energies 24 hour Dispatch lines to arrange for this verification.

Field contact: Eugene McNew, 7815 Northwestern Ave, Racine, WI 53406; Work: (262) 886-7033, Mobile: (414) 531-5286; eugene.mcnew@we-energies.com.

We Energies Electric Dispatch, (800) 662-4797

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We Energies (Gas/Petroleum) has existing underground facilities within the construction project. Relocations will be completed before the construction project. Any facilities not relocated have been deemed to be not in conflict and will remain in place as is. If more extensive EBS work is found to be required during road construction, the road contractor will inform We Energies of the change in plans and work to resolve the conflict in an agreeable manner.

Discontinued facilities include: 4" steel main approximately 50'RT the length of the job, 2" steel main 21'RT on 58th Road, and Valve pit and 4" steel main on the south side of CTH C.

It is imperative that the highway contractor contact We Energies before removing any gas facilities or electrical underground cables, to verify that they have been discontinued and carry no natural gas or electrical current. The contractor must not assume that unmarked facilities have been discontinued. At no time is it acceptable to push, pull, cut or drill an unmarked facility without explicit consent from We Energies.

Contractor must call the We Energies 24 hour Dispatch lines to arrange for this verification.

Field contact: Chris DeGrave, 7815 Northwestern Ave, Racine, WI 53406; Work: (262) 886-7018, Mobile: (262) 939-9814; chris.degrave@we-energies.com.

We Energies Gas Dispatch, (800) 261-5325

7. Information to Bidders, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit.

The department has obtained a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 permit. Comply with the requirements of the permit in addition to requirements of the special provisions. A copy of the permit is available from the regional office by contacting Linda Matthews at (262) 548-6458.

107-054 (20080901)

8. Construction Over or Adjacent to Navigable Waters.

Add the following to standard spec 107.19:

The streams that cross under the roadway through the proposed box culverts B-51-64 (Station 103+59), B-51-65 (Station 190+85), and B-51-67 (Station 242+04) are tributaries to the West Branch of the Root River Canal and are classified as a navigable waterways. 107-060 (20150630)

9. Erosion Control.

Add the following to standard spec 107.20:

Erosion control best management practices (BMP's) shown on the plans are at suggested locations. The actual locations will be determined by the contractor's ECIP and by the

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engineer. Include each dewatering (mechanical pumping) operation in the ECIP submittal. The ECIP will supplement information shown on the plans and not reproduce it. The ECIP will identify how to implement the project's erosion control plan. ECIP will demonstrate timely and diligently staged operations, continuing all construction operations methodically from the initial removals and topsoil stripping operations through the subsequent grading, paving, and re-application of top soil to minimize the period of exposure to possible erosion.

Provide the ECIP 14 days prior to the pre-construction conference. Provide one copy of the ECIP to the department and one copy of the ECIP to the WDNR Liaison, Kristina Betzold, (414) 263-8517. Do not implement the ECIP until department approval, and perform all work according to the approved ECIP.

Maintain Erosion Control BMP's until permanent vegetation is established or until the engineer determines that the BMP is no longer required.

Stockpile excess materials or spoils on upland areas away from wetlands, floodplains, and waterways. Immediately install perimeter silt fence protection around stockpiles. If stockpiled materials will be left for more than 14 days, install temporary seed or other temporary erosion control measures the engineer orders.

Re-apply topsoil on graded areas, as designated by the engineer, immediately after grading is completed within those areas. Seed, fertilize, and mulch/erosion mat top-soiled areas, as designated by the engineer, within 5 days after placement of topsoil. If graded areas are left not completed and exposed for more than 14 days, seed those areas with temporary seed.

Do not allow any excavation for; structures, utilities, grading, maintaining drainage that requires dewatering(mechanical pumping) of water containing sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles) to leave the work site or discharge to a storm water conveyance system without sediment removal treatment. Prior to each dewatering operation, submit to the department a separate ECIP amendment describing in words and pictorial format an appropriate BMP for sediment removal, according to WisDNR Storm Water Construction Technical Standard, Code 1061, Dewatering. Include reasoning, location, and schedule duration proposed for each operation. Per Code 1061, include all selection criteria: site assessment, dewatering practice selection, calculations, plans, specifications, operations, maintenance, and location of proposed treated water discharge. Provide a stabilized discharge area. If directing discharge towards or into an inlet structure, provide additional inlet protection for back-up protection. Dewatering is considered incidental to the project. SEF Rev. 15_0120

10. Maintaining Drainage.

Maintain drainage at and through worksite during construction according to standard spec 107.22, 204, 205 and 520.

Use existing storm sewers, existing culvert pipes, existing drainage channels, temporary culvert pipes, or temporary drainage channels to maintain existing surface and pipe drainage. Pumps may be required to drain the surface, pipe, and structure discharges during

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construction. Costs for furnishing, operating, and maintaining the pumps is considered incidental to the project.

Dewatering (Mechanical Pumping) for Bypass Water (sediment-free) Operations

If dewatering bypass operations are required from one pipe structure to another downstream pipe structure or from the upstream to downstream end of a culvert and the bypass flow is not transporting sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles) from a tributary work site area, bypass pumping operations will be allowed provided that the department has been made aware of and approves operation. When pumping bypass flows, the discharge location will need to be stable and not produce any erosion from the discharge velocity that would cause release of sediment downstream.

Dewatering (Mechanical Pumping) for treatment Water (sediment-laden) Operations If dewatering operations require pumping of water containing sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles), the discharge will not be allowed to leave the work site or discharge to a storm water conveyance system without sediment removal treatment. Refer to article Erosion Control in these special provisions for additional requirements. SEF Rev. 15 0209

11. Archeological Site Protection.

As shown on the project overview, potential archeological sites exist along the project. The sites shall not be used for borrow or waste disposal, or for the staging of personnel, equipment, and or supplies. Additionally, protective safety fence shall be placed at the location shown in the plan details to protect the potential archeological sites located in the NW corner of the intersection of CTH A and USH 45, and along the west side of USH 45 from Station 186+00 to 188+00. The fencing shall be placed prior to clearing and grubbing, erosion control, and grading operations for the pertinent stage.

12. Lighting Systems.

General

Add the following to standard spec 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657 and 659:

All the work necessary to comply with revisions to standards specifications mentioned herewith shall be incidental to associated pay items or to the project including coordination, materials, and labor. No additional payment shall be made to the contractor.

Add the following to standard spec 651.2:

Materials indicated to be returned to the department shall be hauled to one of the following two locations:

- State Electrical Shop at 935 South 60th street, West Allis, as directed by Mr. Bree Johns-Konkel, tel. (414) 266-1170, cell (414) 750-2814.
- Milwaukee County Grounds, 10191 West Watertown Plank Road, Wauwatosa, as directed by Mr. Pat Stoetzel, tel. (414) 750-5306.

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Arrange pickups and deliveries three days in advance and during regular business hours (Monday – Thursday 7:00 AM to 3:45 PM).

Add the following to standard spec 651.3.1:

Any circuit that the contractor does not personally tag out at the disconnect shall be considered live, and will be subject to being activated by another person with no notice to the contractor. Make tagouts with manufactured tags, and endorse them with the date and the name of the contractor. Clear tagouts at the end of the workday. The department does not employ a load dispatcher and has no intent to do so. Each electrical worker is responsible for their own protection from automatic switching and from switching by others.

Add the following to standard spec 53.3(1):

This provision modifies the standard detail drawing for pull boxes and thereby both the standard items and SPV pay item for pull boxes. Lighting pull box covers shall read "LIGHTING".

Add the following to standard spec 655.3.1:

Wet location splices are not anticipated on this project and not shown in the plans. In the event that the engineer allows wet location splices, make pull box splices with engineer approved epoxy kit.

At each pull point or access point, indicate the line side bundle with a lap of blue tape.

Add the following to standard spec 655.3.7(4):

Where two or more wire networks pass through a pull point, tag each circuit network (i.e. A/B/N and C/D/N) with approved all-weather tags.

Add the following to standard spec 657.2:

Non-breakaway poles (mounted on structures, concrete bases or behind noise wall barriers without transformer base, as well as at stems of sign bridges) containing electrical wires are to be double nutted and contractor shall install galvanized rat screen enclosing the bottom of pole area; extra nuts and screen incidental.

Add the following to standard spec 657.3.1 and 657.3.5:

Corrosion protection measures described in standard spec 657.3.1 and 657.3.5 are invoked for breakaway transformer bases and aluminum light poles. The contractor shall avoid contact of dissimilar metals in erecting the pole on its foundation and/or breakaway device. Any concern of trapped moisture or potential corrosion cell shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the engineer.

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Manufacturer's Warranty for LED luminaires: The manufacturer shall warrant to the department that each complete luminaire (consisting of the housing, optical assembly, LED drivers, surge protection and wiring) will be free from defects in material and workmanship for five years from the date that the luminaire are put into service. Luminaires shall be installed within one year of manufacture.

If any luminaires fail to meet the above warranty, the department will provide the manufacturer with a written notice of any defect within 30 days after discovery of the defect. The manufacturer shall provide all materials, luminaires, replacement component parts, labor and all incidentals necessary to restore the luminaire to a fully operational, installed condition.

13. Clearing and Grubbing, Emerald Ash Borer.

This applies to projects in the emerald ash borer (EAB) quarantined zones to include Fond du Lac, Kenosha, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Sheboygan, Washington and Waukesha counties.

Supplement standard spec 201.3 with the following:

The emerald ash borer (EAB) has resulted in a quarantine of ash trees (*Fraxinus sp.*) by the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection (DATCP) and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

Ash trees species attacked by emerald ash borer include the following:

- Green ash (F. pennsylvanica) is found throughout the state, but is most common in southern Wisconsin. It may form pure stands or grow in association with black ash, red maple, swamp white oak, and elm. It grows as an associate in upland hardwood stands, but is most common in and around stream banks, floodplains, and swamps.
- Black ash (F. nigra) is distributed over the entire state but is most frequently found in northern Wisconsin. It is most common in swamps, but is also found in other wet forest types.
- Blue ash (F. quadrangulata) is a threatened species that is currently found only at a few sites in Waukesha County. The species is at the edge of its range in Wisconsin, but is common in states farther south. The species is not of commercial importance. Blue ash twigs are 4-sided.
- White ash (F. americana) tends to occur primarily in upland forests, often with Acer saccharum.

The quarantine of ash trees includes all horticultural cultivars of the species listed above.

Note that blue ash twigs are 4-sided. All other Wisconsin ash trees have round stems. Also, Mountain ash (*Sorbus americana and S. decora*) is not a true ash and is not susceptible to EAB infestation

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The contractor shall be responsible for hiring a certified arborist to identify all ash trees that will be cleared and grubbed for the project. In addition, prior to scheduled clearing and grubbing activities, the arborist shall mark all ash trees with florescent lime flagging tied around the trunk perimeter.

Follow and obey the following Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection order:

ATCP 21.17 Emerald ash borer; import controls and quarantine.

Importing or Moving Regulated Items from Infested Areas; Prohibition.

Except as provided in subparagraph (3), no person may do any of the following:

- (a) Import a regulated item under sub. (2) into this state if that item originates from an emerald ash borer regulated area identified in 7CFR 301.53-3.
- (b) Move any regulated item under sub. (2) out of an emerald ash borer regulated area that is identified in 7CFR 301.53-3 and located in this state.

Note: the United States Department of Agriculture-Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (USDA-APHIS) periodically updates the list of regulated areas in 7CFR 301.53-3. Subsection (1) applies to new regulated areas as those areas are identified in the CFR.

Regulated Items. The following are regulated items for purposes of subparagraph (1):

The emerald ash borer, Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in any living stage.

Ash trees.

Ash limbs, branches, and roots.

Ash logs, slabs or untreated lumber with bark attached.

Cut firewood of all non-coniferous species.

Ash chips and ash bark fragments (both composted and uncomposted) larger than one inch in diameter.

Any other item or substance that may be designated as a regulated item if a DATCP pest control official determines that it presents a risk of spreading emerald ash borer and notifies the person in possession of the item or substance that it is subject to the restrictions of the regulations.

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Regulatory Considerations

The quarantine means that ash wood products may not be transported out of the quarantined area.

Clearing and grubbing includes all ash trees that are to be removed from within the project footprint. If ash trees are identified within clearing and grubbing limits of the project, the following measures are required for the disposal:

Chipped Ash Trees

May be left on site if used as landscape mulch within the project limits. If used as mulch on site, chips may not be applied at a depth greater than standard mulch applications as this will impede germination of seeded areas.

May be buried on site within the right-of-way according to standard spec 201.3 (14).

May be buried on adjacent properties to projects within the quarantined zone with prior approval of the engineer according to standard spec 201.3 (15).

May be trucked to a licensed landfill within the quarantined zone with the engineer's approval according to standard spec 201.3 (15).

Burning chips is optional if in compliance with standard spec 201.3.

Chips must be disposed of immediately if not used for project mulching and may not be stockpiled and left on site for potential transport by others. Chips may be stockpiled **temporarily** if they will be used for project mulching and **are not readily accessible to the public**.

Chipper equipment must be cleaned following post-chipping activities to ensure no spread of wood chip debris into non-quarantined counties.

Ash logs, Branches, and Roots

May be buried without chipping within the existing right-of-way or on adjacent properties according to standard spec 201.3 (14)(15).

May be trucked to a licensed landfill within the quarantined zone with the engineer's approval according to standard spec 201.3 (15).

Burning is optional if in compliance with standard spec 201.3.

Ash logs, branches, and roots must be disposed of immediately and may not stockpiled.

All additional costs will be incidental to clearing and grubbing items.

Do not bury or use mulch in an area that will be disturbed again during later phases of the project.

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Anyone moving firewood or ash products from the state or these counties is subject to state and federal fines up to \$1,000.00. All fines are the responsibility of the contractor. Obtain updated quarantine information at the DNR Firewood Information Line at (800) 303-WOOD.

Furnishing and Planting Plant Materials

Supplement standard spec 632.2.2 with the following:

Ash trees may be obtained from inside or outside the quarantine area and planted within the quarantined area. Ash trees from within the quarantine area may not be transported and planted into the non-quarantined area.

Updates for Compliance

Each year, as a service, the Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection distributes an updated federal CFR listing to nursery license holders and other affected persons in this state. More frequent updates, if any, are available on the Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection (DATCP) website at www.datcp.state.wi.us. Subsection (1) applies to new regulated areas as those areas are identified in the CFR, regardless of whether affected persons receive update notices from the DATCP. Persons may request update notices by calling (608) 224–4573, by visiting the DATCP website, or by writing to the following address:

Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection Division of Agricultural Resource Management P.O. Box 8911 Madison WI 53708–8911

Regulated Items

More frequent updates, if any, are available on the DATCP website at www.datcp.state.wi.us. Subsection (1) applies to new regulated areas as those areas are identified in the CFR, regardless of whether affected persons receive update notices from DATCP. Persons may request update notices by calling (608) 224–4573, by visiting the DATCP website, or by writing to the above address. 201-SER1 (20100401)

14. Clearing, Item 201.0105.

Additional requirements for tree removals apply as follows:

- After removal of trees, save tree trunks for adjacent property owner of parcel 37 on USH 45 from Station 149+71, RT to Station 153+25, RT.
- After removal of trees, save tree trunks for adjacent property owners of parcels 56 and 156 on USH 45 from Station 225+00, LT to Station 230+50, LT.

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• After removal of trees, save tree trunks for adjacent property owner of parcel 17 on CTH C from Station 44+50, LT to Station 46+00, LT. The contractor is to notify the property owner 48 hours prior to removal.

15. Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil, Item 205.0501.S.

A Description

A.1 General

This special provision describes excavating, loading, hauling, and disposing of petroleum contaminated soil at a DNR approved bioremediation facility. The closest DNR approved bioremediation facility is

Waste Management Pheasant Run RDF 19414 60th Street Bristol, WI 53104 (262)857-7956

Advanced Disposal Services Emerald Park Landfill W124 S10629 S 124th Street Muskego, WI 53150 (414)529-1360

Republic Kestrel Hawk Landfill 1989 Oakes Road Racine, WI 53406 (262) 884-7081

Perform this work in accordance to standard spec 205 and with pertinent parts of Chapters NR 700-754 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code, as supplemented herein. Per NR 718.07, a solid waste collection and transportation service-operating license is required under NR 502.06 for each vehicle used to transport contaminated soil.

A.2 Notice to the Contractor – Contaminated Soil Location(s)

The department completed testing for soil and groundwater contamination for locations within this project where excavation is required. Testing indicated that petroleum-contaminated soil is present at the following location(s) as shown on the plans:

- CTH C (Spring Street) STA 48+40 to 51+00, from reference line to 70 feet right, from 2' bgs to 6' bgs. Soil contains PVOCs (benzene and methyl tert-butyl ether [MTBE]) and must be managed. Approximately 1,010 cubic yards (approximately 1,717 tons at an estimated 1.7 tons per cubic yard) of soil will be excavated from this location for storm sewer, grading, and lighting improvements.

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- CTH C (Spring Street) STA 48+40 to 51+00, from reference line to project limits left bound by USH 45 (Colony Avenue) STA 138+30, from 1' bgs to at least 8' bgs. Soil contains PVOCs (benzene, ethylbenzene, MTBE, naphthalene, toluene, trimethylbenzenes, and xylenes) and must be managed. Approximately 1,515 cubic yards (approximately 2,576 tons at an estimated 1.7 tons per cubic yard) of soil will be excavated from this location for storm sewer, grading, and lighting improvements.

If contaminated soils are encountered elsewhere on the project, terminate excavation activities in the area and notify the engineer.

For further information regarding previous investigation and remediation activities at these sites contact:

Name: Mr. Andrew Malsom

Address: 141 NW Barstow Street, PO Box 798, Waukesha, WI 53187-0798

Phone: (262) 548-6705 Fax: (262) 548-6891

E-mail: Andrew.Malsom@dot.wi.gov

A.3 Coordination

Coordinate work under this contract with the environment consultant:

Consultant: Natural Resource Technology (NRT)

Address: 234 W. Florida Street, Fifth Floor, Milwaukee, WI 53204

Contact: Mr. Mark Walter, PE Phone: (414) 837-3563 Fax: (414) 837-3608

E-mail: mwalter@naturalrt.com

The role of the environmental consultant will be limited to:

- 1. Determining the location and limits of contaminated soil to be excavated based on soil analytical results from previous investigations, visual observations, and field screening of soil that is excavated;
- 2. Identifying contaminated soils to be hauled to the bioremediation facility;
- 3. Documenting that activities associated with management of contaminated soil are in conformance with the contaminated soil management methods for this project as specified herein; and
- 4. Obtaining the necessary approvals for disposal of contaminated soil from the bioremediation facility.

Provide at least a 14-calendar day notice of the preconstruction conference date to the environmental consultant. At the preconstruction conference, provide a schedule for all excavation activities in the areas of contamination to the environmental consultant. Also notify the environmental consultant at least three calendar days prior to commencement of excavation activities in each of the contaminated areas.

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Coordinate with the environmental consultant to ensure that the environmental consultant is present during excavation activities in the contaminated areas. Perform excavation work in each of the contaminated areas on a continuous basis until excavation work is completed.

Identify the DNR approved bioremediation facility that will be used for disposal of contaminated soils, and provide this information to the environmental consultant no later than 30 calendar days prior to commencement of excavation activities in the contaminated areas or at the preconstruction conference, whichever comes first. The environmental consultant will be responsible for obtaining the necessary approvals for disposal of contaminated soils from the bioremediation facility. Do not transport contaminated soil offsite without prior approval from the environmental consultant.

A.4 Health and Safety Requirements

Add the following to standard spec 107.1:

During excavation activities, expect to encounter soil contaminated with gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or other petroleum related products. Site workers taking part in activities that will result in the reasonable probability of exposure to safety and health hazards associated with hazardous materials shall have completed health and safety training that meets the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements for Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER), as provided in 29 CFR 1910.120.

Prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan, and develop, delineate and enforce the health and safety exclusion zones for each contaminated site location as required by 29 CFR 1910.120. Submit the site-specific health and safety plan and written documentation of up-to-date OSHA training to the engineer prior to the start of work.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 205.3:

Control operations in the contaminated areas to minimize the quantity of contaminated soil excavated.

The environmental consultant will periodically evaluate soil excavated from the contaminated areas to determine if the soil will require offsite bioremediation. The environmental consultant will evaluate excavated soil based on field screening results, visual observations, and soil analytical results from previous environmental investigations. Assist the environmental consultant in collecting soil samples for evaluation using excavation equipment. The sampling frequency shall be a maximum of one sample for every 15 cubic yards excavated.

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Directly load and haul soils designated by the environmental consultant for offsite bioremediation to the DNR approved bioremediation facility. Use loading and hauling practices that are appropriate to prevent any spills or releases of petroleum-contaminated soils or residues. Prior to transport, sufficiently dewater soils designated for off-site bioremediation so as not to contain free liquids.

If dewatering is required in areas of known contamination, water generated from dewatering activities will likely contain PVOCs. Such water may, with approval of a local sewerage district, be discharged to the sanitary sewer or publicly owned treatment works (POTW) as outlined below.

- Meet all applicable requirements of the POTW including the control of suspended solids. Perform all necessary monitoring to document compliance with POTW's requirements. Furnish, install, operate, maintain, disassemble, and remove treatment equipment necessary to comply with the POTW's requirements.
- Ensure continuous dewatering and excavation safety at all times. Provide, operate, and maintain adequate pumping equipment and drainage and disposal facilities.
- Notify the engineer of any dewatering activities, and obtain any permits necessary to discharge water. Provide copies of such permits to the engineer. Meet any requirements and pay any costs for obtaining and complying with such permit use. Follow all applicable legislative statutes, judiciary decisions, and regulations of the State of Wisconsin.

Costs associated with excavation dewatering in the contaminated areas are considered incidental to this pay item. The Wisconsin Department of Transportation will be the generator of regulated solid waste from this construction project.

D Measurement

The department will measure Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil in tons of contaminated soil, accepted by the bioremediation facility as documented by weight tickets generated by the bioremediation facility.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER **DESCRIPTION UNIT** 205 0501 S Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Ton

Contaminated Soil

Payment is full compensation for excavating, segregating, loading, hauling, and treatment via bioremediation of contaminated soil; obtaining solid waste collection and transportation service operating licenses; assisting in the collection soil samples for field evaluation; and dewatering of soils prior to transport, if necessary.

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16. Backfill Coarse Aggregate Size No 2, Item 209.0300.S.01.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and placing coarse aggregate backfill as shown on the plans and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Provide clean concrete aggregate graded according to the requirements as specified under standard spec 501.2.5.4.4. The soundness and wear requirements are deleted from this material.

C Construction

Construct the coarse aggregates according to standard spec 209.3.

D Measurement

The department will measure Backfill Coarse Aggregate Size No 2 in volume by the cubic yard in the vehicle.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 209.0300.S.01 Backfill Coarse Aggregate Size No. 2 CY

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and installing the aggregate. 209-030 (20030820)

17. QMP Base Aggregate.

A Description

A.1 General

- (1) This special provision describes contractor quality control (QC) sampling and testing for base aggregates, documenting those test results, and documenting related production and placement process changes. This special provision also describes department quality verification (QV), independent assurance (IA), and dispute resolution.
- (2) Conform to standard spec 301, standard spec 305, and standard spec 310 as modified here in this special provision. Apply this special provision to material placed under all of the Base Aggregate Dense and Base Aggregate Open Graded bid items, except do not apply this special provision to material classified as reclaimed asphaltic pavement placed under the Base Aggregate Dense bid items.
- (3) Do not apply this special provision to material placed under the Aggregate Detours, Salvaged Asphaltic Pavement Base, Breaker Run, Select Crushed, Pit Run, Subbase, or Riprap bid items.

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- (4) Provide and maintain a quality control program, defined as all activities related to and documentation of the following:
 - 1. Production and placement control and inspection.
 - 2. Material sampling and testing.
- (5) Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes required sampling and testing procedures. The contractor may obtain the CMM from the department's web site at: http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/rdwy/default.aspx

A.2 Contractor Testing for Small Quantities

- (1) The department defines a small quantity, for each individual Base Aggregate bid item, as a plan quantity of 9000 tons or less of material as shown in the schedule of items under that bid item.
- (2) The requirements under this special provision apply equally to a small quantity for an individual bid item except as follows:
 - 1. The contractor need not submit a full quality control plan but shall provide an organizational chart to the engineer including names, telephone numbers, and current certifications of all persons involved in the quality control program for material under affected bid items.
 - 2. Divide the aggregate into uniformly sized sublots for testing as follows:

Plan Quantity	Minimum Required Testing
≤ 1500 tons	One test from production, load-out, or
	placement at the contractor's option ^[1]
$>$ 1500 tons and \leq 6000 tons	Two tests of the same type, either from production, load-out, or placement at the contractor's option ^[1]
$>$ 6000 tons and \leq 9000 tons	Three placement tests ^{[2] [3]}

- If using production tests for acceptance, submit test results to the engineer for review prior to incorporating the material into the work. Production test results are valid for a period of 3 years.
- [2] For 3-inch material, obtain samples at load-out.
- [3] If the actual quantity overruns 9000 tons, create overrun sublots to test at a rate of one additional placement test for each 3000 tons, or fraction of 3000 tons, of overrun.
- 3. No control charts are required. Submit aggregate load-out and placement test results to the engineer within one business day of obtaining the sample. Assure that all properties are within the limits specified for each test.
- 4. Department verification testing is optional for quantities of 6000 tons or less.
- (3) Material represented by a sublot with any property outside the specification limits is nonconforming. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

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B Materials

B.1 Quality Control Plan

- (1) Submit a comprehensive written quality control plan to the engineer at or before the pre-construction meeting. Do not place base before the engineer reviews and comments on the plan. Construct the project as that plan provides.
- (2) Do not change the quality control plan without the engineer's review. Update the plan with changes as they become effective. Provide a current copy of the plan to the engineer and post in each of the contractor's laboratories as changes are adopted. Ensure that the plan provides the following elements:
 - 1. An organizational chart with names, telephone numbers, current certifications and/or titles, and roles and responsibilities of QC personnel.
 - 2. The process used to disseminate QC information and corrective action efforts to the appropriate persons. Include a list of recipients, the communication means that will be used, and action time frames.
 - 3. A list of source and processing locations, section and quarter descriptions, for all aggregate materials requiring QC testing.
 - 4. Test results for wear, sodium sulfate soundness, freeze/thaw soundness, and plasticity index of all aggregates requiring QC testing. Obtain this information from the region materials unit or from the engineer.
 - 5. Descriptions of stockpiling and hauling methods.
 - 6. Locations of the QC laboratory, retained sample storage, and where control charts and other documentation is posted.
 - 7. An outline for resolving a process control problem. Include responsible personnel, required documentation, and appropriate communication steps.

B.2 Personnel

(1) Have personnel certified under the department's highway technician certification program (HTCP) perform sampling, testing, and documentation as follows:

Required Certification Level:	Sampling or Testing Roles:
Aggregate Technician IPP	Aggregate Sampling ^[1]
Aggregate Sampling Technician	
Aggregate Assistant Certified Technician (ACT-AGG)	
Aggregate Technician IPP	Aggregate Gradation Testing,
Aggregate Assistant Certified Technician (ACT-AGG)	Aggregate Fractured Particle
	Testing, Aggregate Liquid
	Limit and Plasticity Index
	Testing

Plant personnel under the direct observation of an aggregate technician certified at level one or higher may operate equipment to obtain samples.

(2) A certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

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B.3 Laboratory

(1) Perform QC testing at a department-qualified laboratory. Obtain information on the Wisconsin laboratory qualification program from:

Materials Management Section

3502 Kinsman Blvd.

Madison, WI 53704

Telephone: (608) 246-5388

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/tools/appr-prod/qual-labs.aspx

B.4 Quality Control Documentation

B.4.1 General

(1) Submit base aggregate placement documentation to the engineer within 10 business days after completing base placement. Ensure that the submittal is complete, neatly organized, and includes applicable project records and control charts.

B.4.2 Records

(1) Document all placement observations, inspection records, and control adjustments daily in a permanent field record. Also include all test results in the project records. Provide test results to the engineer within 6 hours after obtaining a sample. For 3-inch base, extend this 6-hour limit to 24 hours. Post or distribute tabulated results using a method mutually agreeable to the engineer and contractor.

B.4.3 Control Charts

- (1) Plot gradation and fracture on the appropriate control chart as soon as test results are available. Format control charts according to CMM 8.30. Include the project number on base placement control charts. Maintain separate control charts for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type.
- (2) Provide control charts to the engineer within 6 hours after obtaining a sample. For 3-inch base, extend this 6-hour limit to 24 hours. Post or distribute charts using a method mutually agreeable to the engineer and contractor. Update control charts daily to include the following:
 - 1. Contractor individual QC tests.
 - 2. Department QV tests.
 - 3. Department IA tests.
 - 4. Four-point running average of the QC tests.
- (3) Except as specified under B.8.2.1 for nonconforming QV tests, include only QC tests in the running average. The contractor may plot process control or informational tests on control charts, but do not include these tests, conforming QV tests, or IA tests in the running average.

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B.5 Contractor Testing

- (1) Test gradation, fracture, liquid limit and plasticity index during placement for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type.
- (2) Test gradation once per 3000 tons of material placed. Determine random sample locations and provide those sample locations to the engineer. Obtain samples after the material has been bladed, mixed, and shaped but before compacting; except collect 3-inch samples from the stockpile at load-out. Do not sample from material used to maintain local traffic or from areas of temporary base that will not have an overlying pavement. On days when placing only material used to maintain local traffic or only temporary base that will not have an overlying pavement, no placement testing is required.
- (3) Split each contractor QC sample and identify it according to CMM 8.30. Retain the split for 7 calendar days in a dry, protected location. If requested for department comparison testing, deliver the split to the engineer within one business day.
- (4) The engineer may require additional sampling and testing to evaluate suspect material or the technician's sampling and testing procedures.
- (5) Test fracture for each gradation test until the fracture running average is above the lower warning limit. Subsequently, the contractor may reduce the frequency to one test per 10 gradation tests if the fracture running average remains above the warning limit.
- (6) Test the liquid limit and plasticity index for the first gradation test. Subsequently, test the liquid limit and plasticity index a minimum of once per 10 gradation tests.

B.6 Test Methods

B.6.1 Gradation

(1) Test gradation using a washed analysis conforming to the following as modified in CMM 8.60:

- (2) For 3-inch base, if 3 consecutive running average points for the percent passing the No. 200 sieve are 8.5 percent or less, the contractor may use an unwashed analysis. Wash at least one sample out of 10. If a single running average for the percent passing the No. 200 sieve exceeds 8.5 percent, resume washed analyses until 3 consecutive running average points are again 8.5 percent passing or less.
- (3) Maintain a separate control chart for each sieve size specified in standard spec 305 or standard spec 310 for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type. Set control and warning limits based on the standard specification gradation limits as follows:

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- 1. Control limits are at the upper and lower specification limits.
- 2. There are no upper warning limits for sieves allowing 100 percent passing and no lower control limits for sieves allowing 0 percent passing.
- 3. Dense graded warning limits, except for the No. 200 sieve, are 2 percent within the upper and lower control limits. Warning limits for the No. 200 sieve are set 0.5 percent within the upper and lower control limits.
- 4. Open graded warning limits for the 1-inch, 3/8-inch, and No. 4 sieves are 2 percent within the upper and lower control limits. Upper warning limits for the No. 10, No. 40, and No. 200 sieves are 1 percent inside the upper control limit.

B.6.2 Fracture

- (1) Test fracture conforming to CMM 8.60. The engineer will waive fractured particle testing on quarried stone.
- (2) Maintain a separate fracture control chart for each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type. Set the lower control limit at the contract specification limit, either specified in another special provision or in table 301-2 of standard spec 301.2.4.5. Set the lower warning limit 2 percent above the lower control limit. There are no upper limits.

B.6.3 Liquid Limit and Plasticity

- (1) Test the liquid limit and plasticity according to AASHTO T 89 and T 90.
- (2) Ensure the material conforms to the limits specified in standard spec table 301-2.

B.7 Corrective Action

B.7.1 General

(1) Consider corrective action when the running average trends toward a warning limit. Take corrective action if an individual test exceeds the contract specification limit. Document all corrective actions both in the project records and on the appropriate control chart.

B.7.2 Placement Corrective Action

- (1) Do not blend additional material on the roadbed to correct gradation problems.
- (2) Notify the engineer whenever the running average exceeds a warning limit. When two consecutive running averages exceed a warning limit, the engineer and contractor will discuss appropriate corrective action. Perform the engineer's recommended corrective action and increase the testing frequency as follows:
 - 1. For gradation, increase the QC testing frequency to at least one randomly sampled test per 1000 tons placed.
 - 2. For fracture, increase the QC testing frequency to at least one test per gradation test.
- (3) If corrective action improves the property in question such that the running average after 4 additional tests is within the warning limits, the contractor may return to the testing frequency specified in B.5.3. If corrective action does not improve the property in

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- question such that the running average after 4 additional individual tests is still in the warning band, repeat the steps outlined above starting with engineer notification.
- (4) If the running average exceeds a control limit, material starting from the first running average exceeding the control limit and ending at the first subsequent running average inside the control limit is nonconforming and subject to pay reduction.
- (5) For individual test results significantly outside the control limits, notify the engineer, stop placing base, and suspend other activities that may affect the area in question. The engineer and contractor will jointly review data, data reduction, and data analysis; evaluate sampling and testing procedures; and perform additional testing as required to determine the extent of potentially unacceptable material. The engineer may direct the contractor to remove and replace that material. Individual test results are significantly outside the control limits if meeting one or more of the following criteria:
 - 1. A gradation control limit for the No. 200 sieve is exceeded by more than 3.0 percent.
 - 2. A gradation control limit for any sieve, except the No. 200, is exceeded by more than 5.0 percent.
 - 3. The fracture control limit is exceeded by more than 10.0 percent.

B.8 Department Testing

B.8.1 General

(1) The department will conduct verification testing to validate the quality of the product and independent assurance testing to evaluate the sampling and testing. The department will provide the contractor with a listing of names and telephone numbers of all QV and IA personnel for the project, and provide test results to the contractor within two business days after the department obtains the sample.

B.8.2 Verification Testing

B.8.2.1 General

- (1) The department will have an HTCP technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform QV sampling and testing. Department verification testing personnel must meet the same certification level requirements specified in B.2 for contractor testing personnel for each test result being verified. The department will notify the contractor before sampling so the contractor can observe QV sampling.
- (2) The department will conduct QV tests of each base aggregate size, source or classification, and type during placement conforming to the following:
 - 1. One non-random test on the first day of placement.
 - 2. At least one random test per 30,000 tons, or fraction of 30,000 tons, placed.
- (3) The department will sample randomly, at locations independent of the contractor's QC work, collecting one sample at each QV location. The department will collect QV samples after the material has been bladed, mixed, and shaped but before compacting; except, for 3-inch aggregates, the department will collect samples from the stockpile at load-out. The department will split each sample, test half for QV, and retain half.

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- (4) The department will conduct QV tests in a separate laboratory and with separate equipment from the contractor's QC tests. The department will use the same methods specified for QC testing.
- (5) The department will assess QV results by comparing to the appropriate specification limits. If QV test results conform to the specification, the department will take no further action. If QV test results are nonconforming, add the QV to the QC test results as if it were an additional QC test.

B.8.3 Independent Assurance

- (1) Independence assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's QV and the contractor's QC sampling and testing including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform an IA review according to the department's independent assurance program. That review may include one or more of the following:
 - 1. Split sample testing.
 - 2. Proficiency sample testing.
 - 3. Witnessing sampling and testing.
 - 4. Test equipment calibration checks.
 - 5. Reviewing required worksheets and control charts.
 - 6. Requesting that testing personnel perform additional sampling and testing.
- (2) If the department identifies a deficiency, and after further investigation confirms it, correct that deficiency. If the contractor does not correct or fails to cooperate in resolving identified deficiencies, the engineer may suspend placement until action is taken. Resolve disputes as specified in B.9.

B.9 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The engineer and contractor should make every effort to avoid conflict. If a dispute between some aspect of the contractor's and the engineer's testing program does occur, seek a solution mutually agreeable to the project personnel. The department and contractor may review the data, examine data reduction and analysis methods, evaluate sampling and testing procedures, and perform additional testing. Use ASTM E 178 to evaluate potential statistically outlying data.
- (2) Production test results, and results from other process control testing, may be considered when resolving a dispute.
- (3) If the project personnel cannot resolve a dispute, and the dispute affects payment or could result in incorporating non-conforming product, the department will use third party testing to resolve the dispute. The department's central office laboratory, or a mutually agreed on independent testing laboratory, will provide this testing. The engineer and contractor will abide by the results of the third party tests. The party in error will pay service charges incurred for testing by an independent laboratory. The department may use third party test results to evaluate the quality of questionable materials and determine the appropriate payment. The department may reject material

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or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

C (Vacant)

D (Vacant)

E Payment

- (1) Costs for all sampling, testing, and documentation required under this special provision are incidental to this work. If the contractor fails to perform the work required under this special provision, the department may reduce the contractor's pay. The department will administer pay reduction under the non-performance of QMP administrative item.
- (2) For material represented by a running average exceeding a control limit, the department will reduce pay by 10 percent of the contract price for the affected Base Aggregate bid items listed in standard s[ec A. The department will administer pay reduction under the Nonconforming QMP Base Aggregate Gradation or Nonconforming QMP Base Aggregate Fracture Administrative items. The department will determine the quantity of nonconforming material as specified in B.7.2.

301-010 (20151210)

18. QMP Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch Compaction, Item 371.1000.S.

A Description

- (1) This special provision modifies the compaction and density testing and documentation requirements of work done under the Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch bid items. Conform to standard spec 305 as modified in this special provision and to the contract QMP Base Aggregate article.
- (2) Provide and maintain a quality management program. A quality management program is defined as all activities, including process control, inspection, sampling and testing, and necessary adjustments in the process related to construction of dense graded base which meets all the requirements of this provision.
- (4) This special provision applies to Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch material placed on the mainline traveled way and adjacent mainline shoulders according to the typical finished sections. Unless otherwise specified by the contract, all Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch material placed on side roads, private and public entrances, ramps, tapers, turn lanes, and other locations not described as the mainline traveled way and its adjacent mainline shoulders is exempt from the compaction and density requirement modifications and testing contained within this special provision.

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B (Vacant)

C Construction

C.1 General

(1) The engineer shall approve the grade prior to placement of the base. Approval of the grade shall be according to applicable provisions of the standard specifications.

Add the following to standard spec 305.3.2.2:

(3) Compact the 1 1/4-Inch dense graded base to a minimum of 93.0% of the material target density. Ensure that adequate moisture is present during placement and compaction operations to prevent segregation and to help achieve compaction.

The material target density will be identified using one of the following methods:

- 1. For 1 1/4-Inch dense graded base composed of ≤20% reclaimed asphaltic pavement (RAP) or crushed concrete (RCA), as determined by classification of material (aggregate or RAP and/or RCA) and percentage by weight of each material type retained on the No. 4 Sieve: maximum dry density according to AASHTO T-180, Method D, with correction for coarse particles as determined by AASHTO T224, and modified to require determination of Bulk Specific Gravity (G_m) according to AASHTO T 85. Bulk Specific Gravities determined according to standard spec 106.3.4.2.2 for aggregate source approval may be utilized
- 2. For 1 1/4-Inch dense graded base composed of >20% RAP or RCA, as determined by classification of material (aggregate or RAP and/or RCA) and percentage by weight of each material type retained on the No. 4 Sieve, the contractor may choose from the following options:
 - a. Maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO T-180, Method D, with correction for coarse particles as determined by AASHTO T224, and modified to require determination of Bulk Specific Gravity (G_m) according to AASHTO T 85.
 - b. Maximum wet density as determined by AASHTO T-180, Method D, modified to define *Maximum Density* as the wet density in pounds per cubic foot of soil at optimum moisture content using Method D specified compaction, with correction for coarse particles as determined by AASHTO T224, and modified to require determination of Bulk Specific Gravity (G_m) according to AASHTO T 85.
 - c. Average of 10 random control strip wet density measurements as described in section C.2.5.1.

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- (4) Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch will be accepted for compaction on a target density lot basis.
- (5) Field density tests on materials using contractor elected target density methods C.1(3).2.b or C.1(3).2.c will not be considered for lot acceptance on the basis of compaction under the requirements of this provisions until the moisture content of the in-place material is less than 2.0 percentage points above the maximum wet density optimum moisture or 2.0 percentage points of the average moisture content of the 10 density tests representing a control strip, respectively.

C.2 Quality Management Program

C.2.1 Quality Control Plan

- (1) Submit a comprehensive written quality control plan to the engineer no later than 10 business days before placement of material. Do not place any dense graded base before the engineer reviews and accepts the plan. Construct the project as the plan provides.
- (2) Do not change the quality control plan without the engineer's review and acceptance. Update the plan with changes as they become effective. Provide a current copy of the plan to the engineer and post in the contractor's laboratory as changes are adopted. Ensure that the plan provides the following elements:
 - 1. An organizational chart with names, telephone numbers, current certifications and/or titles, and roles and responsibilities of QC personnel.
 - 2. The process used to disseminate QC information and corrective action efforts to the appropriate persons. Include a list of recipients, the communication process that will be used, and action time frames.
 - 3. A list of source locations, section and quarter descriptions, for all aggregate materials requiring QC testing.
 - 4. Descriptions of stockpiling and hauling methods.
 - 5. An outline for resolving a process control problem. Include responsible personnel, required documentation, and appropriate communication steps.
 - 6. Location of the QC laboratory, retained sample storage, and other documentation.
 - 7. A summary of the locations and calculated quantities to be tested under this provision.
 - 8. A description of placement methods and operations. Including, but not limited to: staging, construction of an initial working platform, lift thicknesses, and equipment.

C.2.2 Pre-Placement Meeting

A minimum of two weeks prior to the start of placement of Base Aggregate Dense 1 ¼-Inch material, hold a pre-placement meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and location. Present the Quality Control Plan at the meeting. Attendance at the pre-placement meeting is mandatory for the project superintendent, quality control manager, project inspection and testing staff, all appropriate contractor personnel involved in the sampling, testing, and quality control including subcontractors, and the engineer or designated representatives.

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C.2.3 Personnel

- (1) Perform the quality control sampling, testing, and documentation required under this provision using technicians certified by the department's Highway Technician Certification Program (HTCP). Have a HTCP Nuclear Density Technician I, or ACT certified technician, perform field density and field moisture content testing.
- (2) If an ACT is performing sampling or testing, a certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

C.2.4 Equipment

- (1) Furnish the necessary equipment and supplies for performing quality control testing. Ensure that all testing equipment conforms to the equipment specifications applicable to the required testing methods. The engineer may inspect the measuring and testing devices to confirm both calibration and condition. Calibrate all testing equipment according to the CMM and maintain a calibration record at the laboratory.
- (2) Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at: http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/tools/appr-prod/default.aspx
- (3) Ensure that the nuclear gauge manufacturer or an approved calibration service calibrates the gauge the same calendar year it is used on the project. Retain a copy of the calibration certificate with the gauge.
- (4) For all target density methods, conform to ASTM D 6938 and CMM 8.15 for wet density testing and gauge monitoring methods.
- (5) For the specified target density determined using method C.1(3).1, compute the dry densities for the compacted dense graded base, composed of ≤20% RAP or RCA, according to ASTM D 6938.
- (6) For contractor elected target density method C.1(3).2.a compute dry densities of dense graded base composed of >20% RAP or RCA using a moisture correction factor and the nuclear wet density value. Determine the moisture correction value, for each Proctor produced under the requirements of C.2.5, using the moisture bias as shown in CMM 8.15.12.1 and 8.15.12.2, except the one-point Proctor tests of the 5 random tests is not required. Conduct a moisture bias test for every 9000 tons of Base Aggregate Dense 1 ½ -Inch placed. Determine natural moistures in the laboratory.
- (7) Perform nuclear gauge measurements using gamma radiation in the backscatter or direct transmission position on the same date of placement of the Base Aggregate Dense 1 ¼- Inch material. Backscatter may be used only if the material being tested cannot reliably maintain an undistorted direct transmission test hole. Direct transmission tests must be performed at the greatest possible probe depth of 2 inches, 4 inches, or 6 inches, but not

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to exceed the depth of the compacted layer being tested. Perform each test for 4 minutes of nuclear gauge count time.

C.2.5 Contractor Testing

- Perform compaction testing on the mainline dense graded base material, as defined by A.(4). Perform the quality control sampling, testing, and documentation required under this provision using HTCP certified technicians as required in C.2.3. Conform to CMM 8.15 for testing and gauge monitoring methods.
- (2) Select test sites randomly using ASTM Method D3665. Do not test less than 1 ½ feet from the unsupported edge of the dense graded base layer. Test sites must be located within the mainline traveled way or the traveled way's adjacent mainline shoulder.

C.2.5.1 Contractor Required Quality Control (QC) Testing

- (1) Conduct testing at a minimum frequency of one test per lot. A lot will consist of each 1500 tons for each layer with a minimum lift thickness of 2" of Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch material placed, regardless of the location of placement. Each lot of in-place mainline, as defined by A.(4), Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4- Inch material compacted will be accepted when the lot field density meets the required minimum 93.0% of target density. Lots that don't achieve 93.0% of target density must be addressed and approved according to C.2.7.
- (2) Notify the engineer, if a lot field density test falls below the required minimum value. Document and perform corrective actions according to C.2.7. Deliver documentation of all compaction testing results to the engineer at the time of testing.

C.2.5.1.1 Target Density Determination

C.2.5.1.1.1 Density Control Strip Method

- (1) For contractor elected target density method C.1(3).2.c, construct a control strip for each layer of placement to identify the target wet density for the base aggregate dense material. The control strip construction and density testing will occur under the direct observation and/or assistance of the department QV personnel.
- (2) Unless the engineer approves otherwise, construct control strips to a minimum dimension of 300 feet long and one full lane width.
- (3) Completed control strips may remain in-place to be incorporated into the final roadway cross-section.
- (4) Construct additional control strips, at a minimum, when:
 - 1. The four point moving average gradation on any one sieve differs from the original gradation test result for that sieve by more than 10 percentage points. The original gradation test is defined as the gradation of the material used to construct the control strip. A previously determined Proctor value will remain

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valid for any material with gradation for all sieves within 10.0 percentage points of that Proctor's original gradation test.

- 2. The source of base aggregate changes.
- 3. The four point moving average percentage of blended recycled materials, from classification of material retained on the No. 4 sieve in the original gradation test, differs by more than 10 percentage points. The original gradation test is defined as the gradation of the material used to construct the control strip. A previously determined Proctor value will remain valid for any material with gradation for all sieves within 10.0 percentage points of that Proctor's original gradation test.
- 4. The layer thickness changes more than 2.0 inches.
- 5. The percent target density exceeds 103.0% on two consecutive density measurements.
- (5) Construct control strips using equipments and methods representative of the operations to be used to place and compact the remaining 1 1/4–Inch Base Aggregate Dense material. Wet the base, as mutually agreed upon by the contractor and engineer, to obtain and/or maintain adequate moisture content to ensure proper compaction. Discontinue water placement if the base begins to exhibit signs of saturation or instability.
- (6) After compacting the control strip with a minimum of 2 passes, mark and take density measurements at 3 random locations, at least 1 ½ feet from the edge of the base. Subsequent density measurements will be taken at the same 3 locations.
- After each subsequent pass of compaction equipment over the entirety of the control strip, take density measurements at the 3 marked locations. Continue compacting and testing until the increase in density measurements is less than 2.0 lb/ft³, or the density measurements begin to decrease.
- (8) Upon completion of control strip compaction, take 10 randomly located density measurements within the limits of the control strip, at least 1 ½ feet from the edge of the base. The final measurements recorded at the 3 locations under article C.2.4.1.1.1(6) may be included as 3 of the 10 measurements. Average the ten measurements to obtain the control strip target density and target moisture for use in contractor elected method C.1(3).2.c.

C.2.5.1.1.2 Maximum Wet and/or Dry Density Methods

(1) For contractor elected target density methods C.1(3).2.a, C.1(3).2.b, and contractually specified target density method C.1(3).1; perform one gradation and 5-point Proctor test before placement of 1 1/4-Inch dense graded base. Perform additional gradations every 3000 tons. If sampling requirements are identical, samples/testing performed for the QMP Base Aggregate specification may be used to fulfill the gradation testing requirements of this specification.

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- (2) Perform additional 5-point Proctor tests, at a minimum, when:
 - 1. The four point moving average gradation on any one sieve differs from the original gradation test result for that sieve, by more than 10 percentage points. The original gradation test is defined as the gradation of the material used to create a 5-point Proctor. Each 5-point Proctor test will remain valid for any material with gradation for all sieves within 10.0 percentage points of that Proctor's original gradation test.
 - 2. The source of base aggregate changes.
 - 3. The four point moving average percentage of blended recycled materials; from classification of material retained on the No. 4 sieve; in the original gradation test, differs by more than 10 percentage points. The original gradation test is defined as the gradation of the material used to construct the control strip. A previously determined Proctor value will remain valid for any material with gradation for all sieves within 10.0 percentage points of that Proctor's original gradation test
 - 4. Percent target density exceeds 103.0% on two consecutive density tests.
- (3) Provide Proctor test results to the engineer within 48 hours of sampling. Provide gradation test results to the engineer within 24 hours of sampling.
- (4) Split each contractor QC Proctor sample and identify it according to CMM 8.30. Deliver the split to the engineer within one business day for department QV Proctor testing.
- (5) Split each non-Proctor contractor QC sample and identify it according to CMM 8.30. Retain the split for 7 calendar days in a dry, protected location. If requested for department comparison testing, deliver the split to the engineer within one business day.

C.2.5.2 Optional Contractor Assurance (CA) Testing

- (1) CA Testing is optional and is conducted to further validate QC testing. The contractor may submit recorded CA data to provide additional information for the following:
 - 1. Process control decisions
 - 2. Troubleshooting possible sampling, splitting, or equipment problems.

C.2.6 Department Testing

C.2.6.1 General

(1) The department will conduct verification testing to validate the quality of the product and independent assurance testing to evaluate the sampling and testing. The department will provide the contractor with a listing of names and telephone numbers of all QV and IA personnel for the project, and provide test results to the contractor within two business days after the department obtains the sample.

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C.2.6.2 Quality Verification (QV) Testing

- (1) The department will have an HTCP technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform QV sampling and testing. Department verification testing personnel must meet the same certification level requirements specified in C.2.3 for contractor testing personnel for each test result being verified. The department will notify the contractor before sampling so the contractor can observe QV sampling.
- (2) The department will conduct QV tests at the minimum frequency of 30% of the required gradation, density and Proctor contractor tests.
- (3) The department will utilize contractor's QC Proctor results for determination of the material target density. The department will verify QC Proctor values by testing QC Proctor split sample. The department will use QC Proctor value as a target density if the QC and QV Proctor test results meet the tolerance requirements specified in section 2.6.2.(7).
- (4) The department will locate gradation and nuclear density test samples, at locations independent of the contractor's QC work, collecting one sample at each QV location. The department will split each QV sample, test half for QV, and retain the remaining half for 7 calendar days.
- (5) The department will conduct QV tests in a separate laboratory and with separate equipment from the contractor's QC tests. The department will use the same methods specified for QC testing.
- (6) The department will utilize control strip target density testing results in lieu of QV Proctor sampling and testing when the contractor elected C.1 (3).2.c target density method is used.
- The department will assess QV results by comparing to the appropriate specification limits. If QV test results conform to this special provision, the department will take no further action. If QV test results are nonconforming, take corrective actions according to C.2.7 until the requirements of this special provision are met. Differing QC and QV nuclear density values of more than 2.0 pcf will be investigated and resolved. Differing QC and QV Proctor values of more than 3.0 pcf will be investigated and resolved.

C.2.6.3 Independent Assurance (IA)

- (1) Independence assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's QV and the contractor's QC sampling and testing, including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform an IA review according to the department's independent assurance program. That review may include one or more of the following:
 - 1. Split sample testing.
 - 2. Proficiency sample testing.
 - 3. Witnessing sampling and testing.

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- 4. Test equipment calibration checks.
- 5. Requesting that testing personnel perform additional sampling and testing.
- (2) If the department identifies a deficiency, and after further investigation confirms it, correct that deficiency. If the contractor does not correct or fails to cooperate in resolving identified deficiencies, the engineer may suspend placement until action is taken. Resolve disputes as specified in C.2.6.4.

C.2.6.4 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The engineer and contractor should make every effort to avoid conflict. If a dispute between some aspect of the contractor's and the engineer's testing program does occur, seek a solution mutually agreeable to the project personnel. The department and contractor shall review the data, examine data reduction and analysis methods, evaluate sampling and testing methods/procedures, and perform additional testing. Use ASTM E 178 to evaluate potential statistically outlying data.
- (2) Production test results, and results from other process control testing, may be considered when resolving a dispute.
- (3) If project personnel cannot resolve a dispute, and the dispute affects payment or could result in incorporating non-conforming product or work, the department will use third party testing to resolve the dispute. The department's central office laboratory, or a mutually agreed on independent testing laboratory, will provide this testing. The engineer and contractor will abide by the results of the third party tests. The party in error will pay service charges incurred for testing by an independent laboratory. The department may use third party test results to evaluate the quality of questionable materials and determine the appropriate payment. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

C.2.7 Corrective Action

(1) Lots not achieving 93.0% of target density may be addressed and accepted for compaction according to the requirements of this section. Unless otherwise stated, the actions taken to address an unacceptable lot must be applied to the entire lot.

Passing CA test results according to section C.2.5.2 will reduce the limits of lot investigations and/or corrective actions.

(2) At no additional cost to the department, investigate the moisture content of material in an unacceptable lot. Moisture content testing/samples collected under the QC and/or QV testing articles of this specification may be used to complete this investigation. Obtain moisture content readings according to ASTM D 6938. For material composed of >20% RAP or RCA, correct the moisture content with the moisture correction value using the moisture bias, as shown in CMM 8.15.12.1 and 8.15.12.2, except the one-point Proctor tests of the 5 random tests is not required.

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- (3) Lots with moisture contents within 2.0 percentage points of optimum moisture for target density methods C.1(3).1, C.1(3).2.a, or C.1(3).2.b, or within 2.0 percentage points of the target moisture content for target density method C.1(3).2.c, and exhibiting no signs of deflection when subjected to loading by the heaviest roller used in the placement and compaction operations, shall be, at no additional cost to the department, compacted a minimum of one more pass using equipment and methods representative of the operations used to place and compact the Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4–Inch, and density tested at the same location (station and offset) as the failing QC and/or QV density tests. If the change in density exceeds 2.0 lb/ft³ continue subsequent compactive efforts and density testing on that lot, at no additional cost to the department. If the change in density is less than or equal to 2.0 lb/ft³, the lot is accepted as satisfying the compaction requirements of this provision.
- (4) Lots with moisture contents within 2.0 percentage points of optimum moisture for target density methods C.1 (3).1, C.1 (3).2.a, or C.1 (3).2.b, or within 2.0 percentage points of the target moisture content for target density method C.1 (3).2.c, and exhibiting signs of deflection when subjected to loading by the heaviest roller used in the placement and compaction operations, will be reviewed by the engineer. The engineer may request subgrade improvement methods, such as excavation below subgrade (EBS), installation of geotextile fabrics, installation of breaker run material or others to be completed and paid for as specified in standard spec 301.5, or may request, at no additional cost to the department, an additional pass of compactive effort using equipment and methods representative of the operations used to place and compact the base aggregate dense and density test.
 - 1. If, after an additional pass, the change in density at the same location (station and offset) as the failing QC and/or QV density tests exceeds 2.0 lb/ft³ in a lot continue subsequent compactive efforts and density testing on that lot, at no additional cost to the department. If the change in density at the same location (station and offset) as the failing QC and/or QV density tests is less than or equal to 2.0 lb/ft³, and subgrade improvement methods are not requested by the engineer, the lot is accepted as satisfying the compaction requirements of this provision.
 - 2. If subgrade improvement methods are requested by the engineer, upon completion, including compaction of the restored base material, conduct a density test within the improved subgrade limits. This density test result will replace the prior field density value. If the lot field density equals or exceeds 93.0% of target density the lot is accepted as satisfying the compaction requirements of this provision. If the lot field density fails to achieve 93.0% of target density, at no additional cost to the department, compact the lot a minimum of one more pass using equipment and methods representative of the operations used to place and compact the base aggregate dense; and density test at the same location (station and offset) as the failing QC and/or QV density tests. If the change in density exceeds 2.0 lb/ft³ continue subsequent compactive efforts and density testing on that lot, at no additional cost to the department. If the change

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in density is less than or equal to 2.0 lb/ft³, the lot is accepted as satisfying the compaction requirements of this provision.

- Unacceptable lots, with moisture contents in excess of 2.0 percentage points above or below optimum moisture for target density methods C.1(3).1, C.1(3).2.a, or C.1(3).2.b; or in excess of 2.0 percentage points above or below the target moisture content for target density method C.1(3).2.c; shall receive contractor performed and documented corrective action; including additional density testing; at no additional cost to the department.
- (6) Density tests completed subsequent to any corrective action will replace previous field density test results for that lot. Continue corrective actions until 93.0% of target density is achieved or an alternate compaction acceptance criteria is met according to this section.
- Field moisture contents of materials tested using contractor elected target density methods C.1(3).2.b or C.1(3).2.c cannot exceed 2.0 percentage points of the optimum moisture content or 2.0 percentage points of the target moisture content, respectively. Density tests on materials using contractor elected target density methods C.1(3).2.b or C.1(3).2.c will not be considered for lot compaction acceptance until the moisture content of the corresponding density test of the in-place material is less than 2.0 percentage points above of the optimum moisture content or 2.0 percentage points of the target moisture content, respectively.

D Measurement

(1) The department will measure QMP Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch Compaction by the ton, acceptably completed. The measured tons of QMP Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch Compaction equals the tons of Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch, acceptably completed, regardless of placement location and density testing eligibility.

E Payment

(1) The department will pay for the measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 371.1000.S QMP Base Aggregate Dense 1 ¼-Inch Compation TON

Payment is full compensation for performing compaction testing; for sampling and laboratory testing; and for developing, completing, and documenting the compaction quality management program. The department will pay separately for providing the aggregate under the Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch bid item.

370-010 (20151210)

19. QMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density.

A Description

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 (1) and standard spec 460.3.3.2 (4) with the following:

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- (1) This special provision describes density testing of in-place HMA pavement with the use of nuclear density gauges. Conform to standard spec 460 as modified in this special provision.
- (2) Provide and maintain a quality control program defined as all activities and documentation of the following:
 - 1. Selection of test sites.
 - 2. Testing.
 - 3. Necessary adjustments in the process.
 - 4. Process control inspection.
- (3) Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes required procedures. Obtain the CMM from the department's web site at:

http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/standards/cmm/index.htm

(4) The department's Materials Reporting System (MRS) software allows contractors to submit data to the department electronically, estimate pay adjustments, and print selected reports. Qualified personnel may obtain MRS software from the department's web site at:

http://www.atwoodsystems.com/mrs

B Materials

B.1 Personnel

- (1) Perform HMA pavement density (QC, QV) testing using a HTCP certified nuclear technician I, or a nuclear assistant certified technician (ACT-NUC) working under a certified technician.
- (2) If an ACT is performing sampling or testing, a certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

B.2 Testing

(1) Conform to ASTM D2950 and CMM 8.15 for density testing and gauge monitoring methods. Perform nuclear gauge measurements using gamma radiation in the backscatter position. Perform each test for 4 minutes of nuclear gauge count time.

B.3 Equipment

B.3.1 General

- (1) Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at http://www.dot.wisconsin.gov/business/engrserv/approvedprod.htm.
- (2) Have the gauge calibrated by the manufacturer or an approved calibration service within 12 months of its use on the project. Retain a copy of the manufacturer's calibration certificate with the gauge.

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(3) Prior to each construction season, and following any calibration of the gauge, the contractor must perform calibration verification for each gauge using the reference blocks located in the department's central office materials laboratory. To obtain information or schedule a time to perform calibration verification, contact the department's Radiation Safety Officer at:

Materials Management Section 3502 Kinsman Blvd. Madison, Wisconsin 53704 Telephone: (608) 243-5998

B.3.2 Correlation of Nuclear Gauges

B.3.2.1 Correlation of QC and QV Nuclear Gauges

- (1) Select a representative section of the compacted pavement prior to or on the first day of paving for the correlation process. The section does not have to be the same mix design.
- (2) Correlate the 2 or more gauges used for density measurement (QC, QV). The QC and QV gauge operators will perform the correlation on 5 test sites jointly located. Record each density measurement of each test site for the QC, QV and back up gauges.
- (3) Calculate the average of the difference in density of the 5 test sites between the QC and QV gauges. Locate an additional 5 test sites if the average difference exceeds 1.0 lb/ft³. Measure and record the density on the 5 additional test sites for each gauge.
- (4) Calculate the average of the difference in density of the 10 test sites between the QC and QV gauges. Replace one or both gauges if the average difference of the 10 tests exceeds 1.0 lb/ft³ and repeat correlation process from B.3.2.1 (2).
- (5) Furnish one of the QC gauges passing the allowable correlation tolerances to perform density testing on the project.

B.3.2.2 Correlation Monitoring

- (1) After performing the gauge correlation specified in B.3.2.1, establish a project reference site approved by the department. Clearly mark a flat surface of concrete or asphalt or other material that will not be disturbed during the duration of the project. Perform correlation monitoring of the QC, QV, and all back-up gauges at the project reference site
- (2) Conduct an initial 10 density tests with each gauge on the project reference site and calculate the average value for each gauge to establish the gauge's reference value. Use the gauge's reference value as a control to monitor the calibration of the gauge for the duration of the project.
- (3) Check each gauge on the project reference site a minimum of one test per day if paving on the project. Calculate the difference between the gauge's daily test result and its reference value. Investigate if a daily test result is not within 1.5 lb/ft³ of its reference

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value. Conduct 5 additional tests at the reference site once the cause of deviation is corrected. Calculate and record the average of the 5 additional tests. Remove the gauge from the project if the 5-test average is not within 1.5 lb/ft³ of its reference value established in B.3.2.2(2).

(4) Maintain the reference site test data for each gauge at an agreed location.

B.4 Quality Control Testing and Documentation

B.4.1 Lot and Sublot Requirements

B.4.1.1 Mainline Traffic Lanes, Shoulders, and Appurtenances

- (1) A lot consists of the tonnage placed each day for each layer and target density specified in standard spec 460.3.3.1. A lot may include partial sublots.
- (2) Divide the roadway into sublots. A sublot is 1500 lane feet for each layer and target density.
- (3) A sublot may include HMA placed on more than one day of paving. Test sublots at the pre-determined random locations regardless of when the HMA is placed. No additional testing is required for partial sublots at the beginning or end of a day's paving.
- (4) If a resulting partial quantity at the end of the project is less than 750 lane feet, include that partial quantity with the last full sublot of the lane. If a resulting partial quantity at the end of the project is 750 lane feet or more, create a separate sublot for that partial quantity.
- (5) Randomly select test locations for each sublot as specified in CMM 8.15 prior to paving and provide a copy to the engineer. Locate and mark QC density test sites when performing the tests. Perform density tests prior to opening the roadway to traffic.
- (6) Use Table 1 to determine the number of tests required at each station, depending on the width of the lane being tested. When more than one test is required at a station, offset the tests 10 feet longitudinally from one another to form a diagonal testing row across the lane

Lane Width	No. of Tests	Transverse Location
5 ft or less	1	Random
Greater than 5 ft to 9 ft	2	Random within 2 equal widths
Greater than 9 ft	3	Random within 3 equal widths
	Tab	le 1

B.4.1.2 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

- (1) A lot represents a combination of the total daily tonnage for each layer and target density.
- (2) Each side road, crossover, turn lane, ramp, and roundabout must contain at least one sublot for each layer.

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- (3) If a side road, crossover, turn lane, or ramp is 1500 feet or longer, determine sublots and random test locations as specified in B.4.1.1.
- (4) If a side road, crossover, turn lane, or ramp is less than 1500 feet long, determine sublots using a maximum of 750 tons per sublot and perform the number of random tests as specified in Table 2.

Side Roads, Turn Lanes, Crossovers, Ramps,	Minimum Number
Roundabouts: Sublot/Layer tonnage	of Tests Required
25 to 100 tons	1
101 to 250 tons	3
251 to 500 tons	5
501 to 750 tons	7

Table 2

B.4.2 Pavement Density Determination

B.4.2.1 Mainline Traffic Lanes and Appurtenances

- (1) Calculate the average sublot densities using the individual test results in each sublot.
- (2) If all sublot averages are no more than one percent below the target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging the results of each random QC test taken on that day's material.
- (3) If any sublot average is more than one percent below the target density, do not include the individual test results from that sublot when computing the lot average density and remove that sublot's tonnage from the daily quantity for incentive. The tonnage from any such sublot is subject to disincentive pay according to standard spec 460.5.2.2.

B.4.2.2 Mainline Shoulders

B.4.2.2.1 Width Greater Than 5 Feet

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

B.4.2.2.2 Width of 5 Feet or Less

- (1) If all sublot test results are no more than 3.0 percent below the minimum target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging all individual test results for the day.
- (2) If a sublot test result is more than 3.0 percent below the target density, the engineer may require the unacceptable material to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine the limits of the unacceptable material according to B.4.3.

B.4.2.3 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

B.4.2.4 Documentation

(1) Document QC density test data as specified in CMM 8.15. Provide the engineer with the data for each lot within 24 hours of completing the QC testing for the lot.

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B.4.3 Corrective Action

- (1) Notify the engineer immediately when an individual test is more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum in standard spec 460.3.3.1. Investigate and determine the cause of the unacceptable test result.
- (2) The engineer may require unacceptable material specified in B.4.3(1) to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine limits of the unacceptable area by measuring density of the layer at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the point of unacceptable density and at the same offset as the original test site. Continue testing at 50-foot increments until a point of acceptable density is found as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.2(1). Removal and replacement of material may be required if extended testing is in a previously accepted sublot. Testing in a previously accepted sublot will not be used to recalculate a new lot density.
- (3) Compute unacceptable pavement area using the product of the longitudinal limits of the unacceptable density and the full sublot width within the traffic lanes or shoulders.
- (4) Retesting and acceptance of replaced pavement will be according to standard spec 105.3.
- (5) Tests indicating density more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum, and further tests taken to determine the limits of unacceptable area, are excluded from the computations of the sublot and lot densities.
- (6) If 2 consecutive sublot averages within the same paving pass and same target density are more than one percent below the specified target density, notify the engineer and take necessary corrective action. Document the locations of such sublots and the corrective action that was taken

B.5 Department Testing

B.5.1 Verification Testing

- (1) The department will have a HTCP certified technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform verification testing. The department will test randomly at locations independent of the contractor's QC work. The department will perform verification testing at a minimum frequency of 10 percent of the sublots and a minimum of one sublot per mix design. The sublots selected will be within the active work zone. The contractor will supply the necessary traffic control for the department's testing activities.
- (2) The QV tester will test each selected sublot using the same testing requirements and frequencies as the QC tester.
- (3) If the verification sublot average is not more than one percent below the specified minimum target density, use the QC tests for acceptance.

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- (4) If the verification sublot average is more than one percent below the specified target density, compare the QC and QV sublot averages. If the QV sublot average is within 1.0 lb/ft³ of the QC sublot average, use the QC tests for acceptance.
- (5) If the first QV/QC sublot average comparison shows a difference of more than 1.0 lb/ft³ each tester will perform an additional set of tests within that sublot. Combine the additional tests with the original set of tests to compute a new sublot average for each tester. If the new QV and QC sublot averages compare to within 1.0 lb/ft³, use the original QC tests for acceptance.
- (6) If the QV and QC sublot averages differ by more than 1.0 lb/ft³ after a second set of tests, resolve the difference with dispute resolution specified in B.6. The engineer will notify the contractor immediately when density deficiencies or testing precision exceeding the allowable differences are observed.

B.5.2 Independent Assurance Testing

(1) Independent assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's verification and the contractor's QC sampling and testing including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform the independent assurance review according to the department's independent assurance program.

B.6 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The testers may perform investigation in the work zone by analyzing the testing, calculation, and documentation procedures. The testers may perform gauge correlation according to B.3.2.1.
- (2) The testers may use correlation monitoring according to B.3.2.2 to determine if one of the gauges is out of tolerance. If a gauge is found to be out of tolerance with its reference value, remove the gauge from the project and use the other gauge's test results for acceptance.
- (3) If the testing discrepancy cannot be identified, the contractor may elect to accept the QV sublot density test results or retesting of the sublot in dispute within 48 hours of paving. Traffic control costs will be split between the department and the contractor.
- (4) If investigation finds that both gauges are in error, the contractor and engineer will reach a decision on resolution through mutual agreement.

B.7 Acceptance

(1) The department will not accept QMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density if a non-correlated gauge is used for contractor QC tests.

C (Vacant)

D (Vacant)

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E Payment

E.1 QMP Testing

(1) Costs for all sampling, testing, and documentation required under this special provision are incidental to the work. If the contractor fails to perform the work required under this special provision, the department may reduce the contractor's pay. The department will administer pay reduction under the Non-performance of QMP administrative item.

E.2 Disincentive for HMA Pavement Density

(1) The department will administer density disincentives according to standard spec 460.5.2.2.

E.3 Incentive for HMA Pavement Density

- (1) Delete standard spec 460.5.2.3.
- (2) If the lot density is greater than the minimum specified in standard spec table 460-3 and all individual air voids test results for that mixture are within +1.0 percent or -0.5 percent of the design target in standard spec table 460-2, the department will adjust pay for that lot as follows:

Percent Lot Density Above Minimum	Pay Adjustment Per Ton
From -0.4 to 1.0 inclusive	\$0
From 1.1 to 1.8 inclusive	\$0.40
More than 1.8	\$0.80

- (3) The department will adjust pay under the Incentive Density HMA Pavement bid item. Adjustment under this item is not limited, either up or down, to the bid amount shown on the schedule of items.
- (4) If a traffic lane meets the requirements for disincentive, the department will not pay incentive on the integrally paved shoulder.
- (5) Submit density results to the department electronically using the MRS software. The department will validate all contractor data before determining pay adjustments. 460-020 (20100709)

20. Sheet Membrane Waterproofing, Item 516.0600.S.

A Description

This special provision describes preparing the surface, furnishing and installing a primer, waterproofing membrane, and hot rubberized sealer or mastic, or both, on the bridge decks to be overlaid with asphaltic concrete as shown on the plans.

B Materials

B.1 Waterproofing System

Provide a material in the waterproofing system that is specifically designed for use with an asphaltic concrete overlay. The membrane shall consist of a cold-applied, self-adhering membrane incorporating a heat resistant woven or non-woven fabric or fiberglass

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reinforcing laminated in between layers of polymer modified bitumen or SBS modified rubberized asphalt. The membrane shall have a release film, polyester or polyethylene on the down side and may have a thin spun bonded open weave polyester fabric on the up side that will bond with the asphaltic concrete overlay; yet will permit driving rubber-tired trucks, pavers and other construction vehicles on the membrane covered bridge deck. Provide a composite sheet membrane with the following properties:

Property	Test Method	Specific Value
Width		36 inch min.
Tensile Strength	ASTM D 412	50 lb/in or 700 psi min.
Thickness		60 mils to 80 mils
Puncture Resistance	ASTM E 154	40 lb. min.
Permeance	ASTM E 96, Method B	0.05 US Perms max.
Low Temperature Pliability	ASTM D 146, 1-inch Mandrel	No cracks or splits at 180°
	@ -25° F	bend
Water Absorption	ASTM D570, 72 hr.	0.25% max.
Peel Adhesion	ASTM D 903	5 lb/in width min.
Crack Cycling @ -15° F, 10	ASTM C836	No cracks or splits
cycles		
Compound Softening Point	ASTM D 36	$210^{\circ} \text{ F} \pm 20^{\circ} \text{ F}$
Viscosity of Membrane	ASTM D 4402	3500 centipoise
Rubberized Asphalt, @		-
329° F		

Provide rubberized asphalt compound containing not more than 15% inorganic residue or filler material.

Provide primer, mastic and/or hot rubberized asphalt sealer conforming to the specified properties required by the manufacturer of the waterproofing membrane.

B.2 Materials Certification

Prior to membrane approval for initial submittals and/or upon reformulation of membrane material compounds, submit to the engineer a notarized certification by an independent test laboratory stating that the materials conform to the requirements of these specifications. The certification shall include or have attached specific results of tests performed on the material supplied. The engineer may at his option require samples of any material for testing. Prior approval membranes will be provisionally accepted by manufacturer's certification on their company letterhead, but may be subject to control and/or approval by subsequent testing.

C Construction

C.1 Application Methods

Apply materials in strict accordance to the manufacturer's instructions. In order to install the waterproofing membrane, the deck temperature shall be a minimum of 45° F and rising. Before applying the system, become acquainted with the materials specified and their handling characteristics and become thoroughly familiar with the construction procedures recommended by the manufacturer. Furnish a copy of the recommended procedures to the

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engineer. To establish procedures for maintaining optimum working conditions and to coordinate work related to adjacent construction, a pre-installation conference with a manufacturer's representative shall be held prior to starting construction. To provide quality assurance that the membrane has been properly installed, a manufacturer's representative familiar with the membrane installation procedures shall be present during placement of the membrane.

Clean and make free of asphaltic patches, fast setting concrete patches, and all spalled, unsound or disintegrated areas of concrete the entire deck area of the structures being overlaid including curbs and parapets. Provide a minimum cure time of three days for repaired areas before resuming construction operations on the deck, and provide a minimum cure time of seven days before placing the membrane. Repairing these areas with concrete masonry deck patching, concrete surface repair or curb repair will be paid for separately. Prior to placing the membrane, prepare the surface of the entire deck surface areas of the structures by shot blast cleaning.

The shot blast cleaning shall include the vertical face of the curbs or parapets to the height of the specified finish pavement surface and elevation. The shot blasting machine used for this procedure shall be capable of propelling steel shot against the deck surface in a uniform method to remove all foreign material and loose concrete. The shot blasting operation shall include collection and disposal of used steel shot and dust. As per manufacturer's recommendations, all pavement-marking lines within the cleaning area shall be sufficiently removed to prevent bleeding through the primer. After shot blasting operations, remove by sweeping, compressed air blasting, pressure washing with water or by other satisfactory means any foreign material remaining on the concrete deck. The deck shall be clean, dry and free from mud, dirt, sand, oil or grease and any other contaminants prior to application of the primer. No vehicles or equipment will be permitted on the concrete deck after surface preparation except those necessary for the installation of the waterproofing membrane. The engineer will inspect the concrete deck prior to the application of the primer. Do not begin application of either the primer or membrane until after the engineer grants approval.

To coat all surfaces of the deck, curb and/or parapet that will be covered with the membrane, apply primer uniformly as recommended by the manufacturer. Use roller, brush or spray to apply primer to the surfaces. If spraying is used, an approved method of protecting the environment is required.

Allow the primer to dry until tack free (approximately 45 minutes) before applying the membrane. Apply primer only to an area that will be covered with the membrane within the same calendar day. If the surface of the concrete deck becomes contaminated, clean and reprime the area.

Apply primer on the curb faces, raised deck drains and expansion joints to the top of the proposed asphaltic concrete overlay. Take care to ensure that all inside corners are coated with primer.

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After the primer has dried to a tack free condition, apply one layer of membrane to the deck starting on the low side edge.

To form a bond with the primed deck, remove the release film from the membrane on the tacky side while the membrane is rolled face down. Apply the membrane by hand methods or by using mechanical applicators. Overlap a minimum of 2.5 inches at the edges of each strip and overlap the membrane in such a manner to provide a shingling effect toward the low side of the deck cross section. Overlap a minimum of 5 inches at the ends of each strip of membrane and overlap the membrane in such a manner to provide a shingling effect toward the lower side of the deck profile. Roll the entire membrane surface with a rubber tire roller to ensure firm and uniform contact with the primed surface. Use special care to ensure that the membrane is uniformly adhered to the concrete. The entire membrane shall be free of wrinkles, air bubbles, and other placement defects. In the event bubbles or blisters do form under the membrane, puncture the bubbles or blisters with a sharp pointed instrument such as an awl and press the membrane firmly into contact with the deck. Repair any membrane punctures, tears, holes, and misaligned or inadequate seams with a patch of waterproofing membrane sized as required to ensure water tightness. Apply membrane flashing to raised deck drains and expansion joints and cut, fit and seal the membrane flashing with mastic or by heat sealing.

Apply the primer and membrane to an area at least 6 inches wider than will be paved with asphalt to provide a lap with subsequent application of primer and membrane when required in order to accommodate traffic control staging. Cover the inside corners of curbs or parapets and all other perimeter edges with narrow strips (flashing strips of approximately 12 inches), hot rubberized sealer, or mastic according to manufacturer guidelines. As an additional method of ensuring a watertight bond, all terminating edges, transverse overlaps and longitudinal overlaps may be heated with a propane torch to soften the top mat and fuse the surfaces together.

The applicator foreman or leadworker shall be certified by the manufacturer of the waterproofing membrane as approved applicators, and shall be present during all applications.

C.2 Overlaying the Membrane with Asphaltic Concrete

Construct the asphaltic concrete overlay according to scheduling requirements elsewhere in the contract. Cover all exposed membrane with the specified asphaltic concrete mix within five days after installation. Only rubber-tired construction vehicles shall be permitted on the membrane. Use caution not to turn the tires when a vehicle is stationary. To prevent tearing the membrane, avoid sudden starts, stops, accelerations, or decelerations. Chemical solvents, gasoline, diesel fuel, mineral spirits, etc. shall not be spilled or leaked onto the membrane. Prior to covering the membrane with asphaltic concrete overlay, clean and dry the membrane of mud, dirt, sand, oil, grease, or any other contaminants, and dry the membrane. Patch contaminated areas as required by the engineer. When required to accommodate traffic control staging, the construction of the asphaltic concrete overlay shall stay at least six inches away from the terminating edge of the membrane to provide for overlap.

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The placement temperature of the asphaltic concrete shall be between 300° F and 350° F. Do not place asphaltic concrete on the membrane outside this temperature range. The temperature of the uncompacted mat of asphaltic concrete shall not fall below 280° F prior to rolling. The thickness of the asphaltic concrete layers shall be as shown on the plans; the initial layer shall have a minimum compacted thickness of 1½ inches. The membrane applicator contractor shall have a minimum of one employee present during all asphaltic concrete paving operations to ensure that all necessary membrane repairs will be accomplished.

D Measurement

The department will measure Sheet Membrane Waterproofing, installed according to the contract and accepted, in area by the square yard. Measurement shall be based on the horizontal distance between the face of the curbs or parapets and the horizontal length of membrane installed. Any material specified to be applied up the face of the curb or parapet shall not be included in the measured quantity.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 516.0600.S Sheet Membrane Waterproofing SY

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and placing the primer, membrane, mastic, and hot rubberized asphalt sealer; and for preparing the surface. 516-060 (20110930)

21. Fence Safety, Item 616.0700.S.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing a plastic fence at locations shown on the plans and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Furnish notched conventional metal "T" or "U" shaped fence posts.

Furnish fence fabric meeting the following requirements.

Color: International orange (UV stabilized)

Roll Height: 4 feet

Mesh Opening: 1 inch min to 3 inch max

Resin/Construction: High density polyethylene mesh

Tensile Yield: Avg. 2000 lb per 4 ft. width (ASTM D638) Ultimate Tensile Strength: Avg. 3000 lb per 4 ft. width (ASTM D638)

Elongation at Break (%): Greater than 100% (ASTM D638) Chemical Resistance: Inert to most chemicals and acids

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C Construction

Drive posts into the ground 12 to 18 inches. Space posts at 7 feet.

Use a minimum of three wire ties to secure the fence at each post. Weave tension wire through the top row of strands to provide a top stringer that prevents sagging.

Overlap two rolls at a post and secure with wire ties.

D Measurement

The department will measure Fence Safety by the linear foot along the base of the fence, center-to-center of posts, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT 616.0700.S Fence Safety LF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and installing fence and posts; maintaining the fence and posts in satisfactory condition; and for removing and disposing of fence and posts at project completion.
616-030 (20160607)

22. Riprap Medium, Item 606.0200.

Remove section 606.2.1(3) from the standard spec.

23. Stone or Rock Ditch Checks, Item 628.7515.S.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing permanent stone or rock ditch checks as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer, or both, and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Provide materials conforming to size requirements for size no. 2 coarse aggregate for concrete masonry or riprap according to the standard spec 501.2.5.4.4. Railroad ballast or breaker run stone conforming to the following applicable gradations may also be used:

Railroad Ballast		
	Percent by	
Sieve Size	Weight Passing	
2 Inch	100	
1 Inch	20 - 55	
3/8 Inch	0 -5	

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Breaker Run Stone Percent by Sieve Size Weight Passing 5 Inch 100 1½ Inch 0-50 3/8 Inch 0-5

Incorporate stone or rock in the ditch checks that is hard, sound, and durable, and meets the approval of the engineer.

C Construction

Place stone or rock ditch checks immediately after shaping of the ditches or slopes is completed. Place stone or rock ditch checks at right angles to the direction of flow and construct to the dimensions and according to the details shown in the plans.

Remove sediment from behind the stone or rock ditch checks when it has accumulated to one half of the original height of the dam.

D Measurement

The department will measure Stone or Rock Ditch Checks in volume by the cubic yard of material incorporated in the work.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
628.7515.S	Stone or Rock Ditch Checks	CY

Payment is full compensation for furnishing, producing, crushing, loading, hauling, placing, and shaping and maintaining Stone or Rock Ditch Check.

The quantity of sediment removed shall be multiplied by a factor of ten and paid for as Common Excavation. 628-050 (20151210)

24. Signs Type I and II.

Furnish and install mounting brackets per approved product list for type II signs on overhead sign supports incidental to sign. For type II signs on sign bridges use aluminum vertical support beams noted above incidental to sign.

Modify standard spec 637.2.4 with the following:

Use stainless steel bolts, washers and nuts for type I and type II signs mounted on sign bridges or type I signs mounted on overhead sign supports. Use clips on every joint for Sign Plate A 4-6 when mounted on a sign bridge or overhead sign support. Inspect installation of clips and assure bolts and nuts are tightened to manufacturers recommended torque values.

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Use aluminum vertical sign support beams that have a 5-inch wide flange and weigh 3.7 pounds per foot, if the L-brackets are 4 inches wide then use 4 inch wide flange beams weighing 3.06 pounds per foot. Contractor shall measure the width of the L-brackets on existing structures of determine the width needed for sign support beams

Use beams a minimum of six feet in length or equal to the height of the sign to be supported, whichever is greater. Use U-bolts that are made of stainless steel, 1/2 inch diameter and of the proper size to fit the truss cords of each sign bridge. Install vertical sign support beams on each sign and use new U-bolts to attach each beam to the top and bottom cord of the sign bridge truss.

For type II signs on overhead sign supports follow the approved product list for mounting brackets.

Replace standard spec 637.2.4.1(2)2 with the following:

Clips may be either stainless steel or ASTM B 108, aluminum alloy, 356.0-T6.

Append standard spec 637.3.2.1(3) with the following:

Provide the engineer with 3 copies of drawings of the signs proposed to be furnished under this contract for approval.

Append standard spec 637.3.3.2(2) with the following:

Install Type I Signs at the offset stated in the plan, which shall be the clear distance between the edge of mainline pavement right edgeline and the near edge of the sign.

Append standard spec 637.3.3.3(3) with the following:

Furnish and install new aluminum vertical sign support beams on each sign and new U-bolts to attach each beam to the top and bottom cord of the sign bridge truss for Type I or Type II Signs and Type I signs on overhead sign supports incidental to sign.

637-SER1 (20120401)

25. Field Facilities.

Provide field facilities for 60 calendar days beyond the project completion date.

Replace standard spec 642.2.1(1) with the following:

Provide a field office that is a permanent/fixed facility with a minimum 1200 square feet of office space and which has a no fee parking lot with a minimum capacity to accommodate 15 passenger vehicles. Provide space that includes a meeting room with a minimum interior

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space of 350 square feet. The facility shall be located within two miles of the construction project.

Replace standard spec 642.2.2.3(1) with the following:

Under the bid item Field Office Type D, furnish a permanent/fixed facility with a minimum 1200 square feet of office space; equipped as specified in standard spec 642.2.2.1; and with the following: 5 suitable office desks, 5 suitable office chairs, 6 six foot folding tables, 1 ten foot folding tables, 5 two-drawer file cabinets, 3 four-shelf bookcases, a refrigerator, and 20 folding chairs.

26. Pavement Marking Outfall, Item 646.0805.S.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing Pavement Marking Outfall according to standard spec 646, as shown on the plans, and as hereinafter provided. Pavement Marking Outfall shall consist of furnishing and installing white non-reflectorized markings of the specified material.

B Materials

Furnish paint that conforms to requirements of standard spec 646.2.2.

C Construction

Apply the paint a minimum thickness of 15 mils and position it on the pavement centered on the centerline of the outfall.

D Measurement

The department will measure Pavement Marking Outfall in place as units.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNIT646.0805.SPavement Marking OutfallEach

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials; preparing the surface; and for applying and protecting the work. 646-035 (20030820)

27. Pavement Marking Grooved Contrast Wet Reflective Epoxy 4-Inch, Item 646.0842.S; 8-Inch 646.0844.S.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing, grooving, and installing wet reflective epoxy pavement marking as shown on the plans, according to standard spec 646, and as hereinafter provided.

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B Materials

Furnish a 20 mils application of modified epoxy binder pavement marking, from the Wisconsin's Approved Products List, in a grooved slot. Provide a double drop system of 5.3 pounds per gallon of wet reflective elements from Wisconsin's Approved Products List and Utah Performance beads mixture at a drop rate of 12-22 pounds per gallon.

Replace standard spec 646.2.3 (1) with the following:

Furnish Utah Performance beads with the following gradation:

Utah Bead Gradation

US Mesh	Percent Passing (ASTM D1214)
18	65-80
20	
25	
30	30-50
40	
50	0-5

Beads **shall** achieve a minimum of 275 mcd (dry reading), initial for white and 180 mcd (dry reading) for yellow.

C Construction

C.1 General

For quality assurance, provide the engineer and the region's Marking Section evidence of manufacturer training in the proper placement and installation of the grooved wet reflective epoxy.

Plane the grooved lines according to details in the plan. Use grooving equipment with a free-floating, independent cutting or grinding head. Plane a minimum number of passes to create a smooth groove. Remove lane line and center line pavement markings during the grooving process.

C.2 Groove Depth

Cut the groove to a depth of 80 mils ± 10 mils from the pavement surface. The department may periodically check groove depths.

C.4 Groove Width – Longitudinal Markings

Cut the groove 1 inch wider than the width of the pavement marking.

C.5 Groove Position

Position the groove edge according to Standard Detail Drawing Pavement Marking (Mainline). If necessary, groove a minimum of 4 inches from both ends of the pavement marking segment. Achieve straight alignment with the grooving equipment.

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C.6 Groove Cleaning

C.6.1 Concrete

Cooling the cutting head with water may be necessary for some applications and equipment. If cooling water is necessary, flush the groove immediately with high-pressure water after cutting to remove any build-up of cement dust and water slurry. If this is not done, the slurry may harden in the groove.

If water is used in the grooving process, allow the groove to dry a minimum of 24 hours after groove cleaning, and prior to pavement marking application. The groove surface shall be clean and dry before applying the marking. Use a high-pressure air blower with at least 185 ft³/min air flow and 120 psi air pressure to clean the groove.

C. 6.2 Asphalt

Groove pavement five or more days after paving.

If opening to traffic an asphalt lane that is not grooved, place temporary pavement marking. For asphalt lanes not open to traffic, temporary pavement marking is not required.

Check for structural integrity in supporting grooving operations. If the structural integrity of the asphalt pavement is inadequate to support grooving operations, immediately notify the engineer.

Use a high-pressure air blower with at least 185 ft³/min air flow and 90 psi air pressure to clean the groove.

D Measurement

The department will measure Pavement Marking Grooved Wet Reflective Epoxy (Width) bid items by the linear foot of line, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
646.0842.S	Pavement Marking Grooved Contrast Wet Reflective Epoxy	LF
	4-Inch	
646.0844.S	Pavement Marking Grooved Contrast Wet Reflective Epoxy	LF
	8-Inch	

Payment is full compensation for cleaning and preparing the pavement surface; furnishing and installing the epoxy, 3M elements and beads; and for removing existing or temporary marking, if necessary.

646-024 (20160607)

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28. Locating No-Passing Zones, Item 648.0100.

For this project, the spotting sight distance in areas with a 55 mph posted speed limit is 0.21 miles (1108 feet), and 0.16 miles (845 feet) in areas with a posted speed limit of 45 mph.

648-005 (20060512)

29. Removing Flashing Beacon and Pole Eastbound CTH A @ USH 45; SPV.0060.03; Removing Flashing Beacon and Pole, Westbound CTH A @ USH 45, SPV.0060.04.

A Description

Work under this item shall consist of removing flashing beacon and pole and footing. The sign on the structure is paid for under a separate pay item, i.e. Removing signs type II. See signing plans for location. This is the pole and beacon for the STOP signs located on USH 45 @ CTH A eastbound and westbound approaches.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Remove flashing beacon, pole, electrical and concrete footing; backfill the resulting holes, and dispose of all materials outside of the right-of-way according to standard spec 204.3 and 638.3. Concrete footing shall be removed to 2' below the existing ground. The reinforcement shall be cut off flush with the top of the concrete. The footing shall be then covered with topsoil and seeded. This is all incidental to Removing flashing beacon and pole. Contact WE Energies to disconnect the power prior to removal. Beacon and pole are property of the city by permit and are being replaced by a solar beacon and pole. Turn over the existing beacon and pole to Racine County who has the permit for the beacons.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Flashing Beacon and Pole as a single lump sum unit of work, in place and accepted.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.03	Removing Flashing Beacon and Pole,	EACH
	Eastbound CTH A at USH 45	
SPV.0060.04	Removing Flashing Beacon and Pole,	EACH

Westbound CTH A at USH 45

Payment in full compensation for disassembling, removing, including concrete footings, backfilling, and disposal of all materials.

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30. Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar, Eastbound CTH A at USH 45, Item SPV.0060.05; Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar, Westbound CTH A at USH 45, Item SPV.0060.06.

A Description

This special provision describes the furnishing and installing of a Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar.

B Materials

Use model 373-01299 (SKU 2180-BBSRB) (TAPCO) or approved equal solar powered beacon. Ensure that materials are compatible with State supplied equipment.

Furnish the following components of the system and are incidental to this pay item:

- Solar Powered 24 hour flashing beacon system.
- Glare back plate around beacon.
- Powered single red beacon includes cabinet with flasher control, back panel and associated wiring solar panel with mounting rack and batteries.
- Pedestal base shall be aluminum breakaway pedestals per standard spec 657.2.2.5.
- Traffic Signal Standards Aluminum, type I pole (13').
- Concrete Base (Type 2).
- 1 sec 12 Red Vertical No Lens poly cut vsr SA101 1C12YBB.
- BRKT Poly Red 2 FR1JPYW1.

Provide all other needed materials in conformance with standard spec 651.2, 652.2, 653.2, 654.2, 655.2, 657.2.2, and 658.2.

Pedestal Base: Shall meet the requirements as set forth in standard spec 657.2.5. Shall be cast aluminum pedestal mounted no a concrete base footing attached by four internal anchor bolts imbedded in the base. Pedestals per SDD 9E 7-5.

Concrete Base: Shall meet the requirements as set forth in standard spec 654.2.1, as applicable.

Concrete base shall be a Type 2 base and is incidental to the assembly. Concrete base per SDD 9C 2-6.

Anchor Bolts: The anchor bolts shall be galvanized steel 1" x 42". Set of 4 includes lock washer and nut.

C Construction

Perform work according to standard spec 651.3, 652.3, 653.3, 654.3, 655.3, 657.3, and 658.3.

The solar panel shall face south. A Type I pole and Type 2 concrete base shall be furnished and installed by the contractor as part of this item. The battery autonomy is 12 days.

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The contractor is responsible to contact Diggers Hotline prior to installation and to request a signal inspection of the completed signal installation to the engineer at least five working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The departments' Region Electrical personnel and Traffic Operations signing unit will perform the inspection. The system shall have a minimum of a one year manufacturer's warranty, full parts and labor.

Coordinate installation with the signing contractor of the stop sign as shown on the signing plans

Cabinet shall be mounted behind the sign to meet breakaway standards and not below the sign.

D Measurement

The department will measure Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar, (location) as each individual unit of work, in place and accepted.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.05	Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar,	EACH
	Eastbound CTH A at USH 45	
SPV.0060.06	Traffic Flashing Beacon System, Solar,	EACH
	Westbound CTH A at USH 45	

Payment is full compensation for furnishing and installing the solar beacon; for furnishing and installing all other items necessary (such as, wire nuts, splice kits and/or connectors, tape, insulating varnish, ground lug fasteners, etc.) to make the proposed system complete and for clean-up and waste disposal.

31. Section Corner Monuments, Item SPV.0060.07.

A Description

Coordinate with Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) for the perpetuation and replacement of a section corner (Public Land Survey System- PLSS) monument.

B Materials

SEWRPC will provide a pre-cast concrete monument or brass disk to be used to mark the PLSS corner.

Furnish base aggregate dense materials that conform to Standard spec 305 and concrete, asphalt, topsoil or other materials depending on the surface surrounding the corner.

C Construction

SEWRPC will perpetuate existing section corner monument. Coordinate with SEWRPC and the WisDOT Project Manager throughout the perpetuation and replacement process. Contact

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SEWRPC at (262) 953-4295 at least two weeks before starting construction operations or the preconstruction meeting to allow for section corner monument perpetuation.

Contractor must excavate and completely remove the existing monument. Contractor is responsible for backfilling a 3 to 4 foot deep hole where existing monument was removed. Contractor is responsible to coordinate the materials and methodology to complete the construction of the surface surrounding the monument. This may include but is not limited to a 2' x 2' "box out" or 24" diameter core hole in concrete, asphalt pavement/paving rings, coring to facilitate poured in place monuments, excavating a hole for the new monument through new roadway base and breaker run, topsoil, seed and mulching or other materials or methodologies as agreed to by the contractor and SEWPRC.

Contact Information:

Attn: John Washburn Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission W239 N1812 Rockwood Drive P.O. Box 1607 Waukesha, WI 53187-1607

Phone: (262) 953-4295 Fax: (262) 547-1103

E-mail: jwashburn@sewrpc.org

D Measurement

The department will measure Section Corner Monuments by each individual unit, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0060.07Section Corner MonumentsEACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all excavating; removal of existing monument, for placing and compacting backfill material; for disposing of surplus materials; for concrete or asphalt material, finishing of roadway or other surfaces, and for furnishing all coordination with SEWRPC.

621-SER1 (20150616)

32. Inlet Covers Type H with Curb Plate, Item SPV.0060.08.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing Inlet Covers Type H with Curb Plate according to standard spec 611, as shown on the plans, and as hereinafter provided.

B (Vacant)

C (Vacant)

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D Measurement

The department will measure Inlet Covers Type H with Curb Plate as each individual unit, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bit item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0060.08 Inlet Covers Type H with Curb Plate EACH

Payment is full compensation for providing new covers, including frames, grates or lids, and all other required materials and for installing and adjusting each cover.

33. Contractor Staking Miscellaneous, Item SPV.0075.01.

A Description

This special provision describes miscellaneous construction survey work to be performed by the contractor. This work includes the furnishing and setting of construction stakes or pins. This work shall be performed as directed by the engineer in the field. This work is independent of other construction staking items in the contract.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Benchmark data, grades, and alignment shall be obtained or calculated from data in the plan. The engineer will furnish horizontal alignment ties.

Methods of survey and staking shall be approved by the engineer prior to beginning the work. The degree of accuracy used in the survey work shall be consistent with third order, Class II.

Construction stakes shall be placed at locations as directed by the engineer in the field.

The contractor shall maintain neat, orderly, and complete survey notes and computations in establishing the lines and grades. The survey notes and computations shall be made available to the engineer as the work progresses.

D Measurement

The department will measure Construction Staking Miscellaneous by each hour or portion thereof that the contractor survey crew spends on this work. Prior to setting stakes as directed by the engineer, the contractor and engineer shall agree to have such work measured and paid for under this item. At the end of each day in which the item is used, the contractor shall submit a summary, in writing, of each task performed, along with the associated time, to the engineer for approval and agreement.

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E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the

following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0075.01Contractor Staking MiscellaneousHRS

Payment is full compensation for survey and computation work necessary to locate and set all miscellaneous stakes as directed by the engineer.

34. Seeding No Mow Fescue, Item SPV.0085.01.

A Description

This special provision describes preparing seed beds, furnishing and sowing no mow fescue seeds in conformance with standard spec 630 and as shown on the plans.

B Materials

B.1 General

Furnish and handle seed according to standard spec 630.2.

B.2 Seed Mixture

Furnish a no mow fescue mixture composed of all of the following seed types:

Common Name	Botanical Name
Hard Fescue	Festuca longifolia
Sheep Fescue	Festuca ovina
Chewings Fescue	Festuca rubra var. commutate
Creeping Red Fescue	Festuca rura var. rubra
Dawson Red Fescue	Festuca rubra var. trichyoplyla

A seed mixture showing the proportions of each of the above seed types shall be submitted to the engineer at least seven days prior to placement of the seed mixture.

C Construction

C.1 Preparation of Seed Bed

Prepare the seed bed in conformance with standard spec 630.3.2. Place a seed bed consisting of 6 inches of Topsoil prior to sowing in the designated areas. Topsoil shall have a pH range of 5.5 to 7.4. Salvaged topsoil shall not be used for No Mow Fescue areas. Fertilizer shall not be placed on Seeding No Mow Fescue areas.

C.2 Sowing

Sow the seed mixture according to standard spec 630.3 unless otherwise described hereinafter. Seed shall be dispersed in two directions at right angles to each other, sowing evenly at the rate given by the manufacturer. Do not sow seed in windy conditions. Sow seed in one of the following seasonal periods:

- August 20 to September 30 (preferred)
- March 15 to May 15

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If sowing cannot be accomplished during one of these seasonal periods, dormant seeding after November 15 is acceptable, but the acceptance and establishment periods in this specification still apply.

C.3 Seeding Rates

Seed shall be applied at a rate of 5 pounds per 1000 square feet unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer. Obtain the approval of the engineer for any application other than 5 pounds per 1,000 square feet at least seven days prior to the placement of the seed mixture.

Also apply Seeding Nurse Crop to the areas designated for Seeding No Mow Fescue in accordance to standard spec 630.3.3.5.1.

C.4 Covering

Seeding No Mow Fescue areas shall be covered by Erosion Mat Class 1 Type A.

C.5 Watering Requirements

Water the seed bed two to three times per week until the seed germinates and the seedlings are 1 inch high.

C.6 Acceptance of Seed Installation

The seed areas shall be inspected by the engineer once the seedlings reach a height of at least 1 inch. Bare spots larger than 1 square foot or areas without uniform coverage shall be re-seeded.

Take care to protect the seed bed from construction traffic once the seed is sowed. Repairs to damaged areas are incidental to construction.

C.7 Establishment Period

Meet the establishment period requirements according to standard spec 630.3.3.6.

D Measurement

The department will measure Seeding No Mow Fescue by the pound, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0085.01Seeding No Mow FescueLB

Payment is full compensation for providing, handling, and storing all seed, for preparing the seed bed, sowing, firming and watering the seed.

Topsoil, erosion mat and seeding nurse crop will be paid under their respective items.

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35. Timber Fence For MSE Wall, Item SPV.0090.01.

A Description

This special provision describes constructing timber fence behind MSE retaining wall, as shown on the plans, according to the standard specifications and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Furnish materials conforming to the requirements specified in standard spec 615.2.

C Construction

Construct according to the pertinent requirements of standard spec 615.3.

D Measurement

The department will measure Timber Fence For MSE Wall, completed and accepted according to the terms of the contract, in place by the length in linear feet from end to end of rail

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0090.01Timber Fence For MSE WallLS

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials, including posts, footings, rails, bots, and incidentals; for erecting, and proper disposal of surplus materials; for preservative treatment and painting.

36. Heavy Duty Silt Fence, Item SPV.0090.02.

A Description

Furnish, install, and remove heavy duty silt fence as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer before construction activities begin. Remove the silt fence only after construction activities have been completed. Remove trapped silt prior to removing the fence as directed by the engineer. Typically use in wetland areas with 6-12 inches of standing water.

B Materials

Furnish heavy duty silt fence consisting of a composite of woven wire fabric, posts, geotextile fabric, and fasteners to be assembled by the contractor. Woven wire fabric shall be a standard field fence type a minimum of 3 feet high with maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches and minimum 14½-gage wire.

Posts shall be metal with a minimum length of 6 feet, 3 inches. Metal posts shall be "studded tee" or "U" type with a minimum weight of 1.3 lb/ft.

The geotextile fabric shall be non-woven with properties as specified in standard spec 628.2.6.1.

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C Construction

Install heavy duty silt fence as shown on the plans. Spacing of ties and anchors shall be adequate to resist current flow.

D Measurement

The department will measure Heavy Duty Silt Fence by the linear foot, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0090.02Heavy Duty Silt FenceLF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing fence.

37. Silt Fence 4ft Post Spacing, SPV.0090.03.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing Silt Fence 4ft Post Spacing according to standard spec 628 for item Silt Fence, and as hereinafter provided.

B (Vacant)

C (Vacant)

Replace standard spec 628.3.4.1(2) *with the following:*

(2) If possible, construct the silt fence in an arc or horseshoe shape with its ends pointing up slope. Construct the silt fence to the dimensions, and according to the details the plans show except decrease the post spacing from 8-foot to 4-foot. Remove silt fences, as the engineer determines, after stabilizing the slopes and ditches and developing the turf to the extent that future erosion is unlikely. Clean up and restore the surface after removal. The contractor owns all materials remaining after removal and is responsible for their disposal off the right-of-way.

D Measurement

The department will measure Silt Fence 4ft Post Spacing by the linear foot, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bit item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0090.03Silt Fence 4ft Post SpacingLF

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Payment is full compensation for providing, protecting, and storing silt fence on the project; for erecting fence, including all excavating, placing posts, backfilling, and attaching geotextile; and for removing the fence at project completion.

38. Temporary Diversion Channels, Item SPV.0105.01.

A Description

This special provision describes constructing temporary diversion channels during the construction or extension of Structures C-51-64, C-51-65, C-51-67, and C-51-23. Perform the work according to the plan details, the pertinent special provisions of the standard specifications, and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

For sandbags, provide bags made of canvas, burlap, nylon or other approved material. Use bags that will contain a minimum of one half cubic foot of sand, be of one size and shape and be securely closed. Use sand that conforms to the requirements standard spec 501.2.5.3 except that standard spec 501.2.5.3.4 shall be deleted. The maximum size of particle shall pass a No. 4 sieve.

Furnish 6 mil (0.152 mm) or thicker polyethylene sheeting conforming to ASTM D 4397.

C Construction

Prior to box culvert installations at locations requiring diversion channels, excavate the channel to dimensions shown in the construction details and as directed by the engineer. Ensure that material removed from the excavation area is properly stockpiled and isolated from the waterway or adjacent wetland areas by proper erosion control. Temporary seeding and mulching of stockpiled material shall be completed within 3 days after stockpiles have been completed. Within 3 days of completion of the diversion channel, areas disturbed by the construction of the diversion channel shall be built to final grade and permanently restored, or temporarily restored with temporary seed and mulch.

Where diversion channel banks are too short to provide a 36" channel depth, use sandbags wrapped in polyethylene sheeting to create channel banks that will provide a 36" channel depth.

Follow the schedule shown in the construction details for blocking and pumping the stream flow during construction of the diversion channels. Follow the Maintaining Drainage special provision for dewatering activities.

Maintain the channel during its use. Ensure the polyethylene sheeting remains securely in place.

Upon completion of all work within the area of the waterway and as directed by the engineer, dewater the diversion channel by a method approved by the engineer. Remove and properly dispose of all sheeting and sediment deposits. Backfill the bottom 2 feet of the diversion trench with granular backfill grade 2. Backfill the remainder of the channel according to standard spec 207.

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D Measurement

The department will measure Temporary Diversion Channels by lump sum for all diversion channels completed throughout the project, complete in place, maintained, and restored.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0105.01Temporary Diversion ChannelsLS

Payment is full compensation for excavation; furnishing and installing metal plates for temporarily damming water and pumps pumping operations required during diversion channel construction, polyethylene sheeting, sand bags, and backfill material; maintaining the diversion channel; dewatering; backfilling and compaction of 2ft above the bottom of the channel; and for properly disposing of material.

The department will pay separately for HR fabric, rip rap, and open graded base course used for channel linings, granular backfill grade 2 used to backfill the first 2ft depth of the channel bottom, salvaged topsoil, fertilizer, seed, and mulch.

39. Remove Traffic Signals USH 45 & CTH C, Item SPV.0105.02.

A Description

This special provision describes removing existing traffic signals at the intersection of USH 45 and CTH C according to the pertinent provisions of standard spec 204 and as hereinafter provided. Specific removal items are noted in the plans.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Arrange for the de-energizing of the traffic signals with the local electrical utility after receiving approval from the engineer that the existing traffic signals can be removed.

Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 at least five working days prior to the removal of the traffic signals. Complete the removal work as soon as possible following shut down of this equipment.

The department assumes that all equipment is in good condition and in working order prior to the contractor's removal operation. Prior to removal, inspect and provide a list of any damaged or non-working traffic signal equipment to the engineer. Any equipment not identified as damaged or not working, prior to removal, will be replaced by the contractor at no cost to the department.

Remove all standards and poles per plan from their concrete footings and disassemble out of traffic. Remove the transformer bases from each pole. Remove the signal heads, Emergency Vehicle Preemption heads (EVP), mast arms, luminaires, wiring/cabling, and

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traffic signal mounting devices from each signal standard, arm or pole. Ensure that all access hand hole doors and all associated hardware remain intact. Dispose of the underground signal cable, internal wires and street lighting cable off the state right-of-way. Deliver the remaining materials to the West Allis Electrical Service Facility at 935 South 60th Street, West Allis, Milwaukee County. Contact the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 at least five working days prior to delivery to make arrangements.

Department forces will remove the signal cabinet from the footing. The signal cabinet and associated signal cabinet equipment will be removed from the site by DOT forced and will remain the property of the department.

D Measurement

The department will measure Remove Traffic Signals (location) as a single lump sum unit of work for each intersection, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item.

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0105.02Remove Traffic Signals USH 45 & CTH CLS

Payment is full compensation for removing, disassembling traffic signals, bagging permanent signal heads, scrapping of some materials, disposing of scrap material, for delivering the requested materials to the department, and incidentals necessary to complete the contract work

40. Remove Loop Detector Wire and Lead-in Cable USH 45 & CTH C, Item SPV.0105.03.

A Description

This special provision describes removing loop detector wire and lead-in cable at USH 45 & CTH C. Removal will be according to standard spec 204, as shown in the plans, and as hereinafter provided.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 at least five working days prior to the removal of the loop detector wire and lead-in cable.

Remove and dispose of detector lead-in cable including loop wire for abandoned loops off the right-of-way.

D Measurement

The department will measure Remove Loop Detector Wire and Lead-in Cable as a single lump sum unit of work for each intersection, acceptably completed.

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E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT SPV.0105.03 Remove Loop Detector Wire and Lead in Cable, LS

USH 45 & CTH C

Payment is full compensation for removing, scrapping, and disposing of material and incidentals necessary to complete the contract work.

41. Lighting System Integrator, Item SPV.0105.11.

A Description

This special provision describes coordinating freeway lighting with various parties; record keeping, and documentation. Where the department is responsible for freeway lighting operation, maintenance, or utility locates on existing systems or systems overlapping project boundaries, the contractor's freeway lighting integrator will serve as the contractor's liaison to the department's electrical operations unit.

B Personnel Qualifications

Assign personnel experienced in underground utility construction and department freeway lighting specifications and practices.

C Construction

At any one time during the project, the contractor shall assign one individual person as the freeway lighting integrator.

The freeway lighting integrator shall:

- Familiarize their selves with the location and nature of existing lighting circuits. This familiarity shall include the extent of any lighting system that overlaps project limits.
- Maintain a file of applicable permits or licenses issued to the contractor, and convey copies to the engineer.
- Keep with them at all times a contact list of affected lighting personnel.
- Maintain a record of tagouts and the clearance of tagouts.
- Interface with department electrical personnel to determine how contract limits might affect maintenance or operation of existing systems.
- Maintain ongoing contact with the department's Diggers' Hotline coordinator to ensure that each of the two persons knows that all requested utility locates are marked in the field by the appropriate party. The intent here is to assure coordination. This special provision does not transfer additional utility locating responsibilities to the contractor, beyond those responsibilities already assigned to them by other provisions of the contract.
- Inform the department of any lighting outages, including outside the project limits, where a lighting system crosses the project boundary.

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- Maintain real-time records of existing, removed and new lighting facilities. Include utility service extensions. Additional required records will include temporary connections and their ultimate removal. Contact SE Region Lighting Engineer for record formatting.
- Maintain records of tests, including: "meg" tests, amperage draw per circuit leg, voltage reading at disconnect, and voltage reading at the furthest pole per circuit leg. Convey these records at time of acceptance or partial acceptance.
- At the time of acceptance or partial acceptance, convey as-built drawings in both the following formats: plan redlines and .dgn and/or .PDF electronic as directed by the engineer. Include utility service extensions.
- Secure copies of operator's manuals, tear sheets, and other literature as may be provided by manufacturers of some lighting materials, and convey a minimum of three sets to the department.
- Work with the engineer to notify department electrical personnel of acceptance or partial acceptance.
- Perform related duties as may be needed to ensure continuity of freeway lighting during construction, and orderly transfer upon completion.
- Contractor must use GPS to provide longitude and latitudes coordinates of each light pole, pull box and control cabinet. The data must be entered into a Microsoft Excel 2007 (or newer version) spreadsheet along with other required fields as specified by WisDOT.

Complete WisDOT provided excel lighting distribution center record and return to SE Region Lighting Engineer once completed. Please contact SE Region Lighting Engineer for excel lighting distribution center record template.

D Measurement

The department will measure Lighting System Integrator as a single complete lump sum unit of work, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0105.11Lighting System IntegratorLS

Payment is full compensation for personnel costs; and for all required coordination, record-keeping, and documentation.

42. Lighting System Survey, Item SPV.0105.12.

A Description

These special provisions describe performing lighting system survey using Global Position System (GPS).

B (Vacant)

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C Construction

Locate and survey using GPS all the lighting units, Pull boxes and control cabinets. Maintain neat, orderly, and complete survey notes. Enter the Latitude and Longitude Coordinates into a Microsoft Excel 2007 (or newer version) spreadsheet along with other required fields as specified by WisDOT and convey these records at time of acceptance or partial acceptance to the regional lighting engineer.

D Measurement

The department will measure Lighting System Survey for all lighting units and control cabinets as a single lump sum unit, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0105.12Lighting System SurveyLS

Payment will be full compensation for locating and surveying all the lighting units and control cabinets.

43. Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth LRFD/QMP, Item SPV.0165.01.

A Description

This special provision describes designing, furnishing materials and erecting a permanent earth retention system according to the lines, dimension, elevations and details as shown on the plans and provided in the contract. The design life of the wall and all wall components shall be 75 years minimum.

This special provision describes the quality management program (QMP) for Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) walls. A quality management program is defined as all activities, including process control, inspection, sampling and testing, and necessary adjustments in the process that are related to the construction of the MSE wall, which meets all the requirements of this provision.

This special provision describes contractor quality control (QC) sampling and testing for backfill density testing, documenting those results, and documenting related production and placement process changes. This special provision also describes department quality verification (QV), independent assurance (IA), and dispute resolution.

Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes sampling and testing procedures. The contractor may obtain the CMM from the department's web site at:

http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/standards/cmm/index.htm

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B Materials

B.1 Proprietary Wall Systems

The supplied wall system must be from the department's approved list of Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall systems (Modular Block MSE Walls). Proprietary wall systems must conform to the requirements of this specification and be pre-approved for use by the department's Bureau of Structures. The name of the pre-approved proprietary wall system selected shall be furnished to the engineer within 25 days after the award of contract. The location of the plant manufacturing the facing units shall be furnished to the engineer at least 14 days prior to the project delivery.

The department maintains a list of pre-approved Modular Block MSE Wall systems. To be eligible for use on this project, a system must have been pre-approved by the department's Bureau of Structures and added to that list prior to the bid opening date. To receive pre-approval, the retaining wall system must comply with all pertinent requirements of this provision and be prepared according to the requirements of Chapter 14 of the department's LRFD Bridge Manual. Information and assistance with the pre-approval process can be obtained by contacting the Bureau of Structures, Structures Maintenance Section in Room 601 of the Hill Farms State Transportation Building in Madison or by calling (608) 266-8494.

B.2 Design Requirements

It is the responsibility of the contractor to submit a design and supporting documentation as required by this special provision, for review and acceptance by the department, to show the proposed wall design is in compliance with the design specifications. The submittal shall include the following items for review: detailed plans and shop drawings, complete design calculations, explanatory notes, supporting materials, and specifications. The detailed plans and shop drawings shall include all details, dimensions, quantities and cross-sections necessary to construct the walls. Submit electronically to the engineer and Bureau of Structures for review and acceptance. Submit no later than 60 days from the date of notification to proceed with the project and a minimum of 30 days prior to the date proposed to begin wall construction.

The plans and shop drawings shall be prepared on reproducible sheets 11 inch x 17 inch, including borders. Each sheet shall have a title block in the lower right corner. The title block shall include the project identification number and structure number. Design calculations and notes shall be on 8 ½ inch x 11 inch sheets, and shall contain the project identification number, name or designation of the wall, date of preparation, initials of designer and checker, and page number at the top of the page. All plans, shop drawings, and calculations shall be signed, sealed and dated by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Wisconsin.

The design of the Modular Block MSE Wall shall be in compliance with the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 6th Edition 2012, (AASHTO LRFD) with latest interim specifications for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls, WisDOT's current Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction (standard spec), Chapter 14 of the WisDOT LRFD Bridge Manual and standard engineering design procedures as determined

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by the department. Loads, load combinations, load and resistance factors shall be as specified in AASHTO LRFD Section 11. The associated resistance factors shall be defined according to Table 11.5.7-1 LRFD.

Design and construct the walls according to the lines, grades, heights and dimensions shown on the plans, as herein specified, and as directed by the engineer.

Walls parallel to supporting highway traffic shall be designed for the effects of highway surcharge loading equivalent of 2 feet soil surcharge weight or 240 psf. The design shall also consider the traffic barrier impact where applicable. Walls that do not carry highway traffic shall be designed for a live load surcharge of 100 psf according to Chapter 14 of the WisDOT LRFD Bridge Manual or as stated on the plans.

A maximum value of the angle of internal friction of the wall backfill material used for design shall be assumed to be 30 degrees without a certified report of tests. If a certified report of tests yields an angle of internal friction greater than 30 degrees, the larger test value may be used for design, up to a maximum value of 36 degrees.

An external stability check at critical wall stations showing Capacity Demand Ratio (CDR) for sliding, eccentricity, and bearing checks is provided by the department and are provided on the wall plans.

The design of the Modular Block MSE Wall by the contractor shall consider the internal and compound stability of the wall mass according to AASHTO LRFD 11.10.6. The internal stability shall include soil reinforcement pullout, soil reinforcement rupture, and wall facing-reinforcement connection failure at each soil reinforcement level. The design shall be performed using the Simplified Method or Coherent Gravity Method. Calculations for factored stresses and resistances shall be based upon assumed conditions at the end of the design life. Compound stability shall be computed for the applicable strength limits. Sample analyses and hand calculations shall be submitted to verify the output of any software program used. The design calculations and notes shall clearly indicate the Capacity to Demand Ratios (CDR) for all internal and external stabilities as defined in AASHTO LRFD.

Facing units shall be designed according to AASHTO LRFD 11.10.2.3.

The minimum length of soil reinforcement measured from the back face of the wall shall be equal to 0.7 of the wall height, or as shown on the plan. In no case shall this length be less than 6.0 feet. The soil reinforcement length shall be the same from the bottom to the top of the wall. All soil reinforcement layers shall be connected to facings. The soil reinforcement shall extend a minimum of 3.0 feet beyond the theoretical failure plane in all cases. The maximum vertical spacing of soil reinforcement layers shall be two times the block depth (front face to back face) or 32 inches, whichever is less. The first (bottom) layer of reinforcement shall be placed no further than 12 inches above the top of the leveling pad or the height of the block, but at least one block height above the leveling pad. The last (top) layer of soil reinforcement shall be no further than 21 inches below the top of the uppermost block.

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All soil reinforcement required for the reinforced soil zone shall be connected to the wall facing.

Soil reinforcement shall be fabricated or designed to avoid piling, drainage structures or other obstacles in the fill without field modifications. Unless approved by the Bureau of Structures cutting or altering of the basic structural section of either the strip or grid at the site is prohibited, a minimum clearance of 3" shall be maintained between any obstruction and reinforcement, and splicing reinforcement is not allowed.

The minimum embedment of the MSE wall shall be 1 foot 6 inches, or as given on the contract plan. Step the leveling pad to follow the general slope of the ground line. Frost depth shall not be considered in designing the wall for depth of leveling pad. Additional embedment may be detailed by the contractor, but will not be measured for payment.

Wall facing units shall be installed on concrete leveling pads. The leveling pad shall be as wide as the proposed blocks or a minimum of 12 inches, whichever is greater. The minimum thickness of the leveling pad shall be 6 inches. The bottom row of blocks shall be horizontal and 100% of the block surface shall bear on the leveling pad.

For walls that are less than or equal to 5 feet in height and do not have a wall number assigned to them, a compacted 1 foot deep by 2 foot wide leveling pad made from base aggregate dense 1½-inch in conformance with standard spec 305 may be used.

B.3 Wall System Components

Materials furnished for wall system components under this contract shall conform to the requirements of this specification. All certifications related to material and components of the wall systems specified in this standard spec shall be submitted to the engineer.

B.3.1 Wall Facing

Wall facing shall consist of precast modular concrete blocks. All units shall incorporate a mechanism or devices that develop a mechanical connection between vertical block layers. Units that are cracked, chipped, or have other imperfections according to ASTM C1372, or have excessive efflorescence shall not be used within the wall. A single block type and style shall be used throughout each wall. The color and surface texture of the block shall be as given on the plan or chosen by the engineer.

The top course of facing units shall be a solid precast concrete unit designed to be compatible with the remainder of the wall unless a cast-in-place concrete cap is shown on the plans. The finishing course shall be bonded to the underlying facing units with a durable, high strength, flexible adhesive compound compatible with the block material. A formed cast-in-place concrete cap may also be used to finish the wall. A cap of this type shall be designed to have texture, color, and appearance that complement the remainder of the wall. The vertical dimension of the cap shall not be less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Expansion joints shall be placed in the cap to correspond with each 24 inch change in vertical wall height and at maximum

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spacing of 10 feet. Concrete for all cast-in-place caps shall be Grade A and shall conform to the requirements of standard spec 501.

Block dimensions may vary no more than $\pm 1/8$ inch from the standard values published by the manufacturer according to ASTM C1372. Blocks must have a minimum depth (front face to back face) of 12 inches. The minimum front face thickness of blocks shall be 4 inches measured perpendicular from the front face to inside voids greater than 4 square inches. The minimum allowed thickness of any other portions of the block is $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches. The front face of the blocks shall conform to plan requirements for color, texture, or patterns.

Cementitious materials and aggregates for modular blocks shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C1372 Section 4.1 and 4.2. Modular blocks shall meet the following requirements.

Test	Method	Requirement	
Compressive Strength (psi)	ASTM C140	5000 min.	
Water Absorption (%)	ASTM C140	6 max.	
Freeze-Thaw Loss (%) 40 cycles, 5 of 5 samples 50 cycles, 4 of 5 samples	ASTM C1262 ^[1]	1.0 max. ^[2] 1.5 max. ^[2]	

^[1] Test shall be run using a 3% saline solution.

All blocks shall be certified as to strength, absorption, and freeze-thaw requirements unless, due to contract changes after letting, certified blocks are not available when required. At the time of delivery of certified blocks, furnish the engineer a certified test report from a department-approved independent testing laboratory for each lot of modular blocks. The certified test report shall clearly identify the firm conducting the sampling and testing, the type of block, the date sampled, the name of the person who conducted the sampling, the represented lot, the number of blocks in the lot, and the specific test results for each of the stated requirements of this specification. The tests should have been conducted not more than 18 months prior to delivery. A lot shall not exceed 5000 blocks or fraction thereof produced in day. The certified test results will represent all blocks within the lot. Each pallet of blocks delivered shall bear lot identification information. Block lots that do not meet the requirements of this specification or blocks without supporting certified test reports will be rejected and shall be removed from the project at no expense to the department. A department-approved independent testing laboratory shall control and conduct all modular block sampling and testing for certification. Prior to sampling, the manufacturer's representative shall identify all pallets of modular blocks contained in each lot. All pallets of blocks within the lot shall be numbered and marked to facilitate random sample selection.

The representative of the independent testing laboratory shall identify five pallets of blocks by random numbers and shall then select one block from each of these pallets. Solid blocks used as a finishing or top course shall not be selected. The selected blocks shall remain under the control of the person who conducted the sampling until shipped or delivered to the testing laboratory. All pallets of blocks within a lot shall be strapped or wrapped to secure the contents and tagged or marked for identification. The engineer will reject any pallet of

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^[2] Test results that meet either of the listed requirements for Freeze-Thaw Loss are acceptable.

blocks delivered to the project without intact security measures. At no expense to the department, the contractor shall remove all rejected blocks from the project.

The department may conduct testing of certified or non-certified modular blocks lots delivered to the project. The department will not conduct freeze-thaw testing on blocks less than 45 days old. If a random sample of five blocks of any lot tested by the department fails to meet any of the requirements of this specification (nonconforming), the contractor shall remove from the project site all blocks from the failed lot not installed in the finished work at no cost to the department, unless the engineer allows otherwise. Nonconforming blocks installed in the finished work will be considered approved by the department as stated in standard spec 106.5(2) and any adjustment to the contract price will not exceed the price of the blocks charged by the supplier.

Wall facing units may consist of precast modular concrete blocks produced by a wet cast process. The concrete blocks shall have a minimum strength of 4000 psi at 28 days. The concrete for the blocks shall be air entrained, with an air content of 6% +/- 1.5%. All materials for the concrete mixture for the blocks shall meet the requirements standard spec 501. Wall facing units produced by a wet cast process need not be certified as to absorption and freeze-thaw requirements.

B.3.2 Backfill

Furnish and place backfill for Modular Block MSE Walls as shown on the plans and as hereinafter provided.

Wall Backfill, Type A, shall comply with the requirements for Coarse Aggregate No. 1 as given in standard spec 501.2.5.4.4. All backfill placed within a zone from the top of the leveling pad to the top of the final layer of wall facing units and within 1 foot behind the back face of the wall shall be Wall Backfill, Type A. This includes all material used to fill openings in the wall facing units.

Wall Backfill, Type B, shall be placed in a zone extending horizontally from 1 foot behind the back face of the wall to 1 foot beyond the end of the reinforcement and extending vertically from the top of the leveling pad to a minimum of 3 inches above the final reinforcement layer.

Use natural sand or a mixture of sand with gravel, crushed gravel or crushed stone. Do not use foundry sand, bottom ash, blast furnace slag, crushed/recycled concrete, crushed/milled asphaltic concrete or other potentially corrosive material.

Provide material conforming to the following gradation requirements as per AASHTO T27.

Sieve Size	% by Weight Passing
1 inch	100
No. 40	0 - 60
No. 200	0 - 15

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The material shall have a liquid limit not greater than 25, as per AASHTO T89, and a plasticity index not greater than 6, as per AASHTO T90. Provide the percent by weight, passing the #4 sieve.

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Test	Method	Value
pН	AASHTO T-289	4.5-9.0
Sulfate content [1]	AASHTO T-290	200 ppm max.
Chloride content [1]	AASHTO T-291	100 ppm max.
Electrical Resistivity	AASHTO T-288	3000 ohm-cm min.
Organic Content [1]	AASHTO T-267	1.0% max.
Angle of Internal Friction	AASHTO T-236*	30 degrees min. (At 95.0% of maximum density and optimum moisture, per AASHTO T99, or as modified by C.1)

^[1] Requirement does not apply to walls with non-metallic reinforcement.

*If the amount of P-4 material is greater than 60%, use AASHTO 236 with a standard-size shear box. Test results of this method may allow the use of larger angles of internal friction, up to the maximum allowed by this specification.

If the amount of P-4 material is less than or equal to 60%, two options are available to determine the angle of internal friction. The first method is to perform a fractured faces count, per ASTM 5821, on the R-4 material. If more than 90% of the material is fractured on one face and more than 50% is fractured on two faces, the material meets the specifications and the angle of internal friction can be assumed to be 30 degrees. The second method allows testing all P-1" material, as per AASHTO T-236, with a large shear box. Test results of this second method may allow the use of larger angles of internal friction, up to the maximum allowed by this specification.

Prior to placement of the backfill, obtain and furnish to the engineer a certified report of test results that the backfill material complies with the requirements of this specification. Specify the method used to determine the angle of internal friction. This certified report of test shall be less than 6 months old. Tests will be performed by a certified independent laboratory. In addition, when backfill characteristics and/or sources change, provide a certified report of tests for the new backfill material. Additional certified report of tests (except Angle of Internal Friction test), are also required. These additional backfill tests may be completed at the time of material production or material placement, with concurrence of the engineer. If this additional testing is completed at the time of material production, complete testing for every 2000 cubic yards of backfill or portion thereof. If this additional testing is completed at the time of material placement, complete testing for every 2000 cubic yards of backfill, or portion thereof, used per wall. All certified report of test results shall be less than 6 months old and performed by a certified independent laboratory.

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B.3.3 Soil Reinforcement

B.3.3.1 Geogrids

Geogrid supplied as reinforcing members shall be manufactured from long chain polymers limited to polypropylene, high-density polyethylene, polyaramid, and polyester. Geogrids shall form a uniform rectangular grid of bonded, formed, or fused polymer tensile strands crossing with a nominal right angle orientation. The minimum grid aperture shall be 0.5 inch. The geogrid shall maintain dimension stability during handling, placing, and installation. The geogrid shall be insect, rodent, mildew, and rot resistant. The geogrid shall be furnished in a protective wrapping that shall prevent exposure to ultraviolet radiation and damage from shipping or handling. The geogrid shall be kept dry until installed. Each roll shall be clearly marked to identify the material contained.

The wall supplier shall provide the nominal long-term design strength (T_{al}) and nominal long-term connection strength, Talc as discussed below.

Nominal Long-Term Design Strength (Tal)

The wall supplier shall supply the nominal long-term design strength (T_{al}) used in the design for each reinforcement layer and shall be determined by dividing the Ultimate Tensile Strength (T_{ult}) by the factors RF_{ID} , RF_{CR} , RF_{D} .

Hence,

$$T_{al} = \frac{T_{ult}}{RF_{ID} xRF_{CR} xRF_{D}}$$

where:

 T_{ult} = Ultimate tensile strength of the reinforcement determined from wide width tensile tests (ASTM D6637) for geogrids based on the minimum average roll value (MARV) for the product.

 RF_{ID} = Strength reduction factor to account for installation damage to the reinforcement. In no case shall RF_{ID} be less than 1.1.

 RF_{CR} = Strength reduction factor to prevent long-term creep rupture of the reinforcement. In no case shall RF_{CR} be less than 1.2.

 RF_D = Strength reduction factor to prevent rupture of the reinforcement due to chemical and biological degradation. In no case shall RF_D be less than 1.1.

Values for RF_{ID}, RF_{CR}, and RF_D shall be determined from product specific test results. Guidelines for determining RF_{ID}, RF_{CR}, and RF_D from product specific data are provided in FHWA Publication No. FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025 "Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes".

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Nominal Long-term Connection Strength Tac

The nominal long term connection strength, T_{ac} , shall be based on laboratory geogrid connection tests between wall facing and geogrids. T_{ac} shall be as given below:

$$T_{ac} = \frac{T_{ult} * CR_{cr}}{RF_{D}}$$

where:

 T_{ac} = Nominal long-term reinforcement facing connection strength per unit reinforcement width at a specified confining pressure.

 T_{ult} = Ultimate tensile strength of the reinforcement for geogrids defined as the minimum average roll value (MARV) for the product.

CR_{cr} = Long term connection strength reduction factor to account for reduced ultimate strength resulting from connection.

RF_D = Strength reduction factor to prevent rupture of the reinforcement due to chemical and biological degradation.

T_{ac} shall be developed from the tests conducted by an independent laboratory on the same facing blocks and geogrids as proposed for the wall and shall cover a range of overburden pressures comparable to those anticipated in the proposed wall. The connection strength reduction factor CR_{cr} shall be determined according to long-term connection test as described in Appendix B of FHWA Publication No. FHWA-NHI 10-025 "Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes". CR_{cr} may also be obtained from the short term connection test meeting the requirements of NCMA test method SRWU-1 in Simac et al 1993 or ASTM D4884.

The contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certificate that the Tult (MARV) of the supplied geogrid has been determined according to ASTM D4595 or ASTM D6637 as appropriate. Contractor shall also provide block to block and block to reinforcement connection test reports prepared and certified by an independent laboratory. Also provide calculations according to AASHTO LRFD, and using the results of laboratory tests, that the block-geogrid connections shall be capable of resisting 100% of the maximum tension load in the soil reinforcements at any level within the wall, for the design life of the wall system.

B.3.3.2 Galvanized Metal Reinforcement

In lieu of polymeric geogrid earth reinforcement, galvanized metal reinforcement may be used. Design and materials shall be according to Section 11.10.6.4.2 of the current AASHTO LRFD Specifications. The design life of steel soil reinforcements shall also comply with AASHTO LRFD. Steel soil reinforcement shall be prefabricated into single or multiple elements before galvanizing.

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B.3.4 Miscellaneous

For cast in place concrete cap or coping, use poured concrete Grade A, A-FA, A-S, A-T, A-IS, A-IP or A-IT concrete conforming to standard spec 501 as modified in standard spec 716. Provide QMP for cast in place cap and coping concrete as specified in standard spec 716, Class II Concrete.

Use a wall leveling pad that consists of poured concrete, Grade A, A-FA, A-S, A-T, A-IS, A-IP, or A-IT concrete conforming to standard spec 501 as modified in standard spec 716. Provide QMP for leveling pad concrete as specified in standard spec 716, Class III Concrete.

If pins are used to align modular block facing units, they shall consist of a non-degrading polymer, or hot dipping galvanized steel and be made for the express use with the modular block units supplied, to develop mechanical interlock between facing unit block layers. Connecting pins shall be capable of holding the geogrid in the proper position during backfilling. Furnish documentation that establishes and substantiates the design life of such devices.

C Construction

C.1 Excavation and Backfill

Excavation and preparation of the foundation for the MSE wall and the leveling pad shall be according to standard spec 206. The volume of excavation covered is limited to the width of the reinforced mass and to the depth of the leveling pad unless shown or noted otherwise on the plan. At the end of each working day, provide good temporary drainage such that the backfill shall not become contaminated with run-off soil or water if it should rain. Do not stockpile or store materials or large equipment within 10 feet of the back of the wall.

Place backfill materials in the areas as indicated on the plans and as detailed in this specification. Backfill lifts shall be no more than 8-inches in depth. Backfilling shall closely follow erection of each course of wall facing units.

Conduct backfilling operations in such a manner as to prevent damage or misalignment of the wall facing units, soil reinforcement, or other wall components. At no expense to the department, correct any such damage or misalignment as directed by the engineer. A field representative of the wall supplier shall be available during wall construction to provide technical assistance to the contractor and the engineer.

Place and compact the MSE backfill to the level of the next higher layer of MSE reinforcement before placing the MSE reinforcement or connecting it to the wall facing. The MSE reinforcement shall lay horizontally on top of the most recently placed and compacted layer of MSE backfill.

Do not operate tracked or wheeled equipment on the backfill within 3 feet from the back face of modular blocks. The engineer may order the removal of any large or heavy equipment that may cause damage or misalignment of the wall facing units.

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C.2 Compaction

Compact wall backfill Type A with at least three passes of lightweight manually operated compaction equipment acceptable to the engineer.

Compact all backfill Type B as specified in standard spec 207.3.6. Compact the backfill Type B to 95.0% of maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO T-99 (modified to compute densities to the nearest 0.1 pcf), or as modified as follows. If the gradation of the granular backfill is such that the P-200 material is less than 7% and the P-40 is less than 30%, a one-point Proctor test can be conducted in place of the 5-point Proctor. To complete this one-point test, compact the sample at a moisture content of 6%, then compute the actual (as-tested) sample moisture after completion of the test. Use Method B or D, and perform this test without removing oversize particles and without correction for coarse particles, as per AASHTO T224. The one-point as-tested moisture content represents the optimum moisture, and the measured one-point density represents the maximum wet density of the material. From these values, the maximum dry density can be computed.

Ensure adequate moisture is present in the backfill during placement and compaction to prevent segregation and to help achieve compaction.

Compaction of backfill within 3 feet of the back face of the wall should be accomplished using lightweight compaction devices. Use of heavy compaction equipment or vehicles should be avoided within 3 feet of the modular blocks.

A minimum of 6 inches of backfill shall be placed over the MSE reinforcement prior to working above the reinforcement.

C.3 Wall Components

C.3.1 General

Erect wall facing units and other associated elements according to the wall manufacturer's construction guide and to the lines, elevations, batter, and tolerances as shown on the plans. Center the initial layer of facing units on the leveling pad; then level them and properly align them. Fill formed voids or openings in the facing units with wall backfill, Type A. Remove all debris on the top of each layer of facing units, before placing the next layer of facing units.

Install all pins, rods, clips, or other devices used to develop mechanical interlock between facing unit layers according to the manufacturer's directions.

The MSE reinforcement shall lay horizontally on the top of the most recently placed and compacted layer of MSE backfill. Bending of MSE reinforcement that result in a kink in the reinforcement shall not be allowed. If skewing of the reinforcement is required due to obstructions in the reinforced fill, the maximum skew angle shall not exceed 15 degrees from the normal position unless a greater angle is shown on the plans. The adequacy of the skewed reinforcement in such a case shall be addressed by supporting calculations.

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C.3.2 Soil Reinforcement

C.3.2.1 Geogrid Layers

Place soil reinforcement at the positions and to the lengths as indicated on the accepted shop drawings. Take care that backfill placement over the positioned soil reinforcement elements does not cause damage or misalignment of these elements. Correct any such damage or misalignment as directed by the engineer. Do not operate wheeled or tracked equipment directly on the soil reinforcement. A minimum cover of 6 inches is required before such operation is allowed.

Place and anchor geogrid material between wall unit layers in the same manner as used to determine the Geogrid Block-to-Connection Strength. Place the grid material so that the machine direction of the grid is perpendicular to the wall face. Each grid layer shall be continuous throughout the lengths indicated on the plans. Join grid strips with straps, rings, hooks or other mechanical devices to prevent movement during backfilling operations. Prior to placing backfill on the grid, pull the grid taunt and hold in position with pins, stakes or other methods approved by the engineer.

C.3.2.2 Steel Layers

Place the steel reinforcement full width in one piece as shown on the plans. No splicing will be allowed. Maintain elements in position during backfilling.

C.4 Quality Management Program

C.4.1 Quality Control Plan

Submit a comprehensive written quality control plan to the engineer at or before the preconstruction meeting. Do not perform MSE wall construction work before the engineer reviews and accepts the plan. Construct the project as the plan provides.

Do not change the quality control plan without the engineer's review and acceptance. Update the plan with changes as they become effective. Provide a current copy of the plan to the engineer and post in the contractor's laboratory as changes are adopted. Ensure that the plan provides the following elements:

- 1. An organizational chart with names, telephone numbers, current certifications and/or titles, and roles and responsibilities of QC personnel.
- 2. The process used to disseminate QC information and corrective action efforts to the appropriate persons. Include a list of recipients, the communication process that will be used, and action time frames.
- 3. A list of source locations, section and quarter descriptions, for all aggregate materials requiring QC testing.
- 4. Descriptions of stockpiling and hauling methods.
- 5. An outline for resolving a process control problem. Include responsible personnel, required documentation, and appropriate communication steps.
- 6. Location of the QC laboratory, retained sample storage, and other documentation.

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- 7. A summary of the locations and calculated quantities to be tested under this provision.
- 8. A proposed sequencing plan of wall construction operations and random test locations.

C.4.2 Quality Control Personnel

Perform the quality control sampling, testing, and documentation required under this provision using HTCP certified technicians. Have a HTCP Grading Technician I (GRADINGTEC-I); or Assistant Certified Technician, Grading (ACT-GRADING); or Aggregate Technician I (AGGTEC-I); or Assistant Certified Technician, Aggregate (ACT-AGG) present at the each grading site during all wall backfill placement, compaction, and nuclear testing activities. Have a HTCP Nuclear Density Technician I (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) or Assistant Certified Technician, Nuclear Density (ACT-NUC) perform field density and field moisture content testing.

If an Assistant Certified Technician (ACT) is performing sampling or testing, a certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

C.4.3 Equipment

Furnish the necessary equipment and supplies for performing quality control testing. Ensure that all testing equipment conforms to the equipment specifications applicable to the required testing methods. The engineer may inspect the measuring and testing devices to confirm both calibration and condition. Calibrate all testing equipment according to the CMM and maintain a calibration record at the laboratory.

Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at http://www.atwoodsystems.com/materials. Ensure that the gauge manufacturer or an approved calibration service calibrates the gauge the same calendar year it is used on the project. Retain a copy of the calibration certificate with the gauge.

Conform to ASTM D 6938 and CMM 8.15 for density testing and gauge monitoring methods. Perform nuclear gauge measurements using gamma radiation in the backscatter or direct transmission position. Perform each test for 4 minutes of nuclear gauge count time.

Split each Proctor sample and identify so as to provide comparison with the department's test results. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, retain the QC split samples for 14 calendar days and promptly deliver the department's split samples to the department

C.4.4 Documentation

(1) Document all observations, inspection records, and process adjustments daily. Submit test results to the department's project materials coordinator on the same day they become available

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- (2) Use forms provided in CMM chapter 8. Note other information in a permanent field record and as a part of process control documentation enumerated in the contractor's quality control plan. Enter data into the applicable materials reporting system (MRS) software within 5 business days after results are available.
- (3) Submit final testing records and other documentation to the engineer electronically within 10 business days after all contract-required information becomes available. The engineer may allow submission of scanned copies of hand-written documentation.

C.4.5 Quality Control (QC) Testing

Perform compaction testing on the backfill. Conform to CMM 8.15 for testing and gauge monitoring methods. Conduct testing at a minimum frequency of 1 test per 150 cubic yards of backfill, or major portion thereof in each lift. A minimum of one test for every lift is required. Deliver documentation of all compaction testing results to the engineer at the time of testing.

Perform 1 gradation test every 750 cubic yards of fill and one 5-point Proctor test (or as modified in C.2) every 2,250 cubic yards of fill. Provide the region split samples of both within 72 hours of sampling, at the region laboratory. Test sites shall be selected using ASTM Method D3665. Provide Proctor test results to the engineer within 48 hours of sampling. Provide gradation test results to the engineer within 24 hours of sampling.

C.4.6 Department Testing

C.4.6.1 General

(1) The department will conduct verification testing to validate the quality of the product and independent assurance testing to evaluate the sampling and testing. The department will provide the contractor with a listing of names and telephone numbers of all QV and IA personnel for the project, and provide test results to the contractor within two business days after the department obtains the sample.

C.4.6.2 Quality Verification (QV) Testing

- (1) The department will have an HTCP technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform QV sampling and testing. Department verification testing personnel must meet the same certification level requirements specified in C.4.2 for contractor testing personnel for each test result being verified. The department will notify the contractor before sampling so the contractor can observe QV sampling.
- (2) The department will conduct QV tests at the minimum frequency of 30% of the required contractor density, Proctor and gradation tests.
- (3) The department will locate density tests and gradation samples randomly, at locations independent of the contractor's QC work. The department will split each Proctor and gradation QV sample, testing half for QV, and retaining the remaining half for 10 business days.

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- (4) The department will conduct QV Proctor and gradation tests in a separate laboratory and with separate equipment from the contractor's QC tests. The department will use the same methods specified for QC testing.
- The department will assess QV results by comparing to the appropriate specification limits. If QV test results conform to this special provision, the department will take no further action. If density QV test results are nonconforming, the area shall be reworked until the density requirements of this special provision are met. If the gradation test results are nonconforming, standard spec 106.5 will apply. Differing QC and QV nuclear density values of more than 1.5 pcf will be investigated and resolved. QV density tests will be based on the appropriate QC Proctor test results, unless the QV and QC Proctor result difference is greater than 3.0 pcf. Differing QC and QV Proctor values of more than 3.0 pcf will be investigated and resolved.

C.4.6.3 Independent Assurance (IA)

- (1) Independent assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's QV and the contractor's QC sampling and testing, including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform an IA review according to the department's independent assurance program. That review may include one or more of the following:
 - 1. Split sample testing.
 - 2. Proficiency sample testing.
 - 3. Witnessing sampling and testing.
 - 4. Test equipment calibration checks.
 - 5. Reviewing required worksheets and control charts.
 - 6. Requesting that testing personnel perform additional sampling and testing.
- (2) If the department identifies a deficiency, and after further investigation confirms it, correct that deficiency. If the contractor does not correct or fails to cooperate in resolving identified deficiencies, the engineer may suspend placement until action is taken. Resolve disputes as specified in C.4.6.4.

C.4.6.4 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The engineer and contractor should make every effort to avoid conflict. If a dispute between some aspect of the contractor's and the engineer's testing program does occur, seek a solution mutually agreeable to the project personnel. The department and contractor may review the data, examine data reduction and analysis methods, evaluate sampling and testing procedures, and perform additional testing. Use ASTM E 178 to evaluate potential statistically outlying data.
- (2) Production test results, and results from other process control testing, may be considered when resolving a dispute.
- (3) If the project personnel cannot resolve a dispute, and the dispute affects payment or could result in incorporating non-conforming product or work, the department will use third party testing to resolve the dispute. The department's central office laboratory, or

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a mutually agreed on independent testing laboratory, will provide this testing. The engineer and contractor will abide by the results of the third party tests. The party in error will pay service charges incurred for testing by an independent laboratory. The department may use third party test results to evaluate the quality of questionable materials and determine the appropriate payment. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

C.5 Geotechnical Information

Geotechnical data to be used in the design of the wall is given on the wall plan. After completing wall excavation of the entire reinforced soil zone, notify the department and allow the Regional Soils Engineer two working days to review the foundation.

D Measurement

The department will measure Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth LRFD/QMP by the square foot, acceptably completed, measured as the vertical area within the pay limits the contract plans show. Unless the engineer directs in writing, a change to the limits indicated on the contract plan, wall area constructed above or below these limits will not be measured for payment.

E Payment

The department will pay for accepted measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DECRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0165.01	Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth	SF
	LRFD/OMP	

Payment is full compensation for supplying a design and shop drawings; preparing the site, including all necessary excavation and disposal of materials; supplying all necessary wall components to produce a functional wall system including cap, copings and leveling pad; constructing the retaining system including drainage system; providing backfill, backfilling, compacting, developing/completing/documenting the quality management program, performing compaction testing.

Parapets, railings, and other items above the wall cap or coping will be paid for separately. Vehicle barrier and its support will be paid separately.

Any required topsoil, fertilizer, seeding or sodding and mulch will be paid for at the contract unit price of topsoil, fertilizer, seeding or sodding and mulch, respectively. (20150824)

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ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 1 (ASP 1) FOR TRANSPORTATION ALLIANCE FOR NEW SOLUTIONS (TrANS) PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT PLACEMENTS AND APPRENTICESHIPS

The Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), Section 5204(e) – Surface Transportation Workforce Development Training and Education, provides for 100 percent Federal funding if the core program funds are used for training, education, or workforce development purposes, including "pipeline" activities. The core programs includes: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program, Highway Bridge Program (HBP), Interstate Maintenance (IM), National Highway System (NHS), and Surface Transportation Program (STP). These workforce development activities cover surface transportation workers, including OJT/SS programs for women and minorities as authorized in 23 U.S.C. §140(b).

TrANS is an employment program originally established in 1995 in Southeastern Wisconsin. Currently TrANS has expanded to include TrANS program locations to serve contractors in Southeast (Milwaukee and surrounding counties), Southcentral (Dane County and surrounding counties including Rock County), and most Northeastern Wisconsin counties from locations in Keshena, Rhinelander and surrounding far Northern areas. TrANS attempts to meet contractor's needs in other geographic locations as possible. It is an industry driven plan of services to address the outreach, preparation, placement and retention of women, minorities and non-minorities as laborers and apprentices in the highway skilled trades. These candidate preparation and contractor coordination services are provided by community based organizations. For a list of the TrANS Coordinators contact the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office at (414) 438-4583 in Milwaukee or (608) 266-6961 in Madison. These services are provided to you at no cost.

I. BASIC CONCEPTS

Training reimbursements to employing contractors for new placements, rehires or promotions to apprentice of TrANS Program graduates will be made as follows:

- 1) On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0G, ASP 1 Graduate. At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on federal aid projects when TrANS graduates are initially hired, or seasonally rehired, as unskilled laborers or the equivalent.
 - <u>Eligibility and Duration:</u> To the employing contractor, for up to 2000 hours from the point of initial hire as a TrANS program placement.
 - <u>Contract Goal:</u> To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that <u>6</u> (number) TrANS Graduate(s) be utilized on this contract.
- 2) On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0A, ASP 1 Apprentice. At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on federal aid projects at the point when an employee who came out of the TrANS Program is subsequently entered into an apprenticeship contract in an underutilized skilled trade (this will include the Skilled Laborer Apprenticeship when that standard is implemented).

<u>Eligibility and Duration:</u> To the employing contractor, for the length of time the TrANS graduate is in apprentice status.

<u>Contract Goal:</u> To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that <u>4</u> (*number*) TrANS Apprentice(s) be utilized on this contract.

- The maximum duration of reimbursement is two years as a TrANS graduate plus time in apprentice status.
- 4) If a TrANS program is not available in the contractor's area and another training program is utilized, payment of On-the-Job Training hours may be approved by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) if the training program meets the established acceptance criteria. Only On-the-Job Training Hours accumulated after WisDOT approval will be reimbursed as specified under Items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A. For more information, contact the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office at the phone numbers listed above.
- 5) WisDOT reserves the right to deny payments under items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A if the contractor either fails to provide training or there is evidence of a lack of good faith in meeting the requirements of this training special provision.

I. RATIONALE AND SPECIAL NOTE

The \$5.00 per hour now being paid for TrANS placements is intended to cover the duration of two years to allow for reaching entry-level laborer status. An additional incentive, the \$5.00 rate, would promote movement into the underutilized skilled trades' apprenticeships and applies until the individual completes their apprenticeship. These incentives benefit TrANS candidates by giving them a better opportunity to enter a skilled trade; benefits contractors who will be assisted in meeting their EEO profiles and goals; and benefits the public who will see the program reinforce larger public-private employment reform in Wisconsin. The pool of TrANS graduates was created for the purpose of addressing underutilization in the skilled trades, an objective that is further reinforced by a parallel retention pilot program, known as the Companywide Reporting. Whether or not reimbursement is involved, the WisDOT reassures contractors who are in the Companywide Program that TrANS placements still contribute toward fulfilling the new hire goal of 50% women and minorities. Based on data administered by United States Department of Labor (US DOL), the highway skilled trades remain underutilized for women statewide (less than 6.9%); and for minorities in all counties (% varies by county).

<u>NOTE</u>: Unless using other advancement strategies, contractors are encouraged to use some or all of this monetary incentive to offset the cut in hourly wages an individual may incur when entering an apprenticeship if the full general laborer hourly rate has been previously paid. No special accounting measures are required.

II. IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation of ASP 1 is intended to cover only the amount of time it takes for underutilization to be resolved across the trades. This will be measured annually at the county and/or state levels using data administered by WisDWD in relation to goals set by the USDOL-

OFCCP. With appropriate state and federal approvals, we may also do some measurement at the company level.

It is the contractor's responsibility to note on their Certified Payrolls if their employee is a TrANS graduate or a TrANS apprentice. The District EEO Coordinators utilize the information on the Certified Payrolls to track the hours accumulated by TrANS Graduates and TrANS apprentices on WisDOT contracts. Payment under this ASP 1 is made based on the hours recorded off of the Certified Payrolls. Tracking may eventually include improved linkages with the WisDWD apprentice database, information from company and committee level sources.

TrANS is nondiscriminatory by regulation, and is a tool for optional use by contractors to address the underutilization of women and minorities as laborers and apprentices in our industry's skilled trades.

IV. TRANS TRAINING

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided to employees enrolled in apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journey workers in the type of trade or job classifications involved. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor provided, however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also insure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journey workers status is a primary objective of this training special provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority trainees and women trainees); to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be given an opportunity and will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they have taken in pursuance thereof, prior to determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this training special provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journey workers status or in which they have been employed as a journey worker. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

V. APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

The Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) policy is to require full use of all available training and skill improvement opportunities to assure increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The FHWA On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program requires the State transportation agencies (STAs) to establish apprenticeships and training programs targeted to move women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals into journey-level positions to ensure that a competent workforce is available to meet highway construction hiring needs, and to address the historical under-representation of members of these groups in highway construction skilled crafts.

The OJT Supportive Services (OJT/SS) Program was established in Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 230) to supplement the OJT program and support STA training programs by providing services to highway construction contractors and assistance to highway construction apprentices and trainees. The primary objectives of OJT/SS are:

- (1) To increase the overall effectiveness of the State highway agencies' approved training programs.
- (2) To seek other ways to increase the training opportunities for women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals.

The STAs are responsible for establishing procedures, subject to the availability of Surface Transportation and Bridge Funds under 23 U.S.C. §140(b) (Nondiscrimination), for the provision of supportive services with respect to training programs approved under 23 CFR, Part 230(a) (Equal Employment Opportunity on Federal and Federal-aid Construction Contracts – including Supportive Services).

The contractor and subcontractor shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with these apprenticeship requirements. Reasonable exemptions and modifications to and from any or all of these requirements will be determined by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Civil Rights Office. A request for an exemption or modification, with justification, shall be made in writing, addressed to WisDOT Civil Rights Office, 4802 Sheboygan Avenue, P.O. Box 7965, Rm. 451, Madison, WI 53707.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 3

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE [DBE] PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

1. Description

- a. The federal DBE program requirements outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations at 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this Wisconsin Department of Transportation contract. WisDOT is a recipient of federal funds and this contract includes federal funds. United States Department of Transportation Federal DBE Program requires the following provisions:
 - (1) Pursuant to the federal DBE program regulation at 49 CFR Part 26, a contractor's failure to comply with any provision of the DBE regulations will be considered a material breach of contract. This is non-negotiable. If a contractor fails to carry out the DBE program and Title VI nondiscrimination requirements of its contracts, the following sanctions will be assessed depending upon the facts, reasoning, severity and remedial efforts of the contractor: termination of contract, withholding payment, assessment of monetary sanctions, assessment of liquidated damages and/or suspension/debarment proceedings that may result in the disqualification of the contractor from bidding for a designated period of time.
 - (2) The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains the federal fund recipient's [DOT] written consent. Unless [WisDOT] consent is provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.
- b. The Wisconsin Department of Transportation [WisDOT] is committed to the compliant administration of the DBE Program. Each WisDOT Secretary affirms this commitment with his/her signed assurance. http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/policy-statement.pdf
 - (1) The department encourages the contractor to assist and develop DBE firms to become fully knowledgeable contractors to successfully perform on its contracts. Under the contract, the contractor agrees to provide the assistance to participating DBE's in the following areas:
 - i. Produce accurate and complete quotes.
 - ii. Understand highway plans applicable to their work.
 - iii. Understand specifications and contract requirements applicable to their work.
 - iv. Understand contracting reporting requirements.
 - (2) Wisconsin DOT identifies the assigned DBE goal in its contract advertisements and posts the contract DBE goal on the cover of the bidding proposal. The contractor can meet the assigned, specified contract DBE goal by subcontracting work to a DBE or by procuring services or materials from a DBE. The department calculates the DBE participation as the dollar value of DBE participation included in the bid expressed as a percentage of the total contract bid amount.
 - (3) For more comprehensive information on the disadvantaged business program, visit the department's Civil Rights and Compliance Section website at: http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/default.aspx

2. Definitions

Interpret these terms, used throughout this additional special provision, as follows:

- a. Bid Percentage: The DBE percentage indicated in the bidding proposal at the time of bid.
- b. **DBE:** A small business certified as disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) under the federal DBE program and included on the Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory deemed ready, willing and able.
- c. **DBE goal:** The amount of DBE participation expected in the contract as shown on the cover of the Highway Work Proposal.
- d. **Manufacturer:** A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract.
- e. **Supplier:** A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public.
- f. **Voluntary Achievement:** The amount of DBE participation achieved and reported in the contract in excess of the assigned goal.

3. DBE Percentage Required at Bid Submission

Indicate the bid percentage (i.e. 0% through 100%) of DBE participation on the completed bidding proposal. For electronic submittals, show the percentage in the miscellaneous data folder, Item 3, DBE Percent. For paper submittals, show the percentage on the sheet included after the schedule of items. By submission of the bid, the bidder contractually commits to DBE participation at or above the bid percentage, or certifies that they have utilized comprehensive good faith efforts to solicit and utilize DBE firms to meet the DBE participation requirements of this contract proposal, and that the bid percentage is reflective of these good faith efforts. The bid percentage should demonstrate the efforts of the prime contractor prior to bid. If the bidder does not indicate the bid percentage of DBE participation on the completed bidding proposal, the department will consider the bid irregular and may reject the bid.

4. WisDOT Interpretation of Federal DBE Program Provision

Prime contractors must utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and/or supply the materials for which each is listed on the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] and approved by WisDOT's DBE office to execute its contract. The approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] becomes a contract document/record.

a. Department's DBE Evaluation Process

WisDOT evaluates DBE using the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE, payments to subcontractors and contract documentation. The prime contractor shall list the specific DBE certified firms and items of work s/he intends to use toward the fulfillment of the assigned DBE contract goal. The prime contractor receives DBE credit for payments made to the DBE firms performing the work listed on the approved Form DT1506.

b. Documentation Submittal

The contractor is to identify, by name, the DBE firms whose utilization is intended to satisfy this provision, the items of work of the DBE subcontract or supply agreement and the dollar value of those items of work by completing the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506]. Effective January 1, 2017, the contractor will be required to submit the documentation within 5 business days after bid opening. All necessary supporting documentation including Attachment 'A' forms and/or Good Faith Efforts Form

[DT1202] must be submitted no later than 2 business days from contractor's initial submission of the DT 1506. The contractor must provide a signed Attachment 'A' form to the DBE office within the time limit in order to receive authorization for contract execution; the DBE office reserves the right accept alternate documentation in lieu of the signed form in extenuating circumstances. Documentation must be submitted to the DBE Office by email at DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov (DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov) or by postal mail ATTN: DBE Office, PO Box 7965, Madison, WI 53707-7965.

(1) Bidder Meets DBE Goal

If the bidder indicates that the contract DBE goal is met, after award and before execution, the department will evaluate the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form DT1506 and attachment A(s) to verify the actual DBE percentage calculation. If the DBE commitment is verified, the contract is eligible for execution with respect to the DBE commitment.

(2) Bidder Does Not Meet DBE Goal

- i. If the bidder indicates a bid percentage on the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] that does not meet the contract DBE goal, the bidder must submit a Good Faith Efforts Form [DT1202] and supporting documentation. After award and before execution, the department will evaluate the bidder's DBE commitment and consider the bidder's good faith efforts submission.
- ii. The department will evaluate the bidder's good faith effort request and notify the bidder of one of the following:
 - (a) If the department grants a good faith efforts, the bid is eligible for contract execution with respect to DBE commitment.
 - (b) If the department rejects the good faith efforts request, the department may declare the bid ineligible for execution. The department will provide a written explanation of why the good faith efforts request was rejected. The bidder may appeal the department's rejection as allowed under 7 a. & b.

c. Bidder Fails to Submit Documentation

If the contractor fails to furnish the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] within the specified time, the department may cancel the award. Delay in fulfilling this requirement is not a cause for extension of the contract time and shall not be used as a tool to delay execution.

5. Department's Criteria for Good Faith Effort

Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26, is the guiding regulation concerning good faith efforts. However, the federal regulations do not explicitly define "good faith" but states that bidder must actively and aggressively attempt to meet the goal. The federal regulations are general and do not include every factor or effort that can be considered. As a result, each state must establish its own processes and consider the factors established in its own practices to create a process for making a determination of adequate good faith. WisDOT evaluates good faith on a contract basis just as each contract award is evaluated individually.

The department will only approve a contractor's good faith efforts if the bidder has made the effort, given the relevant circumstances under the contract that a bidder actively and aggressively seeking to meet the goal would make. The department will evaluate the bidder's good faith effort to determine whether a good faith efforts will be granted. The bidder must demonstrate, on the DT1202 that they have aggressively solicited DBE participation in an attempt to meet the contract DBE goal and attaining the stated DBE goal is not feasible.

a. The department, in conjunction with industry stakeholders, has developed the following guidance for contractor good faith effort. The guidance and the attached appendices provide a framework for the actions required by all parties in the processing and evaluation of bidder's total efforts to achieve the project specific DBE goal prior to the bid letting date.

- b. Prime Contractors should:
 - (1) <u>Document</u> all efforts and decisions made toward achieving the DBE goal on the contract. The bidder should use the Civil Rights & Compliance System [CRCS] and related WisDOT- approved DBE outreach tools, including the Bid Express Small Business Network, to foster DBE participation on all applicable contracts.
 - (2) Prime contractors <u>may</u> request assistance with DBE outreach and follow-up by contacting the department's DBE Support Services Office by phone or email request at least 14 days prior to the bid letting date. Requesting assistance with outreach <u>is not</u> a decisive factor in the review Good faith effort evaluation. Phone numbers are 414-438-4584 and/or 414-659-0487; Fax: 414-438-5392; E-mail: DOTDBESupportServices@dot.wi.gov.
 - (3) Request quotes by identifying potential items to subcontract and solicit. Prime contractors are strongly encouraged to include in their initial contacts a single page including a detailed list of items for which they are accepting quotes, by project, within a letting. See attached sample entitled "Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter" in Appendix A. Prime contractors should also indicate a willingness to accept quotes in areas they are planning to perform themselves, as required by federal rules. In some cases, it might be appropriate to use DBE's to do work in a prime contractor's area of specialization.
 - i. Solicit quotes from certified DBE firms who match 'possible items to subcontract' using all reasonable and available means. Additionally, forward copies of solicitations highlighting the work areas for which you are seeking quotes to DOTDBESupportServices@dot.wi.gov.
 - ii. SBN is the preferred outreach tool. https://www.bidx.com/wi/main. Other acceptable means include postal mail, email, fax, phone call.
 - (a) Primes must ask DBE firms for a response in their solicitations. See *Sample Contractors Solicitation Letter* in Appendix. This letter can be included as an attachment to the SBN sub-quote request.
 - (b) Solicit quotes at least 10 calendar days prior to the letting date, at least two Fridays before the letting, to allow DBE firms sufficient time to respond. Prime contractors should contact DBE firms early, asking if they need help organizing their quote, assistance confirming equipment needs, or other assistance supporting their submission of a competitive quote for their services.
 - (c) Second solicitation should take place within 5 calendar days. Email and SBN are the preferred delivery of the follow-up solicitation.
 - iii. Upon request, provide interested DBE firms with adequate information about plans, specifications and the requirements of the contract by letter, information session, email, phone call and/or referral.
 - iv. When potential exists, the contractor should advise interested DBE firms on how to obtain bonding, line of credit or insurance if requested.
 - v. Document DBE firm's interest in quoting by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitation with:
 - (a) Email to all prospective DBE firms in relevant work areas.
 - (b) Phone call log to DBE firms who express interest via written response or call.
 - (c) Fax/letter confirmation
 - (d) Signed copy of Bid Express SBN Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort.
- c. <u>Evaluate DBE quotes</u> Documentation is critical if a prime does not utilize the DBE firm's quote for any reason.
 - (1) Evaluate DBE firm's capability to perform 'possible items to subcontract' using legitimate reasons, including but not limited to, *a discussion with the DBE firm* regarding its capabilities prior to the bid letting. If lack of capacity is your reason for not utilizing the DBE quote, you are required to contact the DBE by phone and email regarding their ability to perform the work indicated in the UCP directory listed as their work area by NAICS code. Only the work area and/or NAICS code listed in the UCP directory can be counted toward DBE credit. Documentation of the conversation is required.
 - (2) In striving to meet an assigned DBE contract goal, prime contractors are expected to use DBE quotes that are responsive and reasonable. This includes DBE quotes that are not the low quote.

- (3) **Special Circumstance** Evaluation of DBE quotes with <u>tied bid items</u>. "Tied quotes are the condition in which a subcontractor submits quotes including multiple areas of expertise across multiple work areas noting that the items and price are tied. Typically this type of quoting represents a cost saving to the prime but is not clearly stated as a discount; tied quotes are usually presented as 'all or none' quote to the prime." When non-DBE subcontractors submit tied bid items in their quotes to the prime, the DBE firms' quote may seem not competitive. In such a case, the following steps are taken in comparing the relevant quotes. These are qualitative examples.
 - i. Compare bid items common to both quotes, noting the reasonableness in the price comparison.
 - ii. Review quotes from other firms for the bid items not quoted by the DBE firm to see if combining both can provide the same competitive advantage that the tied bid items offered.
- d. Immediately after notification of contract award, the prime submits all 'Commitment to Subcontract' forms to the DBE Office. Prime contractor has 5 days to submit the completed form for the DBE firms it intends to use on the contract for DBE credit. If the goal is not met in full, the prime contractor must provide the following information along with WisDOT form DT1202: Certificate of Good Faith Efforts.
 - (1) The names, addresses, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers of DBE's contacted. The dates of both initial and follow-up contact.
 - (2) A description of information provided to the DBE's regarding the plans, specifications, and estimated quantities for portions of the work to be performed by that DBE.
 - (3) Photocopies or electronic copies of all written solicitations to DBE's. A printed copy of SBN solicitation is acceptable.
 - (4) Documentation of each quote received from a DBE and, if rejected, the reason for that rejection.
 - (5) Bidder attendance at any pre-solicitation or pre-bid meetings the department held to inform DBE's of participation opportunities available on the project.

The prime contractor must obtain written consent from the DBE Office to change or replace any DBE firm listed on the approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506]. If the prime contractor utilizes another contractor, including the use of its own workforce, to perform the work assigned to a DBE on the approved DT1506, the prime contractor will not be entitled to payment for that work. Any changes to DBE after the approval of the DT1506 must be reviewed and approved by the DBE office prior to the change.

6. Use of Joint Checks

The use of joint checks is allowable if it is a commonly recognized business practice in the material industry. A joint check is defined as a two-party check between a DBE, a prime contractor and the regular dealer of materials supplier who is neither the prime nor an affiliate of the prime. Typically, the prime contractor issues one check as payor to the DBE subcontractor and to the supplier jointly (to guarantee payment to the supplier) as payment for the material/supplies used by the DBE in cases where the prime has submitted the DBE and material for DBE credit. The DBE subcontractor gains the opportunity to establish a direct contracting relationship with the supplier to potentially facilitate a business rapport that results in a line of credit or increased partnering opportunities.

The cost of material and supplies purchased by the DBE is part of the value of work performed by the DBE to be counted toward the goal. To receive credit, the DBE must be responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the materials, and installing (where applicable) and "paying for the material itself." See 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1).

The approval to use joint checks constitutes a commitment to provide further information to WisDOT, upon request by staff. WisDOT will allow the use of joint checks when the following conditions are met:

- a. The Prime must request permission to use joint checks from the DBE Office by submitting the Application to Use Joint Checks.
 - (1) Request should be made when the DBE Commitment form or Request to Sublet is submitted; the request will not be considered if submitted after the DBE Subcontractor starts its work.
 - (2) Approval/Permission must be granted prior to the issuance of any joint checks.
 - (3) The payment schedule for the supplier must be presented to the DBE office before the first check is issued.
 - (4) The joint check for supplies must be strictly for the cost of supplies.
- b. DBE subcontractor is responsible to furnish and/or install the material/work item. The DBE subcontractor shall not be an 'extra participant' in the transaction; the DBE's role in the transaction cannot be limited solely to signing the check(s) to release payment to the material supplier. At a minimum, the DBE subcontractor's tasks should include the following.
 - (1) The DBE subcontractor (not the prime/payor) negotiates the quantities, price and delivery of materials;
 - (2) The DBE subcontractor consents to sign/release the check to the supplier by signing the Application to Use Joint Checks after establishing the conditions and documentation of payment within the subcontract terms or in a separate written document.
- c. The Prime contractor/payor acts solely as a guarantor,
 - (1) The prime agrees to furnish the check used for the payment of materials/supplies under the contract.
 - (2) The prime contractor/payor cannot require the subcontractor to use a specific supplier or the prime contractors negotiated unit price.

7. Bidder's Appeal Process

- a. A bidder can appeal the department's decision to deny the bidder's good faith effort submission. The bidder must provide written documentation refuting the specific reasons for rejection as stated in the department's rejection notice. The bidder may meet in person with the department if so requested. Failure to appeal within 7 calendar days after receiving the department's written denial notice of a good faith effort evaluation constitutes a forfeiture of the bidder's right of appeal. A contract cannot be executed without documentation that the DBE provisions have been fulfilled.
- b. The department will appoint a representative, who did not participate in the original determination, to assess the bidder's appeal. The department will issue a written decision within 5 calendar days after the bidder presents all written and oral testimony. In that written decision, the department will explain the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the contract DBE goal or make an adequate good faith effort to meet the contract DBE goal. The department's decision is final. If the department finds that the bidder did not meet the contract DBE goal or did not make adequate efforts to meet the DBE goal, the department may declare the bid ineligible for execution.

8. Department's Criteria for DBE Participation

Directory of DBE firms

a. The only resource for DBE certified firms certified in the state of Wisconsin is the Wisconsin Unified Certification Program [UCP] DBE List. Wisconsin Department of Transportation maintains a current list of certified DBE firms titled Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory on the website at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/dbe-ucp-directory.xlsx

b. The DBE office is also available to assist at 414-438-4583 or 608-267-3849.

9. Counting DBE Participation

Assessing DBE Work

- a. The department will only count the DBE usage towards the contract DBE goal if the DBE firm is certified as a DBE by one of the unified certification program agencies. If a firm becomes DBE certified before entering into a subcontract, the department may consider that DBE usage towards the contract goal. The department only counts the value of the work a DBE actually performs towards the DBE goal. The department assesses the DBE work as follows:
- b. The department counts work performed by the DBE's own resources. The department includes the cost of materials and supplies the DBE obtains for the work. The department also includes the cost of equipment the DBE leases for the work. The department will not include the cost of materials, supplies, or equipment the DBE purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate, except the department will count non-project specific leases the DBE has in place before the work is advertised.
- c. The department counts fees and commissions the DBE charges for providing a bona fide professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services. The department also counts fees and commissions the DBE charges for providing bonds or insurance. The department will only count costs the engineer deems reasonable based on experience or prevailing market rates.
- d. If a DBE subcontracts work, the department counts the value of the subcontracted work only if the DBE's subcontractor is also a DBE.
- e. The contractor shall maintain records and may be required to furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this item.
- f. It is the prime contractor's responsibility to determine whether the work that is committed and/or contracted to a DBE certified firm can be counted for DBE credit by referencing the work type and NAICS code listed for the DBE firm on the Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory.
- g. It is the prime contractor's responsibility to assess the DBE firm's ability to perform the work for which s/he is committing/contracting the DBE to do. Note that the department encourages the prime contractor to assist and develop DBE firms to become fully knowledgeable contractors to successfully perform on its contracts.

10. Commercially Useful Function

- a. Commercially useful function is evaluated after the contract has been executed, while the DBE certified firm is performing its work items. A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved.
- b. The department uses Form DT1011: DBE Commercially Useful Function Review and Certification to evaluate whether the DBE is performing a commercially useful function. WisDOT counts expenditures of a DBE toward the DBE goal only if the DBE is performing a commercially useful function on that contract.
- c. A DBE is performing a commercially useful function if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) For contract work, the DBE is responsible for executing a distinct portion of the contract work and it is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising that work.
 - (2) For materials and supplies, the DBE is responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering, and paying for those materials and supplies.

11. Credit Evaluation for Trucking

All bidders are expected to adhere to the department's current trucking policy posted on the HCCI website at http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/trucking-utilization-policy.pdf

12. Credit Evaluation for Manufacturers, Suppliers, Brokers

The department will calculate the amount of DBE credit awarded to a prime using a DBE firm for the provisions of materials and supplies on a contract-by-contract basis. The department will count the material and supplies that a DBE provides under the contract for DBE credit based on whether the DBE is a manufacturer, supplier or broker. Generally, DBE crediting measures and evaluates the DBE owner's role, responsibility and contribution to the transaction: maximum DBE credit when the DBE manufactures materials or supplies; DBE credit decreases when the DBE solely supplies material and minimal credit is allotted when the DBE's role is administrative or transactional.

It is the bidder's responsibility to find out if the DBE is considered a supplier or a manufacturer before listing them on Commitment to Subcontract to DBE form DT1506.

a. Manufacturers

- (1) A manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
- (2) If the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer, count **100%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
- b. Regular Dealers of Material and/or Supplies
 - (1) A regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business.
 - (2) If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, count **60%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
 - (3) At a minimum, a regular dealer must meet the following criteria to be counted for DBE credit:
 - i. The DBE firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.
 - ii. The DBE firm must both own and operate distribution equipment for the product-bulk items such as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt. If some of the distribution equipment is leased, the lease agreement must accompany the DBE Commitment form for evaluation of the dealer's control before the DBE office approves the DBE credit.
- c. Brokers, Transaction Expediters, Packagers, Manufacturers Representatives
 - (1) No portion of the cost of the materials, supplies, services themselves will count for DBE credit; however, WisDOT will evaluate the fees or commissions charged when a prime purchases materials, supplies or services from a DBE certified firm which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, namely: brokers, packagers, manufacturers' representatives or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions.
 - (2) Brokerage fees have historically been calculated as 10% of the purchase amount.
 - (3) WisDOT may count the amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site.
 - (4) The evaluation will review the contract need for the item/service, review the sub-contract or invoice for the item/service, compare the fees customarily allowed for similar services to determine whether they are reasonable.

When DBE suppliers are contracted, additional documentation must accompany the DT1506 and Attachment 'A' forms. An invoice or bill-of-sale that includes the company names of the bidder and the DBE supplier and documentation of the calculations used as the basis for the purchase agreement, subcontract or invoice. WisDOT recognizes that the amount on the Attachment 'A' form may be more or less than the amount on the invoice. Please respond to the following questions and submit with your DBE Commitment Form.

- 1. What is the product or material?
- 2. Is this item in the prime's inventory or was the item purchased when contract was awarded?
- 3. Which contract line items were referenced to develop this quote?
- 4. What is the amount of material or product used on the project?

13. Credit Evaluation for DBE Primes

Wisconsin DOT calculates DBE credit based on the amount and type of work performed by DBE certified firms. If the prime contractor is a DBE certified firm, the department will only count the work that DBE prime contractor performs with its own forces for DBE credit. We will also calculate DBE credit for the work performed by any other DBE certified subcontractor, DBE certified supplier, DBE certified manufacturer on that contract in that DBE's approved work areas/NAICS code. Crediting for manufacturers and suppliers is calculated consistent with paragraph 12 of this document and 49 CFR Part 26.

14. Joint Venture

If a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the department will only count that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to that portion of the work that the DBE performs with its own forces for DBE credit.

15. Mentor Protégé

- a. If a DBE performs as a participant in a mentor protégé agreement, the department will count for credit the portion of the work performed by the DBE protégé firm.
- b. DBE credit will be evaluated and confirmed by the DBE Office for any contracts on which the mentor protégé team identifies itself to the DBE Office as a current participant of the Mentor Protégé Program.
- c. Refer to WisDOT's Mentor Protégé guidelines for guidance on the number of contracts and amount of DBE credit that can be counted on any WisDOT project.

16. DBE Replacement or Termination

Contractual Requirement

The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent from the Department's DBE Office. If the Department does not provide consent to replace or terminate a DBE firm, the prime contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

Contractor Considerations

a. A prime contractor cannot terminate and/or replace a DBE subcontractor listed on the approved Commitment to Subcontract to DBE Form [DT1506] without prior written consent from the DBE Office. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

- b. If a prime contractor feels it is necessary to replace or terminate a DBE firm that has been approved for DBE credit toward its contract, s/he will be required to provide reasons and documentation to support why the prime cannot fulfill the contractual commitment that it made to the Department regarding the DBE utilization.
- c. Prime contractor is required to make affirmative efforts to find another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the assigned DBE contract goal.
- d. In circumstances when a DBE subcontractor fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason or is terminated from a contract, the prime contractor is expected to make affirmative efforts to maintain its commitment to the assigned DBE goal.
- e. The DBE firm should communicate with the prime contractor regarding its schedule and capacity in the context of the contract. If the DBE anticipates that it cannot fulfill its subcontract, s/he shall advise the prime contractor and suggest a DBE that may replace their services or provide written consent to be released from its subcontract.
 - (1) Before the prime contractor can request to terminate or substitute a DBE firm; s/he must:
 - i. Make every effort to fulfill the DBE commitment by working with the listed DBE to ensure that they are fully knowledgeable of your expectations for successful performance on the contract. Document these efforts in writing.
 - ii. If those efforts fail, provide written notice to the DBE subcontractor of your *intent to* request to terminate and/or replace the firm including the reason(s) you want to pursue this action.
 - iii. Copy the DBE Office on all correspondence related to changing a DBE firm who has been approved for DBE credit on a contract including the preparation and coordination efforts with the DBE on the contract.
 - iv. Clearly state the amount of time the DBE firm has to remedy and/or respond to your notice of intent to replace/terminate their firm from the contract. The DBE shall be allowed five days to respond, in writing. Exception: The prime contractor must provide a verifiable reason for a response period shorter than five days. For example a WisDOT project manager must verify that waiting 5 days for a DBE performing traffic control work to respond would affect the public safety.
 - v. The DBE subcontractor must forward a written response to the prime contractor and copy the DBE Office. The written response must outline why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and list the reasons that WisDOT should not approve the request for their firm to be replaced or removed from the contract.

The Request to Replace or Terminate a DBE

The prime contractor must provide a written request to replace or terminate a DBE firm that has been approved for DBE credit on a WisDOT contract. The written request can be an email or printed document delivered by email or fax; at minimum, the request must contain the following:

- 1. Contract ID number.
- 2. Wisconsin DOT Contract Project Manager name and contact information.
- 3. DBE name and work type and/or NAICS code.
- 4. Contract's progress schedule.
- 5. Reason(s) for requesting that the DBE be replaced or terminated.
- 6. Attach/include all communication with the DBE to deploy/address/resolve work completion,

WisDOT will review your request and any supporting documentation that you submit to evaluate whether the circumstance and the reasons constitute a good cause for replacing or terminating the DBE that was approved for DBE credit on that contract.

Examples of Good Causes to Replace a DBE according to the federal DBE program guidelines {49 CFR part 26.53}

- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract.
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent
 with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or
 refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or
 discriminatory action of the prime contractor.
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements.
- The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness.
- The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law.
- You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor.
- The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal.
- The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required.
- A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

Evaluation and Response to the Request

If WisDOT determines that your reasons comply with the good cause standards; the DBE office will send the prime contractor and the WisDOT project manager an email stating that we concur with the reasons and approve the replacement or termination.

If WisDOT determines that your reasons do not comply with the good cause standards of the federal DBE program, the DBE Office will send the prime contractor an email that includes *the requirement* to utilize the committed DBE, *remedial actions* to support the completion of the contractual commitment, a list of available WisDOT support services *and administrative remedies that may be invoked* for failure to comply with federal DBE guidelines for DBE replacement.

The Wisconsin Department of transportation contact for all actions related to replacing a DBE is the DBE Program Chief and/or the DBE Program Engineer which can be reached at DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov or by calling 608-267-3849.

17. DBE Utilization beyond the approved DBE Commitment Form DT1506

If the Prime/subcontractor increases the scope of work for a participating DBE or adds a DBE subcontractor that was not on the approved Form DT1506 at any time after contract award, s/he should follow these steps so that the participation can be accurately credited toward the DBE goal.

- a. Send an email to the DBE Engineer at DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov describing the work to be performed by the new DBE including the proposed schedule or duration, DBE name and contact information. You may also call the DBE Engineer at 414-659-0487 to notify him of the change verbally. If the scope change added work for a participating DBE; list the date and reason for the scope change.
- b. Forward a complete, signed Attachment 'A' form to the DBE Office at DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov. A complete Attachment A includes DBE contact information, signature, subcontract value and proper description of the work areas to be performed by the DBE.
 - The DBE office will confirm the DBE participation and revise the DT1506 based on the email/discussion and attach the new/revised Attachment A to the Contract record/documentation.

18. Contract Modifications

When additional opportunity is available by contract modifications, the Prime Contractor shall utilize DBE Subcontractors that were committed to equal work items, in the original contract.

19. Payment

Costs for conforming to this Additional Special Provision (ASP) and any associated DBE requirements are incidental to the contract.

APPENDIX A Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 1 This sample is provided as a guide not a requirement

GFW SAMPLE MEMORANDUM

TO: DBE FIRMS

DATE:

CC:

FROM: POTENTIAL PRIME CONTRACTOR OR MAJOR SUBCONTRACTOR

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR DBE QUOTES

LET DATE & TIME MONTH DAY YEAR DBE OFFICE ENGINEER

Our company is considering bidding on the projects indicated on the next page, as a prime and/or a subcontractor for the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Month-date -year Letting. Page 2 lists the projects and work items that we may subcontract for this letting. We are interested in obtaining subcontractor quotes for these projects and work categories. Also note that we are willing to accept quotes in areas we may be planning to perform ourselves as required by federal rules.

Please review page 2, respond whether you plan to quote, highlight the projects and work items you are interested in performing and return it via fax or email within 3 days. Plans, specifications and addenda are available through WisDOT at the DBE Support Services office or at the Highway Construction Contract Information (HCCI) site at http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/

Your quote should include all of the costs required to complete the items you propose to perform including labor, equipment, material, and related bonding or insurance. The quote should note items that you are DBE certified to perform, tied items, and any special terms. Page 2, with the indicated projects and items you plan to quote, should be used as a cover sheet for your quote.

Please make every effort to have your quotes into our office by time deadline the prior to the letting date. <u>Make sure</u> the correct letting date, project ID and proposal number, unit price and extension are included in your quote. We prefer quotes be sent via SBN but prime's alternatives are acceptable. Our office hours are include hours and days. Please call our office as soon as possible prior to the letting if you need information/clarification to prepare your quote at contact number.

If you wish to discuss or evaluate your quote in more detail, contact us after the contract is awarded. Status of the contract can be checked at WisDOT's HCCI site at http://roadwaystandards.dot.wi.gov/hcci/

All questions should be directed to:

Project Manager, John Doe,

Phone: (000) 123-4567

Email: <u>Joe@joetheplumber.com</u>

Fax: (000) 123- 4657

Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 2 This sample is provided as a guide not a requirement

REQUEST FOR QUOTATION

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APPENDIX B BEST PRACTICES FOR PRIME CONTRACTOR & DBE SUBCONTRACTOR GOOD FAITH EFFORT

This list is not a set of requirements; it is a list of potential strategies

Primes

- Prime contractor open houses inviting DBE firms to see the bid "war room" or providing technical assistance.
- Participate in speed networking and mosaic exercises as arranged by DBE office.
- ➤ Host information sessions not directly associated with a bid letting.
- Participate in a formal mentor protégé or joint venture with a DBE firm.
- Participate in WisDOT advisory committees i.e. TRANSAC, or Mega Project committee meetings.
- Facilitate a small group DBE 'training session' Clarifying how your firm prepares for bid letting, evaluates subcontractors, preferred qualifications and communication methods.
- Encourage subcontractors to solicit and highlight DBE participation in their quotes to you.
- ➤ Quality of communication, not quantity creates the best results. Contractors should do as thorough a job as possible in communicating with DBE firms before the bid and provide any assistance requested to assure best possible bid.

DBE

- > DBE firms should contact primes as soon as possible with questions regarding their quotes or bid; seven days prior is optimal.
- Continually check for contract addendums on the HCCI website through the Thursday prior to letting to stay abreast of changes.
- Review the status of contracts on the HCCI website reviewing the 'apparent low bidder' list, and bid tabs at a minimum.
- Prepare a portfolio or list of related projects and prime and supplier references; be sure to note transportation-related projects of similar size and scope, firm expertise and staffing.
- Participate in DBE office assessment programs.
- Participate on advisory and mega-project committees.
- Sign up to receive the DBE Contracting Update.
- > Consider membership in relevant industry or contractor organizations.
- Active participation is a must. Quote as many projects as you can reasonably work on; quoting the primes and bidding as a prime with the department are the only ways to get work.

APPENDIX C Types of Efforts considered in determining GFE

This list represents concepts being assessed; analysis requires additional steps

- 1. Whether the contractor attended any pre-solicitation or pre-bid meetings that were scheduled by WisDOT to inform DBEs of contracting and subcontracting opportunities.
- 2. Whether the contractor provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBEs that their interest in the contract was being solicited, in sufficient time to allow the DBEs to participate effectively.
- 3. Whether the contractor followed up initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine if the DBEs were interested; returned the phone calls of interested DBE firms.
- 4. Whether the contractor selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the DBE goal.
- 5. Whether the contractor provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications and requirements of the contract.
- 6. Whether the contractor negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs, not rejected DBEs as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities.
- 7. Whether the contractor made efforts to assist interested DBEs in being more competitive.
- 8. Whether the contractor effectively used the services of available minority community organizations: minority contractors groups, local, state, and Federal minority business assistance offices, and other organizations that provide assistance to small businesses and DBE firms.
- 9. Whether Prime used CRCS to identify DBE who specialize in relevant work areas.
- 10. Whether the contractor used available resources including contacting the DBE office, using WisDOT's website
- 11. Whether the contractor returned calls of firms expressing interest in a timely manner.

APPENDIX D

Good Faith Effort Evaluation Guidance Excerpt from Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26

APPENDIX A TO PART 26 -- GUIDANCE CONCERNING GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

- I. When, as a recipient, you establish a contract goal on a DOT assisted contract, a bidder must, in order to be responsible and/or responsive, make good faith efforts to meet the goal. The bidder can meet this requirement in either of two ways. First, the bidder can meet the goal, documenting commitments for participation by DBE firms sufficient for this purpose. Second, even if it doesn't meet the goal, the bidder can document adequate good faith efforts. This means that the bidder must show that it took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not fully successful.
- II. In any situation in which you have established a contract goal, part 26 requires you to use the good faith efforts mechanism of this part. As a recipient, it is up to you to make a fair and reasonable judgment whether a bidder that did not meet the goal made adequate good faith efforts. It is important for you to consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. The efforts employed by the bidder should be those that one could reasonably expect a bidder to take if the bidder were actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the DBE contract goal. Mere pro forma efforts are not good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract requirements. We emphasize, however, that your determination concerning the sufficiency of the firm's good faith efforts is a judgment call: meeting quantitative formulas is not required.
- III. The Department also strongly cautions you against requiring that a bidder meet a contract goal (i.e., obtain a specified amount of DBE participation) in order to be awarded a contract, even though the bidder makes an adequate good faith efforts showing. This rule specifically prohibits you from ignoring bona fide good faith efforts.
- IV. The following is a list of types of actions which you should consider as part of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.
 - A. Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - B. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - C. Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
 - D. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
 - A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a

contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

- E. Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project goal.
- F. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.
- G. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- H. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- V. In determining whether a bidder has made good faith efforts, you may take into account the performance of other bidders in meeting the contract. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the contract goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts, the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, you may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made good faith efforts.

Appendix E Small Business Network [SBN] Overview

The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express* service that was created to ensure that prime bidders have a centralized online location to find subs - including small and disadvantaged business enterprises (DBEs). It is available for prime bidders to use as part of their Basic Service subscription.

Within the Small Business Network, Prime Contractors can:

1. Easily select proposals, work types and items:

a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. Enter the sub-quote quantities and add comments, if desired. Adding or removing items and work types can be done quickly. If needed, you can save the sub-quote for completion at a later time.

2. Create sub-quotes for the subcontracting community:

- a. Create sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In seven short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed to all subcontractors that bid on the applicable work types. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.
- b. Create a sub-quote to send to subcontractors or suppliers that lists the items in a proposal that you want quoted
- c. Create an unlimited number of sub-quotes for items you want quoted, and optionally mark them as a DBE-preferred request.
- d. Add attachments to sub-quotes.

3. View sub-quote requests & responses:

- a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all of your sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quote requests from subcontractors. To simplify the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be hidden with one click if they are not applicable.
- View or receive unsolicited sub-quotes that subcontractors have posted, complete with terms, conditions and pricing.

4. View Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort:

- a. For each sub-quote produced, a *Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort* is generated that shows the response statistics for a particular sub-quote. If accepted by the letting agency, this report may serve as proof of a "Good Faith" effort in reaching out to the DBE community.
- b. Easily locate pre-qualified and certified small and disadvantaged businesses.
- c. Advertise to small and disadvantaged businesses more efficiently and cost effectively.
- d. Document your interactions with subs/DBEs by producing an Outreach Report (may be accepted as proof of DBE outreach at the discretion of each agency).

The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express® service that was created to ensure that small businesses have a centralized area to access information about upcoming projects. It can help small businesses learn more about opportunities, compete more effectively, network with other contractors and subcontractors, and win more jobs.

1. View and reply to sub-quote requests from primes:

a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all incoming sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quotes created by your company. Receive notifications by selected work type. To simplify on the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be filtered by work types relevant to your interests, or hidden with one click if they are not applicable.

2. Select items when responding to sub-quote requests from primes:

- a. You have the freedom to choose and price any number of items when responding to a sub-quote request. Quantities can be modified, and per-item comments are also available.
- b. View requests for sub-quotes for work that primes have posted for projects they are bidding, add your pricing, terms, and conditions, and submit completed sub-quotes to the requesting primes.
- c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.

3. Create and send unsolicited sub-quotes to specific contractors:

a. Create unsolicited sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In eight short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed at any number of specific vendors of your choosing. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.

4. Easily select and price items for unsolicited sub-quotes:

- a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. The extended price calculates automatically, cutting out costly calculation errors. Comments can be provided on a per-item basis as well.
- b. Create an unsolicited sub-quote that lists the items from a proposal that you want to quote, include pricing, terms and conditions, and send it to selected prime/plan holder.
- c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.
- d. Add unsolicited work items to sub-quotes that you are responding to.

5. Easy Access to Valuable Information

- a. Receive a confirmation that your sub-quote was opened by a prime.
- b. View Bid Tab Analysis data from past bids, including the high, average and low prices of items.
- c. View important notices and publications from DOT targeted to small and disadvantaged businesses.

6. Accessing Small Business Network for WisDOT contracting opportunities

- a. If you are a contractor not yet subscribing to the Bid Express service, go to **www.bidx.com** and select "Order Bid Express." The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express Basic Service.
- b. DBE firms can request a Bid Express Small Business Network Account at no cost by calling 414-438-4588.

November 2013 ASP-4

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor may also withhold routine retainage from payments due subcontractors.

Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

Release of Routine Retainage

After granting substantial completion the department may reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to 75 percent of the original total amount retained.

When the Department sends the semi-final estimate the department may reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to 10 percent of the original total amount retained.

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work and that no routine retainage is being withheld. The department will pay the prime contractor in full and reduce the routine retainage withheld from the prime contractor to zero when the department approves the final estimate.

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISIONS 5

Fuel Cost Adjustment

A Description

Fuel Cost Adjustments will be applied to partial and final payments for work items categorized in Section B as a payment to the contractor or a credit to the department. ASP-5 shall not apply to any force account work.

B Categories of Work Items

The following items and Fuel Usage Factors shall be used to determine Fuel Cost Adjustments:

(1) Earthwork.		Unit	Gal. Fuel Per Unit
205.0100	Excavation Common	CY	0.23
205.0200	Excavation Rock	CY	0.39
205.0400	Excavation Marsh	CY	0.29
208.0100	Borrow	CY	0.23
208.1100	Select Borrow	CY	0.23
209.1100	Backfill Granular Grade 1	CY	0.23
209.1500	Backfill Granular Grade 1	Ton	0.115
209.2100	Backfill Granular Grade 2	CY	0.23
209.2500	Backfill Granular Grade 2	Ton	0.115
350.0102	Subbase	CY	0.28
350.0104	Subbase	Ton	0.14
350.0115	Subbase 6-Inch	SY	0.05
350.0120	Subbase 7-Inch	SY	0.05
350.0125	Subbase 8-Inch	SY	0.06
350.0130	Subbase 9-Inch	SY	0.07
350.0135	Subbase 10-Inch	SY	0.08
350.0140	Subbase 11-Inch	SY	0.09
350.0145	Subbase 12-Inch	SY	0.09

C Fuel Index

A Current Fuel Index (CFI) in dollars per gallon will be established by the Department of Transportation for each month. The CFI will be the price of No. 2 fuel oil, as reported in U.S. Oil Week, using the first issue dated that month. The CFI will be the average of prices quoted for Green Bay, Madison, Milwaukee and Minneapolis.

The base Fuel Index (BFI) for this contract is \$1.50 per gallon.

D Computing the Fuel Cost Adjustment

The engineer will compute the ratio CFI/BFI each month. If the ratio falls between 0.85 and 1.15, inclusive, no fuel adjustment will be made for that month. If the ratio is less than 0.85 a credit to the department will be computed. If the ratio is greater than 1.15 additional payment to the contractor will be computed. Credit or additional payment will be computed as follows:

- (1) The engineer will estimate the quantity of work done in that month under each of the contract items categorized in Section B.
- (2) The engineer will compute the gallons of fuel used in that month for each of the contract items categorized in Section B by applying the unit fuel usage factors shown in Section B.
- (3) The engineer will summarize the total gallons (Q) of fuel used in that month for the items categorized in Section B.
- (4) The engineer will determine the Fuel Cost Adjustment credit or payment from the following formula:

 $FA = \left(\frac{CFI}{BFI} - 1\right) x Q x BFI$

(plus is payment to contractor; minus is credit to the department)

Where FA = Fuel Cost Adjustment (plus or minus)

CFI = Current Fuel Index BFI = Base Fuel Index

Q = Monthly total gallons of fuel

E Payment

A Fuel Cost Adjustment credit to the department will be deducted as a dollar amount each month from any sums due to the contractor. A Fuel Cost Adjustment payment to the contractor will be made as a dollar amount each month.

Upon completion of the work under the contract, any difference between the estimated quantities and the final quantities will be determined. An average CFI, calculated by averaging the CFI for all months that fuel cost adjustment was applied, will be applied to the quantity differences. The average CFI shall be applied in accordance with the procedure set forth in Section D.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 6 ASP 6 - Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications:

440.3.5.2 Corrective Actions for Localized Roughness

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the September 2016 letting:

(2) The engineer will not direct corrective action or assess a pay reduction for an area of localized roughness without physically riding that work. The engineer will not direct corrective action on bridges without authorization from the department's bureau of structures.

450.3.1.1.4 Recording Truck Loads

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) If not using automatic batch recording, install a digital recorder as part of the platform truck or storage silo scales. Ensure that the recorder can produce a printed digital record of at least the gross or net weights of delivery trucks. Provide gross, tare, net weights, load count, and the cumulative tonnage; the date, time, ticket number, WisDOT project ID, and mix 250 number; and the mix type including the traffic, binder, and mix designation codes specified in 460.3.1. Ensure that scales cannot be manually manipulated during the printing process. Provide an interlock to prevent printing until the scales come to rest. Size the scales and recorder to accurately weigh the heaviest loaded trucks or tractor-trailers hauling asphaltic mixture. Ensure that recorded weights are accurate to within 0.1 percent of the nominal capacity of the scale.
- (2) Ensure that tickets identify additives not included in the mix design submittal. Indicate on the ticket if the mixture will be placed under a cold weather paving plan and identify the warm mix additive and dosage rate required under 450.3.2.1.2.2.

455.3.2.1 General

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Apply tack coat only when the air temperature is 32 F or more unless the engineer approves otherwise in writing. Before applying tack coat ensure that the surface is reasonably free of loose dirt, dust, or other foreign matter. Do not apply to surfaces with standing water. Do not apply if weather or surface conditions are unfavorable or before impending rains.

460.2.1 General

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) Furnish a homogeneous mixture of coarse aggregate, fine aggregate, mineral filler if required, SMA stabilizer if required, recycled material if used, warm mix asphalt additive or process if used, and asphaltic material. Design mixtures conforming to table 460-1 and table 460-2 to 4.0% air voids to establish the aggregate structure.
- (2) Determine the target JMF asphalt binder content for production from the mix design data corresponding to 3.0% air voids (97% Gmm) target at the design the number of gyrations (Ndes). Add liquid asphalt to achieve the required air voids at Ndes.
- (3) For SMA, determine the target JMF asphalt binder content for production from the mix design data corresponding to 4.0% air voids (96% Gmm) target at Ndes.

460.2.8.2.1.5 Control Limits

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Conform to the following control limits for the JMF and warning limits based on a running average of the last 4 data points:

ITEM	JMF LIMITS	WARNING LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:		
37.5-mm	+/- 6.0	+/- 4.5
25.0-mm	+/- 6.0	+/- 4.5
19.0-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
12.5-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
9.5-mm	+/- 5.5	+/- 4.0
2.36-mm	+/- 5.0	+/- 4.0
75-µm	+/- 2.0	+/- 1.5
Asphaltic content in percent	- 0.3	- 0.2
Air voids in percent ^[1]	+1.3/-1.0	+1.0/-0.7
VMA in percent ^[2]	- 0.5	- 0.2

^[1] For SMA, JMF limits are +/-1.3 and warning limits are +/-1.0.

460.2.8.2.1.6 Job Mix Formula Adjustment

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) The contractor may request adjustment of the JMF according to CMM 8-36.6.13.1. Have an HMA technician certified at a level appropriate for process control and troubleshooting or mix design submit a written JMF adjustment request. Ensure that the resulting JMF is within specified master gradation bands. The department will have a certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Mix Design, Report Submittals technician review the proposed adjustment and, if acceptable, issue a revised JMF.

460.2.8.3.1.6 Acceptable Verification Parameters

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) The engineer will provide test results to the contractor within 2 mixture-production days after obtaining the sample. The quality of the product is acceptably verified if it meets the following limits:
 - Va is within a range of 2.0 to 4.3 percent. For SMA, Va is within a range of 2.7 to 5.3 percent.
 - VMA is within minus 0.5 of the minimum requirement for the mix design nominal maximum aggregate size.

^[2] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

460.3.3.1 Minimum Required Density

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) Compact all layers of HMA mixture to the density table 460-3 shows for the applicable mixture, location, and layer.

TABLE 460-3 MINIMUM REQUIRED DENSITY[1]

		PERCENT OF TARGET MAXIMUM DENSITY			
LOCATION	LAYER	MIXTURE TYPE			
		LT and MT	HT	SMA ^[5]	
TRAFFIC LANES ^[2]	LOWER	93.0 ^[3]	93.0 ^[4]		
	UPPER	93.0	93.0		
SIDE ROADS,	LOWER	93.0 ^{3]}	93.0 ^[4]		
CROSSOVERS, TURN LANES, & RAMPS	UPPER	93.0	93.0		
SHOULDERS & APPURTENANCES	LOWER	91.0	91.0		
	UPPER	92.0	92.0		

^[1] The table values are for average lot density. If any individual density test result falls more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density, the engineer may investigate the acceptability of that material.

460.5.2.1 General

Replace paragraph six with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(6) If during a QV dispute resolution investigation the department discovers mixture with 1.5 > Va > 5.0 or VMA more than 1.0 below the minimum allowed in table 460-1, and the engineer allows that mixture to remain in place, the department will pay for the quantity of affected material at 50 percent of the contract price.

460.5.2.3 Incentive for HMA Pavement Density

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

(1) If the lot density is greater than the minimum specified in table 460-3 and all individual air voids test results for that mixture placed during the same day are within 2.5 - 4.0 percent, the department will adjust pay for that lot as follows:

INCENTIVE PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY[1]

PERCENT LOT DENSITY ABOVE SPECIFIED MINIMUM
From -0.4 to 1.0 inclusive
From 1.1 to 1.8 inclusive
More than 1.8

\$0.40
\$0.80

^[2] Includes parking lanes as determined by the engineer.

^[3] Minimum reduced by 2.0 percent for a lower layer constructed directly on crushed aggregate or recycled base courses.

^[4] Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a lower layer constructed directly on crushed aggregate or recycled base courses.

^[5] The minimum required densities for SMA mixtures are determined according to CMM 8-15.

^[1] SMA pavements are not eligible for density incentive.

^[2] The department will prorate the pay adjustment for a partial lot.

501.2.6 Fly Ash

Replace the entire subsection with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

501.2.6.1 General

- (1) Fly ash is defined as a finely divided residue resulting from the combustion of coal in a base loaded electric generating plant, transported from the boiler by flue gases, and later collected, generally by precipitators. Use fly ash in concrete manufactured by facilities and processes known to provide satisfactory material.
- (2) Test fly ash using a recognized laboratory, as defined in 501.2.2(1), starting at least 30 days before its proposed use, and continuing at ASTM-required frequencies as the work progresses. The manufacturer shall test the chemical and physical properties listed in tables 1 and 2 of ASTM C618 at the frequencies and by the test methods prescribed in ASTM C311.
- (3) Use only one source of fly ash for a bid item of work under the contract, unless the engineer directs or allows otherwise in writing.
- (4) Prequalify any proposed fly ash source as follows: The contractor shall obtain a copy of the certified report of tests or analysis made by a qualified independent laboratory, recognized by the department under 501.2.2, showing full and complete compliance with the above specification from the fly ash manufacturer and furnish it to the engineer. Provide this report to the engineer at least 14 calendar days before using the fly ash.
- (5) The manufacturer shall retain test records for at least 5 years after completing the work, and provide these records upon request.

501.2.6.2 Class C Ash

(1) Conform to ASTM C618 class C except limit the loss on ignition to a maximum of 2 percent.

501.2.6.3 Class F Ash

(2) Furnish a class F fly ash from a source listed on the department's approved product list, and conform to ASTM C618 class F except limit the loss on ignition to a maximum of 2 percent.

502.3.7.8 Floors

Replace paragraph sixteen with the following effective with the September 2016 letting:

(16) The finished bridge floor shall conform to the surface test specified in 415.3.10. The engineer will not direct corrective grinding without authorization from the department's bureau of structures.

503.3.2.1.1 Tolerances

<u>Increase the "length of beam" max tolerance for prestressed concrete I-type girders from 3/4" to 1 1/2"</u> effective with the December 2016 letting:

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-TYPE GIRDERS

517.3.1.7.3 Epoxy System Intermediate and Protective Coats

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the December 2016 letting:

- (1) Mask the faying surfaces of bolted field splices and the top of the top flanges where welding the stud shear connectors during coat application. On all other areas including the outside surfaces of splice plates, ensure that the dry film thickness conforms to the following:
 - 1. For the white intermediate coat, 3.5 mils to 8 mils.
 - 2. For the protective coat, sufficient thickness to provide a uniform color and appearance but not less than 3 mil or more than 6 mils.

Errata

Make the following corrections to the standard specifications:

Throughout the contract:

Update all references to the construction rental rate "Blue Book" to reference "EquipmentWatch" rates.

105.13.4 Content of Claim

- (1) Include the following 5 items in the claim.
 - 1. A concise description of the claim.
 - 2. A clear contractual basis for the claim. This should include reference to 104.2 on revisions to the contract and as appropriate, specific reference to contract language regarding the bid items in question.
 - 3. Other facts the contractor relies on to support the claim.
 - 4. A concise statement of the circumstances surrounding the claim and reasons why the department should pay the claim. Explain how the claimed work is a change to the contract work.
 - 5. A complete breakdown of the costs used to compile the claim. Include copies of all EquipmentWatch equipment rental rate sheets used, with the applicable number highlighted.

109.4.5.5.1 General

(2) The department will pay for use of contractor-owned equipment the engineer approves for force account work at published rates. The department will pay the contractor expense rates, as modified in 109.4.5.5, given in EquipmentWatch Cost Recovery (formerly Rental Rate Blue Book). Base all rates on revisions effective on January 1 for all equipment used in that calendar year.

http://equipmentwatch.com/estimator/

109.4.5.5.2 Hourly Equipment Expense Rates (Without Operators)

(1) The contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, hourly equipment expense rates as follows:

 $HEER = [RAF \times ARA \times (R/176)] + HOC$

Where:

HEER = Hourly equipment expense rate.

RAF = EquipmentWatch regional adjustment factor.

ARA = EquipmentWatch age rate adjustment factor.

R = Current EquipmentWatch monthly rate.

HOC = EquipmentWatch estimated hourly operating cost.

(2) The EquipmentWatch hourly operating cost represents all costs of equipment operation, including fuel and oil, lubrication, field repairs, tires, expendable parts, and supplies.

109.4.5.5.3 Hourly Equipment Stand-By Rate

(1) For equipment that is in operational condition and is standing-by with the engineer's approval, the contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, the hourly stand-by rate as follows:

 $HSBR = RAF \times ARA \times (R/176) \times (1/2)$

Where:

HSBR = Hourly stand-by rate.

RAF = EquipmentWatch regional adjustment factor.

ARA = EquipmentWatch age rate adjustment factor.

R = Current EquipmentWatch monthly rate.

(2) The department will limit payment for stand-by to 10 hours or less per day up to 40 hours per week. The department will not pay the contractor for equipment that is inoperable due to breakdown. The department will not pay for idle equipment if the contractor suspends work or if the contractor is maintaining or repairing the equipment.

109.4.5.5.4 Hourly Outside-Rented Equipment Rate

(1) If the contractor rents or leases equipment from a third party for force account work, the contractor shall determine, and the department will confirm, the hourly outside-rented equipment rate as follows:

HORER = HRI + HOC

Where:

HORER = Hourly outside-rented equipment rate

HRI = Hourly rental invoice costs prorated for the actual number of hours

that rented equipment is operated solely on force account work

HOC = EquipmentWatch hourly operating cost.

109.2 Scope of Payment

Correct errata to clarify that work under the contract is included in payment unless specifically excluded.

- (2) The department will pay for the quantity of work acceptably completed and measured for payment as the measurement subsection for each bid item specifies. Within the contract provide means to furnish and install the work complete and in-place. Payment is full compensation for everything required to perform the work under the contract including, but not limited to, the work elements listed in the payment subsection. Payment also includes all of the following not specifically excluded in that payment subsection:
 - 1. Furnishing and installing all materials as well as furnishing the labor, tools, supplies, equipment, and incidentals necessary to perform the work.
 - 2. All losses or damages, except as specified in 107.14, arising from one or more of the following:
 - The nature of the work.
 - The action of the elements.
 - Unforeseen difficulties encountered during prosecution of the work.
 - 3. All insurance costs, expenses, and risks connected with the prosecution of the work.
 - 4. All expenses incurred because of an engineer-ordered suspension, except as specified in 104.2.2.3.
 - 5. All infringements of patents, trademarks, or copyrights.
 - 6. All other expenses incurred to complete and protect the work under the contract.

204.3.2.2.1 General

Correct errata by removing the reference to 490 which was deleted effective with the 2017 spec.

(1) Under the Removing Pavement bid item, remove concrete pavements, concrete alleys, concrete driveways, or rigid base including all surfaces or other pavements superimposed on them.

657.2.2.1.1 General

Correct errata by eliminating the reference to department provided arms in the last sentence.

(1) Furnish shop drawings as specified in 506.3.2, except submit 5 copies with the materials list. Ensure the drawings contain sufficient detail to allow satisfactory review and show the outside diameters of the pole at the butt, top, and splice locations the plans show. Show the width, depth, length, and thickness of all material, and list pertinent ASTM specification designations and metal alloy designations together with the tensile strength of metallic members. Provide tightening procedures for arm-to-pole connections on the shop drawings.

657.2.2.1.4 Poles Designed Under Legacy Standards

Correct errata by deleting the entire subsection to eliminate redundant language.

657.2.2.2 Trombone Arms

Correct errata by changing the reference from 657.2.2.1.3 to 657.2.2.1.2.

(1) Design aluminum trombone arms as specified in 657.2.2.1.2 based on the completed maximum loading configuration the plans show. Furnish shop drawings conforming to 657.2.2.1.1 that show the width, depth, length, and thickness of all members. Also list the ASTM alloy designation and strength of each aluminum member on the shop drawings.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7

- A. Reporting 1st Tier and DBE Payments During Construction
 - 1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
 - 2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
 - 3. Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
 - 4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
 - 5. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
 - 6. All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships and all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project.
- B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9 Electronic Certified Payroll Submittal

(1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) to submit certified payrolls electronically. Details are available online through the department's highway construction contractor information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx

- (2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, as well as all trucking firms, submit their weekly certified payrolls electronically through CRCS. These payrolls are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.
- (3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS training as they are about to begin payrolls. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices or by telephone. Contact Paul Ndon at (414) 438-4584 to schedule the training.
- (4) The department will reject all paper submittals of forms DT-1816 and DT-1929 for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.
- (5) Firms wishing to export payroll data from their computer system into CRCS should have their payroll coordinator contact Paul Ndon. Not every contractor's payroll system is capable of producing export files. For details, see pages 17-22 of the CRCS System Background Information manual available online on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under

this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are

applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar

with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor

will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions

of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or

will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-

Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..
- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is

evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

- This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.
- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
 "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
 and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
 in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered
 Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a
 grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such
 as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered
 Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First
 Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier
 Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a
 covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal
 funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier
 Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a
 covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower
 Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
 "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
 and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
 in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to
 which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a
 copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions"
 refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or
 subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the
 prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions"
 refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered
 Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant"
 refers to the participant who has entered into a covered
 transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds
 (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier
 Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a
 covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower
 Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the

department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * :

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

Non-discrimination Provisions

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- 1. Compliance with Regulations: The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- **2. Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- **3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- **4. Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- **5. Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);

- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

SEPTEMBER 2002

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Employment Practices" and "Equal Opportunity Clause" set forth in the Required Contract Provisions, FHWA 1273.
- 2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation expressed in percentage terms for the contractor's aggregate work force in each trade, on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for Minority Participation for Each Trade:

County	<u>%</u>	_County_	_%_	_County_	<u>%</u>
Adams	1.7	Iowa	1.7	Polk	2.2
Ashland	1.2	Iron	1.2	Portage	0.6
Barron	0.6	Jackson	0.6	Price	0.6
Bayfield	1.2	Jefferson	7.0	Racine	8.4
Brown	1.3	Juneau	0.6	Richland	1.7
Buffalo	0.6	Kenosha	3.0	Rock	3.1
Burnett	2.2	Kewaunee	1.0	Rusk	0.6
Calumet	0.9	La Crosse	0.9	St. Croix	2.9
Chippewa	0.5	Lafayette	0.5	Sauk	1.7
Clark	0.6	Langlade	0.6	Sawyer	0.6
Columbia	1.7	Lincoln	0.6	Shawano	1.0
Crawford	0.5	Manitowoc	1.0	Sheboygan	7.0
Dane	2.2	Marathon	0.6	Taylor	0.6
Dodge	7.0	Marinette	1.0	Trempealeau	0.6
Door	1.0	Marquette	1.7	Vernon	0.6
Douglas	1.0	Menominee	1.0	Vilas	0.6
Dunn	0.6	Milwaukee	8.0	Walworth	7.0
Eau Claire	0.5	Monroe	0.6	Washburn	0.6
Florence	1.0	Oconto	1.0	Washington	8.0
Fond du Lac	1.0	Oneida	0.6	Waukesha	8.0
Forest	1.0	Outagamie	0.9	Waupaca	1.0
Grant	0.5	Ozaukee	8.0	Waushara	1.0
Green	1.7	Pepin	0.6	Winnebago	0.9
Green Lake	1.0	Pierce	2.2	Wood	0.6

Goals for female participation for each trade: 6.9%

These goals are applicable to all the contractor's construction work, (whether or not it is federal or federally assisted), performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in the geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from contractor to contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within ten (10) working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000.00 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

As referred to in this section, the Director means:

Director Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs Ruess Federal Plaza 310 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 1115 Milwaukee, WI 53202

The "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

4. As used in this notice, and in the contract resulting from solicitation, the "covered area" is the county(ies) in Wisconsin to which this proposal applies.

APRIL 2013

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL-AID PROVISIONS

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidding collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

Effective August 2015 letting

BUY AMERICA PROVISION

All steel and iron materials permanently incorporated in this project shall be domestic products and all manufacturing and coating processes for these materials from smelting forward in the manufacturing process must have occurred within the United States. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of a material subject to the requirements of Buy America. The exemption of this requirement is the minimal use of foreign materials if the total cost of such material permanently incorporated in the product does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (1/10 of 1%) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. For purposes of this paragraph, the cost is that shown to be the value of the subject products as they are delivered to the project. The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 2-28.5 to ensure compliance with this "Buy America" provision.

http://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf

Upon completion of the project certify to the engineer, in writing using department form WS4567, that all steel, iron, and coating processes for steel or iron incorporated into the contract work conform to these "Buy America" provisions. Attach a list of exemptions and their associated costs to the certification form. Department form WS4567 is available at:

http://wisconsindot.gov/hcciDocs/contracting-info/ws4567.doc

1 of 1

Cargo Preference Act Requirement

All Federal-aid projects shall comply with 46 CFR 381.7 (a) – (b) as follows:

- (a) Agreement Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels:"
- (1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.
- (2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590."
- (b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—"
- (1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

Effective with February 2017 Letting

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

- I. Prevailing Wage Rates, Hours of Labor, and Payment of Wages
- II. Payroll Requirements
- **III.** Postings at the Site of the Work
- IV. Wage Rate Distribution
- V. Additional Classifications

I. PREVAILING WAGE RATES, HOURS OF LABOR AND PAYMENT OF WAGES

The U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates) attached hereto and made a part hereof furnishes the prevailing wage rates pursuant to Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes. These wage rates are the minimum required to be paid to the laborers, workers, mechanics and truck drivers employed by contractors and subcontractors on the construction work embraced by the contract and subject to prevailing hours and wages under Section 84.062, Stats. Apprentices shall be paid at rates not less than those prescribed in their apprenticeship contract.

While the wage rates shown are the minimum rates required by the contract to be paid during its life, this is not a representation that labor can be obtained at these rates. It is the responsibility of bidders to inform themselves as to the local labor conditions and prospective changes or adjustments of wage rates. No increase in the contract price shall be allowed or authorized on account of the payment of wage rates in excess of those listed herein

Pursuant to Section 16.856 of the Wisconsin Statutes, the prevailing hours of labor have been determined to be up to 10 hours per day and 40 hours per calendar week Monday through Friday. If any laborer, worker, mechanic or truck driver is permitted or required to work more than the prevailing number of hours per day or per calendar week on this contract, they shall be paid for all hours in excess of the prevailing hours at a rate of at least one and one-half (1 1/2) times their hourly base rate of pay. All work on Saturday, Sunday and the following holidays is to be paid at time and a half:

January 1
Last Monday in May
July 4
First Monday in September
Fourth Thursday in November
December 25
The day before if January 1. July

The day before if January 1, July 4 or December 25 falls on a Saturday, and

The day following if January 1, July 4 or December 25 falls on a Sunday.

All laborers, workers, mechanics and truck drivers shall be paid unconditionally not less often than once a week. Persons who own and operate their own trucks must receive the prevailing truck driver rate for the applicable type of truck (i.e. 2 axle, 3 or more axle, articulated, euclid or dumptor) he or she operates, plus an agreed upon amount for the use of his or her truck. Every owner-operator MUST be paid separately for their driving and for the use of their truck.

II. PAYROLL REQUIREMENTS

All contractors and subcontractors must submit weekly Certified Payrolls and Compliance Statement verifying that all laborers, workers, mechanics and truckdrivers working on the project have been paid the prevailing wage rates for all workperformed under the contract required by Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

III. POSTINGS AT THE SITE OF THE WORK

In addition to the required postings furnished by the Department, the contractor shall post the following in at least one conspicuous and accessible place at the site of work:

- a. "NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES," which provides information required to be posted by the provisions of Section 84.062 of the Wisconsin Statutes.
- b. A copy of the U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon, Minimum Wage Rates).
- c. A copy of the contractor's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy.

All required documents shall be posted by the first day of work and be accurate and complete. Postings must be readable, in an area where they will be noticed, and maintained until the last day of work.

IV. WAGE RATE REDISTRIBUTION

A contractor or subcontractor performing work subject to a Davis-Bacon wage determination may discharge its minimum wage obligations for the payment of both straight time wages and fringe benefits by (1) paying both in cash, (2) making payments or incurring costs for bona fide fringe benefits, or (3) by a combination thereof. Thus, under the Davis-Bacon a contractor may offset an amount of monetary wages paid in excess of the minimum wage required under the determination to satisfy its fringe benefit obligations. *See* 40 USC 3142(d) and 29 CFR 5.31.

V. ADDITIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)). The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.

The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- a. The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- b. The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- c. The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

General Decision Number: WI170010 02/24/2017 WI10

Superseded General Decision Number: WI20160010

State: Wisconsin

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Wisconsin Statewide.

HIGHWAY, AIRPORT RUNWAY & TAXIWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include bridges over navigable waters; tunnels; buildings in highway rest areas; and railroad construction)

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.20 for calendar year 2017 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.20 (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in calendar year 2017. The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Numbe	r Publication Date
0	01/06/2017
1	02/03/2017
2	02/10/2017
3	02/24/2017

BRWI0001-002 06/01/2016

CRAWFORD, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	.\$ 31.84	20.95
BRWI0002-002 06/01/2016		

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, AND IRON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
BRICKLAYER	\$ 37.04	19.70	
BRWI0002-005 06/01/2016			

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BROWN, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

Fringes
20.51
OCONTO COUNTIES
Fringes
20.57

Rates Fringes

KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

BRICKLAYER	\$ 36.59	21.49
BRWI0006-002 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, CLARK, FOREST, LANGLADE ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, TAYLOR		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 33.04	19.75
BRWI0007-002 06/01/2016		
GREEN, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COU	NTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 33.53	20.95
BRWI0008-002 06/01/2016		
MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON	, AND WAUKESHA	COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER BRWI0011-002 06/01/2016	\$ 36.98	20.62
CALUMET, FOND DU LAC, MANITOWO	C, AND SHEBOYG	AN COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 32.22	20.57
BRWI0019-002 06/01/2016		
BARRON, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIP PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST. CROIX,		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 31.98	20.81
BRWI0034-002 06/01/2015		
COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER		17.22
* CARP0087-001 05/01/2016		
BURNETT (W. of Hwy 48), PIERCE 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W	(W. of Hwy 29 . of Hwy 65) C), POLK (W. of Hwys OUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter & Piledrivermen	\$ 36.85	18.39
CARP0252-002 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, BARRON, BAYFIELD (Eas BURNETT (E. of Hwy 48), CALUME' CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, D' area bordering Michigan State GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, L. MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONE of Hwys 29 & 65), POLK (E. of PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, S. ST CROIX (E. of Hwy 65), TAYLO	T, CHIPPEWA, C UNN, EAU CLAIR Line), FOND DU , IRON, JACKSO AFAYETTE, LANG (except N.E. IDA, OUTAGAMIE Hwys 35, 48 &	LARK, COLUMBIA, E, FLORENCE (except LAC, FOREST, N, JEFFERSON, LADE, LINCOLN, corner), MARQUETTE, , PEPIN, PIERCE (E. 65), PORTAGE,

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER CARPENTER. MILLWRIGHT. PILEDRIVER.	\$ 35.08	18.00 18.35 18.00
CARP0252-010 06/01/2016		
ASHLAND COUNTY		
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenters CarpenterMillwrightPile Driver	\$ 35.08	18.00 18.35 18.00
CARP0264-003 06/01/2008		
KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACI COUNTIES	NE, WAUKESHA, A	ND WASHINGTON
	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	\$ 30.52	14.41
BAYFIELD (West of Hwy 63) AND DOU	JGLAS COUNTIES	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	\$ 34.57	18.16
CARP2337-001 06/01/2008		
ZONE A: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WAUKE	SHA AND WASHING	TON
ZONE B: KENOSHA & RACINE		
	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIVERMAN	Races	riiiges
Zone B		19.46 19.46
ELEC0014-002 05/30/2016		
ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BUFFAI (except Maryville, Colby, Unity, Sherwood), CRAWFORD, DUNN, EAU CI CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, PC CROIX, SAWYER, TAYLOR, TREMPEALER COUNTIES	Sherman, Fremon AIRE, GRANT, IR DLK, PRICE, RICH	t, Lynn & ON, JACKSON, LA LAND, RUSK, ST
	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	\$ 32.00	19.28
ELEC0014-007 05/30/2016		
REMAINING COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
Teledata System Installer Installer/Technician	\$ 24.35	13.15
Low voltage construction, instaremoval of teledata facilities including outside plant, telephinterconnect, terminal equipmentiber optic cable and equipment bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), and ISDN (integrated	(voice, data, a none and data in nt, central offi c, micro waves, etworks), LAN (1	nd video) side wire, ces, PABX, V-SAT, ocal area

ELEC0127-002 06/01/2016

KENOSHA COUNTY

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 37.71 30%+10.02

ELEC0158-002 05/30/2016

BROWN, DOOR, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC (except Schleswig), MARINETTE(Wausuakee and area South thereof), OCONTO, MENOMINEE (East of a ine 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), SHAWANO (Except Area North of Townships of Aniwa and Hutchins) COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 30.50 29.50% + 9.57

ELEC0159-003 05/30/2016

COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE (Area West of Hwy 26, except Chester and Emmet Townships), GREEN, LAKE (except Townships of Berlin, Seneca, and St. Marie), IOWA, MARQUETTE (except Townships of Neshkoka, Crystal Lake, Newton, and Springfield), and SAUK COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 36.50 20.39

ELEC0219-004 06/01/2015

FLORENCE COUNTY (Townships of Aurora, Commonwealth, Fern, Florence and Homestead) AND MARINETTE COUNTY (Township of Niagara)

Rates Fringes

Electricians:
 Electrical contracts over \$180,000......\$ 31.16 18.34 Electrical contracts under \$180,000......\$ 28.96 18.26

ELEC0242-005 05/29/2016

DOUGLAS COUNTY

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$34.92 25.05

ELEC0388-002 06/01/2013

ADAMS, CLARK (Colby, Freemont, Lynn, Mayville, Sherman, Sherwood, Unity), FOREST, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE (Beecher, Dunbar, Goodman & Pembine), MENOMINEE (Area West of a line 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), ONEIDA, PORTAGE, SHAWANO (Aniwa and Hutchins), VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

Electricians:.....\$ 28.96 24.85% + 9.70

ELEC0430-002 06/01/2016

RACINE COUNTY (Except Burlington Township)

Rates Fringes
Electricians:.....\$36.07 21.84

ELEC0494-005 06/01/2016

MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Races	ringes	
Electricians:	\$ 36.01	24.00	
FI.FC0494-006 06/01/2014			

CALUMET (Township of New Holstein), DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Township), FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), and SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians:	\$ 29.64	20.54	
TT TG0 40 4 01 3 06 /01 /001 F			

ELEC0494-013 06/01/2015

DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Twp, excluding Emmet Twp), FOND DU LAC (Except Waupuin), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Sound & Communications		
Installer	\$ 16.47	14.84
Technician	\$ 26.00	17.70

Installation, testing, maintenance, operation and servicing of all sound, intercom, telephone interconnect, closed circuit TV systems, radio systems, background music systems, language laboratories, electronic carillion, antenna distribution systems, clock and program systems and low-voltage systems such as visual nurse call, audio/visual nurse call systems, doctors entrance register systems. Includes all wire and cable carrying audio, visual, data, light and radio frequency signals. Includes the installation of conduit, wiremold, or raceways in existing structures that have been occupied for six months or more where required for the protection of the wire or cable, but does not mean a complete conduit or raceway system. work covered does not include the installation of conduit, wiremold or any raceways in any new construction, or the installation of power supply outlets by means of which external electric power is supplied to any of the foregoing equipment or products

ELEC0577-003 05/30/2016

CALUMET (except Township of New Holstein), GREEN LAKE (N. part including Townships of Berlin, St Marie, and Seneca), MARQUETTE (N. part including Townships of Crystal Lake, Neshkoro, Newton, and Springfield), OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	\$ 30.68	17.28
ELEC0890-003 06/01/2016		

DODGE (Emmet Township only), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RACINE (Burlington Township), ROCK AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates		Fringes
Electricians:	\$ 32.45	26.10%	+ \$10.56
ELEC0953-001 07/01/2015			
	Rates		Fringes
Line Construction:			

Line Construction:

(1) Lineman....\$ 42.14 32% + 5.00

(2) Heavy Equipment

Operator\$	40.03	32% + 5.00
(3) Equipment Operator\$	33.71	32% + 5.00
(4) Heavy Groundman Driver\$	26.78	14.11
(5) Light Groundman Driver\$	24.86	13.45
(6) Groundsman\$	23.18	32% + 5.00

ENGI0139-005 06/01/2016

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator	± 22 25	01 00
Group 1	\$ 39.27	21.80
Group 2	\$ 38.77	21.80
Group 3		21.80
Group 4	\$ 38.01	21.80
Group 5		21.80
Group 6	\$ 31.82	21.80

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS:

EPA Level "A" protection - \$3.00 per hour EPA Level "B" protection - \$2.00 per hour EPA Level "C" protection - \$1.00 per hour

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of over 100 tons; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads and/or jib lengths measuring 176 feet or longer.

GROUP 2: Cranes, tower cranes and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of 100 tons or less; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads, and/or jibs lengths measuring 175 feet or under and Backhoes (excavators) weighing 130,000 lbs and over; caisson rigs; pile driver; dredge operator; dredge engineer; Boat Pilot.

GROUP 3: Mechanic or welder - Heavy duty equipment; cranes with a lifting capacity of 25 tons or under; concrete breaker (manual or remote); vibratory/sonic concrete breaker; concrete laser screed; concrete slipform paver; concrete batch plant operator; concrete pvt. spreader heavy duty (rubber tired); concrete spreader & distributor; automatic subgrader (concrete); concrete grinder & planing machine; concrete slipform curb & gutter machine; slipform concrete placer; tube finisher; hydro blaster (10,000 psi & over); bridge paver; concrete conveyor system; concrete pump; Rotec type Conveyor; stabilizing mixer
(self-propelled); shoulder widener; asphalt plant engineer; bituminious paver; bump cutter & grooving machine; milling machine; screed (bituminous paver); asphalt heater, planer & scarifier; Backhoes (excavators) weighing under 130,000 lbs; grader or motor patrol; tractor (scraper, dozer, pusher, loader); scraper - rubber tired (single or twin engine); endloader; hydraulic backhoe (tractor type); trenching machine; skid rigs; tractor, side boom (heavy); drilling or boring machine (mechanical heavy); roller over 5 tons; percussion or rotary drilling machine; air track; blaster; loading machine (conveyor); tugger; boatmen; winches & A-frames; post driver; material hoist.

GROUP 4: Greaser, roller steel (5 tons or less); roller (pneumatic tired) - self propelled; tractor (mounted or towed compactors & light equipment); shouldering machine; self- propelled chip spreader; concrete spreader; finishing machine; mechanical float; curing machine; power subgrader; joint sawer (multiple blade) belting machine; burlap machine; texturing machine; tractor endloader (rubber tired) - light; jeep digger; forklift; mulcher; launch operator; fireman, environmental burner

GROUP 5: Air compressor; power pack; vibrator hammer and extractor; heavy equipment, leadman; tank car heaters; stump chipper; curb machine operator; Concrete proportioning plants; generators; mudjack operator; rock breaker; crusher or screening plant; screed (milling machine); automatic belt conveyor and surge bin; pug mill operator; Oiler, pump (over 3 inches); Drilling Machine Tender.

GROUP 6: Off-road material hauler with or without ejector.

IRON0008-002 06/01/2016 BROWN, CALUMET, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC, MARINETTE, OCONTO, OUTAGAMI, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, AND WINNEBAGO Rates Fringes IRONWORKER....\$ 30.86 Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day. IRON0008-003 06/01/2016 KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WALWORTH (N.E. 2/3), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES Rates Fringes IRONWORKER....\$ 33.15 Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day. IRON0383-001 06/01/2015 ADAMS, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, GREENE, (Excluding S.E. tip), GREEN LAKE, IOWA, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, MARATHON, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, PORTAGE, RICHLAND, ROCK (Northern

area, vicinity of Edgerton and Milton), SAUK, VERNON, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WOOD COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER.....\$ 32.85 21.84 IRON0498-005 06/01/2008

GREEN (S.E. 1/3), ROCK (South of Edgerton and Milton), and WALWORTH (S.W. 1/3) COUNTIES:

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER.....\$ 34.34 25.72 IRON0512-008 05/01/2015

BARRON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, AND TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER.....\$ 35.50 23.45 IRON0512-021 05/01/2015

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUGLAS, IRON, LINCOLN, ONEIDA, PRICE, SAWYER, VILAS AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

Rates Fringes IRONWORKER.....\$ 31.04 LABO0113-002 06/01/2016

MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

LABORER Group 1	\$ 27.66 \$ 27.86 \$ 28.01 \$ 28.16	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35
LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS		
GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Toemolition and Wrecking Laborer; Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Mult Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Irone Concrete Handler	Guard Rail, Fer Liplate Culvert A (Shoveler, Load or Cement Hand	nce, and Assembler; der, and ler;
GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joseph (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper (Operated); Chain Saw Operator; I Laborer	Operator (Mechan:	ical Hand
GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Ral (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement);	ker and Luteman) Strike Off Man	; Formsetter
GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialis	st	
GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman		
GROUP 6: Flagperson; traffic cont	crol person	
LABO0113-003 06/01/2016		
OFALIKEE AND MACHINGRON COINETEC		
OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES		
OZAUREE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES	Rates I	Fringes
LABORER Group 1	\$ 26.76 \$ 26.86 \$ 26.91 \$ 27.11 \$ 26.96	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35
LABORER Group 1	\$ 26.76 \$ 26.86 \$ 26.91 \$ 27.11 \$ 26.96	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35
LABORER Group 1	26.76 26.86 26.91 27.11 26.96 23.85 Trimmer; Conduit Guard Rail, Fer ciplate Culvert A	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and
Group 1	26.76 26.86 26.91 27.11 26.96 23.85 Trimmer; Conduit Guard Rail, Fer ciplate Culvert A c (Shoveler, Load or or Cement Handler, Smoother, and	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 c. Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduit Guard Rail, Fer Guard Rail, Fer Guard Rail, Fer Conduit Guard Rail Guard	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduit 26.96 23.85 Trimmer; Conduit Guard Rail, Fer ciplate Culvert a (Shoveler, Loac or Cement Handler, Smoother, and er, Smoo	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduit 26.96 23.85 Trimmer; Conduit Guard Rail, Fer ciplate Culvert a (Shoveler, Loac or Cement Handler, Smoother, and er, Smoo	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduits Guard Rail, Fertiplate Culvert Act (Shoveler, Load or Cement Handler, Smoother, and Conduits Sawer and Fill Operator (Mechanist Strike Off Man	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduits Guard Rail, Fertiplate Culvert Act (Shoveler, Load or Cement Handler, Smoother, and Conduits Sawer and Fill Operator (Mechanist Strike Off Man	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);
Group 1	Trimmer; Conduits Guard Rail, Fertiplate Culvert Act (Shoveler, Load or Cement Handler, Smoother, and Conduits Sawer and Fill Operator (Mechanist Strike Off Man	20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 20.35 Layer; nce, and Assembler; der, and ler; d Tamper);

 $https://www.wdol.gov/wdol/scafiles/davisbacon/wi10.dvb [3/3/2017\ 6:56:36\ AM]$

Group 1......\$ 26.57 Group 2......\$ 26.72

LABORER

Rates Fringes

20.35 20.35

Group 3\$ 26	6.92 2	0.35
Group 4\$ 26	6.89 2	0.35
Group 5\$ 25	7.22 2	0.35
Group 6\$ 23	3.71 2	0.35

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: General laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagman; traffic control person

LABO0140-002 06/01/2016

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILLAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
Group	1\$	30.67	16.55
Group	2	30.77	16.55
	3		16.55
Group	4	31.02	16.55
Group	5	30.87	16.55
Group	6	3 27.30	16.55

LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bitminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator, Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Secialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson; Traffic Control

LABO0464-003 06/01/2016

2.2.2	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		5 ***
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Group 5 Group 6	.\$ 31.10 .\$ 31.30	16.41 16.41 16.41 16.41 16.41 16.41
LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:		
GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tre Demolition and Wrecking Labore Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Mu Stone Handler; Bituminous Work Utility Man); Batch Truck Dump Bituminious Worker (Dumper, Ir Concrete Handler	r; Guard Rail, F ltiplate Culvert er (Shoveler, Lo er or Cement Har	Tence, and Assembler; Dader, and Odler;
GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; J (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Laborer	Operator (Mecha	anical Hand
GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (R (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement)		
GROUP 4: Line and Grade Special	ist	
GROUP 5: Blaster; Powderman		
GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic	Control Person	
PAIN0106-008 05/02/2016		
ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND	DOUGLAS COUNTIES	5
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: New: Brush, Roller Spray, Sandblast, Steel Repaint:	.\$ 29.86 .\$ 30.46	16.35 16.35
Brush, Roller Spray, Sandblast, Steel	.\$ 28.96	16.35 16.35
PAIN0108-002 06/01/2016		
RACINE COUNTY		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: Brush, Roller Spray & Sandblast	.\$ 33.74	18.70 18.70
PAIN0259-002 05/01/2008		
BARRON, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAI SAWYER, ST. CROIX, AND WASHBURN		CE, POLK, RUSK,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	.\$ 24.11	12.15
PAIN0259-004 05/01/2015		
BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA C VERNON COUNTIES	ROSSE, MONROE, 1	TREMPEALEAU, AND
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER		12.45

JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WA	SHINGTON, AND W	AUKESHA COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: Bridge Brush Spray & Sandblast	\$ 30.07	22.19 22.19 22.19
PAIN0802-002 06/01/2016		
COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GRE ROCK, AND SAUK COUNTIES	EN, IOWA, LAFAY	ETTE, RICHLAND,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER Brush	\$ 27.50	17.72
PREMIUM PAY: Structural Steel, Spray, Bridge hour.	s = \$1.00 add	itional per
PAIN0802-003 06/01/2016		
ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, CLARK, DOOLLAKE, IRON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LAN MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MOUTAGAMIE, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWAN WAUSHARA, WAUPACA, WINNEBAGO, AND	GLADE, LINCOLN, ENOMINEE, OCON O, SHEBOYGAN,	MANITOWOC, TO, ONEIDA,
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	\$ 24.39	11.72
PAIN0934-001 06/01/2016		
KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES		
RENOBIA AND WALMORTH COUNTIES		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: BrushSprayStructural Steel	\$ 33.74	18.70 18.70 18.70
PAIN1011-002 06/01/2016		
FLORENCE COUNTY		
	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		11.93
PLAS0599-010 06/01/2016		
	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER Area 1	\$ 35.07 \$ 35.61 \$ 34.70 \$ 36.27	17.17 19.75 19.40 20.51 18.73 22.99

AREA DESCRIPTIONS

AREA 1: BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, PRICE, SAWYER, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

AREA 2: ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BROWN, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK,

PORTAGE, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

AREA 3: BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, RICHLAND, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

AREA 4: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

AREA 5: DANE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES

AREA 6: KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

TTRANSCOOK 001 06 /01 /0016

TEAM0039-001 06/01/2016

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER 1 & 2 Axles 3 or more Axles; Euclids Dumptor & Articulated,	.\$ 26.63	19.85
Truck Mechanic	.\$ 26.78	19.85
WELL DRILLER	.\$ 16.52	3.70

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number

where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an

interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION

FEBRUARY 1999

NOTICE TO BIDDERS WAGE RATE DECISION

The wage rate decision of the Secretary of Labor which has been incorporated in these advertised specifications is incomplete in that the classifications may be omitted from the Secretary of Labor's decision.

Since the bidder is responsible, independently, for ascertaining area practice with respect to the necessity, or lack of necessity, for the use of these classifications in the prosecution of the work contemplated by this project, no inference may be drawn from the omision of these classifications concerning prevailing area practices relative to their use. Further, this omission will not, per se, be construed as establishing any governmental liability for increased labor cost if it is subsequently determined that such classifications are required.

There may be omissions and/or errors in the federal wage rates. The bidder is responsible for evaluating and determining the correct applicable rate. The higher of state or federal rate will apply.

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Proposal Schedule of Items

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Federal ID(s): WISC 2017164

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0010	201.0105 Clearing	82.000 STA	·	
0020	201.0205 Grubbing	82.000 STA		
0030	203.0100 Removing Small Pipe Culverts	56.000 EACH		
0040	203.0200 Removing Old Structure (station) 01. 103+50	LS	LUMP SUM	
0050	203.0200 Removing Old Structure (station) 02. 191+37	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0060	203.0200 Removing Old Structure (station) 03. 242+04	LS	LUMP SUM	
0070	203.0200 Removing Old Structure (station) 04. 266+53	LS	LUMP SUM	·
0800	204.0100 Removing Pavement	32,988.000 SY		
0090	204.0150 Removing Curb & Gutter	1,956.000 LF		
0100	204.0165 Removing Guardrail	1,682.000 LF		
0110	204.0195 Removing Concrete Bases	11.000 EACH		
0120	205.0100 Excavation Common	171,702.000 CY		
0130	205.0400 Excavation Marsh	4,039.000 CY		
0140	205.0501.S Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil	4,293.000 TON		
0150	206.2000 Excavation for Structures Culverts (structure) 01. C-51-23	LS	LUMP SUM	



Proposal Schedule of Items

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0160	206.2000 Excavation for Structures Culverts (structure) 02. C-51-64	LS	LUMP SUM	
0170	206.2000 Excavation for Structures Culverts (structure) 03. C-51-65	LS	LUMP SUM	
0180	206.2000 Excavation for Structures Culverts (structure) 04. C-51-67	LS	LUMP SUM	
0190	206.5000 Cofferdams (structure) 02. C-51-64	LS	LUMP SUM	
0200	206.5000 Cofferdams (structure) 03. C-51-65	LS	LUMP SUM	
0210	209.0300.S Backfill Coarse Aggregate (size) 01. No. 2	2.000 CY		·
0220	209.2500 Backfill Granular Grade 2	13,662.000 TON		
0230	210.2500 Backfill Structure Type B	3,130.000 TON		
0240	213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 2430- 06-70	1.000 EACH		
0250	305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch	8,503.000 TON		
0260	305.0120 Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch	74,725.000 TON		
0270	310.0110 Base Aggregate Open-Graded	703.000 TON		
0280	311.0110 Breaker Run	118,971.000 TON	<u></u>	
0290	311.0115 Breaker Run	435.000 CY		
0300	371.1000.S QMP Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch Compaction	73,113.000 TON	·	





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0310	405.0100 Coloring Concrete WisDOT Red	204.000 CY		
0320	415.0080 Concrete Pavement 8-Inch	960.000 SY		
0330	415.0120 Concrete Pavement 12-Inch	242.000 SY		·
0340	416.0160 Concrete Driveway 6-Inch	447.000 SY	·	·
0350	416.0260 Concrete Driveway HES 6-Inch	359.000 SY		
0360	416.0512 Concrete Truck Apron 12-Inch	371.000 SY		·
0370	416.0610 Drilled Tie Bars	105.000 EACH		
0380	440.4410 Incentive IRI Ride	13,049.000 DOL	1.00000	13,049.00
0390	455.0605 Tack Coat	4,767.000 GAL		
0400	460.2000 Incentive Density HMA Pavement	21,930.000 DOL	1.00000	21,930.00
0410	460.6223 HMA Pavement 3 MT 58-28 S	19,856.000 TON		·
0420	460.6224 HMA Pavement 4 MT 58-28 S	14,183.000 TON		·
0430	465.0120 Asphaltic Surface Driveways and Field Entrances	545.000 TON	·	<u></u>
0440	465.0315 Asphaltic Flumes	267.000 SY		
0450	465.0425 Asphaltic Shoulder Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	14,327.000 LF		
0460	465.0475 Asphalt Center Line Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	8,140.000 LF		



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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0470	502.4205 Adhesive Anchors No. 5 Bar	42.000 EACH		
0480	504.0100 Concrete Masonry Culverts	654.000 CY		
0490	505.0400 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Structures	90,070.000 LB	·	
0500	505.0600 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Coated Structures	10,870.000 LB		·
0510	511.1200 Temporary Shoring (structure) 01. C-51- 23	420.000 SF		·
0520	516.0500 Rubberized Membrane Waterproofing	112.000 SY		
0530	516.0600.S Sheet Membrane Waterproofing	56.000 SY		
0540	521.0112 Culvert Pipe Corrugated Steel 12-Inch	684.000 LF		
0550	521.0115 Culvert Pipe Corrugated Steel 15-Inch	224.000 LF		·
0560	521.0118 Culvert Pipe Corrugated Steel 18-Inch	388.000 LF		
0570	521.0124 Culvert Pipe Corrugated Steel 24-Inch	195.000 LF	·	
0580	521.1012 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 12-Inch	32.000 EACH		
0590	521.1015 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 15-Inch	6.000 EACH		
0600	521.1018 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 18-Inch	8.000 EACH		
0610	521.1024 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 24-Inch	4.000 EACH		<u></u>





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal		A		
Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0620	521.1518	8.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Sloped Side Drains Steel 18-Inch 6 to 1	EACH		
0630	521.1524	6.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Sloped Side Drains Steel 24-Inch 6 to 1	EACH		·
0640	522.0124	160.000		
	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 24-Inch	LF	·	
0650	522.0130	514.000		
	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 30-Inch	LF	·	
0660	522.0318	180.000		
	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 18-Inch	LF	·	·
0670	522.0330	84.000		
	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 30-Inch	LF	·	·
0680	522.1012	2.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 12-Inch	EACH		·
0690	522.1015	1.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 15-Inch	EACH	·	·
0700	522.1018	14.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 18-Inch	EACH	·	·
0710	522.1024	16.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 24-Inch	EACH	·	·
0720	522.1030	16.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete 30-Inch	EACH	·	·
0730	523.0519	4.000		
	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical 19x30-Inch	EACH	·	·
0740	601.0411	8,323.000		
	Concrete Curb & Gutter 30-Inch Type D	LF	·	·





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0750	601.0551 Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type A	1,942.000 LF		
0760	601.0557 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type D	11,319.000 LF		
0770	601.0574 Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 30-Inch Type G	415.000 LF		
0780	601.0582 Concrete Curb & Gutter 4-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type T	575.000 LF		·
0790	601.0600 Concrete Curb Pedestrian	61.000 LF		
0800	602.0410 Concrete Sidewalk 5-Inch	27,955.000 SF		
0810	602.0505 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Yellow	276.000 SF		<u> </u>
0820	603.8000 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Delivered	200.000 LF	·	
0830	603.8125 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Installed	200.000 LF	·	·
0840	606.0100 Riprap Light	983.000 CY		
0850	606.0200 Riprap Medium	281.000 CY		
0860	606.0300 Riprap Heavy	240.000 CY		
0870	606.0500 Grouted Riprap Light	10.000 CY		
0880	608.0312 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 12-Inch	272.000 LF		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0890	608.0315 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 15-Inch	31.000 LF	·	
0900	608.0318 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 18-Inch	91.000 LF	·	
0910	608.0324 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 24-Inch	1,774.000 LF		
0920	608.0330 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class III 30-Inch	34.000 LF		
0930	608.0412 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 12-Inch	657.000 LF	<u></u>	·
0940	608.0415 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 15-Inch	116.000 LF	·	·
0950	608.0418 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 18-Inch	1,201.000 LF	·	
0960	608.0424 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 24-Inch	695.000 LF	·	
0970	608.0430 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class IV 30-Inch	127.000 LF		·
0980	608.0518 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Class V 18-Inch	21.000 LF		·
0990	610.0119 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 19x30- Inch	211.000 LF		
1000	610.0419 Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-IV 19x30- Inch	534.000 LF		
1010	611.0530 Manhole Covers Type J	6.000 EACH		



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Proposal Schedule of Items

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1020	611.0612 Inlet Covers Type C	10.000 EACH		
1030	611.0624 Inlet Covers Type H	44.000 EACH	·	
1040	611.0627 Inlet Covers Type HM	40.000 EACH		
1050	611.0630 Inlet Covers Type HM-GJ	4.000 EACH		
1060	611.0642 Inlet Covers Type MS	3.000 EACH		
1070	611.0645 Inlet Covers Type MS-A	2.000 EACH		
1080	611.0652 Inlet Covers Type T	4.000 EACH		
1090	611.1005 Catch Basins 5-FT Diameter	17.000 EACH	·	
1100	611.1006 Catch Basins 6-FT Diameter	1.000 EACH		
1110	611.1230 Catch Basins 2x3-FT	2.000 EACH		
1120	611.2005 Manholes 5-FT Diameter	9.000 EACH		
1130	611.2006 Manholes 6-FT Diameter	1.000 EACH		
1140	611.3004 Inlets 4-FT Diameter	16.000 EACH		
1150	611.3225 Inlets 2x2.5-FT	2.000 EACH		
1160	611.3230 Inlets 2x3-FT	72.000 EACH		<u> </u>
1170	611.3901 Inlets Median 1 Grate	5.000 EACH		
1180	612.0206 Pipe Underdrain Unperforated 6-Inch	965.000 LF		<u> </u>





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1190	612.0208 Pipe Underdrain Unperforated 8-Inch	200.000 LF		
1200	612.0210 Pipe Underdrain Unperforated 10-Inch	200.000 LF		
1210	612.0406 Pipe Underdrain Wrapped 6-Inch	4,720.000 LF	·	
1220	612.0700 Drain Tile Exploration	1,000.000 LF	·	
1230	612.0806 Apron Endwalls for Underdrain Reinforced Concrete 6-Inch	96.000 EACH		
1240	616.0700.S Fence Safety	562.000 LF		
1250	619.1000 Mobilization	1.000 EACH	·	
1260	620.0100 Concrete Corrugated Median	1,030.000 SF	·	
1270	620.0300 Concrete Median Sloped Nose	407.000 SF	·	·
1280	624.0100 Water	1,457.000 MGAL	·	·
1290	625.0500 Salvaged Topsoil	141,526.000 SY	·	·
1300	627.0200 Mulching	104,459.000 SY	·	·
1310	628.1104 Erosion Bales	92.000 EACH	·	·
1320	628.1504 Silt Fence	6,038.000 LF	·	
1330	628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance	6,038.000 LF	·	
1340	628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control	14.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1350	628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control	8.000 EACH		
1360	628.2002 Erosion Mat Class I Type A	50,770.000 SY		
1370	628.2006 Erosion Mat Urban Class I Type A	23,364.000 SY	<u>-</u>	
1380	628.7005 Inlet Protection Type A	6.000 EACH		
1390	628.7020 Inlet Protection Type D	103.000 EACH		
1400	628.7504 Temporary Ditch Checks	1,605.000 LF		
1410	628.7515.S Stone or Rock Ditch Checks	494.000 CY		
1420	628.7555 Culvert Pipe Checks	41.000 EACH		
1430	628.7570 Rock Bags	72.000 EACH		
1440	629.0210 Fertilizer Type B	99.000 CWT		
1450	630.0110 Seeding Mixture No. 10	518.000 LB		
1460	630.0130 Seeding Mixture No. 30	2,127.000 LB		
1470	630.0140 Seeding Mixture No. 40	421.000 LB		
1480	630.0200 Seeding Temporary	1,911.000 LB		
1490	633.5200 Markers Culvert End	44.000 EACH		
1500	634.0618 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 18-FT	85.000 EACH		
1510	634.0622 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 22-FT	10.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1520	634.0814 Posts Tubular Steel 2x2-Inch X 14-FT	78.000 EACH		
1530	634.0816 Posts Tubular Steel 2x2-Inch X 16-FT	6.000 EACH		
1540	635.0200 Sign Supports Structural Steel HS	600.000 LB		
1550	636.0100 Sign Supports Concrete Masonry	1.200 CY		
1560	636.0500 Sign Supports Steel Reinforcement	68.000 LB		
1570	637.2210 Signs Type II Reflective H	1,093.850 SF		
1580	637.2230 Signs Type II Reflective F	404.500 SF		·
1590	638.2101 Moving Signs Type I	1.000 EACH		·
1600	638.2102 Moving Signs Type II	10.000 EACH		
1610	638.2602 Removing Signs Type II	92.000 EACH		
1620	638.3000 Removing Small Sign Supports	100.000 EACH		
1630	642.5401 Field Office Type D	1.000 EACH		
1640	643.0100 Traffic Control (project) 01. 2430-06-70	1.000 EACH		
1650	643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III	4,884.000 DAY		
1660	643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A	7,516.000 DAY		
1670	643.0900 Traffic Control Signs	6,669.000 DAY		
1680	643.0910 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type I	8.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1690	643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	10.000 EACH		
1700	643.1000 Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	323.500 SF		
1710	643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS	31.000 DAY		
1720	643.2000 Traffic Control Detour (project) 01. 2430- 06-70	1.000 EACH		
1730	643.3000 Traffic Control Detour Signs	82,316.000 DAY		
1740	645.0105 Geotextile Type C	1,349.000 SY		·
1750	645.0111 Geotextile Type DF Schedule A	497.000 SY	·	·
1760	645.0120 Geotextile Type HR	1,228.000 SY	·	·
1770	645.0130 Geotextile Type R	4,508.000 SY	·	·
1780	646.0106 Pavement Marking Epoxy 4-Inch	31,628.000 LF	·	·
1790	646.0156 Pavement Marking Epoxy 18-Inch	84.000 LF	·	·
1800	646.0805.S Pavement Marking Outfall	96.000 EACH		·
1810	646.0842.S Pavement Marking Grooved Contrast Wet Reflective Epoxy 4-Inch	37,641.000 LF	·	
1820	646.0844.S Pavement Marking Grooved Contrast Wet Reflective Epoxy 8-Inch	3,043.000 LF	·	
1830	647.0166 Pavement Marking Arrows Epoxy Type 2	9.000 EACH		
1840	647.0356 Pavement Marking Words Epoxy	13.000 EACH		



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Proposal Schedule of Items

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Pavement Marking Curb Epoxy 647.0566 Pavement Marking Stop Line Epoxy 18- nch	825.000 LF 187.000 LF		
Pavement Marking Stop Line Epoxy 18- nch			·
17 0000	LF		·
647.0606 Pavement Marking Island Nose Epoxy	4.000 EACH		
647.0726 Pavement Marking Diagonal Epoxy 12- nch	400.000 LF		·
647.0766 Pavement Marking Crosswalk Epoxy 6- nch	352.000 LF	·	
647.0856 Pavement Marking Concrete Corrugated Median Epoxy	960.000 SF		·
848.0100 Locating No-Passing Zones	3.230 MI		
550.4000 Construction Staking Storm Sewer	152.000 EACH		
550.4500 Construction Staking Subgrade	20,711.000 LF		
550.5000 Construction Staking Base	20,711.000 LF		
550.5500 Construction Staking Curb Gutter and Curb & Gutter	22,635.000 LF		
S50.6500 Construction Staking Structure Layout structure) 01. C-51-23	LS	LUMP SUM	
S50.6500 Construction Staking Structure Layout structure) 02. C-51-64	LS	LUMP SUM	
550.6500 Construction Staking Structure Layout	LS	LUMP SUM	
	construction Staking Storm Sewer 50.4500 construction Staking Subgrade 50.5000 construction Staking Base 50.5500 construction Staking Curb Gutter and curb & Gutter 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 01. C-51-23 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 02. C-51-64 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 02. C-51-64 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout	construction Staking Storm Sewer EACH 20,711.000 construction Staking Subgrade LF 20,5000 construction Staking Base LF 20,5500 construction Staking Curb Gutter and urb & Gutter 20,635.000 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 01. C-51-23 20,6500 construction Staking Structure Layout LS 20,6500 construction Staking Structure Layout LS	construction Staking Storm Sewer EACH 20,711.000 construction Staking Subgrade LF 50.5000 construction Staking Base LF 50.5500 construction Staking Curb Gutter and urb & Gutter 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 01. C-51-23 50.6500 construction Staking Structure Layout tructure) 02. C-51-64 50.6500



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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1990	650.6500 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 04. C-51-67	LS	LUMP SUM	
2000	650.6500 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 05. R-51-78	LS	LUMP SUM	·
2010	650.7000 Construction Staking Concrete Pavement	654.000 LF		
2020	650.8500 Construction Staking Electrical Installations (project) 01. 2430-06-70	LS	LUMP SUM	
2030	650.9910 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01. 2430-06-70	LS	LUMP SUM	
2040	650.9920 Construction Staking Slope Stakes	20,711.000 LF		
2050	652.0225 Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic Schedule 40 2-Inch	2,265.000 LF		·
2060	652.0235 Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic Schedule 40 3-Inch	295.000 LF	·	·
2070	653.0140 Pull Boxes Steel 24x42-Inch	6.000 EACH		
2080	653.0905 Removing Pull Boxes	10.000 EACH		
2090	654.0105 Concrete Bases Type 5	16.000 EACH	<u></u>	
2100	654.0230 Concrete Control Cabinet Bases Type L30	1.000 EACH		
2110	655.0610 Electrical Wire Lighting 12 AWG	2,088.000 LF		
2120	655.0615 Electrical Wire Lighting 10 AWG	300.000 LF		
2130	655.0620 Electrical Wire Lighting 8 AWG	10,600.000 LF	·	·



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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
2140	655.0640 Electrical Wire Lighting 1 AWG	18.000 LF		
2150	656.0400 Electrical Service Main Lugs Only Meter Pedestal (location) 01. 134+50 11' LT	LS	LUMP SUM	·
2160	657.0255 Transformer Bases Breakaway 11 1/2- Inch Bolt Circle	16.000 EACH		
2170	657.0322 Poles Type 5-Aluminum	16.000 EACH		
2180	657.0610 Luminaire Arms Single Member 4 1/2- Inch Clamp 6-FT	8.000 EACH		
2190	657.0715 Luminaire Arms Truss Type 4 1/2-Inch Clamp 15-FT	8.000 EACH		
2200	659.1125 Luminaires Utility LED C	16.000 EACH		
2210	659.2230 Lighting Control Cabinets 240/480 30- Inch	1.000 EACH		
2220	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	1,056.000 LF		
2230	690.0250 Sawing Concrete	190.000 LF	·	·
2240	715.0415 Incentive Strength Concrete Pavement	361.000 DOL		
2250	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at \$5.00/HR	1,800.000 HRS		
2260	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at \$5.00/HR	1,800.000 HRS		
2270	SPV.0060 Special 03. REMOVING FLASHING BEACON AND POLE EASTBOUND CTH A AT USH 45	1.000 EACH		





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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
2280	SPV.0060 Special 04. REMOVING FLASHING BEACON AND POLE WESTBOUND CTH A AT USH 45	1.000 EACH		·
2290	SPV.0060 Special 05. TRAFFIC FLASHING BEACON SYSTEM, SOLAR EASTBOUND CTH A AT USH 45	1.000 EACH		·
2300	SPV.0060 Special 06. TRAFFIC FLASHING BEACON SYSTEM, SOLAR WESTBOUND CTH A AT USH 45	1.000 EACH		·
2310	SPV.0060 Special 07. SECTION CORNER MONUMENTS	6.000 EACH		·
2320	SPV.0060 Special 08. INLET COVER TYPE H WITH CURB PLATE	12.000 EACH		<u></u>
2330	SPV.0075 Special 01. CONTRACTOR STAKING MISCELLANEOUS	30.000 HRS		
2340	SPV.0085 Special 01. NO MOW FESCUE	62.000 LB		
2350	SPV.0090 Special 01. TIMBER FENCE FOR MSE WALL	176.000 LF		
2360	SPV.0090 Special 02. HEAVY DUTY SILT FENCE	2,591.000 LF	·	·
2370	SPV.0090 Special 03. Silt Fence 4 Ft Post Spacing	260.000 LF		·
2380	SPV.0105 Special 01. TEMPORARY DIVERSION CHANNELS	LS	LUMP SUM	·
2390	SPV.0105 Special 02. REMOVE TRAFFIC SIGNALS USH 45 & CTH C	LS	LUMP SUM	
2400	SPV.0105 Special 03. REMOVE LOOP DETECTOR WIRE & LEAD-IN CABLE USH 45 & CTH C	LS	LUMP SUM	



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Proposal Schedule of Items

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
2410	SPV.0105 Special 11. LIGHTING SYSTEM INTEGRATOR	LS	LUMP SUM	
2420	SPV.0105 Special 12. LIGHTING SYSTEM SURVEY	LS	LUMP SUM	·
2430	SPV.0165 Special 01. Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth LRFD/QMP	1,155.000 SF	·	
	Section: 0	001	Total:	·
			Total Bid:	

PLEASE ATTACH SCHEDULE OF ITEMS HERE